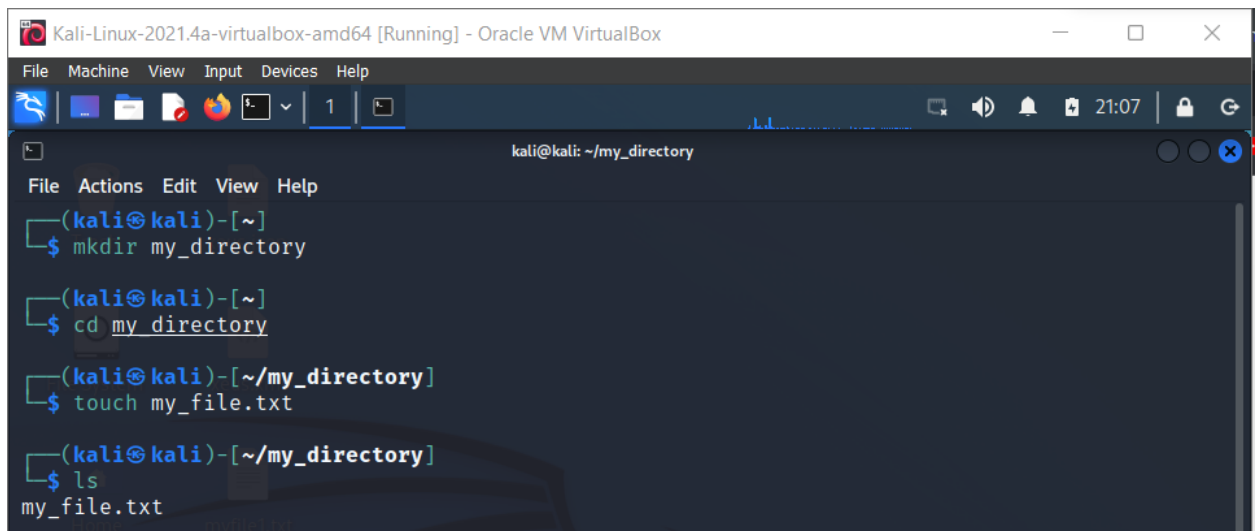


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20BCY10174

Assignment: Bash Shell Basics

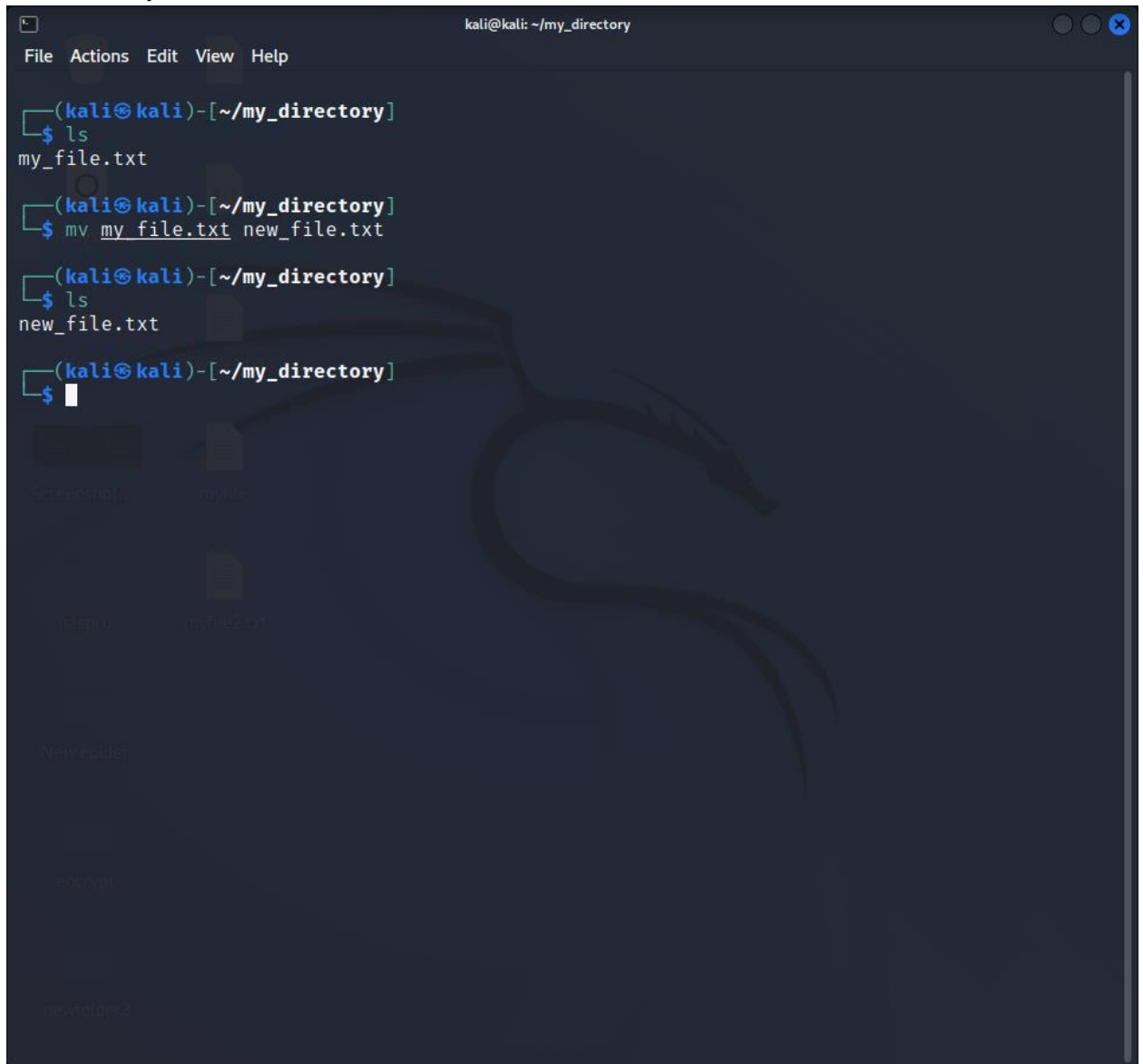
Task 1: File and Directory Manipulation

1. Create a directory called "my_directory".
2. Navigate into the "my_directory".
3. Create an empty file called "my_file.txt".
4. List all the files and directories in the current directory.'



```
Kali-Linux-2021.4a-virtualbox-amd64 [Running] - Oracle VM VirtualBox
File Machine View Input Devices Help
kali@kali: ~/my_directory
File Actions Edit View Help
(kali@kali)-[~]
$ mkdir my_directory
(kali@kali)-[~]
$ cd my_directory
(kali@kali)-[~/my_directory]
$ touch my_file.txt
(kali@kali)-[~/my_directory]
$ ls
my_file.txt
```

