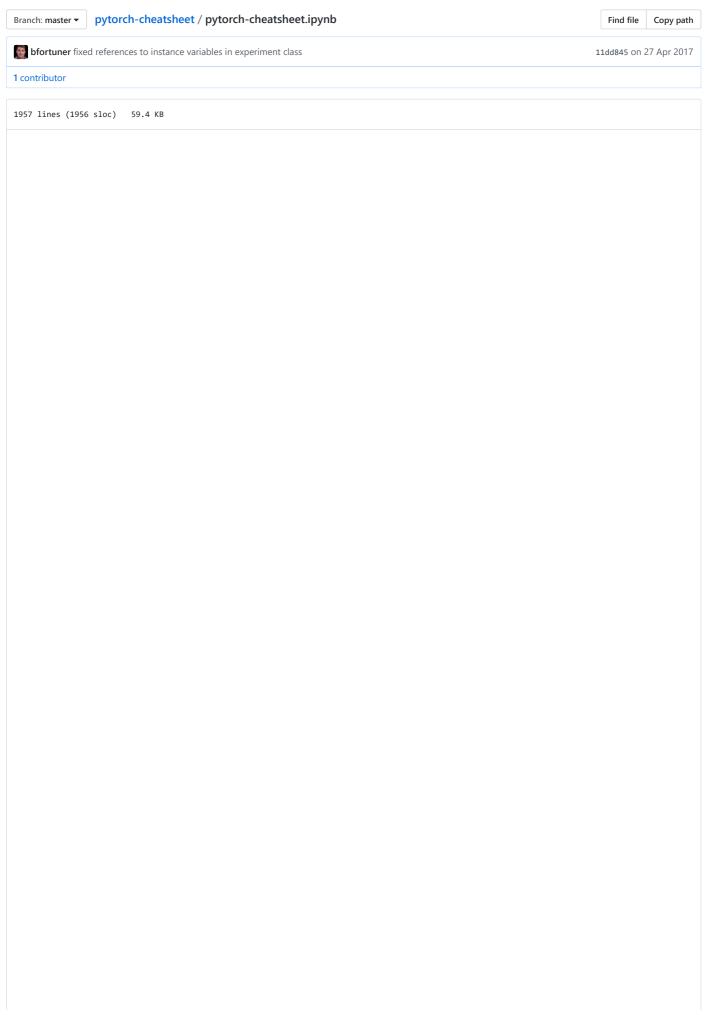
# □ bfortuner / pytorch-cheatsheet



# **Pytorch Cheatsheet**

## **Imports**

```
In [1]: import torch
          import torch.nn as nn
          import torch.nn.init as init
          import torch.optim as optim
          import torch, nn. functional as F
          from torch. autograd import Variable
          import torchvision. datasets as datasets
          import torchvision.transforms as transforms
          import torchvision.utils as tv_utils
          from torch.utils.data import DataLoader
          import torchvision.models as models
          import torch. backends. cudnn as cudnn
          import torchvision
          import torch autograd as autograd
          from PIL import Image
          import imp
          import os
          import sys
          import math
          import time
          import random
          import shutil
          import cv2
          import scipy.misc
          from glob import glob
          import sklearn
          import logging
          from tqdm import tqdm
          import numpy as np
          import matplotlib as mpl
         mpl.use('Agg')
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         plt.style.use('bmh')
          %matplotlib inline
```

### **Basics**

- http://pytorch.org/tutorials/beginner/pytorch\_with\_examples.html (http://pytorch.org/tutorials/beginner/pytorch\_with\_examples.html)
- http://pytorch.org/tutorials/beginner/blitz/cifar10\_tutorial.html (http://pytorch.org/tutorials/beginner/blitz/cifar10\_tutorial.html)

## **Datasets**

### File Management

```
In [ ]: random. seed(1)
           torch.manual_seed(1)
           DATA_PATH='/media/bfortuner/bigguy/data/'
           # Built-in
           MNIST_PATH=DATA_PATH+'mnist/'
           MNIST_WEIGHTS_PATH=MNIST_PATH+'weights/'
           # Built-in
           CIFAR10 PATH=DATA_PATH+'cifar10/'
           CIFAR10 IMGS PATH=CIFAR10 PATH+'images/'
           # Download from http://www.vision.caltech.edu/visipedia/CUB-200.html
           CUB_PATH=DATA_PATH+'cub/'
           CUB_IMGS_PATH=CUB_PATH+'images/'
In [ ]: def get_paths_to_files(dir_path):
               filepaths = []
               for (dirpath, dirnames, filenames) in os.walk(dir path):
                    file paths.\ extend (os.\ path.\ join (dirpath,\ f)\ \ for\ f\ in\ file names\ \ if\ not\ f[0]\ ==\ \hbox{'.'})
                    fnames. extend([f for f in filenames if not f[0] == '.'])
               return filepaths, fnames
```

```
def get_random_image_path(dir_path):
    filepaths = get_paths_to_files(dir_path)[0]
    return filepaths[random.randrange(len(filepaths))]
```

