Accolite University Feb Batch 1- SQL Assignment

- Meet Shah (INT626)

1. Create Student Database

CREATE DATABASE Student;

- 2. Create the following table under the Student Database:
 - a. StudentBasicInformation
 - i. Columns
 - 1. StudentName
 - 2. StudentSurname
 - StudentRollNo
 - 4. StudentAddress
 - 5. Add more three basic columns of the name of your own

CREATE TABLE StudentBasicInformation (StudentName VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL, StudentSurname VARCHAR(255), StudentRollNo INT NOT NULL, StudentAddress VARCHAR(255), StudentAge INT, StudentGender CHAR(1), OptedForScholarship BOOLEAN, PRIMARY KEY(StudentRollNo));

- b. StudentAdmissionPaymentDetails
 - i. Columns
 - 1. StudentRollNo
 - 2. AmountPaid
 - 3. AmountBalance
 - 4. Add more four basic columns of the name of your own

CREATE TABLE StudentAdmissionPaymentDetails (StudentRollNo INT, AmountPaid INT, AmountBalance INT, PaymentId INT(6) NOT NULL, PaymentDate DATE, PaymentMode VARCHAR(255), PaymentBank VARCHAR(255), FOREIGN KEY (StudentRollNo) REFERENCES StudentBasicInformation(StudentRollNo));

- c. StudentSubjectInformation
 - i. Columns
 - 1. SubjectOpted
 - 2. StudentRollNo
 - SubjectTotalMarks
 - 4. SubjectObtainedMarks
 - 5. StudentMarksPercentage

6. Add more one columns of the name of your own

CREATE TABLE StudentSubjectInformation (SubjectOpted VARCHAR(255), StudentRollNo INT, SubjectTotalMarks INT, SubjectObtainedMarks INT, StudentMarksPercentage INT(100), SubjectTeacher VARCHAR(255), FOREIGN KEY (StudentRollNo) REFERENCES StudentBasicInformation(StudentRollNo)):

d. SubjectScholarshipInformation

- i. Columns
 - 1. StudentRollNo
 - 2. ScholarshipName
 - 3. ScholarshipDescription
 - 4. ScholarshipAmount
 - 5. ScholarshipCategory
 - 6. Add more two columns of the name of your own

CREATE TABLE SubjectScholarshipInformation (StudentRollNo INT, ScholarshipName VARCHAR(255), ScholarshipDescription VARCHAR(255), ScholarshipAmount INT, ScholarshipCategory VARCHAR(255), ScholarshipSubject VARCHAR(255), ScholarshipDurationMonths INT, FOREIGN KEY (StudentRollNo) REFERENCES StudentBasicInformation(StudentRollNo));

3. Insert more than 10 records in each and every table created

INSERT INTO StudentBasicInformation VALUES ('Aman', 'Sharma', 1, 'Mumbai', 20, 'M', true);

INSERT INTO StudentBasicInformation VALUES ('Diksha', 'Kashyap', 2, 'Delhi', 19, 'F', true);

INSERT INTO StudentBasicInformation VALUES ('Fenil', 'Kumar', 3, 'Kanpur', 21, 'M', true);

INSERT INTO StudentBasicInformation VALUES ('Gayatri', 'S', 4, 'Chennai', 20, 'F', false):

INSERT INTO StudentBasicInformation VALUES ('Harsh', 'Agarwal', 5, 'Jaipur', 20, 'M', true);

INSERT INTO StudentBasicInformation VALUES ('Heena', 'Khan', 6, 'Agra', 21, 'F', true);

INSERT INTO StudentBasicInformation VALUES ('Jayant', 'Babu', 7, 'Patna', 20, 'M', true);

INSERT INTO StudentBasicInformation VALUES ('Karan', 'Patil', 8, 'Indore', 19, 'M', false);

INSERT INTO StudentBasicInformation VALUES ('Mandeep', 'Singh', 9, 'Chandigarh', 20, 'M', false);

INSERT INTO StudentBasicInformation VALUES ('Naina', 'Kapoor', 10, 'Bangalore', 21, 'F', true);

INSERT INTO StudentBasicInformation VALUES ('Naresh', 'Narayan', 11, 'Hyderabad', 20, 'M', true);

INSERT INTO StudentBasicInformation VALUES ('Payal', 'Shah', 12, 'Ahmedabad', 20, 'F', false);

INSERT INTO StudentBasicInformation VALUES ('Rohan', 'Gupta', 13, 'Lucknow', 19, 'M', true);