5. Rename "my_file.txt" to "new_file.txt".

A terminal window titled 'kali@kali: ~/my_directory' with a menu bar (File, Actions, Edit, View, Help). The terminal shows a sequence of commands: 'ls' showing 'my_file.txt', 'mv my_file.txt new_file.txt', and another 'ls' showing 'new_file.txt'. The prompt '\$' is followed by a cursor. In the background, a desktop environment is visible with icons for 'ScreenShot', 'myFile', 'image', 'myImage', 'NewFolder', 'encrypt', and 'newFolder2'. A large dragon watermark is overlaid on the terminal content.

```
kali@kali: ~/my_directory
File Actions Edit View Help

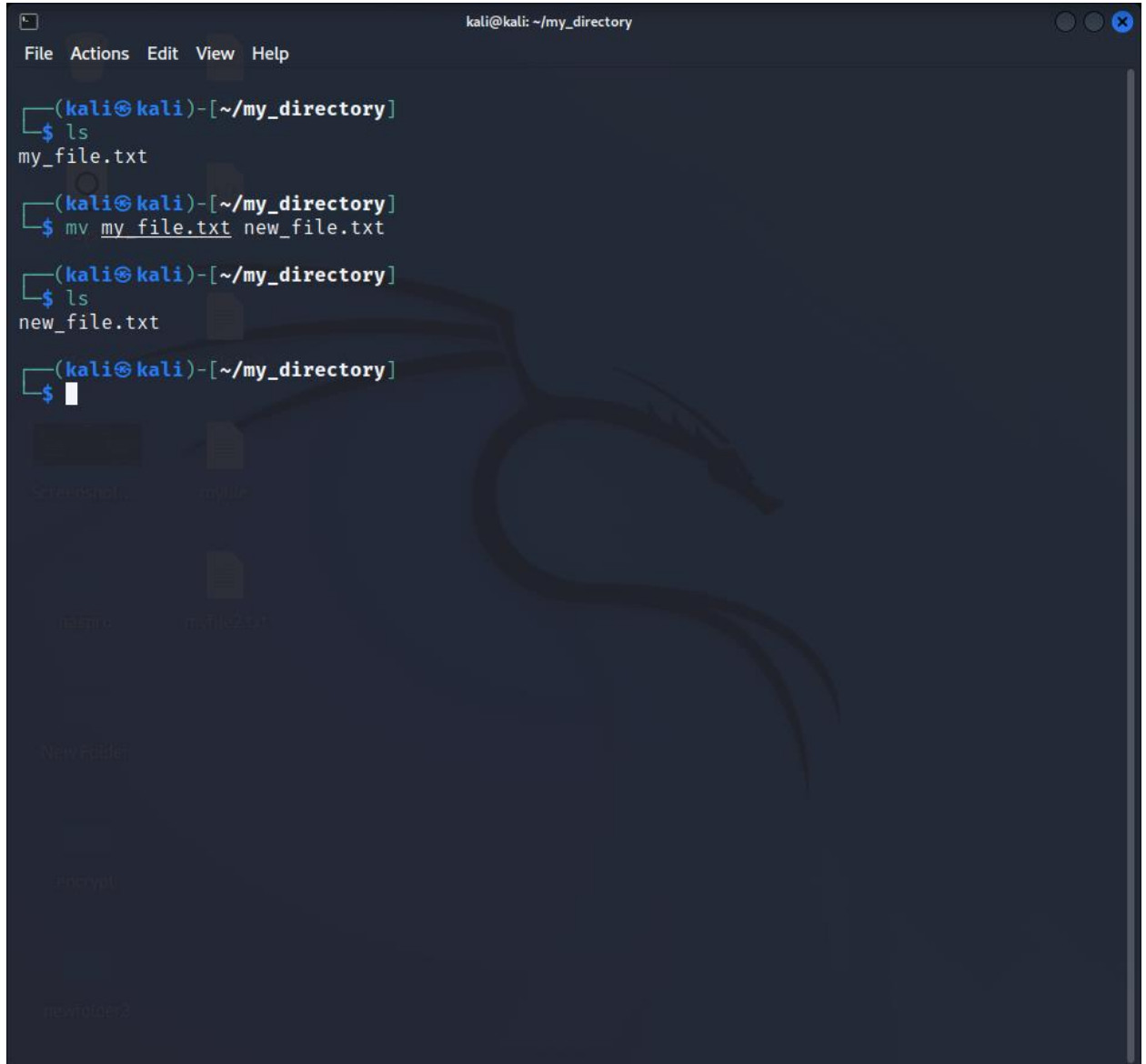
(kali@kali)-[~/my_directory]
$ ls
my_file.txt

(kali@kali)-[~/my_directory]
$ mv my_file.txt new_file.txt

(kali@kali)-[~/my_directory]
$ ls
new_file.txt

(kali@kali)-[~/my_directory]
$
```

Display the content of "new_file.txt" using a pager tool of your choice.

