## EDUCATION SYSTEM



## CHEMISTRY 9th (PRE-BOARD EXAM. 2024-25)

Nam	e: M-Hasnain		ب والا دارّ و محري -	دینا کے دیں، مرک کی جوار	اربرسال کا منظروائد
Roll No: 802730		اراران كوفيد (مرك) ك لي يلاك رنك الإين استمال كري			
Class/Section: 4th B			.6	ے بھرنے ی جواب للط تصور ہو	سو جواب مي ايك س ذاكد وائر
Time Allowed: 03 Hours					Max. Marks: 65
Time Allowed: 15 minutes		Section "A"			Marks: 12 / 9
1.	Anion is formed by gaining one or more	O Neutron	O Proton	Electron	O Positron
2.	Why is potassium iodide (KI) considered as powerful reducing agent?	Iodide ion is oxidized to iodine	Olodide ion is reduced to iodine	O Iodine is reduced to iodine ion	O <sub>Iodine</sub> is oxidized to iodine ion
3.	The f-subshell can accommodate a maximum of	• 14 electrons	O10 electrons	O 06 electrons	O 02 electrons
4.	Which group of elements contains incomplete s-subshell?	O Group I-A	O Group II-A	Group III-A	O Group IV-A
5.	In Sodium Chloride, Chlorine after gaining one electron attains the electronic configuration of:	O Neon	Argon	O Krypton	O Xenon
6.	Helium obeys duplet rule. How many electrons are in its valance shell:	O 1	• 2	O 3	O 4
7.	Which of the given two elements will form ionic bond:	O Na and K	O K and Ca	• Ca and Cl	O Cl and C
8.	Which of the given solution is more dilute?	O 10 <sup>-2</sup> M	10 <sup>-3</sup> M	• 10³M	10⁴M
9.	Halogens react with metals to form	Halides	O Oxide	O Halogen sulphides	O Hydrogenated compound
10.	Which one of the given acts as oxidizing agent in the given reaction?  Br <sub>2</sub> + H <sub>2</sub> S → 2HBR + S	● Br <sub>2</sub>	0 H	O 8	O H <sub>2</sub> S
11.	Reduction of alkali metals ion take place at:	O Anode	OWalls of cell	<ul><li>Battery</li></ul>	O Cathode
12.	The fifth element of the first transition series is:	OChromium	O Titanium	Maganees	O Vanaidum