INSERT INTO StudentBasicInformation VALUES ('Shantanu', 'Mukherjee', 14, 'Kolkata', 21, 'M', true);

INSERT INTO StudentBasicInformation VALUES ('Terence', 'Lewis', 15, 'Goa', 20, 'M', true);

INSERT INTO StudentAdmissionPaymentDetails VALUES (1, 90000, 10000, 111111, '2021-01-01', 'Debit Card', 'ICICI');

INSERT INTO StudentAdmissionPaymentDetails VALUES (2, 85000, 15000, 111112, '2021-01-02', 'Debit Card', 'HDFC');

INSERT INTO StudentAdmissionPaymentDetails VALUES (3, 100000, 0, 111113, '2021-01-01', 'Credit Card', 'ICICI');

INSERT INTO StudentAdmissionPaymentDetails VALUES (4, 100000, 0, 111114, '2021-01-03','Internet Banking', 'AXIS');

INSERT INTO StudentAdmissionPaymentDetails VALUES (5, 70000, 30000, 111115, '2021-01-01', 'Credit Card', 'SBI');

INSERT INTO StudentAdmissionPaymentDetails VALUES (6, 90000, 10000, 111116, '2021-01-03', 'Debit Card', 'SBI');

INSERT INTO StudentAdmissionPaymentDetails VALUES (7, 100000, 0, 111117, '2021-01-04', 'Debit Card', 'HDFC');

INSERT INTO StudentAdmissionPaymentDetails VALUES (8, 100000, 0, 111118, '2021-01-02', 'Debit Card', 'AXIS');

INSERT INTO StudentAdmissionPaymentDetails VALUES (9, 100000, 0, 111119, '2021-01-01','Internet Banking', 'ICICI');

INSERT INTO StudentAdmissionPaymentDetails VALUES (10, 50000, 50000, 111120, '2021-01-04','Internet Banking', 'ICICI');

INSERT INTO StudentAdmissionPaymentDetails VALUES (11, 65000, 35000, 111121, '2021-01-01', 'Debit Card', 'SBI');

INSERT INTO StudentAdmissionPaymentDetails VALUES (12, 85000, 15000, 111122, '2021-01-03','Credit Card', 'HDFC');

INSERT INTO StudentAdmissionPaymentDetails VALUES (13, 90000, 10000, 111123, '2021-01-01', 'Debit Card', 'ICICI');

INSERT INTO StudentAdmissionPaymentDetails VALUES (14, 100000, 0, 111124, '2021-01-02', 'Credit Card', 'AXIS');

INSERT INTO StudentAdmissionPaymentDetails VALUES (15, 30000, 70000, 111125, '2021-01-02', 'Internet Banking', 'AXIS');

INSERT INTO StudentSubjectInformation (SubjectOpted, StudentRollNo, SubjectTotalMarks, SubjectObtainedMarks, SubjectTeacher) VALUES ('Java', 1, 100, 75, 'Mr. Verma');

INSERT INTO StudentSubjectInformation (SubjectOpted, StudentRollNo, SubjectTotalMarks, SubjectObtainedMarks, SubjectTeacher) VALUES ('Java', 2, 100, 88, 'Mr. Verma');

INSERT INTO StudentSubjectInformation (SubjectOpted, StudentRollNo, SubjectTotalMarks, SubjectObtainedMarks, SubjectTeacher) VALUES ('C', 3, 100, 98, 'Mrs. Lakshmi');

INSERT INTO StudentSubjectInformation (SubjectOpted, StudentRollNo, SubjectTotalMarks, SubjectObtainedMarks, SubjectTeacher) VALUES ('C++', 4, 100, 63, 'Mr. Roy');

INSERT INTO StudentSubjectInformation (SubjectOpted, StudentRollNo, SubjectTotalMarks, SubjectObtainedMarks, SubjectTeacher) VALUES ('C++', 5, 100, 70, 'Mr. Roy');

INSERT INTO StudentSubjectInformation (SubjectOpted, StudentRollNo, SubjectTotalMarks, SubjectObtainedMarks, SubjectTeacher) VALUES ('Python', 6, 100, 88, 'Mr. Das');

INSERT INTO StudentSubjectInformation (SubjectOpted, StudentRollNo, SubjectTotalMarks, SubjectObtainedMarks, SubjectTeacher) VALUES ('Python', 7, 100, 96, 'Mr. Das');

