Speaker Notes: Data Engineering with Apache Spark

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Setup

 Open Spark API: https://spark.apache.org/docs/latest/api/scala/index.html

Intro, Slides And Code

- · Bio:
 - · mostly Java, big data with Hadoop
 - · big data with Spark, Databricks, Scala
 - · Now Asymmetrik Scala, Spark, Elasticsearch, Akka...
 - · Data Engineer
- Slides: https://github.com/medale/prez-sparkdataengineering/blob/master/presentation/SparkDataEngineering.pdf
- Scala Spark Code Examples: https://github.com/medale/prez-spark-dataengineering
- · Also https://github.com/medale/spark-mail

Data Science Mission - ID malicious GitHub Pull Requests?

https://www.gharchive.org/

Data Engineering Mission

- https://www.gharchive.org/
- · Old API/Events API (we won't deal with old API)
- · Events API PullRequestEvent

Data Engineering

 $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$ dataquest.io: "transform data into a useful format for analysis"

Apache Spark - Big data tooling

- Shell for exploration at scale
- Dataset batch API many supported input sources/formats
 - builds on Hadoop and other 3rd party libraries
- · Streaming API
- ML library
- Graph library

Apache Spark: Data engineering on small dataset

- · Take subset of data
- · Figure out structure, approaches

Apache Spark: Data engineering for larger dataset (Vertical Scaling)

- · Server-grade machine more cores
- · More memory, more data

Apache Spark: Data engineering for large datasets (Horizontal Scaling)

- · Cluster manager manages resources
- Spark manages Spark application (driver, executors)
 - · Sunny day
 - · Error handling (machine dies, slows, network...)

Cluster Manager - Manage cores, memory, special capabilities

- · Spark local mode (not a cluster manager)
- · Spark Standalone
- · Kubernetes, Mesos
- Spark on Hadoop YARN
- · In cloud: Spark on AWS EMR, Google, Azure, Databricks
- Schedule resources

Anatomy of a Spark Application

- · One cluster manager multiple Spark applications
- Per Spark application
 - · 1 driver
 - n executors (cache memory, task slots)

```
import org.apache.spark.sql.SparkSession
object HelloSparkWorld {
  def process(spark: SparkSession): (Long,Long) = {
    val records = spark.read.json(path = "file:///datasets/github/data")
    records.cache()
    val totalEventCount = records.count()
    val prs = records.where(records("type") === "PullRequestEvent")
    val pullRequestEventCount = prs.count()
    records.unpersist()
    (totalEventCount, pullRequestEventCount)
  def main(args: Array[String]): Unit = {
    val spark = SparkSession.builder().
      appName( name = "HelloSparkWorld").
```

Hello, Spark World!

- spark session
- spark.read (DataFrameReader) json (.gz, 1 json per line)
- · lazy transformation read to get schema
- · count action execute a job
- · Datasets, DataFrame and RDD are immutable
- · contain lineage (how did we get to this dataset?)
- · where transformation

SparkSession - Gateway to the Cluster

- · builder static method Builder
- appName
- · config
- master
- getOrCreate()

API - SparkSession Object

- spark.apache.org Documentation API Docs
- \cdot Object ("static" methods) vs. class

API - SparkSession Class

- · read DataFrameReader input
- createDataFrame/createDataset
- emptyDataFrame/emptyDataset
- · spark.implicits._ (\$ and Scala object encoder)
- · udf
- stop

API - DataFrameReader

- CSV
- json
- parquet
- text DataFrame column "value"
- textFile Dataset[String]
- · schema specify read schema

DataFrame = Dataset[Row]

- sql package object type DataFrame = Dataset[Row]
- · DataFrame has a schema

DataFrame Schema

- printSchema
- · .schema ()

GitHub Data

- · subset to local drive
- · for production need distributed storage system
 - · S3
 - · Hadoop HDFS

Preliminary Exploration

- · What's in the gz?
- · How many lines?

Editor: one JSON per line

 $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$ visual exploration - seems like one JSON per line

Pretty Print One Record?