### **MNIST**

```
In [ ]:
           MNIST BATCH SIZE = 128
           MNIST_MEAN = np.array([0.1307,])
           MNIST_STD = np. array([0.3081,])
           mnist_train_loader = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(
               datasets.MNIST(MNIST_PATH, train=True, download=True,
                       transform=transforms.Compose([
                           transforms. ToTensor(),
                           transforms.Normalize(MNIST_MEAN, MNIST_STD)
                       ])),
               batch size=MNIST BATCH SIZE, shuffle=True)
           mnist_test_loader = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(
                datasets.MNIST(MNIST_PATH, train=False,
                       transform=transforms.Compose([
                           transforms. ToTensor(),
                           transforms. Normalize (MNIST MEAN, MNIST STD)
                       1)).
               batch_size=MNIST_BATCH_SIZE*8, shuffle=True)
           def get mnist batch(batch size):
                dataloader = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(
                    datasets.MNIST(MNIST_PATH, train=False, download=False,
                           transform=transforms.Compose([
                                transforms. ToTensor(),
                               transforms. Normalize (MNIST MEAN, MNIST STD)
                           ])).
                    batch_size=batch_size, shuffle=True)
                inputs, targets = next(iter(dataloader))
               return inputs, targets
           mnist_train_labels = mnist_train_loader.dataset.train_labels
           MNIST_CLASSES = np.unique(mnist_train_labels.numpy())
           mnist_batch = get_mnist_batch(100)
           print("MNIST Train Samples:", len(mnist_train_loader.dataset))
print("MNIST Test Samples:", len(mnist_test_loader.dataset))
```

#### CIFAR10

```
In [ ]: CIFAR_BATCH_SIZE = 64
           CIFAR_MEAN = np. array([0.49139968, 0.48215827, 0.44653124])
          CIFAR\_STD = np. array([0.24703233, 0.24348505, 0.26158768])
           normTransform = transforms. Normalize (CIFAR MEAN, CIFAR STD)
           trainTransform = transforms.Compose([
               transforms.RandomCrop(32, padding=4),
               transforms. RandomHorizontalFlip(),
              transforms. ToTensor(),
              normTransform
           ])
           testTransform = transforms.Compose([
              transforms. ToTensor(),
              normTransform
           ])
           cifar_train_loader = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(
               datasets.CIFAR10(CIFAR10_IMGS_PATH, train=True, download=True,
                            transform=trainTransform),
              batch_size=CIFAR_BATCH_SIZE, shuffle=True)
           cifar_test_loader = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(
              datasets.CIFAR10(CIFAR10_IMGS_PATH, train=False, download=True,
                            transform=testTransform),
              batch_size=CIFAR_BATCH_SIZE*16, shuffle=False)
           def get_cifar_batch(batch_size):
              dataloader = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(
               datasets.CIFAR10(CIFAR10_IMGS_PATH, train=False,
                    transform = testTransform), \ batch\_size = batch\_size, \ shuffle = True)
               inputs, targets = next(iter(dataloader))
              return inputs, targets
          cifar_batch = get_cifar_batch(100)
          print("CIFAR Train Samples:", len(cifar_train_loader.dataset))
print("CIFAR Test Samples:", len(cifar_test_loader.dataset))
```

# **Image Folder**

```
In [ ]: def get_mean_std_of_dataset(dir_path, sample_size=5):
               fpaths, fnames = get_paths_to_files(dir_path)
               random. shuffle (fpaths)
               total_mean = np.array([0., 0., 0.])
               total_std = np.array([0.,0.,0.])
               for f in fpaths[:sample_size]:
                   img_arr = load_img_as_np_arr(f)
                   mean = np.mean(img_arr, axis=(0,1))
                   std = np.std(img_arr, axis=(0,1))
                   total\_mean += mean
                   total_std += std
               avg_mean = total_mean / sample_size
               avg_std = total_std / sample_size
print("mean: {}".format(avg_mean), "stdev: {}".format(avg_std))
               return avg mean, avg std
           CUB BATCH SIZE = 32
           CUB_MEAN, CUB_STD = get_mean_std_of_dataset(CUB_IMAGES_PATH, 1000)
           cub dataset = datasets.ImageFolder(root=CUB IMAGES PATH,
                      transform=transforms.Compose([
                       transforms. Scale (256),
                       transforms. CenterCrop (256),
                       transforms. ToTensor(),
                       transforms.Normalize(CUB_MEAN, CUB_STD),
                   1))
           def get_cub_batch(batch_size):
               dataloader = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(
                   cub_dataset, batch_size=batch_size, shuffle=True)
               inputs, targets = next(iter(dataloader))
               return inputs, targets
           cub data loader = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(
               cub_dataset, batch_size=CUB_BATCH_SIZE, shuffle=True)
           cub_class_names = cub_dataset.classes
           cub_batch = get_cub_batch(10)
```

## **Swiss Roll**

```
In [ ]: from sklearn.datasets.samples_generator import make_swiss_roll
           def get swiss roll(n samples=100):
              noise = 0.2
              X, _ = make_swiss_roll(n_samples, noise)
              X = X.astype('float32')[:, [0, 2]]
              return X.
           def plot_roll(data):
               # data.shape = (N, 2)
              if type(data) != np.ndarray:
                  data = data.numpy()
              x = data[:, 0]
              y = data[:,1]
              plt. scatter(x, y)
           SWISS_ROLL_BATCH_SIZE = 100
           X, _ = get_swiss_roll(100)
           swiss_roll_dataset = torch.utils.data.TensorDataset(torch.FloatTensor(X), torch.FloatTensor(_))
           swiss_roll_loader = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(swiss_roll_dataset, batch_size=SWISS_ROLL_BATCH_SIZE, shuffle=True)
           data = get_swiss_roll(1000)[0]
           plot roll(data)
           inputs, targets = next(iter(swiss roll loader))
           print(inputs.size(), targets.size())
          plot roll(inputs)
```