INSERT INTO StudentSubjectInformation (SubjectOpted, StudentRollNo, SubjectTotalMarks, SubjectObtainedMarks, SubjectTeacher) VALUES ('Python', 8, 100, 60, 'Mr. Das');

INSERT INTO StudentSubjectInformation (SubjectOpted, StudentRollNo, SubjectTotalMarks, SubjectObtainedMarks, SubjectTeacher) VALUES ('C', 9, 100, 79, 'Mrs. Lakshmi');

INSERT INTO StudentSubjectInformation (SubjectOpted, StudentRollNo, SubjectTotalMarks, SubjectObtainedMarks, SubjectTeacher) VALUES ('C++', 10, 100, 94, 'Mr. Roy');

INSERT INTO StudentSubjectInformation (SubjectOpted, StudentRollNo, SubjectTotalMarks, SubjectObtainedMarks, SubjectTeacher) VALUES ('C++', 11, 100, 86, 'Mr. Roy');

INSERT INTO StudentSubjectInformation (SubjectOpted, StudentRollNo, SubjectTotalMarks, SubjectObtainedMarks, SubjectTeacher) VALUES ('Java', 12, 100, 59, 'Mr. Verma');

INSERT INTO StudentSubjectInformation (SubjectOpted, StudentRollNo, SubjectTotalMarks, SubjectObtainedMarks, SubjectTeacher) VALUES ('C++', 13, 100, 81, 'Mr. Roy');

INSERT INTO StudentSubjectInformation (SubjectOpted, StudentRollNo, SubjectTotalMarks, SubjectObtainedMarks, SubjectTeacher) VALUES ('Java', 14, 100, 69, 'Mr. Verma');

INSERT INTO StudentSubjectInformation (SubjectOpted, StudentRollNo, SubjectTotalMarks, SubjectObtainedMarks, SubjectTeacher) VALUES ('Java', 15, 100, 87, 'Mr. Verma');

INSERT INTO SubjectScholarshipInformation VALUES (2, 'Academic', 'Scholarship based on academic performance', 4000, 'General', 'Java', 6);

INSERT INTO SubjectScholarshipInformation VALUES (3, 'Academic', 'Scholarship based on academic performance', 8000, 'General', 'C', 6);

INSERT INTO SubjectScholarshipInformation VALUES (6, 'Academic', 'Scholarship based on academic performance', 4000, 'General', 'Python', 6);

INSERT INTO SubjectScholarshipInformation VALUES (7, 'Academic', 'Scholarship based on academic performance', 8000, 'General', 'Python', 6);

INSERT INTO SubjectScholarshipInformation VALUES (10, 'Academic', 'Scholarship based on academic performance', 6000, 'General', 'C++', 6);

INSERT INTO SubjectScholarshipInformation VALUES (11, 'Academic', 'Scholarship based on academic performance', 4000, 'General', 'C++', 6);

INSERT INTO SubjectScholarshipInformation VALUES (15, 'Academic', 'Scholarship based on academic performance', 4000, 'General', 'Java', 6);

4. Snap of the all the tables once the insertion is completed

mysql> CREATE DATABASE Student; Query OK, 1 row affected (0.54 sec)
mysql> USE Student; Database changed mysql> CREATE TABLE StudentBasicInformation (StudentName VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL, StudentSurname VARCHAR(255), StudentRollNo INT NOT NULL, StudentAddress VARCHAR(255), S tudentAge INT, StudentGender CHAR(1), OptedForScholarship BOOLEAN, PRIMARY KEY(StudentRollNo)); Query OK, 0 rows affected (3.25 sec)
mysql> CREATE TABLE StudentAdmissionPaymentDetails (StudentRollNo INT, AmountPaid INT, AmountBalance INT, PaymentId INT(6) NOT NULL, PaymentDate DATE, PaymentMode VARC HAR(255), PaymentBank VARCHAR(255), FOREIGN KEY (StudentRollNo) REFERENCES StudentBasicInformation(StudentRollNo)); Query OK, 0 rows affected, 1 warning (1.54 sec)
mysql> CREATE TABLE StudentSubjectInformation (SubjectOpted VARCHAR(255), StudentRollNo INT, SubjectTotalMarks INT, SubjectObtainedMarks INT, StudentMarksPercentage IN T(100), SubjectTeacher VARCHAR(255), FOREIGN KEY (StudentRollNo) REFERENCES StudentBasicInformation(StudentRollNo)); Query OK, 0 rows affected, 1 warning (1.38 sec)
mysql> CREATE TABLE SubjectScholarshipInformation (StudentRollNo INT, ScholarshipName VARCHAR(255), ScholarshipDescription VARCHAR(255), ScholarshipAmount INT, ScholarshipCategory VARCHAR(255), ScholarshipSubject VARCHAR(255), ScholarshipDurationMonths INT, FOREIGN KEY (StudentRollNo) REFERENCES StudentBasicInformation(StudentRollNo)); Query OK, 0 rows affected (1.37 sec)

