Apache Spark DataFrame API

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Slides And Code

- ► Slides: https://github.com/medale/sparkmail/blob/master/presentation/SparkDataFrames.pdf
- Spark SQL Examples: https://github.com/medale/spark-mail/tree/master/sqlanalytics/src/main/scala/com/uebercomputing/spark/sql

Spark Ecosystem

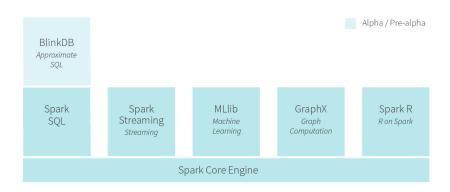


Figure 1: Databricks Spark 1.4.0 Ecosystem (2015)

Spark SQL

- Structured/semi-structured data on Spark
- ► Can write SQL-like queries or
- DataFrame DSL language
- Michael Armbrust (Databricks Spark SQL lead):
 - Write less code
 - Read less data
 - Let [Catalyst query] optimizer do the hard work

Spark SQL in Context

- Complete re-write/superset of Shark announced April 2014
- ► Not Hive on Spark
- Can mix relational view (DataFrame select,where...) with procedural view (RDD - map, flatMap...)
- ► Inline user-defined functions (UDFs)
- Separate library (in addition to Spark Core): spark-sql, spark-hive

Emails per user - RDD

```
val mailRecordsAvroRdd =
   sc.newAPIHadoopFile("enron.avro",
   classOf [AvroKeyInputFormat [MailRecord]],
   classOf [AvroKey[MailRecord]],
   classOf [NullWritable], hadoopConf)
val recordsRdd = mailRecordsAvroRdd.map {
   case(avroKey, _) => avroKey.datum()
val tupleRdd =
 recordsRdd.map { mailRecord =>
   val mailFields = mailRecord.getMailFields()
   val user = mailFields.get("UserName")
   (user, 1)
 }.reduceByKey( + ).
  sortBy(((t: (String, Int)) \Rightarrow t. 2),
     ascending = false)
```

Emails per user - DataFrame

```
import org.apache.spark.sql.functions.udf
//Databricks spark-avro from spark-packages.org
val recordsDf = sqlContext.avroFile("enron.avro")
val getUserUdf = udf((mailFields: Map[String, String])
               => mailFields("UserName"))
import sqlContext.implicits.
val recordsWithUserDf =
  recordsDf.withColumn("user", getUserUdf($"mailFields"))
//or recordsDf.explode("mailFields", "user")(...)
recordsWithUserDf.groupBy("user").
  count().
  orderBy($"count".desc)
```

DataFrame

- ▶ Introduced in Spark 1.3 March 2015 (presentation uses 1.4.0)
- Replacement/evolution of SchemaRDD
- ~Data frames in Python Data Analysis (pandas) and R
- Distributed collection of Row objects (with known schema/columns)
- Abstractions for projection (select), filter (where), join, aggregation (groupBy)
- Lazy evaluation build abstract syntax tree for Catalyst optimizer

Catalyst Query Optimizer Pipeline

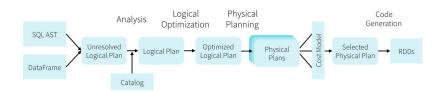


Figure 2: Catalyst Query Optimizer Pipeline Armbrust et al. (2015)

DataFrame Speed Up - Catalyst Query Optimizer

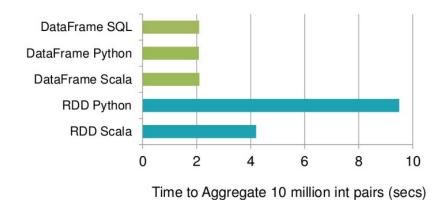


Figure 3: DataFrame Runtimes Armbrust (2015a)

Spark SQL Data Sources



Figure 4: Internal and external data sources Armbrust (2015b)

Spark Packages

- Aggregator site for third party Spark packages (http://spark-packages.org)
- spark-avro
- spark-redshift
- couchbase-spark-connector
- ▶ ...10 more entries (as of June 21, 2015)