# **Image Handling**

#### **Normalization**

```
In [ ]: def norm_meanstd(arr, mean, std):
    return (arr - mean) / std

def denorm_meanstd(arr, mean, std):
    return (arr * std) + mean
```

```
def norm255_tensor(arr):
    """Given a color image/where max pixel value in each channel is 255
    returns normalized tensor or array with all values between 0 and 1"""
    return arr / 255.

def denorm255_tensor(arr):
    return arr * 255.
```

# Loading

```
In [ ]: def load_img_as_pil(img_path):
    return Image.open(img_path)

def load_img_as_np_arr(img_path):
    return scipy.misc.imread(img_path) #scipy

def load_img_as_tensor(img_path):
    pil_image = Image.open(img_path)
    return transforms. ToTensor() (pil_image)
```

# Saving

## **Plotting**

```
In [ ]: | def plot_np_array(arr_img, fs=(3,3)):
              plt.figure(figsize=fs)
              plt.imshow(arr_img.astype('uint8'))
              plt.show()
           def plot_tensor(tns_img, fs=(3,3)):
               "Takes a normalized tensor [0,1] and plots PIL image"
              pil_from_tns = transforms.ToPILImage()(tns_img)
              plt.figure(figsize=fs)
              plt.imshow(pil_from_tns)
              plt.show()
           def plot_pil(pil_img, fs=(3,3)):
              plt.figure(figsize=fs)
              plt.imshow(pil_img)
              plt.show()
           def imshow(inp, mean_arr, std_arr, title=None):
               # Input is normalized Tensor or Numpy Arr
              if inp. size(0) = 1:
                   inp = np. squeeze(inp.numpy())
                  kwargs = {'cmap':'gray'}
              else:
                   inp = inp.numpy().transpose((1, 2, 0))
                  kwargs = {}
              inp = std_arr * inp + mean_arr
              plt.imshow(inp, **kwargs)
               if title is not None:
                   plt.title(title)
              plt. pause (0.001)
           def visualize_preds(model, data_loader, class_names, mean_arr, std_arr, num_images=6):
               images_so_far = 0
               fig = plt.figure()
              for i, data in enumerate (data loader):
                   inputs, labels = data
                   inputs, labels = Variable(inputs.cuda()), Variable(labels.cuda())
                  outputs = model(inputs)
                   _, preds = torch.max(outputs.data, 1)
                   preds = preds.cpu().numpy()
                   labels = labels.data.cpu().numpy()
                   for j in range(inputs.size()[0]):
                       images so far += 1
                       ax = plt.subplot(num_images//2, 2, images_so_far)
```

```
ax.axis('off')
            ax.set_title('P: {}, A:{}'.format(class_names[preds[j][0]],
                                               class_names[labels[j]]))
            imshow(inputs.cpu().data[j], mean_arr, std_arr)
            if images_so_far == num_images:
                return
        plt.tight_layout()
def plot_bw_samples(arr, dim=(4,4), figsize=(6,6)):
    if type(arr) is not np.ndarray:
        arr = arr. numpy()
    bs = arr. shape[0]
    arr = arr.reshape(bs, 28, 28)
    plt. figure (figsize=figsize)
    for i, img in enumerate(arr):
        plt.subplot(*dim, i+1)
        plt.imshow(img, cmap='gray')
        plt.axis('off')
    plt.tight_layout()
def plot_samples(arr, mean, std, dim=(4,4), figsize=(6,6)):
    if type(arr) is not np.ndarray:
        arr = arr. numpy(). transpose((0, 2, 3, 1))
    arr = denorm_meanstd(arr, mean, std)
    plt.figure(figsize=figsize)
    for i, img in enumerate(arr):
       plt.subplot(*dim, i+1)
        plt.imshow(img)
        plt.axis('off')
    plt.tight_layout()
img\_path = get\_random\_image\_path (CUB\_IMGS\_PATH)
plot_pil(load_img_as_pil(img_path))
plot_np_array(load_img_as_np_arr(img_path))
plot_tensor(load_img_as_tensor(img_path))
inps, targs = get_mnist_batch(12)
plot_bw_samples(inps)
inps, targs = get_cifar_batch(12)
plot_samples(inps, CIFAR_MEAN, CIFAR_STD)
inps, targs = get cub batch (12)
plot samples (inps, CUB MEAN, CUB STD)
```

