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<u>Experiment - 3</u>

Aim: - Implementation of Classification algorithm Using 1. Decision Tree ID3 and 2. Naïve Bayes algorithm

Theory: -

<u>Classification Algorithm</u>: - The Classification algorithm is a Supervised Learning technique that is used to identify the category of new observations on the basis of training data. In Classification, a program learns from the given dataset or observations and then classifies new observations into a number of classes or groups. Such as, Yes or No, 0 or 1, Spam or Not Spam, cat or dog, etc. Classes can be called targets/labels or categories.

<u>Decision Tree</u>: - Decision Tree is a Supervised learning technique that can be used for both classification and Regression problems, but mostly it is preferred for solving Classification problems. It is a tree-structured classifier, where internal nodes represent the features of a dataset, branches represent the decision rules and each leaf node represents the outcome. It is a graphical representation for getting all the possible solutions to a problem/decision based on given conditions.

<u>Naïve Bayes</u>: - Naïve Bayes algorithm is a supervised learning algorithm, which is based on Bayes theorem and used for solving classification problems. It is mainly used in text classification that includes a high-dimensional training dataset. It is a probabilistic classifier, which means it predicts on the basis of the probability of an object.

Implementation: -

Connecting drive from google.colab import drive drive.mount('/content/drive')

Importing packages import numpy as np import pandas as pd import matplotlib.pyplot as plt import seaborn as sns from tabulate import tabulate

```
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split, KFold from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder, OneHotEncoder from sklearn.naive_bayes import GaussianNB from sklearn.ensemble import BaggingClassifier, AdaBoostClassifier, RandomForestClassifier from sklearn import metrics from sklearn import tree
```

Part A:

```
# Variables for making graph dataset, gnb_acc, tree_acc =[], [], []
```

Iris Dataset:

```
# Pre-processing
dataset.append('Iris')
df = pd.read_csv('/content/drive/MyDrive/Iris.csv')
```

for i in df.columns:

```
print(i)
```

```
Id
SepalLengthCm
SepalWidthCm
PetalLengthCm
PetalWidthCm
Species
```

```
df.drop(columns = 'Id', inplace = True)
df.replace(to_replace = 'Iris-setosa', value = 0, inplace = True)
df.replace(to_replace = 'Iris-versicolor', value = 1, inplace = True)
df.replace(to_replace = 'Iris-virginica', value = 2, inplace = True)

# Splitting into training and testing set

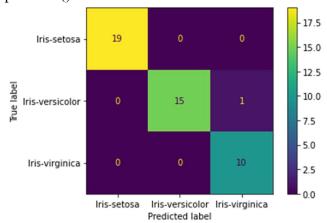
X = pd.DataFrame(df, columns = ['SepalLengthCm',
'SepalWidthCm','PetalLengthCm', 'PetalWidthCm'])

y = df['Species'].to_numpy()

X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size = 0.3, random_state = 1002)

# Gaussian Naïve Bayes
gnb = GaussianNB()
gnb.fit(X_train, y_train)
y pred = gnb.predict(X test)
```

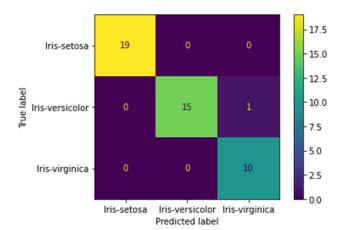
```
matrix = metrics.confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
cm_display = metrics.ConfusionMatrixDisplay(confusion_matrix = matrix,
display_labels = ['Iris-setosa', 'Iris-versicolor', 'Iris-virginica'])
cm_display.plot()
plt.show()
```



Decision Tree
model = tree.DecisionTreeClassifier()
model = model.fit(X_train, y_train)
predicted_value = model.predict(X_test)
acc = accuracy_score(predicted_value, y_test)
tree_acc.append(acc)
print(f'Accuracy using Decision Tree: {acc}')

Accuracy using Decision Tree: 0.9555555555555556

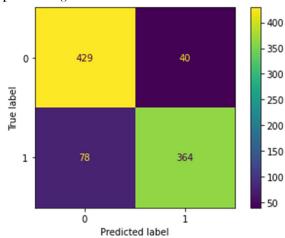
```
tree_matrix = metrics.confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
tree_cm_display = metrics.ConfusionMatrixDisplay(confusion_matrix = tree_matrix,
display_labels = ['Iris-setosa', 'Iris-versicolor', 'Iris-virginica'])
tree_cm_display.plot()
plt.show()
```