Apache Parquet

- Columnar storage format store data by chunks of columns rather than rows
- Support complex nesting using algorithms from (Google Dremel Melnik et al. 2010)
- Spark SQL can push down projection (select) and filter (e.g. partitioning year=2000, min/max/null count statistics per column chunk page)
- ► See (Apache Parquet 2014)

Parquet File Structure

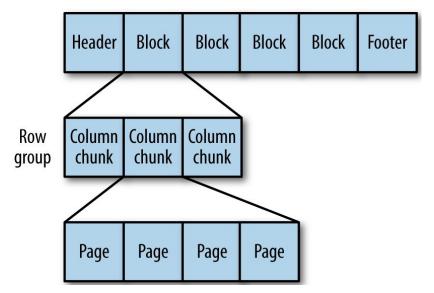


Figure 5: Parquet File Structure White (2015)

DataFrameReader (1.4)

```
val emails =
  sqlContext.read.format("parquet").load("enron.parquet")
//.read.parquet/json/jdbc
//from spark-packages.org
import com.databricks.spark.avro.
val rolesDf = sqlContext.read.
   format("com.databricks.spark.csv").
   option("header", "true").
   load("roles.csv")
```

DataFrameWriter (1.4)

```
emailsWithYearDf.write.format("parquet").
  partitionBy("year").
  save("/opt/rpm1/enron/parquet/out")

//year=0001 year=1986 ... year=2044
//part-r-00001.gz.parquet in each
```

How many emails by position/location?

Enron MailRecords - enron.parquet

```
record MailRecord {
  string uuid;
  string from; //brad.mckay@enron.com
  union{null, array<string>} to = null;
  union{null, array<string>} cc = null;
  union{null, array<string>} bcc = null;
  long dateUtcEpoch;
  string subject;
  union{null, map<string>} mailFields = null;
  string body;
  union{null, array<Attachment>} attachments = null;
```

Enron Positions and Locations - roles.csv

```
emailPrefix, Name, Position, Location
...
bill.williams, Unknown, Unknown, Unknown
brad.mckay, Bradley Mckay, Employee, Unknown
brenda.whitehead, Unknown, Unknown, Unknown
```

(Enron Positions and Roles, Lavrenko 2013)

How many emails by position/location - Join

```
//[uuid: string, from: string, to: array<string>,
//cc: array<string>, ...>]
val emailsDf = sqlContext.read.parquet("enron.parquet")
//[emailPrefix: string, Name: string, Position: string,
// Location: string]
val rolesDf = sqlContext.read.
   format("com.databricks.spark.csv").
   option("header", "true").
   load("roles.csv")
```

Inline User defined functions (UDFs) 1

```
import org.apache.spark.sql.functions._
import sqlContext.implicits._
val stripDomainUdf = udf((emailAdx: String) => {
  val prefixAndDomain = emailAdx.split("@")
  prefixAndDomain(0)
})
//if implicits._ => $ instead of emailsDf("...")
  val emailsWithFromPrefixDf =
    emailsDf.withColumn("fromEmailPrefix",
       stripDomainUdf($"from"))
```

Inline User defined functions (UDFs) 2

```
import org.apache.spark.sql.functions._
val stripDomainFunc = (emailAdx: String) => {
  val prefixAndDomain = emailAdx.split("@")
  prefixAndDomain(0)
}
val emailsWithFromPrefixDf1 =
  emailsDf.withColumn("fromEmailPrefix",
      callUDF(stripDomainFunc, StringType, col("from")))
```

Joining two data frames

```
val emailsWithRolesDf =
   emailsWithFromPrefixDf.join(rolesDf,
     emailsWithFromPrefixDf("fromEmailPrefix") ===
     rolesDf("emailPrefix"))
//[Position: string, Location: string, count: bigint]
val rolesCountDf =
  emailsWithRolesDf.groupBy("Position", "Location").
    count().
    orderBy($"count".desc)
//[Employee, Unknown, 53955], [N/A, Unknown, 32640],
//[Unknown, Unknown, 31858],
//[Manager,Risk Management Head, 15619],
//[Vice President, Unknown, 14909]...
```

What was brad.mckay's Position and Location?

```
val bradInfoDf =
  emailsWithRolesDf.select("from", "Position", "Location")
  where($"from" startsWith("brad.mckay"))
```

Column methods: ===, !==, asc/desc, start/endsWith, isNull, substr, like, rlike (like with regex)...