## **Models**

## Logging

```
In [ ]: #https://docs.python.org/3/howto/logging-cookbook.html
           def get_logger(ch_log_level=logging.ERROR,
                          fh_log_level=logging.INFO):
               logging.shutdown()
               imp.reload(logging)
               logger = logging.getLogger("cheatsheet")
               logger.setLevel(logging.DEBUG)
               # Console Handler
               if ch_log_level:
                   ch = logging.StreamHandler()
                   ch. setLevel(ch_log_level)
                   ch. setFormatter(logging.Formatter('%(message)s'))
                   logger.addHandler(ch)
               # File Handler
               if fh_log_level:
                   fh = logging.FileHandler('cheatsheet.log')
                   fh. setLevel(fh_log_level)
                   formatter = logging.Formatter('%(asctime)s - %(levelname)s - %(message)s')
                   fh. setFormatter(formatter)
                   logger.addHandler(fh)
               return logger
           #Test
           logger = get_logger() #Singleton
           logger.info("LOG TO FILE")
           logger.error("LOG TO FILE and CONSOLE")
           logger = get_logger(ch_log_level=logging.DEBUG,
                          fh log level=None)
           logger.debug("Init Console Logger Only")
```

#### Linear

```
In [ ]: class LinearNetMNIST(nn. Module):
               def __init__(self):
                   super(LinearNetMNIST, self).__init__()
                   # Input size (bs, 784)
                   self.layer1 = nn.Linear(784, 500)
                   self.layer2 = nn.Linear(500, 250)
                   self.layer3 = nn.Linear(250, 10)
                   self.softmax = nn.Softmax()
               def forward(self, x):
                  x = x.view(x.size(0), -1)
                   x = self.layer1(x)
                  x = self. laver2(x)
                  x = self. layer3(x)
                   x = self. softmax(x)
           class LinearNetCIFAR(nn.Module):
               def __init__(self):
                  super(LinearNetCIFAR, self).__init__()
                   # Input (bs, 3, 32, 32)
                   # Flatten to fit linear layer (bs, 32*32*3)
                   self.layer1 = nn.Linear(3072, 512)
                   self.relu1 = nn.ReLU()
                   self.layer2 = nn.Linear(512, 256)
                   self.relu2 = nn.ReLU()
                   self.layer3 = nn.Linear(256, 10)
                   self.softmax = nn.Softmax()
               def forward(self, x):
                  x = x.view(x.size(0), -1) # Flatten
                   x = self.laver1(x)
                  x = self.relul(x)
                   x = self.layer2(x)
                  x = self. relu2(x)
                  x = self. laver3(x)
                   x = self. softmax(x)
                   return x
In [ ]: inputs, targets = get_mnist_batch(2)
           net = LinearNetMNIST()
           print(net(Variable(inputs)))
           inputs, targets = get_cifar_batch(2)
           net2 = LinearNetCIFAR()
           print(net2(Variable(inputs)))
```

### **CNN**

Tips and Guidelines http://cs231n.github.io/convolutional-networks/ (http://cs231n.github.io/convolutional-networks/)

- The input layer (that contains the image) should be divisible by 2 many times
- The conv layers should be using small filters (e.g. 3x3 or at most 5x5), using a stride of S=1, and crucially, padding the input volume with zeros in such way that the conv layer does not alter the spatial dimensions of the input. That is, when FS=3, then using P=1 will retain the original size of the input. When FS=5, P=2. For a general FS, it can be seen that P = (FS 1)/2 preserves the input size.
- The pool layers are in charge of downsampling the spatial dimensions of the input. Introduces zero parameters since it simply computes a fixed function of the input. The most common setting is to use max-pooling with 2x2 receptive fields (i.e. FS=2), and with a stride of 2 (i.e. S=2). Output dimensions equal W2 = (W1 FS)/S + 1.

#### **Basic CNN**

```
def forward(self, x):
    self.log(x.size()) # (bs, 3, 32, 32)
    x = self.conv1(x)
    x = self.conv2(x)
    x = x.view(x.size(0), -1) # (bs, 100*30*30)
    x = self.linear(x)
    x = self.softmax(x)
    return x

# Test
logger = get_logger(logging.DEBUG, logging.DEBUG)
net = BasicCNN(logger)
inputs, targets = next(iter(cifar_train_loader))
inputs = Variable(inputs[:2])
net(inputs)
```

## **Deeper CNN**

```
In [ ]: class DeeperCNN(nn.Module):
               def __init__(self, logger=None):
                   super(DeeperCNN, self).__init__()
                   self.logger = logger
                   \# Conv Dims - W2 = (W1-FS+2P)/S + 1)
                   self.conv1 = nn.Conv2d(in_channels=3, out_channels=64,
                                          kernel_size=3, stride=1, padding=1)
                   \verb|self.bn1| = \verb|nn.BatchNorm2d(num_features=64, momentum=0.9)|
                   self.relu1 = nn.ReLU()
                   self.conv2 = nn.Conv2d(in_channels=64, out_channels=128,
                                          kernel size=3, stride=1, padding=1)
                   self.bn2 = nn.BatchNorm2d(num_features=128, momentum=0.9)
                   self.relu2 = nn.ReLU()
                   \# Pool \ Dims - W2 = (W1 - FS)/S + 1
                   self.pool = nn.MaxPool2d(kernel_size=2, stride=2) #shrinks by half
                   self.linear1 = nn.Linear(in_features=128*16*16, out_features=512)
                   self.dropout = nn.Dropout(p=0.5)
                   self.linear2 = nn.Linear(in_features=512, out_features=10)
                   self.softmax = nn.Softmax()
               def log(self, msg):
                   if self.logger:
                       self.logger.debug(msg)
               def forward(self, x):
                   self. log(x. size())
                   x = self.relul(self.bn1(self.conv1(x)))
                   x = self.relu2(self.bn2(self.conv2(x)))
                   x = self.pool(x)
                   x = x. view(x. size(0), -1)
                   x = self.linearl(x)
                   x = self. dropout(x)
                   x = self.linear2(x)
                   x = self. softmax(x)
                   return x
           net = DeeperCNN(logger)
           inputs, targets = next(iter(cifar_train_loader))
           inputs = Variable(inputs[:2])
           net(inputs)
```