- split
- python json.tool

Open pretty.json in Atom - PullRequestEvent

· see JSON, look at fields for one record

Starting Spark Standalone Cluster Manager

- start master to explicit host (default port 7077)
- one or more workers to spark://...:

Running spark-shell in cluster

- $\cdot\,$ -master what cluster manager to ask for resources
- -deploy-mode (default client or cluster)
- · driver: coordinates this Spark application
- executors cores how many tasks in parallel
- jars (built via assembly)

Spark Shell Startup

- · web ui (for this Spark application)
 - · 4040, 4041 etc.
- Special vars: spark: SparkSession, sc: SparkContext
- Exit: :quit

Spark Standalone Cluster Manager - 1 running application

- · 4 cores (total)
- · 2 executors with 2 cores each
- · 2GB/executor
- · Link to Spark shell Spark application UI

spark-shell auto-imports

- · SparkContext old
- spark.implicits._ \$ function, encoders for Scala primitives and case classes
- spark.sql package DataFrame (Dataset[Row])
- · functions: math, string, date for columns

Data Exploration - schema and counting

- · urls file, hdfs, s3a
- · schema superset of all JSONs
- · just execute job (list files, read to find schema)

Spark Application UI - Jobs, stages, tasks

- · job0 read 3 unsplittable files, determine JSON schema
 - 1 stage everything in parallel
 - · 2 executors with two task slots each
 - · 3 tasks read unsplittable files
- · job1 count
 - · 2 stages count local, shuffle, add up total
 - 4 tasks 3 local counts, 1 shuffle add total

Spark Application UI - Stages

· 3 stages - last stage 1 task

Spark Application UI - Stage details

· input, output

Job 1 - Stages 1 and 2 DAG

· See two stages - shuffle

One Job = n lazy transformations, 1 action

- · lazy transformations
- · Dataset api select (projection)
- distinct
- show action, count (2 job)
- cache/unpersist

Spark Application UI - Storage (caching)

- · cache (persist level)
- · unpersist
- · in memory, spill to local disk

Default file system/file system URLs

- · no URL prefix needed for defaultFS
- · file, hdfs, s3a

Input partitions - splittable file?

- · Splittable: bzip2, parquet, avro
- · Non-splittable: gzip (1 task per file)
- · small file problem

Datasets/DataFrames compiled to RDDs

- · Catalyst query optimizer for built-in functions
- · Project Tungsten memory management
 - · Row storage (Apache Arrow)
 - · Encoders for Dataset objects (spark.implicits._)

Data Exploration - event type distribution

- · where clause
- · groupBy RelationalGroupedDataset
 - count
 - · avg, sum, agg (agg functions mean, std dev...)
- where(String), where(Column)
- · getting column apply on Dataset, \$, col function

Narrow vs. wide transformations

- https://jaceklaskowski.gitbooks.io/mastering-apache-spark/spark-rddtransformations.html
- · narrow, wide

Shuffle Partitions default

· 200 ("spark.sql.shuffle.partitions")

Setting Shuffle Partitions

 $\cdot \ \ \text{``spark.sql.shuffle.partitions''}$

Shuffle Partitions Optimized

Less time - 0.1 vs. 0.8

API - Some Dataset Transformations

- · select
- · where
- distinct
- · limit
- · orderBy
- join

API - Some Dataset Actions

- collect
- count
- take(n)
- · head
- write DataFrameWriter

DataFrameWriter

• DataSourceRegister, implicits

Just the PullRequestEvents and their schema

• text - one column "value"

Writing partitions - Output directory

- · _ hidden
- · also hidden .crc files
- · part-00000-UUID...

API - Column

- · Some dataset use string, some columns
- · +, -, *, %
- · ===, =!=, >, <, ...
- · asc, desc
- · startsWith, contains, endsWith, like, rlike
- · isNull, isNaN, isIn

API - functions

- · array functions, explode
- · date/time functions
- · math, string
- · use built-in to allow Catalyst optimization
- · also user-defined-functions, user-defined-agg-functions

Date Exploration

· created_at is a string but in ISO 8601

Adding year, month, day, hour columns

- · immutable, 4 transformations
- · use time functions (require column)
- spark.implicits._ \$

Saving to Parquet with partitioning columns

• year=2019 etc.

Reading from Parquet - schema and predicate pushdown

- · Schema is stored with Parquet file header
- Predicate pushdown partitioning (no read)
- · Columns skip unused

One Hour Completed Stage

• prune to only read hour 21

All Completed Stage

 \cdot reads all (some task read more than one file)

Memory pressure - partitions, executors, shuffle partitions

Serialization code

Airflow - Spark workflows

 $sc. hadoop Configuration. set ("fs.s3a. secret.key", \\ sc. hadoop Configuration. set ("fs.s3a. access.key", \\$