StudentName	StudentSurname	StudentRollNo	StudentAddress	StudentAge	StudentGender	OptedForScholarship
Aman	Sharma	1	Mumbai	20	М	1
Diksha	Kashyap	2	Delhi	19	F	j 1
Fenil	Kumar	3	Kanpur	21	М	j 1
Gayatri	S	4	Chennai	20	F	į
Harsh	Agarwal	5	Jaipur	20	М] 1
Heena	Khan	6	Agra	21	F]
Jayant	Babu	7	Patna	20	M	j :
Karan	Patil	8	Indore	19	M	
Mandeep	Singh	9	Chandigarh	20	M	[(
Naina	Kapoor	10	Bangalore	21	F	j :
Naresh	Narayan	11	Hyderabad	20	M	j :
Payal	Shah	12	Ahmedabad	20	F	[(
Rohan	Gupta	13	Lucknow	19	M	
Shantanu	Mukherjee	14	Kolkata	21	M	
Terence	Lewis	15	Goa	20	M	İ

tudentRollNo	AmountPaid	AmountBalance	PaymentId	PaymentDate	PaymentMode	PaymentBan
1	90000	10000	111111	2021-01-01	Debit Card	ICICI
2	85000	15000	111112	2021-01-02	Debit Card	HDFC
3	100000	0	111113	2021-01-01	Credit Card	ICICI
4	100000	0	111114	2021-01-03	Internet Banking	AXIS
5	70000	30000	111115	2021-01-01	Credit Card	SBI
6	90000	10000	111116	2021-01-03	Debit Card	SBI
7	100000	0	111117	2021-01-04	Debit Card	HDFC
8	100000	0	111118	2021-01-02	Debit Card	AXIS
9	100000	0	111119	2021-01-01	Internet Banking	ICICI
10	50000	50000	111120	2021-01-04	Internet Banking	ICICI
11	65000	35000	111121	2021-01-01	Debit Card	SBI
12	85000	15000	111122	2021-01-03	Credit Card	HDFC
13	90000	10000	111123	2021-01-01	Debit Card	ICICI
14	100000	0	111124	2021-01-02	Credit Card	AXIS
15	30000	70000	111125	2021-01-02	Internet Banking	AXIS

SubjectOpted	StudentRollNo	SubjectTotalMarks	SubjectObtainedMarks	StudentMarksPercentage	SubjectTeacher
Java	1	100	75	NULL	Mr. Verma
Java	2	100	88	NULL	Mr. Verma
C	3	100	98	NULL	Mrs. Lakshmi
C++	4	100	63	NULL	Mr. Roy
C++		100	70	NULL	Mr. Roy
Python	6	100	88	NULL	Mr. Das
Python	7	100	96	NULL	Mr. Das
Python	8	100	69	NULL	Mr. Das
c c	9	100	79	NULL	Mrs. Lakshmi
C++	10	100	94	NULL	Mr. Roy
C++	11	100	86	NULL	Mr. Roy
Java	12	100	59	NULL	Mr. Verma
C++	13	100	81	NULL	Mr. Roy
Java	14	100	69	NULL	Mr. Verma
Java	15	100	87	NULL	Mr. Verma

						ScholarshipDurationMonth:
	Academic	Scholarship based on academic performance		General	Java	
3	Academic	Scholarship based on academic performance	8000	General		l
6	Academic	Scholarship based on academic performance	4000	General	Python	1
7	Academic	Scholarship based on academic performance	8000	General	Python	ı
10	Academic	Scholarship based on academic performance	6000	General	C++	1
11	Academic	Scholarship based on academic performance	4000	General		
15	Academic	Scholarship based on academic performance	4000	General	Java	1

5. Update any 5 records of your choice in any table like update the StudentAddress with some other address content and likewise so on with any records of any table of your choice

UPDATE StudentBasicInformation SET StudentAddress = 'Pune' WHERE StudentRollNo = 7;

UPDATE StudentAdmissionPaymentDetails SET PaymentBank = 'SBI' WHERE StudentRollNo = 15;

UPDATE StudentSubjectInformation SET SubjectObtainedMarks = 62 WHERE StudentRollNo = 4;