#### **RNN**

```
In [ ]: # TODO
```

#### **GAN**

```
In [ ]: # TODO
```

## **Finetuning**

#### **Pretrained Model**

```
In [ ]: # Get DenseNet trained on Imagenet
densenet = models.densenet121(pretrained=True)

# Replace final layer with new output layer
last layer n features = densenet.classifier.in features
```

```
densenet.classifier = nn.Linear(last_layer_n_features, len(CIFAR_CLASSES))
print(densenet.classifier)
```

#### Freeze Layers

```
In [ ]: # Freeze layers to avoid retraining
# To create a "Feature Extractor"
for param in densenet.parameters():
    param.requires_grad = False
```

#### **Reuse Specific Layers**

# **Training**

#### Methods

```
In [ ]: def train(net, dataloader, criterion, optimizer, epoch=1):
              net.train()
              n batches = len(dataloader)
              total\_loss = 0
              total\_acc = 0
               for inputs, targets in dataloader:
                   inputs = Variable(inputs.cuda())
                   targets = Variable(targets.cuda())
                   ## Forward Pass
                  output = net(inputs)
                   ## Clear Gradients
                  net.zero_grad()
                   loss = criterion(output, targets)
                   ## Backprop
                   loss.backward()
                  optimizer.step()
                   preds = get_predictions(output)
                   accuracy = get_accuracy(preds, targets.data.cpu().numpy())
                   total_loss += loss.data[0]
                   total_acc += accuracy
              mean_loss = total_loss / n_batches
              mean_acc = total_acc / n_batches
              return mean_loss, mean_acc
           def get_predictions(model_output):
               # Flatten and Get ArgMax to compute accuracy
              val, idx = torch.max(model_output, dim=1)
              return idx.data.cpu().view(-1).numpy()
           def get_accuracy(preds, targets):
              correct = np. sum(preds==targets)
              return correct / len(targets)
           def test(net, test_loader, criterion, epoch=1):
              net.eval()
              test_loss = 0
              test acc = 0
              for data, target in test_loader:
                   data = Variable(data.cuda(), volatile=True)
                   target = Variable(target.cuda())
```

```
output - net(data)
       test_loss += criterion(output, target).data[0]
       pred = get_predictions(output)
       test acc += get accuracy(pred, target.data.cpu().numpy())
   test loss /= len(test_loader) #n_batches
   test_acc /= len(test_loader)
   return test_loss, test_acc
def adjust_learning_rate(lr, decay, optimizer, cur_epoch, n_epochs):
      "Sets the learning rate to the initially
       configured `lr` decayed by `decay` every `n_epochs`"""
   new_lr = lr * (decay ** (cur_epoch // n_epochs))
   for param_group in optimizer.param_groups:
       param_group['lr'] = new_lr
def weights_init(m):
   if isinstance(m, nn.Conv2d):
       init.kaiming uniform(m.weight)
       m. bias. data. zero ()
```

### **MNIST**

```
In [ ]: # Linear Model
           mnistnet = LinearNetMNIST().cuda()
          N_EPOCHS = 5
          criterion = nn.CrossEntropyLoss().cuda()
          optimizer = optim. Adam (mnistnet. parameters (), 1r=1e-4)
In [ ]: train_loss_history = []
           train_acc_history = []
           test_loss_history = []
           test_acc_history = []
           for epoch in range(1, N_EPOCHS+1):
              trn_loss, trn_acc = train(mnistnet, mnist_train_loader, criterion, optimizer, epoch)
              test_loss, test_acc = test(mnistnet, mnist_test_loader, criterion, epoch)
              print ('Epoch %d, TrainLoss: %.3f, TrainAcc: %.3f, TestLoss: %.3f, TestAcc: %.3f' % (
                   epoch, trn_loss, trn_acc, test_loss, test_acc))
              train loss history.append(trn loss)
              test_loss_history.append(test_loss)
              train_acc_history.append(trn_acc)
              test acc history.append(test acc)
In [ ]: plt.plot(np.stack([train loss history, test loss history], 1))
In [ ]: plt.plot(np.stack([train_acc_history, test_acc_history], 1))
In [ ]: visualize preds (mnistnet, mnist test loader, MNIST CLASSES, MNIST MEAN, MNIST STD, 6)
```

