

# Infectious Diseases for Modellers

**Michael E. DeWitt**

medewitt@wakehealth.edu

Wake Forest University School of Medicine

Section on Infectious Diseases

## **ABSTRACT**

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit, sed do eiusmod tempor incididunt ut labore et dolore magnam aliquam quaerat voluptatem. Ut enim aequaeque doleamus animo, cum corpore dolemus, fieri tamen permagna accessio potest, si aliquod aeternum et infinitum impendere malum nobis opinemur. Quod idem licet transferre in voluptatem, ut postea variari voluptas distinguere possit, augeri amplificarique non possit.

## Contents

1 Introduction .....	1
2 The Immune System .....	2
3 Glossary .....	3
Bibliography .....	4

## 1 Introduction

There has been a trend in making texts of “math/modelling/programming” for x, where x represents a discipline from a basic science. However, in this manuscript, we would like to go the other direction and provide advanced subject matter on the biological and environmental processes that undergird the mathematics and programming. Understand the science of what is being modelled is in many ways just as important as understanding the equations that govern the analysis. This goes to everything from compartmental models used to represent pharmacodynamics to building vaccine effectiveness analysis.

See more with [1].

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet.

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit, sed do eiusmod tempor incididunt ut labore et dolore magnam aliquam quaerat voluptatem. Ut enim aequale doleamus animo, cum corpore dolemus, fieri tamen permagna accessio potest, si aliquod aeternum et infinitum impendere malum nobis opinemur. Quod idem licet transferre in voluptatem, ut.

Below is just a test using this macro package of a three compartment model.

$$S \xrightarrow{\beta * S * I} I \xrightarrow{\gamma} R$$

## **2 The Immune System**

This introduces host immune systems.

### 3 Glossary

**PMN** polymorphonuclear leukocytes, a type of white blood cell that releases granules during an infections, allergic reactions, and autoimmune events. Neutrophils, basophils, and eosinophils are PMNs.

**Ligature** A merged glyph.

## Bibliography

- [1] M. Achtman, K. Zurth, et al., “Yersinia pestis, the cause of plague, is a recently emerged clone of Yersinia pseudotuberculosis,” *Proc. Nat. Acad. Sciences United States America*, vol. 96, no. 24, Nov. 1999.