Products Table

The Products table contains details about products, including their names, categories, and unit prices. It provides reference data for linking product information to sales transactions.

Query:

-- Create Products table

```
CREATE TABLE Products (
product_id INT PRIMARY KEY,
product_name VARCHAR(100),
category VARCHAR(50),
unit_price DECIMAL(10, 2)
);
```

-- Insert sample data into Products table

```
INSERT INTO Products (product_id, product_name, category, unit_price) VALUES (101, 'Laptop', 'Electronics', 500.00), (102, 'Smartphone', 'Electronics', 300.00), (103, 'Headphones', 'Electronics', 30.00), (104, 'Keyboard', 'Electronics', 20.00), (105, 'Mouse', 'Electronics', 15.00);
```

- 1. Retrieve all columns from the product table.
- 2. Retrieve the product name and unit price from the Products table.
- 3. Filter the Products table to show only products in the 'Electronics' category.
- 4. Retrieve the product_id and product_name from the Products table for products with a unit_price greater than \$100.
- 5. Calculate the average unit_price of products in the Products table.
- 6. Retrieve product_name and unit_price from the Products table with the Highest Unit Price
- 7. Retrieve the product_name and unit_price from the Products table, ordering the results by unit_price in descending order.
- 8. Retrieve the product_name and unit_price from the Products table, filtering the unit_price to show only values between \$20 and \$600.
- 9. Retrieve the product_name and category from the Products table, ordering the results by category in ascending order.

https://onecompiler.com/mysql/43swejy4u

```
CREATE TABLE Products (
  product id INT PRIMARY KEY,
  product_name VARCHAR(100),
  category VARCHAR(50),
  unit_price DECIMAL(10, 2)
);
INSERT INTO Products (product id, product name, category, unit price) VALUES
(101, 'Laptop', 'Electronics', 500.00),
(102, 'Smartphone', 'Electronics', 300.00),
(103, 'Headphones', 'Electronics', 30.00),
(104, 'Keyboard', 'Electronics', 20.00),
(105, 'Mouse', 'Electronics', 15.00);
SELECT * FROM Products;
SELECT product name, unit price FROM Products;
SELECT * FROM Products
WHERE category = 'Electronics';
SELECT product_id, product_name
FROM Products
WHERE unit_price > 100;
SELECT AVG(unit_price) AS average_price
FROM Products;
SELECT product_name, unit_price
FROM Products
ORDER BY unit_price DESC
LIMIT 1;
SELECT product_name, unit_price
```

```
FROM Products
ORDER BY unit_price DESC;
SELECT product name, unit price
FROM Products
WHERE unit_price BETWEEN 20 AND 600;
SELECT product_name, category
FROM Products
ORDER BY category ASC;
OUTPUT:
+----+
| product_id | product_name | category | unit_price |
+-----+
   101 | Laptop | Electronics | 500.00 |
   102 | Smartphone | Electronics | 300.00 |
   103 | Headphones | Electronics | 30.00 |
   104 | Keyboard | Electronics | 20.00 |
    105 | Mouse | Electronics |
                            15.00
+----+
| product name | unit price |
+----+
| Laptop | 500.00 |
| Smartphone | 300.00 |
| Headphones | 30.00 |
| Keyboard | 20.00 |
| Mouse | 15.00 |
+----+
+-----+
```

```
| product_id | product_name | category | unit_price |
+----+
   101 | Laptop | Electronics | 500.00 |
   102 | Smartphone | Electronics | 300.00 |
   103 | Headphones | Electronics | 30.00 |
   104 | Keyboard | Electronics | 20.00 |
   105 | Mouse | Electronics |
                          15.00
  -----+
+----+
| product_id | product_name |
+----+
| 101 | Laptop |
  102 | Smartphone |
+----+
+----+
| average_price |
+----+
| 173.000000 |
+----+
+----+
| product_name | unit_price |
+----+
| Laptop | 500.00 |
+----+
+----+
| product_name | unit_price |
+----+
| Laptop | 500.00 |
```

```
| Smartphone | 300.00 |
| Headphones | 30.00 |
| Keyboard |
           20.00 |
| Mouse |
            15.00 |
+----+
+----+
| product_name | unit_price |
+----+
| Laptop | 500.00 |
| Smartphone | 300.00 |
| Headphones | 30.00 |
| Keyboard | 20.00 |
+----+
+----+
| product_name | category |
+----+
| Laptop | Electronics |
| Smartphone | Electronics |
| Headphones | Electronics |
| Keyboard | Electronics |
| Mouse | Electronics |
```

Sales Table

The Sales table records information about product sales, including the quantity sold, sale date, and total price for each sale. It serves as a transactional data source for analyzing sales trends.