### **CIFAR**

```
In [ ]: # Linear Model
          cifarnet = LinearNetCIFAR().cuda()
           # Basic CNN
          cifarnet = BasicCNN().cuda()
           # Deeper CNN
          cifarnet = DeeperCNN().cuda()
          criterion = nn.CrossEntropyLoss().cuda()
          optimizer = optim. Adam(cifarnet.parameters(), 1r=1e-4)
          print(' + Number of params: {}'.format(
              sum([p.data.nelement() for p in cifarnet.parameters()])))
In [ ]: train loss history = []
           train acc history = []
           test_loss_history = []
           test_acc_history = []
           for epoch in range(1, N_EPOCHS+1):
              trn_loss, trn_acc = train(cifarnet, cifar_train_loader, criterion, optimizer, epoch)
              test_loss, test_acc = test(cifarnet, cifar_test_loader, criterion, epoch)
              print ('Epoch %d, TrainLoss: %.3f, TrainAcc: %.3f, TestLoss: %.3f, TestAcc: %.3f' % (
                   epoch, trn_loss, trn_acc, test_loss, test_acc))
               train_loss_history.append(trn_loss)
               test_loss_history.append(test_loss)
              train acc history.append(trn acc)
```

test\_acc\_history.append(test\_acc)

```
In [ ]: plt.plot(np.stack([train_loss_history, test_loss_history], 1))
In [ ]: plt.plot(np.stack([train_acc_history, test_acc_history], 1))
In [ ]: visualize_preds(cifarnet, cifar_test_loader, CIFAR_CLASS_NAMES, CIFAR_MEAN, CIFAR_STD, 6)
```

# **Experiments**

# **Load/Save Weights**

## **Visdom Web Server**

```
In [ ]: # Real-time visualizations in your browser
# https://github.com/facebookresearch/visdom
import visdom
viz = visdom.Visdom()
```

```
In [ ]: def viz_plot_tst_trn(window, epoch, tst_val, trn_val, name='loss', env='main'):
               if window is None:
                   return viz.line(
                       X=np.array([epoch]),
                       Y=np.array([[tst_val, trn_val]]),
                       opts=dict(
                           xlabel='epoch',
                           ylabel=name,
title=env+' '+name,
                           legend=['Validation', 'Train']
                       ),
                       env=env
               return viz.line(
                   X=np.ones((1, 2)) * epoch,
                   Y=np.expand_dims([tst_val, trn_val], 0),
                   win=window,
                   update='append',
                   env=env
           def viz_plot_img(window, arr, mean, std, env='main', title='Image'):
               This function draws an img on your Visdom web app.
               It takes as input an `CxHxW` tensor `img
               The array values can be float in [0,1] or uint8 in [0, 255]'''
               if type(arr) is not np.ndarray:
                   arr = arr.numpy().transpose((1, 2, 0))
               arr = denorm_meanstd(arr, mean, std)
               arr = arr.transpose((2, 0, 1))
               viz.image(
                   arr,
                   opts=dict(title=title, caption='Silly image'),
                   win=window,
           def viz_plot_text(window, text, env='main'):
               if window is None:
                   return viz.text(
                       text.
                       env=env
               return viz.text(
                   text,
                   win=window,
```

```
In [ ]: #Visit http://localhost:8097 to view plots
             #Should plot one chart and update it
             txt_chart = viz_plot_summary(None, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5)
             txt_chart = viz_plot_summary(txt_chart, 5, 2, 3, 4, 5)
             txt_chart = viz_plot_summary(txt_chart, 5, 3, 8, 7, 6)
             #Should plot one chart and update it
             sum_chart = viz_plot_text(None, 'Hello, world3!')
             sum_chart = viz_plot_text(sum_chart, 'Hello, world4!')
             #Should plot one chart and update it
             #window, epoch, tst_val, trn_val, name='loss', env='main'
             loss_chart = viz_plot_tst_trn(None, 9, 14, 27, 'loss')
loss_chart = viz_plot_tst_trn(loss_chart, 10, 18, 30, 'loss')
loss_chart = viz_plot_tst_trn(loss_chart, 11, 19, 32, 'loss')
             #Should plot one chart and update it
             #window, epoch, tst_val, trn_val, name='loss', env='main'
err_chart = viz_plot_tst_trn(None, 9, 14, 27, 'error')
             err_chart = viz_plot_tst_trn(err_chart, 10, 18, 30, 'error')
             err_chart = viz_plot_tst_trn(err_chart, 11, 19, 32, 'error')
             # Plot Image
             inputs, targets = next(iter(cifar_train_loader))
             img_chart = viz.image(
                 np.random.rand(3,100,100),
opts=dict(title="Image", caption='Silly random'),
             viz_plot_img(img_chart, inputs[0], CIFAR_MEAN, CIFAR_STD)
```

