COMPARISON OF TOP 10 BANKS OF INDIA

Year of comparison: 2023

Analytical tools used: MYSQL & EXCEL

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Course: MA Economics

Formation of Tables:

1.

```
mysql> create database start;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
mysql> use start;
Database changed
```

2.

```
mysql> rename table info to performance_ratios;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.03 sec)
mysgl> select * from performance_ratios;
 bank_id | bank_name
                                                             nim
                                             roe
                                                     roa
                                                                    roce
            HDFC BANK
                                    44.37
                                             15.89
                                                     1.81
                                                             3.67
                                                                     3.1
        2
            BANK OF BARODA
                                    39.47
                                             14.36
                                                     0.96
                                                             2.83
                                                                    1.91
        3
                                                              2.7
            SBI
                                    42.66
                                              16.8
                                                     0.93
                                                                    1.74
                                                     2.01
        4
           ICICI BANK LTD
                                    45.83
                                             16.13
                                                             3.92
                                                                    3.27
        5
            KOTAK MAHINDRA
                                    52.82
                                             13.17
                                                     2.23
                                                             4.39
                                                                    3.15
        6
            AXIS
                                    47.15
                                              7.63
                                                     0.72
                                                             3.26
                                                                    1.57
                                                             2.74
        7
            PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK
                                    41.99
                                              2.74
                                                     0.17
                                                                    1.57
        8
            CANARA
                                    31.08
                                             16.03
                                                     0.78
                                                             2.33
                                                                    2.11
        9
            IDBI BANK LTD
                                                             3.45
                                    53.01
                                              9.82
                                                       1.1
                                                                    2.78
           INDUSIND BANK LTD
                                    40.14
       10
                                              13.6
                                                     1.61
                                                            3.84
                                                                    3.26
10 rows in set (0.01 sec)
```

```
mysql> create table valuation_ratios(bank_id int, price_to_earnings float, price_to_book float);
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)
mysql> insert into valuation_ratios(1,19.48,3.1),
   -> (2,5.86,0.83),
  -> (3,8.4,1.41),
  -> (3,8.4,1.41),

-> (4,17.95,2.9),

-> (5,23.12,3.08),

-> (6,24.39,2.04),

-> (7,13.22,1.15),

-> (8,4.58,6.5),
   -> (9,13.04,1.27)
   -> (10,11.12,1.52);
mysgl> alter table valuation_ratios
    -> add column eps float:
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.12 sec)
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
mysql> update valuation_ratios set eps = 82.64 where bank_id = 1;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.03 sec)
Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0
mysql> update valuation_ratios set eps = 28.82 where bank_id = 2;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0
mysql> update valuation_ratios set eps = 62.35 where bank_id = 2;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0
mysql> update valuation_ratios set eps = 28.82 where bank_id = 2;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0
mysql> update valuation_ratios set eps = 62.35 where bank_id = 3;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0
mysql> update valuation_ratios set eps = 48.86 where bank_id = 4;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0
mysql> update valuation_ratios set eps = 74.96 where bank_id = 5;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0
mysql> update valuation_ratios set eps = 35.2 where bank_id = 6;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0
mysgl> update valuation ratios set eps = 1.94 where bank id = 7:
```

```
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0

mysql> update valuation_ratios set eps = 62.04 where bank_id = 8;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0

mysql> update valuation_ratios set eps = 3.45 where bank_id = 9;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0

mysql> update valuation_ratios set eps = 96.01 where bank_id = 10;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0
```

```
mysql> alter table valuation_ratios
   -> add foreign key (bank_id)
   -> references performance_ratios(bank_id);
Query OK, 10 rows affected (0.07 sec)
Records: 10 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

bank_id	price_to_earnings	price_to_book	eps
1	 19.48	3.1	82.64
2	5.86	0.83	28.82
3	8.4	1.41	62.35
4	17.95	2.9	48.86
5	23.12	3.08	74.96
6	24.39	2.04	35.2
7	13.22	1.15	1.94
8	4.58	6.5	62.04
9	13.04	1.27	3.45
10	11.12	1.52	96.01

4.