Stars Dataset:

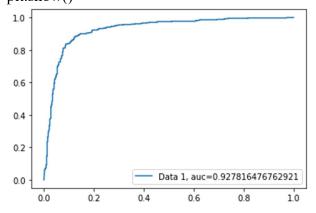
```
# Pre-processing
dataset.append('Stars')
df = pd.read csv('/content/drive/MyDrive/Star3642 balanced.csv')
for i in df.columns:
 print(i)
Vmag
Plx
e Plx
B-V
SpType
Amag
 TargetClass
df.drop('SpType', axis = 1)
# Splitting into training and testing set
X = pd.DataFrame(df, columns = ['Vmag', 'Plx', 'e Plx', 'B-V', 'Amag'])
y = df['TargetClass'].to numpy()
X train, X test, y train, y test = train test split(X, y, test size = 0.25, random state
= 10242)
# Gaussian Naïve Bayes
gnb = GaussianNB()
gnb.fit(X train, y train)
y pred = gnb.predict(X test)
acc = accuracy score(y pred, y test)
gnb acc.append(acc)
print(f'Accuracy using Gaussian Naive Bayes: {acc}')
Accuracy using Gaussian Naive Bayes: 0.8704720087815587
```

```
matrix = metrics.confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
cm_display = metrics.ConfusionMatrixDisplay(confusion_matrix = matrix,
display_labels = ['0', '1'])
cm_display.plot()
plt.show()
```



ROC Curve

y_pred_proba = gnb.predict_proba(X_test)[::,1]
fpr, tpr, _ = metrics.roc_curve(y_test, y_pred_proba)
auc = metrics.roc_auc_score(y_test, y_pred_proba)
plt.plot(fpr, tpr, label = "Data 1, auc=" + str(auc))
plt.legend(loc = 4)
plt.show()



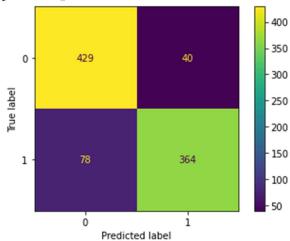
Decision Tree

model = tree.DecisionTreeClassifier()
model = model.fit(X_train, y_train)
predicted_value = model.predict(X_test)
acc = accuracy_score(predicted_value, y_test)
tree_acc.append(acc)

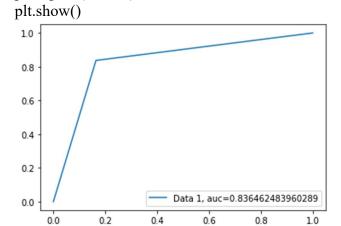
print(f'Accuracy using Decision Tree: {acc}')

Accuracy using Decision Tree: 0.8353457738748628

```
tree_matrix = metrics.confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
tree_cm_display = metrics.ConfusionMatrixDisplay(confusion_matrix = tree_matrix,
display_labels = ['0', '1'])
tree_cm_display.plot()
plt.show()
```

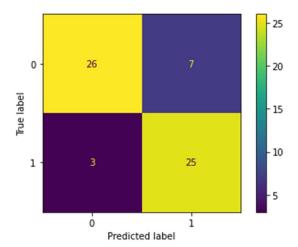


#ROC Curve y_pred_proba = model.predict_proba(X_test)[::,1] fpr, tpr, _ = metrics.roc_curve(y_test, y_pred_proba) auc = metrics.roc_auc_score(y_test, y_pred_proba) plt.plot(fpr, tpr, label = "Data 1, auc=" + str(auc)) plt.legend(loc = 4)



Heart Dataset:

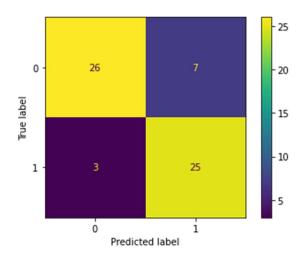
```
# Pre-processing
dataset.append('Heart Attack')
df = pd.read csv('/content/drive/MyDrive/heart.csv')
for i in df.columns:
 print(i)
age
trtbps
chol
fbs
restecg
thalachh
exng
oldpeak
caa
thall
output
# Splitting into training and testing set
X = pd.DataFrame(df, columns = ['age', 'sex', 'cp', 'trtbps', 'chol', 'fbs', 'restecg',
'thalachh', 'exng', 'oldpeak', 'slp', 'caa', 'thall'])
y = df['output'].to numpy()
X train, X test, y train, y test = train test split(X, y, test size = 0.2, random state =
10242)
# Gaussian Naïve Bayes
gnb = GaussianNB()
gnb.fit(X train, y train)
y pred = gnb.predict(X test)
acc = accuracy score(y_pred, y_test)
gnb acc.append(acc)
print(f'Accuracy using Gaussian Naive Bayes: {acc}')
Accuracy using Gaussian Naive Bayes: 0.8360655737704918
matrix = metrics.confusion matrix(y test, y pred)
cm display = metrics.ConfusionMatrixDisplay(confusion matrix = matrix,
display labels = [0, 1]
cm display.plot()
plt.show()
```



```
# ROC Curve
y pred proba = gnb.predict proba(X test)[::,1]
fpr, tpr, = metrics.roc curve(y test, y pred proba)
auc = metrics.roc_auc_score(y_test, y_pred_proba)
plt.plot(fpr, tpr, label = "Data 1, auc=" + str(auc))
plt.legend(loc = 4)
plt.show()
 1.0
 0.8
 0.6
 0.4
 0.2
                       Data 1, auc=0.920995670995671
 0.0
                            0.6
                                            1.0
```

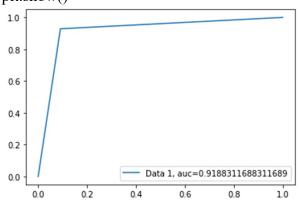
Decision Tree
model = tree.DecisionTreeClassifier()
model = model.fit(X_train, y_train)
predicted_value = model.predict(X_test)
acc = accuracy_score(predicted_value, y_test)
tree_acc.append(acc)
print(f'Accuracy using Decision Tree: {acc}')
Accuracy using Decision Tree: 0.9180327868852459

```
tree_matrix = metrics.confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
tree_cm_display = metrics.ConfusionMatrixDisplay(confusion_matrix = tree_matrix,
display_labels = ['0', '1'])
tree_cm_display.plot()
plt.show()
```



ROC Curve

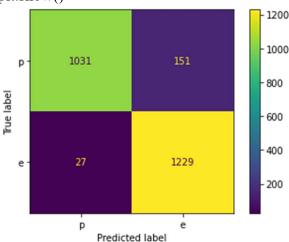
y_pred_proba = model.predict_proba(X_test)[::,1]
fpr, tpr, _ = metrics.roc_curve(y_test, y_pred_proba)
auc = metrics.roc_auc_score(y_test, y_pred_proba)
plt.plot(fpr, tpr, label = "Data 1, auc=" + str(auc))
plt.legend(loc = 4)
plt.show()



Mushroom Dataset:

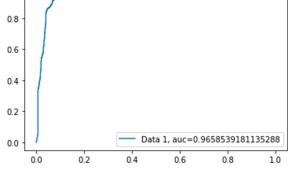
```
# Pre-processing
dataset.append('Mushroom')
df = pd.read csv('/content/drive/MyDrive/mushrooms.csv')
for i in df.columns:
 print(i)
 class
 cap-shape
 cap-surface
 cap-color
 bruises
 odor
 gill-attachment
 gill-spacing
 gill-size
 stalk-shape
 stalk-root
 stalk-surface-above-ring
 stalk-surface-below-ring
 stalk-color-above-ring
 stalk-color-below-ring
 veil-type
 veil-color
 ring-number
 ring-type
 population
 habitat
# Replacing strings with numbers
df.replace({'cap-shape': {'x': 0, 'b': 1, 's': 2, 'f': 3, 'k': 4, 'c': 5},
         'cap-surface': {'s': 0, 'y': 1, 'f': 2, 'g': 3},
         'cap-color': {'n': 0, 'y': 1, 'w': 2, 'g': 3, 'e': 4, 'p': 5, 'b': 6, 'u': 7, 'c': 8, 'r': 9},
         'bruises': {'t': 0, 'f': 1},
         'odor': {'p': 0, 'a': 1, 'l': 2, 'n': 3, 'f': 4, 'c': 5, 'y': 6, 's': 7, 'm': 8},
         'gill-attachment': {'f': 0, 'a': 1},
         'gill-spacing': {'c': 0, 'w': 1},
         'gill-size': {'n': 0, 'b': 1},
         'gill-color': {'k': 0, 'n': 1, 'g': 2, 'p': 3, 'w': 4, 'h': 5, 'u': 6, 'e': 7, 'b': 8, 'r': 9, 'y': 10,
'o': 11},
         'stalk-shape': {'e': 0, 't': 1},
         'stalk-root': {'e': 0, 'c': 1, 'b': 2, 'r': 3, '?': 4},
         'stalk-surface-above-ring': {'s': 0, 'f': 1, 'k': 2, 'y': 3},
         'stalk-surface-below-ring': {'s': 0, 'f': 1, 'k': 2, 'y': 3},
         'stalk-color-above-ring': {'w': 0, 'g': 1, 'p': 2, 'n': 3, 'b': 4, 'e': 5, 'o': 6, 'c': 7, 'y':
8},
         'stalk-color-below-ring': {'w': 0, 'g': 1, 'p': 2, 'n': 3, 'b': 4, 'e': 5, 'o': 6, 'c': 7, 'y':
8},
         'veil-type': {'p': 0},
         'veil-color': {'w': 0, 'n': 1, 'o': 2, 'y': 3},
         'ring-number': {'o': 0, 't': 1, 'n': 2},
         'ring-type': {'p': 0, 'e': 1, 'l': 2, 'f': 3, 'n': 4},
         'spore-print-color': {'k': 0, 'n': 1, 'u': 2, 'h': 3, 'w': 4, 'r': 5, 'o': 6, 'y': 7, 'b': 8},
         'population': {'s': 0, 'n': 1, 'a': 2, 'v': 3, 'y': 4, 'c': 5},
```

```
'habitat': {'u': 0, 'g': 1, 'm': 2, 'd': 3, 'p': 4, 'w': 5, 'l': 6},
        'class': {'p': 0, 'e': 1}
        }, inplace = True)
# Splitting into training and testing set
X = pd.DataFrame(df, columns = ['cap-shape', 'cap-surface', 'cap-color', 'bruises',
'odor'.
    'gill-attachment', 'gill-spacing', 'gill-size', 'gill-color',
    'stalk-shape', 'stalk-root', 'stalk-surface-above-ring',
    'stalk-surface-below-ring', 'stalk-color-above-ring',
    'stalk-color-below-ring', 'veil-type', 'veil-color', 'ring-number',
    'ring-type', 'spore-print-color', 'population', 'habitat'])
y = df['class'].to numpy()
X train, X test, y train, y test = train test split(X, y, test size = 0.3, random state =
10242)
# Gaussian Naïve Bayes
gnb = GaussianNB()
gnb.fit(X train, y train)
y pred = gnb.predict(X test)
acc = accuracy score(y pred, y test)
gnb acc.append(acc)
print(f'Accuracy using Gaussian Naive Bayes: {acc}')
Accuracy using Gaussian Naive Bayes: 0.9269893355209188
matrix = metrics.confusion matrix(y test, y pred)
cm display = metrics.ConfusionMatrixDisplay(confusion matrix = matrix,
display labels = ['p', 'e'])
cm display.plot()
plt.show()
```



```
# ROC Curve
y_pred_proba = gnb.predict_proba(X_test)[::,1]
fpr, tpr, _ = metrics.roc_curve(y_test, y_pred_proba)
auc = metrics.roc_auc_score(y_test, y_pred_proba)
plt.plot(fpr, tpr, label = "Data 1, auc=" + str(auc))
plt.legend(loc = 4)
plt.show()

10
08
06
```



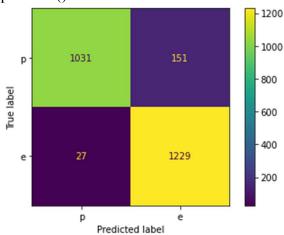
Decision Tree model = tree.DecisionTreeClassifier() model = model.fit(X_train, y_train) predicted_value = model.predict(X_test) acc = accuracy_score(predicted_value, y_test)

tree acc.append(acc)

print(f'Accuracy using Decision Tree: {acc}')

Accuracy using Decision Tree: 0.9987694831829368

```
tree_matrix = metrics.confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
tree_cm_display = metrics.ConfusionMatrixDisplay(confusion_matrix = tree_matrix,
display_labels = ['p', 'e'])
tree_cm_display.plot()
plt.show()
```



```
# ROC Curve
y pred proba = model.predict proba(X test)[::,1]
fpr, tpr, _ = metrics.roc_curve(y_test, y_pred_proba)
auc = metrics.roc auc score(y test, y pred proba)
plt.plot(fpr, tpr, label = "Data 1, auc=" + str(auc))
plt.legend(loc = 4)
plt.show()
1.0
 0.8
 0.6
 0.4
 0.2
                       Data 1, auc=0.9987309644670052
 0.0
                            0.6
     0.0
             0.2
                                    0.8
```