## **Experiment Class**

```
In [ ]: import numpy as np
            import os
            import torch
            import visdom
            import shutil
            import sys
            from pathlib import Path
            class Experiment():
                def __init__(self, name, root, logger=None):
                     self.name = name
                     self.root = os.path.join(root, name)
                     self.logger = logger
                     self.epoch = 1
                     self.best_val_loss = sys.maxsize
                     self.best_val_loss_epoch = 1
                    self.weights_dir = os.path.join(self.root, 'weights') self.history_dir = os.path.join(self.root, 'history') self.results_dir = os.path.join(self.root, 'results')
                     self.latest_weights = os.path.join(self.weights_dir, 'latest_weights.pth')
                     self.latest_optimizer = os.path.join(self.weights_dir, 'latest_optim.pth')
                     self.best weights path = self.latest weights
                     self.best optimizer path = self.latest optimizer
                     self.train_history_fpath = os.path.join(self.history_dir, 'train.csv')
                     self.val_history_fpath = os.path.join(self.history_dir, 'val.csv')
                     self.test_history_fpath = os.path.join(self.history_dir, 'test.csv')
                     self.loss history = {
                          train': np.array([]),
                         'val': np.array([])
                         'test': np.array([])
                     self.acc_history = {
                          train': np.array([]),
                         'val': np.array([]),
                         'test': np.array([])
                     self.viz = visdom.Visdom()
                     self.visdom_plots = self.init_visdom_plots()
```

```
def log(self, msg):
    if self.logger:
         logger.info(msg)
def init(self):
    self.log("Creating new experiment")
    self.init_dirs()
    self.init history files()
\label{lem:continuous} \mbox{\tt def resume} (self, \mbox{\tt model}, \mbox{\tt optim}, \mbox{\tt weights\_fpath=None}, \mbox{\tt optim\_path=None}):
    self.log("Resuming existing experiment")
    if weights_fpath is None:
        weights fpath = self.latest weights
    if optim path is None:
        optim_path = self.latest_optimizer
    model, state = self.load_weights(model, weights_fpath)
    optim = self.load_optimizer(optim, optim_path)
    self.best_val_loss = state['best_val_loss']
    self.best_val_loss_epoch = state['best_val_loss_epoch']
    self.epoch = state['last_epoch']+1
    self.load_history_from_file('train')
    self.load_history_from_file('val')
    return model, optim
def init_dirs(self):
    os.makedirs(self.weights_dir)
    os. makedirs(self.history_dir)
    os. makedirs (self. results dir)
{\tt def\ init\_history\_files(self):}
    Path(self.train_history_fpath).touch()
    Path(self.val_history_fpath).touch()
    Path(self.test_history_fpath).touch()
def init_visdom_plots(self):
    loss = self.init_viz_train_plot('loss')
    accuracy = self.init_viz_train_plot('accuracy')
    summary = self.init_viz_txt_plot('summary')
    return {
        'loss':loss,
'accuracy':accuracy,
'summary':summary
def init_viz_train_plot(self, title):
    return self.viz.line(
        X=np. array([1]),
        Y=np.array([[1, 1]]),
        opts=dict(
            xlabel='epoch',
             ylabel=title,
             title=self.name+' '+title,
             legend=['Train', 'Validation']
        ),
        env=self.name
def init_viz_txt_plot(self, title):
    return self.viz.text(
         "Initializing.. " + title,
        env=self.name
def viz_epochs(self):
    epochs = np. arange(1, self. epoch+1)
    return np. stack([epochs, epochs], 1)
def update_viz_loss_plot(self):
    loss = np. stack([self.loss_history['train'], self.loss_history['val']],1)
    window = self.visdom_plots['loss']
    return self.viz.line(
        X=self.viz_epochs(),
        Y=loss,
        win=window.
        env=self.name,
        opts=dict(
             xlabel='epoch',
             ylabel='loss',
             title=self.name+' '+'loss',
             legend=['Train', 'Validation']
        ),
```

```
def update_viz_acc_plot(self):
        acc = np.stack([self.acc_history['train'],
                           self.acc_history['val']], 1)
        window = self.visdom_plots['accuracy']
        return self.viz.line(
            X=self.viz_epochs(),
             Y=acc,
             win=window,
             env=self.name,
             opts=dict(
                 xlabel='epoch',
                 ylabel='accuracy',
title=self.name+' '+'accuracy',
legend=['Train', 'Validation']
        )
    def update_viz_summary_plot(self):
        trn_loss = self.loss_history['train'][-1]
val_loss = self.loss_history['val'][-1]
        trn_acc = self.acc_history['train'][-1]
        val_acc = self.acc_history['val'][-1]
        txt = ("""Epoch: %d
             Train - Loss: %.3f Acc: %.3f
             Test - Loss: %. 3f Acc: %. 3f"" % (self. epoch,
             trn_loss, trn_acc, val_loss, val_acc))
        window = self.visdom_plots['summary']
        return self. viz. text(
            txt.
             win=window.
             env=self.name
    def load_history_from_file(self, dset_type):
        fpath = os.path.join(self.history_dir, dset_type+'.csv')
data = np.loadtxt(fpath, delimiter=',').reshape(-1, 3)
        self.loss_history[dset_type] = data[:,1]
        self.acc_history[dset_type] = data[:,2]
    def append_history_to_file(self, dset_type, loss, acc):
        fpath = os.path.join(self.history_dir, dset_type+'.csv')
        with open(fpath, 'a') as f:
    f.write(' {}, {}, {}\n'.format(self.epoch, loss, acc))
    def save_history(self, dset_type, loss, acc):
        self.loss_history[dset_type] = np.append(
             self.loss_history[dset_type], loss)
        self.acc_history[dset_type] = np.append(
             self.acc_history[dset_type], acc)
        self.append_history_to_file(dset_type, loss, acc)
        if dset_type == 'val' and self.is_best_loss(loss):
             self.best_val_loss = loss
             self.best_val_loss_epoch = self.epoch
    def is_best_loss(self, loss):
        return loss < self.best val loss
    def save_weights(self, model, trn_loss, val_loss, trn_acc, val_acc):
        weights fname = self.name+'-weights-%d-%.3f-%.3f-%.3f-%.3f.pth' % (
             self.epoch, trn loss, trn acc, val loss, val acc)
        weights_fpath = os.path.join(self.weights_dir, weights_fname)
        torch.save({
                 'last_epoch': self.epoch,
                 'trn_loss': trn_loss,
'val_loss': val_loss,
                 'trn_acc': trn_acc,
                  'val_acc': val_acc,
                 'best_val_loss': self.best_val_loss,
                 \verb|'best_val_loss_epoch'|: self.best_val_loss_epoch|,
                  'experiment': self.name,
                 'state_dict': model.state_dict()
               weights_fpath )
        shutil.copyfile(weights_fpath, self.latest_weights)
        if self. is best loss (val loss):
             self.best_weights_path = weights_fpath
    def load_weights(self, model, fpath):
        self.log("loading weights '{}'".format(fpath))
        state = torch. load(fpath)
        model.load_state_dict(state['state_dict'])
        self.log("loaded weights from experiment %s (last_epoch %d, trn_loss %s, trn_acc %s, val_loss %s, val_acc %s
) " % (
                    self.name, state['last epoch'], state['trn loss'],
                     state['trn_acc'], state['val_loss'], state['val_acc']))
        return model, state
```

```
def save_optimizer(self, optimizer, val_loss):
    optim_fname = self.name+'-optim-%d.pth' % (self.epoch)
    optim_fpath = os.path.join(self.weights_dir, optim_fname)
    torch.save({
              'last_epoch': self.epoch,
              'experiment': self.name,
              'state_dict': optimizer.state_dict()
         }, optim fpath )
    shutil.copyfile(optim fpath, self.latest optimizer)
    if self.is_best_loss(val_loss):
         self.best_optimizer_path = optim_fpath
def load_optimizer(self, optimizer, fpath):
    self.log("loading optimizer '{}'".format(fpath))
    optim = torch.load(fpath)
    optimizer.load_state_dict(optim['state_dict'])
    self.log("loaded optimizer from session {}, last_epoch {}"
    .format(optim['experiment'], optim['last_epoch']))
    return optimizer
def plot and save history(self):
    trn_data = np.loadtxt(self.train_history_fpath, delimiter=',').reshape(-1, 3)
val_data = np.loadtxt(self.val_history_fpath, delimiter=',').reshape(-1, 3)
    trn_epoch, trn_loss, trn_acc = np.split(trn_data, [1,2], axis=1)
    val epoch, val loss, val acc = np. split(val data, [1,2], axis=1)
    # Loss
    fig, ax = plt.subplots(1, 1, figsize=(6, 5))
    plt.plot(trn_epoch, trn_loss, label='Train')
    plt.plot(val_epoch, val_loss, label='Validation')
    plt.xlabel('Epoch')
    plt.ylabel('Loss')
    plt.legend()
    ax. set_yscale('log')
    loss_fname = os.path.join(self.history_dir, 'loss.png')
    plt.savefig(loss_fname)
    fig, ax = plt.subplots(1, 1, figsize=(6, 5))
    plt.plot(trn_epoch, trn_acc, label='Train')
    plt.plot(val_epoch, val_acc, label='Validation')
    plt.xlabel('Epoch')
    plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
    ax.set_yscale('log')
    plt.legend()
    acc_fname = os.path.join(self.history_dir, 'accuracy.png')
    plt.savefig(acc_fname)
    # Combined View - loss-accuracy.png
    loss_acc_fname = os.path.join(self.history_dir, 'loss-acc.png')
    os.system('convert +append {} {} {}'.format(loss_fname, acc_fname, loss_acc_fname))
```