```
mysql> create table npa(bank_id int, gross float, net float);
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)
mysql> insert into npa values(1,1.17,0.3),
```

```
-> (2,3.51,0.78),
-> (3,2.76,0.71),
-> (4,2.76,0.48),
-> (5,1.75,0.43),
-> (6,1.96,0.41),
-> (7,6.8,1.95),
-> (8,5.15,1.57),
-> (9,5.05,0.44),
-> (10,1.94,0.58);

Query OK, 10 rows affected (0.01 sec)

Records: 10 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

```
mysql> rename table npa to npa_in_percentage;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)

mysql> alter table npa_in_percentage
    -> add foreign key (bank_id)
    -> references performance_ratios(bank_id);
Query OK, 10 rows affected (0.06 sec)
Records: 10 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

```
mysql> select * from npa_in_percentage;
 bank_id
          gross
                  net
           1.17
                   0.3
            3.51 | 0.78
       3
                  0.71
            2.76
       4
            2.76
                  0.48
       5
           1.75
                  0.43
       6
           1.96
                  0.41
           6.8
       7
                  1.95
            5.15
                  1.57
       8
           5.05
       9
                  0.44
      10
            1.94
                  0.58
10 rows in set (0.01 sec)
```

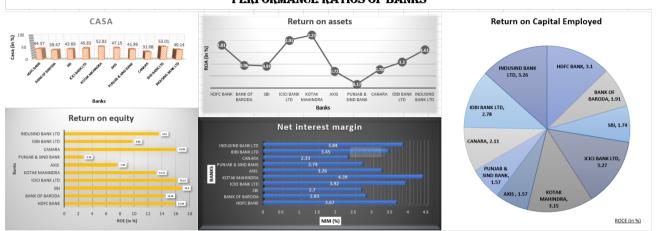
6. BANKS CONSIDERED:

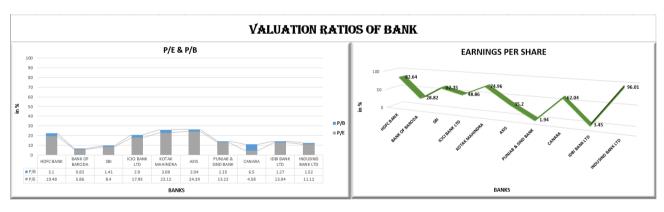
7.GENERAL OVERVIEW:

BANK NAME		ROE % (return on equity)	ROA % (return on assets)	NIM % (Net interest margin) -	ROCE % (Return on Capital Employed)	P/E -	P/B ~	gross npa 🔻	net npa 🕝 !	EPS +
HDFC BANK	44.37	15.89	1.81	3.67	3.1	19.48	3.1	1.17	0.3	82.64
BANK OF BARODA	39.47	14.36	0.96	2.83	1.91	5.86	0.83	3.51	0.78	28.82
SBI	42.66	16.8	0.93	2.7	1.74	8.4	1.41	2.76	0.71	62.35
ICICI BANK LTD	45.83	16.13	2.01	3.92	3.27	17.95	2.9	2.76	0.48	48.86
KOTAK MAHINDRA	52.82	13.17	2.23	4.39	3.15	23.12	3.08	1.75	0.43	74.96
AXIS	47.15	7.63	0.72	3.26	1.57	24.39	2.04	1.96	0.41	35.2
PUNJAB & SIND BANK	41.99	2.74	0.17	2.74	1.57	13.22	1.15	6.8	1.95	1.94
CANARA	31.08	16.03	0.78	2.33	2.11	4.58	6.5	5.15	1.57	62.04
IDBI BANK LTD	53.01	9.82	1.1	3.45	2.78	13.04	1.27	5.05	0.44	3.45
INDUSIND BANK LTD	40.14	13.6	1.61	3.84	3 26	11 12	1.52	1 94	0.58	96.01

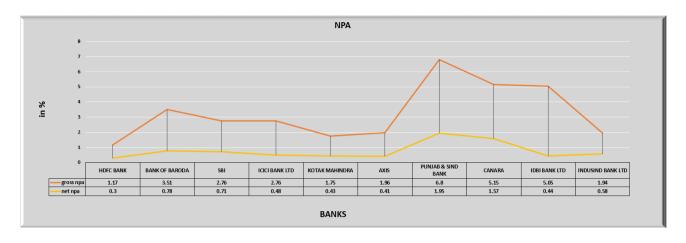
DASHBOARD

PERFORMANCE RATIOS OF BANKS

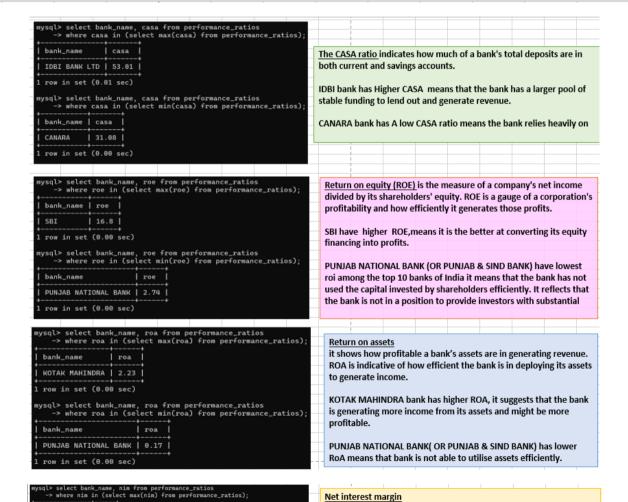




NON PERFORMING ASSET



ANALYSIS



This is the difference between interest earned by a bank on loans

KOTAK MAHINDRA bank have high NIM, it is indicative of the bank

earning more on its loans than paying on its deposits which usually

and the interest it pays on deposits.

points towards higher profitability.

bank_name | nim |

row in set (0.00 sec)

sql> select bank_name, nim from performance_ratios
 -> where nim in (select min(nim) from performance_ratios);

CANARA 2.33 1 row in set (0.00 sec)	CANARA bank have mow NIM ratio.
1 row in set (0.00 sec) mysql> select bank_name, roce from performance_ratios	Return on capital employed (ROCE) is a financial statistic that may be used to analyze the profitability and capital efficiency of a firm. ICICI bank have high ROCE value, indicates that a larger chunk of profits can be invested back into the bank for the benefit of shareholders. The reinvested capital is employed again at a higher rate of return, which helps produce higher earnings-per-share growth. A high ROCE is, therefore, a sign of a successful growth bank.