UPDATE StudentAdmissionPaymentDetails SET AmountPaid = 10000, AmountBalance = 0 WHERE StudentRollNo = 12;

UPDATE SubjectScholarshipInformation SET ScholarshipDurationMonths = 8 WHERE ScholarshipSubject = 'Java';

```
mysql> UPDATE StudentBasicInformation SET StudentAddress = 'Pune' WHERE StudentRollNo = 7;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.22 sec)
Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0

mysql> UPDATE StudentAdmissionPaymentDetails SET PaymentBank = 'SBI' WHERE StudentRollNo = 15;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.27 sec)
Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0

mysql> UPDATE StudentSubjectInformation SET SubjectObtainedMarks = 62 WHERE StudentRollNo = 4;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.16 sec)
Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0

mysql> UPDATE StudentAdmissionPaymentDetails SET AmountPaid = 10000, AmountBalance = 0 WHERE StudentRollNo = 12;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.12 sec)
Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0

mysql> UPDATE SubjectScholarshipInformation SET ScholarshipDurationMonths = 8 WHERE ScholarshipSubject = 'Java';
Query OK, 2 rows affected (0.10 sec)
Rows matched: 2 Changed: 2 Warnings: 0
```

6. Snap of the all the tables post updation

StudentName	StudentSurname	StudentRollNo	StudentAddress	StudentAge	StudentGender	OptedForScholarship
Aman	Sharma	1	Mumbai	20	М	1
Diksha	Kashyap	2	Delhi	19	F	j 1
enil	Kumar	3	Kanpur	21	M] 1
Gayatri	S	4	Chennai	20	F	0
larsh	Agarwal	5	Jaipur	20	M	1
leena	Khan	6	Agra	21	F	[1
Jayant	Babu	7	Pune	20	M	1
(aran	Patil	8	Indore	19	M	l e
landeep	Singh	9	Chandigarh	20	M	l e
Vaina	Kapoor	10	Bangalore	21	F	1
Naresh	Narayan	11	Hyderabad	20	M	1
Payal	Shah	12	Ahmedabad	20	F	l e
Rohan	Gupta	13	Lücknow	19	M	1
hantanu	Mukherjee	14	Kolkata	21	M	1
Terence	Lewis	15	Goa	20	M	1

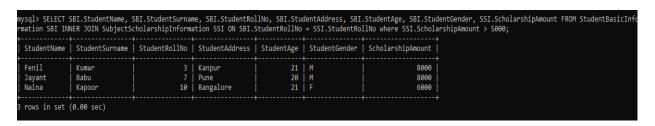
tudentRollNo	AmountPaid	AmountBalance	PaymentId	PaymentDate	PaymentMode	PaymentBank
1	90000	10000	111111	2021-01-01	Debit Card	ICICI
2	85000	15000	111112	2021-01-02	Debit Card	HDFC
3	100000	0	111113	2021-01-01	Credit Card	ICICI
4	100000	0	111114	2021-01-03	Internet Banking	AXIS
5	70000	30000	111115	2021-01-01	Credit Card	SBI
6	90000	10000	111116	2021-01-03	Debit Card	SBI
7	100000	0	111117	2021-01-04	Debit Card	HDFC
8	100000	0	111118	2021-01-02	Debit Card	AXIS
9	100000	0	111119	2021-01-01	Internet Banking	ICICI
10	50000	50000	111120	2021-01-04	Internet Banking	ICICI
11	65000	35000	111121	2021-01-01	Debit Card	SBI
12	10000	0	111122	2021-01-03	Credit Card	HDFC
13	90000	10000	111123	2021-01-01	Debit Card	ICICI
14	100000	0	111124	2021-01-02	Credit Card	AXIS
15	30000	70000	111125	2021-01-02	Internet Banking	SBI

SubjectOpted	StudentRollNo	SubjectTotalMarks	SubjectObtainedMarks	StudentMarksPercentage	SubjectTeache
Java	1	100	75	NULL	Mr. Verma
Java	2	100	88	NULL	Mr. Verma
C	3	100	98	NULL	Mrs. Lakshmi
C++	4	100	62	NULL	Mr. Roy
C++	5	100	70	NULL	Mr. Roy
Python	6	100	88	NULL	Mr. Das
Python	7	100	96	NULL	Mr. Das
Python	8	100	69	NULL	Mr. Das
C	9	100	79	NULL	Mrs. Lakshmi
C++	10	100	94	NULL	Mr. Roy
C++	11	100	86	NULL	Mr. Roy
Java	12	100	59	NULL	Mr. Verma
C++	13	100	81	NULL	Mr. Roy
Java	14	100	69	NULL	Mr. Verma
Java	15	100	87	NULL	Mr. Verma