## **New Experiment**

```
### Test ###
val_loss, val_acc = test(model, cifar_test_loader, criterion, epoch)
logger.info('Val - Loss: {:.4f}, Acc: {:.4f}'.format(val_loss, val_acc))
time_elapsed = time.time() - since
logger.info('Total Time {:.0f}m {:.0f}s\n'.format(
    time_elapsed // 60, time_elapsed % 60))
### Save Metrics ###
exp.save_history('train', trn_loss, trn_acc)
exp. save_history('val', val_loss, val_acc)
### Checkpoint ###
exp.save_weights(model, trn_loss, val_loss, trn_acc, val_acc)
exp. save_optimizer(optimizer, val_loss)
### Plot Online ###
{\tt exp.\,update\_viz\_loss\_plot()}
exp.update_viz_acc_plot()
exp.update_viz_summary_plot()
## Early Stopping ##
\label{eq:condition} \mbox{if (epoch - exp.best\_val\_loss\_epoch)} \ \ \mbox{MAX\_PATIENCE:}
    logger.info(("Early stopping at epoch %d since no "
            + "better loss found since epoch %.3")
           % (epoch, exp.best_val_loss))
    break
### Adjust Lr ###
adjust_learning_rate(LEARNING_RATE, LR_DECAY, optimizer,
                      epoch, DECAY_LR_EVERY_N_EPOCHS)
exp.epoch += 1
```

## **Resume Experiment**

```
In [ ]: logger = get_logger(ch_log_level=logging.INFO, fh_log_level=logging.INFO)
    model = DeeperCNN(logger).cuda()
    criterion = nn.CrossEntropyLoss().cuda()
    optimizer = optim.Adam(model.parameters(), lr=LEARNING_RATE)
```