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No calculators are allowed. Show your work. The points for each problem are indicated. Problems with incomplete work may receive partial, or no credit.

COs: [Question 1]

Points: / 15

CS
Grammar

1. [10 pts] Draw a Turing Machine state transition diagram for the language of { all binary strings containing the substring 101 } // obviously our input alphabet is binary {0, 1}

$\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$ // 2 implied

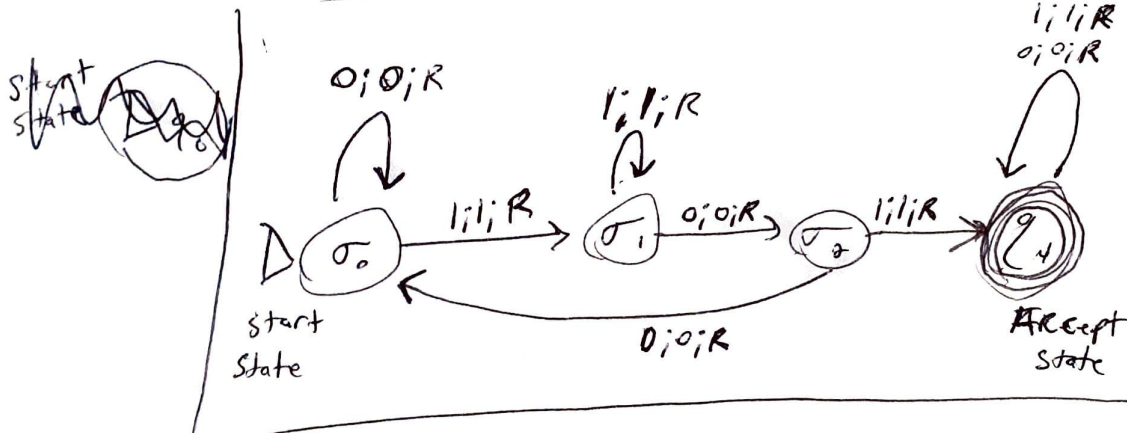
~~RE = (1+0)*(101)(1+0)*~~

Defined by:

RE = $(1+0)^*(101)(1+0)^*$

Read - Write - Move

T/M



2. [5 pts] Give the configuration after applying the **appropriate** transition function, using the symbols a, b, c. Only apply the transition function **once**. PICK THE CORRECT TRANSITION FUNCTION, and apply it, giving your final configuration

Assume your **original configuration** is: **abbaq₁bba**

Transition functions available:

- $\delta(q_1, a) = (q_2, a, R)$
- $\delta(q_1, b) = (q_3, c, L)$
- $\delta(q_3, a) = (q_4, c, R)$

original: g b b a g , b b a
 ↓
 Reading

→ This function ^{→ (and a $f(x)$ for state q_1)} is for when Read head is reading a "b"; Resultant configuration after applying $\delta(q_1, b) \rightarrow$ if in state "1" and reading a "b", move to state "3" by first writing a "c" over current read of "b", then move to the left.

- $abbaz_1bbz \rightarrow \beta(q, b) = (q_3, c, c) \rightarrow \boxed{abbz_3acbz}$

Solution →

After Applying 1 trans.
Function Once; using
the appropriate $f(x)$
from the start state
and position given.