	AXIS bank and PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK(OR PUNJAB & SIND BANK) have lower roce ratio indicates that a bank is not using its capital
from valuation_ratios); bank_name price_to_earnings	e price-to-earnings (P/E) ratio relates a company's share price to its rnings per share. Its bank has A high P/E ratio could mean that a bank's stock is overvalued, that investors are expecting high growth rates in the future. Ithe share price falls much faster than earnings, the PE ratio becomes low. INARA bank has A low PE ratio means that a stock is cheap and its price any rise in the future.
CAMARA 4.58 1 row in set (0.00 sec)	y lise in the future.
Laminon_ratios); (shawland)	ice-to-book value (P/B) is the ratio of the market value of a company's shares hare price) over its book value of equity. The book value of equity, in turn, is the lue of a company's assets expressed on the balance sheet. The book value is fined as the difference between the book value of assets and the book value liabilities. ANARA bank has a higher ratio indicates that the bank is overvalued. ANK OF BARODA has a lower P/B ratio, indicates that bank's stock is being
<pre>ysql> select bank_name, eps from valuation_ratios -> inner join performance_ratios on performance_ratios.bank_id = valuati n_ratios.bank_id where eps in (select max(eps) from valuation_ratios);</pre> <pre>Ear</pre>	arnings per share or EPS, indicates the profitability of a company. It is calculated the dividing the company's net income with its total number of outstanding
sha INDUSIND BANK LTD 96.01 row in set (0.00 sec) ysql> select bank_name, eps from valuation_ratios -> inner join performance_ratios on performance_ratios.bank_id = valuati n_ratios.bank_id where eps in (select min(eps) from valuation_ratios); bank_name	nares. IDUSIND bank have a higher EPS, indicates a more profitable bank, which may ad to a higher dividend payout. JNJAB NATIONAL BANK (OR PUNJAB & SIND BANK) have lowest eps among th Ip 10 banks of India .
PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK 1.94 row in set (0.00 sec)	
DANK_name gross	OSS NDB PAS indicate how much of a bank's loans are in danger of not being repaid. If terest is not received for 3 months, a loan turns into NPA. JNJAB NATIONAL BANK (OR PUNJAB & SIND BANK) have high gross NPA ratio eans the bank's asset quality is in very poor shape.
HDF bank_name gross	DFC bank has low gross npa.
HDFC BANK 1.17 row in set (0.00 sec)	
bank_name net Ba	let NPA Sanks provide for some loans going bad. The net NPA is that portion of bad bans which has not been provided for in the books.

PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK (OR PUNJAB & SIND BANK) have high net npa mean that bank have too many loans that have become non-functional or are not

rendering any interest income to the bank.

HDFC bank have low net npa compared to other 9 banks.

l row in set (0.00 sec)

Conclusion on the basis of above analysis:

Punjab national bank (or Punjab & Sind bank) needs to work on certain aspects as it is not doing well in comparison to other banks.

- It needs to lower it NPA both gross and net by curative & preventive management, Lok Adalats, etc.
- It needs to improve its EPS, ROA, ROI to improve the performance in future.