StudentRollNo		ScholarshipDescription				ScholarshipDurationMonth:
	Academic	Scholarship based on academic performance		General	Java	8
	Academic	Scholarship based on academic performance	8000	General	C	l 6
	Academic	Scholarship based on academic performance	4000	General	Python	[
	Academic	Scholarship based on academic performance	8000	General	Python	6
10	Academic	Scholarship based on academic performance	6000	General	C++	[
	Academic	Scholarship based on academic performance	4000	General	C++	
	Academic	Scholarship based on academic performance	4000	General	Java	

7. Select the student details records who has received the scholarship more than 5000Rs/-

SELECT SBI.StudentName, SBI.StudentSurname, SBI.StudentRollNo, SBI.StudentAddress, SBI.StudentAge, SBI.StudentGender, SSI.ScholarshipAmount FROM StudentBasicInformation SBI INNER JOIN SubjectScholarshipInformation SSI ON SBI.StudentRollNo = SSI.StudentRollNo where SSI.ScholarshipAmount > 5000;



8. Select the students who opted for scholarship but has not got the scholarship

SELECT * FROM StudentBasicInformation WHERE OptedForScholarship = true AND StudentRollNo NOT IN (SELECT StudentRollNo FROM SubjectScholarshipInformation);

mysql> SELECT '	* FROM StudentBas	icInformation WH	ERE OptedForSchol	arship = true	AND StudentRoll	No NOT IN (SELECT Stude	entRollNo FROM SubjectScholarshipInformation);
StudentName	StudentSurname	StudentRollNo	StudentAddress	StudentAge	StudentGender	OptedForScholarship	
Aman Harsh Rohan Shantanu	Sharma Agarwal Gupta Mukherjee	1 5 13 14	Mumbai Jaipur Lucknow Kolkata	20 20 19 21	M M	1 1 1 1 1	
4 rows in set	(0.06 sec)						,

9. Fill in data for the percentage column i.e. StudentMarksPercentage in the table StudentSubjectInformation by creating and using the stored procedure created

DELIMITER &&

CREATE PROCEDURE CalculatePercentage()

BEGIN

UPDATE StudentSubjectInformation SET StudentMarksPercentage = SubjectObtainedMarks*100/SubjectTotalMarks;

END &&

DELIMITER;

CALL CalculatePercentage();

```
mysql> DELIMITER &&
mysql> CREATE PROCEDURE CalculatePercentage()
    -> BEGIN
    -> UPDATE StudentSubjectInformation SET StudentMarksPercentage = SubjectObtainedMarks*100/SubjectTotalMarks;
    -> END &&
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.32 sec)
mysql> CALL CalculatePercentage();
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)
mysql> SELECT * FROM StudentSubjectInformation;
  SubjectOpted | StudentRollNo | SubjectTotalMarks | SubjectObtainedMarks | StudentMarksPercentage | SubjectTeacher
                                                                                                            | Mr. Verma
                                                   100
                                                                                                             Mr. Verma
                                                   100
                                                                                                        98 | Mrs. Lakshmi
                                                                             62
70
88
                                                   100
                                                                                                            Mr. Roy
                                                                                                        70 | Mr. Roy
                                                   100
  Python
                                                   100
                                                                                                             Mr. Das
                                                                             96
60
79
94
  Python
                                                   100
                                                                                                                 Das
  Python
                                                   100
                                                                                                             Mr. Das
                                                                                                             Mrs. Lakshmi
                                                   100
  C++
                                                   100
                                                                                                        94
                                                                                                             Mr. Roy
                                                                             86
59
81
                              11
12
                                                                                                             Mr. Roy
                                                   100
  Java
                                                   100
                                                                                                             Mr. Verma
                                                   100
                                                                                                             Mr. Roy
  Java
                                                   100
                                                                             69
                                                                                                             Mr. Verma
                                                   100
                                                                                                             Mr. Verma
  Java
15 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

10. Decide the category of the scholarship depending upon the marks/percentage obtained by the student and likewise update the ScholarshipCategory column, create a stored procedure in order to handle this operation