MySQL JDBC

```
//http://spark.apache.org/docs/latest/
//sql-programming-guide.html
//JDBC To Other Databases
val props = new Properties()
props.setProperty("user", "spark")
props.setProperty("password", "spark-rocks!")
props.setProperty("driver", "com.mysql.jdbc.Driver")
val url = "jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/spark"
//java.sql.SQLException: No suitable driver
//found for jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/spark
//Then:
//SPARK_CLASSPATH=mysql-connector...jar spark-shell...
rolesDf.write.mode("overwrite").jdbc(url, "roles", props)
```

Resulting Database table

JDBC Read

- Also: dbtable (e.g. select statement), partitionColumn, lowerBound, upperBound, numPartitions
- ► For details see http://www.sparkexpert.com/2015/03/28/loading-databasedata-into-spark-using-data-sources-api/

DataFrame from RDD of case classes

```
//convert RDD to DataFrame - rddToDataFrameHolder
import sqlContext.implicits.rddToDataFrameHolder
case class Role(emailPrefix: String, name: String,
 position: String, location: String)
val rolesRdd = sc.textFile("roles.csv")
val rolesDf = rolesRdd.map(s => s.split(",")).
     map(lineArray => Role(lineArray(0), lineArray(1),
          lineArray(2), lineArray(3))).toDF()
//rolesDf: org.apache.spark.sql.DataFrame =
//[emailPrefix: string, name: string,
//position: string, location: string]
```

DataFrame from RDD using dynamic schema

```
import sqlContext.implicits.rddToDataFrameHolder
val rolesRdd = sc.textFile("roles.csv")
val types = List(("emailPrefix", StringType),
  ("name", StringType), ("position", StringType),
  ("location", StringType))
val fields = types.map {
  case (name, structType) =>
    StructField(name, structType, nullable = false)
val schema = StructType(fields)
val rolesRowRdd = rolesRdd.map(s => s.split(",")).
 map(lineArray => Row(lineArray(0), lineArray(1),
      lineArray(2), lineArray(3)))
val rolesDf =
   sqlContext.createDataFrame(rolesRowRdd, schema)
```

DataFrame to RDD[Row]

```
val emailsDf =
 sqlContext.read.parquet("/opt/rpm1/enron/parquet/out")
val y2kDf = emailsDf.where(emailsDf("year") === 2000)
//RDD[org.apache.spark.sql.Row], also .rdd,
//flatMap, toJSON...
val mailFieldSizesY2kRdd = y2kDf.map(row => {
  val mailFields =
    row.getAs[Map[String, String]]("mailFields")
  mailFields.size
})
//DoubleRDDFunctions
mailFieldSizesY2kRdd.stats()
//(count: 196100, mean: 14.000347, stdev: 0.018618,
// max: 15.000000, min: 14.000000)
```

Thanks for coming out!

Questions?

References I

References II

Armbrust, Michael. 2015a. "Beyond SQL: Speeding up Spark with DataFrames."

http://www.slideshare.net/databricks/spark-sqlsse2015public.

——. 2015b. "What's New for Spark SQL in Spark 1.3." https://databricks.com/blog/2015/03/24/spark-sql-graduates-from-alpha-in-spark-1-3.html.

Armbrust, Michael, Reynold S. Xin, Cheng Lian, Yin Huai, Davies Liu, Joseph K. Bradley, Xiangrui Meng, et al. 2015. "Spark SQL - Relational Data Processing in Spark." In *Proceedings of the 2015 ACM SIGMOD International Conference on Management of Data*, 1383–94. SIGMOD '15. New York, NY, USA: ACM. doi:10.1145/2723372.2742797.

Ecosystem. 2015. "Databricks Spark Ecosystem." https://databricks.com/spark/about.

Lavrenko, Victor. 2013. "Enron Dataset Roles and Positions." http://www.inf.ed.ac.uk/teaching/courses/tts/assessed/roles.txt.