Customer Dataset:

```
# Pre-processing
dataset.append('Mushroom')
df = pd.read csv('/content/drive/MyDrive/Customer Behaviour.csv')
for i in df.columns:
 print(i)
User ID
Gender
Age
EstimatedSalary
Purchased
df.drop('User ID', axis = 1)
df.replace(to replace = 'Male', value = 0, inplace = True)
df.replace(to replace = 'Female', value = 1, inplace = True)
# Splitting into training and testing set
X = pd.DataFrame(df, columns = ['Gender', 'Age', 'EstimatedSalary'])
y = df['Purchased'].to numpy()
X train, X test, y train, y test = train test split(X, y, test size = 0.3, random state =
10242)
# Gaussian Naïve Bayes
gnb = GaussianNB()
```

```
gnb.fit(X_train, y_train)
y_pred = gnb.predict(X_test)
acc = accuracy_score(y_pred, y_test)
gnb_acc.append(acc)
print(f'Accuracy using Gaussian Naive Bayes: {acc}')
Accuracy using Gaussian Naive Bayes: 0.925

matrix = metrics.confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
cm_display = metrics.ConfusionMatrixDisplay(confusion_matrix = matrix, display_labels = ['0', '1'])
cm_display.plot()
plt.show()

83

3

-80

-70

-60

-50

-40

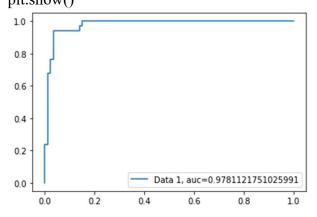
-30
```

#ROC Curve
y_pred_proba = gnb.predict_proba(X_test)[::,1]
fpr, tpr, _ = metrics.roc_curve(y_test, y_pred_proba)
auc = metrics.roc_auc_score(y_test, y_pred_proba)
plt.plot(fpr, tpr, label = "Data 1, auc=" + str(auc))
plt.legend(loc = 4)
plt.show()

Predicted label

i

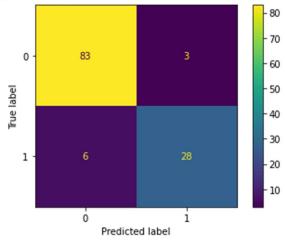
0



```
# Decision Tree
model = tree.DecisionTreeClassifier()
model = model.fit(X train, y train)
predicted value = model.predict(X test)
acc = accuracy score(predicted value, y test)
tree acc.append(acc)
print(f'Accuracy using Decision Tree: {acc}')
```

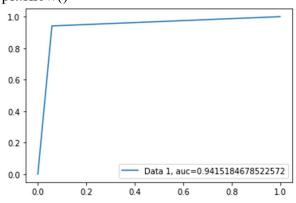
Accuracy using Decision Tree: 0.9416666666666667

tree matrix = metrics.confusion matrix(y_test, y_pred) tree_cm_display = metrics.ConfusionMatrixDisplay(confusion matrix = tree matrix, display labels = ['0', '1']) tree cm display.plot() plt.show()



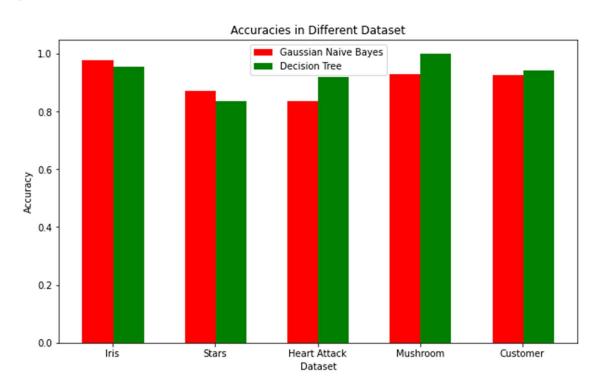
ROC Curve y pred proba = model.predict proba(X test)[::,1] fpr, tpr, = metrics.roc curve(y test, y pred proba) auc = metrics.roc_auc_score(y_test, y_pred_proba) plt.plot(fpr, tpr, label = "Data 1, auc=" + str(auc)) plt.legend(loc = 4)

plt.show()



Part B:

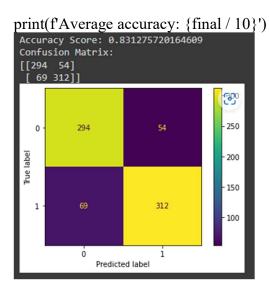
```
# Comparison in Different Datasets
N = 3
ind = np.arange(len(dataset[::1]))
width = 0.3
fig = plt.figure()
ax = fig.add subplot(111)
rects1 = ax.bar(ind, gnb acc, width, color = 'r')
rects2 = ax.bar(ind+width, tree_acc, width, color = 'g')
ax.set_ylabel('Accuracy')
ax.set xlabel('Dataset')
ax.set xticks(ind + width - 0.155)
ax.set xticklabels(dataset)
ax.legend((rects1[0], rects2[0]), ('Gaussian Naive Bayes', 'Decision Tree'))
ax.set_title('Accuracies in Different Dataset')
fig.set figwidth(10)
fig.set figheight(6)
plt.show()
```

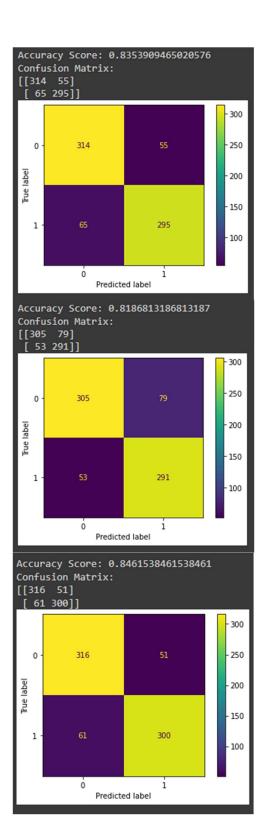


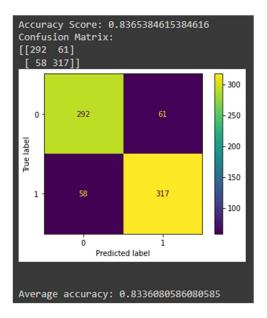
Part C:

Choosing the Stars Dataset Decision Tree model

```
# K-Fold Cross Validation
final = 0
k folds = KFold(n splits = 10, shuffle = True, random state = 2002)
for train index, test index in k folds.split(X):
 X train, X test = X.iloc[train index, :], X.iloc[test index, :]
 y train, y test = y[train index], y[test index]
 rfc model = tree.DecisionTreeClassifier()
 rfc model.fit(X train, y train)
 test preds = rfc model.predict(X test)
 test accuracy = accuracy score(y test, test preds)
 final += test accuracy
 test confusion matrix = metrics.confusion matrix(y test, test preds)
 print(fAccuracy Score: {test accuracy}')
 print(f'Confusion Matrix: \n{test confusion matrix}')
 k fold cm display = metrics.ConfusionMatrixDisplay(confusion matrix =
test confusion matrix, display labels = ['0', '1'])
 k fold cm display.plot()
 plt.show()
 print('\n')
```







Ensembling Methods

```
# Bagging Classifier
bagging = BaggingClassifier(base estimator = model, n_estimators = 5, max_samples
= 50, bootstrap = True)
bagging.fit(X train, y train)
print(fTrain score: {bagging.score(X train, y train)}')
print(fTest score: {bagging.score(X test, y test)}')
Train score: 0.8853809196980096
Test score: 0.8763736263736264
# Adaboost Classifier
adaboost = AdaBoostClassifier(base estimator = model, n estimators = 5,
learning rate = 0.1, random state = 25210)
adaboost.fit(X train, y train)
print(f"Train score: {adaboost.score(X train, y train)}")
print(f"Test score: {adaboost.score(X_test, y_test)}")
Train score: 1.0
Test score: 0.8475274725274725
clf = RandomForestClassifier(n estimators = 100, max features = "auto",
random state = 4627)
clf.fit(X train, y train)
print(f"Train score: {clf.score(X train, y train)}")
print(f"Test score: {clf.score(X test, y test)}")
Train score: 1.0
Test score: 0.885989010989011
```

Comparing the scores
all_data = {'Classifier': ['Decision Treee', 'K-Fold', 'Bagging Classifier', 'Adaboost', 'Random Forest'],

'Accuracy': scores}

print(tabulate(all data, tablefmt = 'grid'))

Decision Treee	- 0.835346
K-Fold	0.837454
Bagging Classifier	
Adaboost	0.847527
Random Forest	0.885989

Conclusion: -

Implemented Gaussian Naïve Bayes and Decision Tree Classifier. Also learned K-Fold cross validation and different ensembling methods to improve the accuracy of a model.