```
DELIMITER &&
CREATE PROCEDURE FillCategory()
BEGIN
      UPDATE SubjectScholarshipInformation SET ScholarshipCategory = CASE
      WHEN StudentRollNo IN (SELECT StudentRollNo FROM
      StudentSubjectInformation WHERE StudentMarksPercentage >= 95) THEN
      "Category 1"
      WHEN StudentRollNo IN (SELECT StudentRollNo FROM
      StudentSubjectInformation WHERE StudentMarksPercentage >= 90 AND
      StudentMarksPercentage < 95) THEN "Category 2"
      WHEN StudentRollNo IN (SELECT StudentRollNo FROM
      StudentSubjectInformation WHERE StudentMarksPercentage >= 85 AND
      StudentMarksPercentage < 90) THEN "Category 3"
      ELSE "NULL"
      END:
END &&
DELIMITER:
CALL FillCategory();
```

11. Create the View which shows balance amount to be paid by the student along with the student detailed information (use join)

CREATE VIEW StudentBalance AS

SELECT SBI.StudentName, SBI.StudentSurname, SBI.StudentRollNo, SBI.StudentAddress, SBI.StudentAge, SBI.StudentGender, SAPD.AmountBalance FROM StudentBasicInformation SBI INNER JOIN

StudentAdmissionPaymentDetails SAPD ON SBI.StudentRollNo = SAPD.StudentRollNo;

	ws affected (1.11		LIS SAPU UN SBI.S	tudentkolino	= SAPD.StudentRo	LINO;	
	* FROM StudentBala						
	 StudentSurname	StudentRollNo		StudentAge	StudentGender	AmountBalance	
Aman	Sharma	1	Mumbai	20	M	10000	
Diksha	Kashyap	2	Delhi	19	F	15000	
Fenil	Kumar	3	Kanpur	21	M	0	
Gayatri	5	4	Chennai	20	F	0	
Harsh	Agarwal	5	Jaipur	20	M	30000	
Heena	Khan	6	Agra	21	F	10000	
Jayant	Babu	7	Pune	20	M	0	
Karan	Patil	8	Indore	19	M	0	
Mandeep	Singh	9	Chandigarh	20	M	0	
Vaina	Kapoor	10	Bangalore	21	F	50000	
Naresh	Narayan	11	Hyderabad	20	M	35000	
Payal	Shah	12	Ahmedabad	20	F	0	
Rohan	Gupta	13	Lucknow	19	M	10000	
Shantanu	Mukherjee	14	Kolkata	21	М	0	
Terence	Lewis	15	Goa	20	М	70000	

12. Get the details of the students who haven't got any scholarship (use joins/subqueries)

SELECT * FROM StudentBasicInformation WHERE StudentRollNo NOT IN (SELECT StudentRollNo FROM SubjectScholarshipInformation);

StudentName	StudentSurname	StudentRollNo	StudentAddress	StudentAge	StudentGender	OptedForScholarship
Aman	Sharma	1	Mumbai	20	M	1
Gayatri	S	4	Chennai	20	F	j e
Harsh	Agarwal	5	Jaipur	20	М	1
(aran	Patil	8	Indore	19	М	j e
landeep	Singh	9	Chandigarh	20	M	į e
ayal	Shah	12	Ahmedabad	20	F	į e
Rohan	Gupta	13	Lucknow	19	M	1
Shantanu	Mukherjee	14	Kolkata	21	M	1

13. Create Stored Procedure which will be return the amount balance to be paid by the student as per the student roll number passed through the stored procedure as the input

DELIMITER &&

CREATE PROCEDURE GetBalance(IN RollNo INT)

BEGIN

SELECT AmountBalance FROM StudentAdmissionPaymentDetails WHERE StudentRollNo = RollNo;

END &&

DELIMITER;

CALL GetBalance(8);