Query:

-- Create Sales table

```
CREATE TABLE Sales (
    sale_id INT PRIMARY KEY,
    product_id INT,
    quantity_sold INT,
    sale_date DATE,
    total_price DECIMAL(10, 2)
    FOREIGN KEY (product_id) REFERENCES Products(product_id)
);
```

-- Insert sample data into Sales table

```
INSERT INTO Sales (sale_id, product_id, quantity_sold, sale_date, total_price) VALUES (1, 101, 5, '2024-01-01', 2500.00), (2, 102, 3, '2024-01-02', 900.00), (3, 103, 2, '2024-01-02', 60.00), (4, 104, 4, '2024-01-03', 80.00), (5, 105, 6, '2024-01-03', 90.00);
```

- 1. Retrieve all columns from the Sales table.
- 2. Retrieve the sale_id and sale_date from the Sales table.
- 3. Filter the Sales table to show only sales with a total_price greater than \$100.
- 4. Retrieve the sale_id and total_price from the Sales table for sales made on January 3, 2024.
- 5. Calculate the total revenue generated from all sales in the Sales table.
- 6. Calculate the total quantity_sold from the Sales table.

- 7. Retrieve the sale_id, product_id, and total_price from the Sales table for sales with a quantity_sold greater than 4.
- 8. Calculate the average total_price of sales in the Sales table.

https://onecompiler.com/mysql/43swfa6f8

```
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS Products (
  product_id INT PRIMARY KEY,
  product name VARCHAR(100),
  category VARCHAR(50),
  unit_price DECIMAL(10, 2)
);
INSERT INTO Products (product id, product name, category, unit price) VALUES
(101, 'Laptop', 'Electronics', 500.00),
(102, 'Smartphone', 'Electronics', 300.00),
(103, 'Headphones', 'Electronics', 30.00),
(104, 'Keyboard', 'Electronics', 20.00),
(105, 'Mouse', 'Electronics', 15.00);
CREATE TABLE Sales (
  sale id INT PRIMARY KEY,
  product_id INT,
  quantity sold INT,
  sale date DATE,
  total_price DECIMAL(10, 2),
  FOREIGN KEY (product_id) REFERENCES Products(product_id)
);
INSERT INTO Sales (sale_id, product_id, quantity_sold, sale_date, total_price) VALUES
(1, 101, 5, '2024-01-01', 2500.00),
(2, 102, 3, '2024-01-02', 900.00),
```

```
(3, 103, 2, '2024-01-02', 60.00),
(4, 104, 4, '2024-01-03', 80.00),
(5, 105, 6, '2024-01-03', 90.00);
SELECT * FROM Sales;
SELECT sale_id, sale_date FROM Sales;
SELECT * FROM Sales
WHERE total price > 100;
SELECT sale_id, total_price
FROM Sales
WHERE sale date = '2024-01-03';
SELECT SUM(total_price) AS total_revenue
FROM Sales;
SELECT SUM(quantity sold) AS total quantity sold
FROM Sales;
SELECT sale_id, product_id, total_price
FROM Sales
WHERE quantity sold > 4;
SELECT AVG(total_price) AS average_sale_price
FROM Sales;
OUTPUT:
-----+
| sale_id | product_id | quantity_sold | sale_date | total_price |
+-----+
   1 | 101 | 5 | 2024-01-01 | 2500.00 |
   2 | 102 | 3 | 2024-01-02 | 900.00 |
   3 | 103 |
                   2 | 2024-01-02 | 60.00 |
   4 | 104 |
                   4 | 2024-01-03 | 80.00 |
         105 | 6 | 2024-01-03 | 90.00 |
    5 |
```

```
+-----+
+----+
| sale_id | sale_date |
+----+
   1 | 2024-01-01 |
   2 | 2024-01-02 |
   3 | 2024-01-02 |
   4 | 2024-01-03 |
   5 | 2024-01-03 |
+----+
| sale_id | product_id | quantity_sold | sale_date | total_price |
   1 |
        101 | 5 | 2024-01-01 | 2500.00 |
        102 |
                3 | 2024-01-02 |
   2 |
                              900.00 |
  -----+-----+-----+
+----+
| sale_id | total_price |
+----+
   4 | 80.00 |
   5 | 90.00 |
+----+
+----+
| total_revenue |
+----+
   3630.00 |
+----+
+----+
```

```
| total_quantity_sold |
+-----+
| 20 |
+-----+
+-----+
| sale_id | product_id | total_price |
+-----+
| 1 | 101 | 2500.00 |
| 5 | 105 | 90.00 |
+-----+
| average_sale_price |
+-----+
| 726.000000 |
+------+
```