```
mysql> DELIMITER &&
mysql> CREATE PROCEDURE GetBalance(IN RollNo INT)
   -> BEGIN
   -> SELECT AmountBalance FROM StudentAdmissionPaymentDetails WHERE StudentRollNo = RollNo;
   -> END &&
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.33 sec)
mysql> DELIMITER ;
mysql> CALL GetBalance(8);
 AmountBalance |
            0
1 row in set (0.02 sec)
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)
nysql> CALL GetBalance(11);
 AmountBalance |
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)
```

14. Retrieve the top five student details as per the StudentMarksPercentage values (use subqueries)

SELECT SBI.*, SSI.SubjectObtainedMarks FROM StudentBasicInformation SBI INNER JOIN (SELECT StudentRollNo, SubjectObtainedMarks FROM StudentSubjectInformation ORDER BY SubjectObtainedMarks DESC LIMIT 5) SSI ON SBI.StudentRollNo = SSI.StudentRollNo;

StudentName	StudentSurname	StudentRollNo	StudentAddress	StudentAge	StudentGender	OptedForScholarship	SubjectObtainedMarks
Fenil	Kumar	3	Kanpur	21	M	1	98
Jayant	Babu	7	Pune	20	М	1	96
Naina	Kapoor	10	Bangalore	21	F	1	94
Diksha	Kashyap	2	Delhi	19	F	1	88
Heena	Khan	6	Agra	21	F	1	88

15. Try to use all the three types of join learned today in a relevant way, and explain the same why you thought of using that particular join for your selected scenarios (try to cover relevant and real time scenarios for all the three studied joins)

Inner joins - We can find the details of all the students with their respective percentage. Inner Joins are useful when we need to get the data from both the tables using some condition.

SELECT SBI.StudentRollNo, SBI.StudentName, SSI.StudentMarksPercentage FROM StudentBasicInformation SBI INNER JOIN StudentSubjectInformation SSI ON SBI.StudentRollNo = SSI.StudentRollNo;

Left Join - Left joins can be used when we need to have all the rows of the left table, regardless of the matching condition. It is useful when we need to see all the data as well as their category. If there is no category for data don't remove it like inner join rather show it with null.

SELECT SBI.StudentRollNo, SBI.StudentName, SSI.ScholarshipCategory FROM StudentBasicInformation SBI LEFT JOIN SubjectScholarshipInformation SSI ON SBI.StudentRollNo = SSI.StudentRollNo;

Right join - Right and left joins are nearly the same, just that left join shows all the table rows of the left table, whereas right join shows all the values of the right table. The above query result will be exactly the same as the left join because we swapped the left and right position in the table.

SELECT SBI.StudentRollNo, SBI.StudentName, SSI.ScholarshipCategory FROM SubjectScholarshipInformation SSI RIGHT JOIN StudentBasicInformation SBI ON SBI.StudentRollNo = SSI.StudentRollNo;

16. Mention the differences between the delete, drop and truncate commands

DELETE	DROP	TRUNCATE
The DELETE statement in SQL is a DML Command.	DROP statement is a DDL Command.	TRUNCATE command is a DDL operation.
It is used to delete one or more tuples of a table.	It is used to drop the whole table along with its structure.	It is used to delete all the rows in the table but the structure of table still remains.
If used with WHERE clause selected rows are deleted.	WHERE clause cannot be used.	WHERE clause cannot be used.
The structure or schema of the table is preserved.	The structure or schema of the table is not preserved.	The structure or schema of the table is preserved.
DELETE FROM EMPLOYEES WHERE EMP_ID = 7;	DROP TABLE EMPLOYEE;	TRUNCATE TABLE EMPLOYEE;

17. Get the count of the Scholarship category which is highly been availed by the students, i.e. get the count of the total number of students corresponding to the each scholarships category

SELECT ScholarshipCategory, COUNT(*) AS COUNT FROM SubjectScholarshipInformation GROUP BY ScholarshipCategory;

18. Along with the assignment no. 17 try to retrieve the maximum used scholarship category

SELECT ScholarshipCategory FROM SubjectScholarshipInformation GROUP BY ScholarshipCategory LIMIT 1;

19. Retrieve the percentage of the students along with students detailed information who has scored the highest percentage along with availing the maximum scholarship amount

SELECT SBI.StudentRollNo, SBI.StudentName, SSI.StudentMarksPercentage, SSI1.ScholarshipAmount FROM StudentBasicInformation SBI INNER JOIN StudentSubjectInformation SSI ON SBI.StudentRollNo = SSI.StudentRollNo INNER JOIN SubjectScholarshipInformation SSI1 ON SBI.StudentRollNo = SSI1.StudentRollNo ORDER BY SSI.StudentMarksPercentage DESC LIMIT 1;

20. Difference between the Triggers, Stored Procedures, Views and Functions

TRIGGERS	STORED PROCEDURES	VIEWS	FUNCTIONS
Triggers are stored procedures that runs automatically when various events haven (for eg: insert, update, delete)	Stored Procedures are a piece of SQL code meant to do some specific tasks.	A view is a virtual table based on the result set of an SQL query.	Functions are routines that accept parameters, perform an action and return the result of that action as a value (for eg: max(), avg(), count())
Triggers cannot return values.	They can return values.	It does not return a value instead it returns a table.	It can return a single scalar value or a result set.