A terminal window titled 'kali@kali: ~/my_directory' with a menu bar (File, Actions, Edit, View, Help). The terminal shows a sequence of commands: 'ls' showing 'my_file.txt', 'mv my_file.txt new_file.txt', and another 'ls' showing 'new_file.txt'. The prompt is currently '\$' with a cursor. A faint dragon watermark is visible in the background.

```
kali@kali: ~/my_directory
File Actions Edit View Help

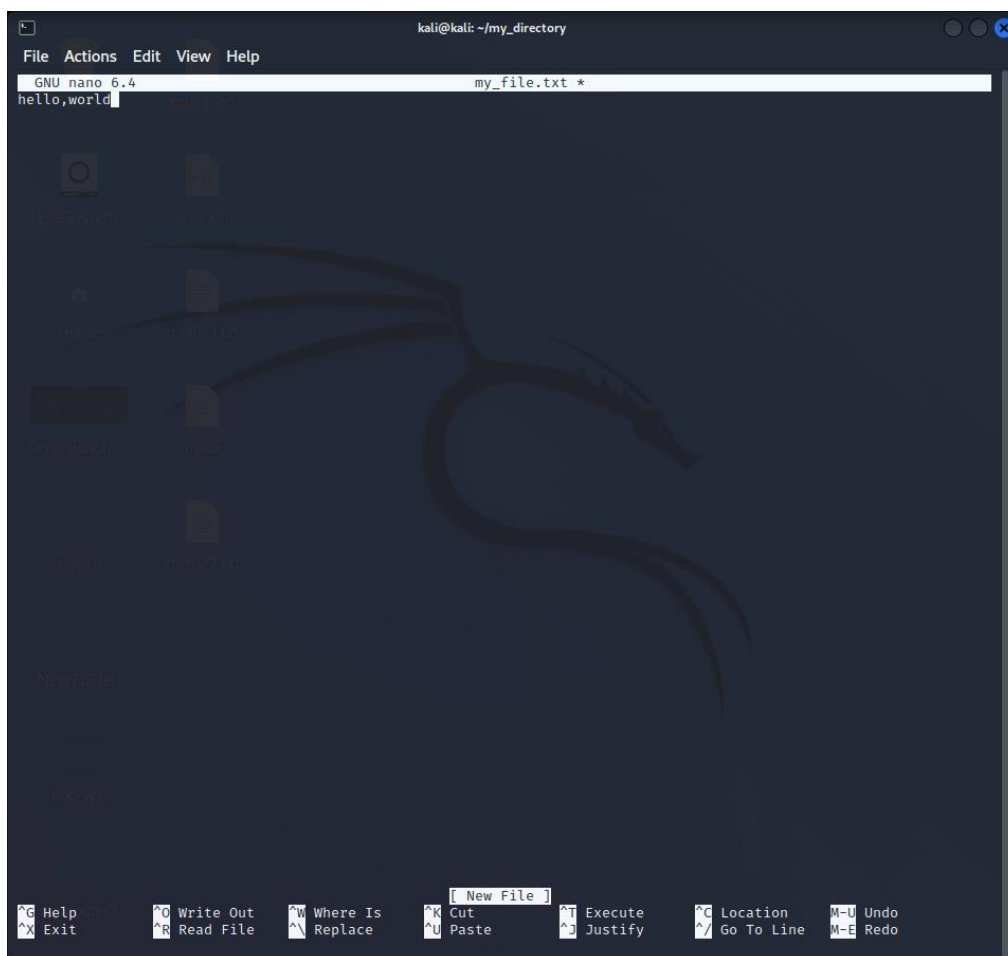
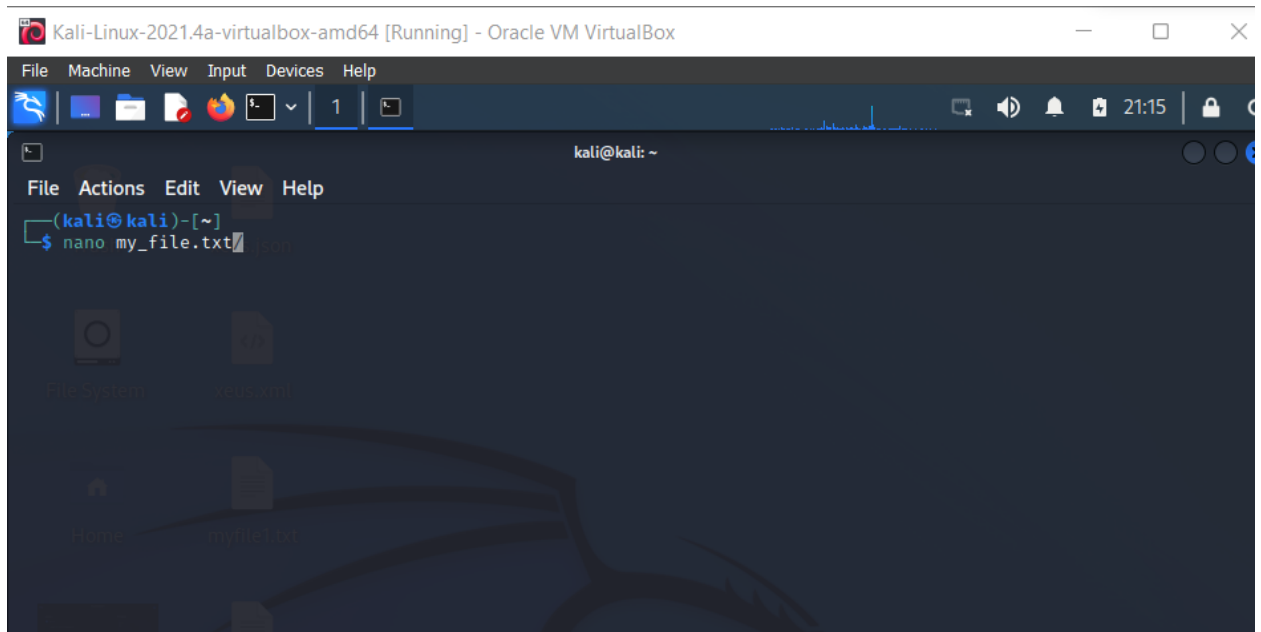
(kali@kali)-[~/my_directory]
$ ls
my_file.txt

(kali@kali)-[~/my_directory]
$ mv my_file.txt new_file.txt

(kali@kali)-[~/my_directory]
$ ls
new_file.txt

(kali@kali)-[~/my_directory]
$
```

6. Append the text "Hello, World!" to "new_file.txt".



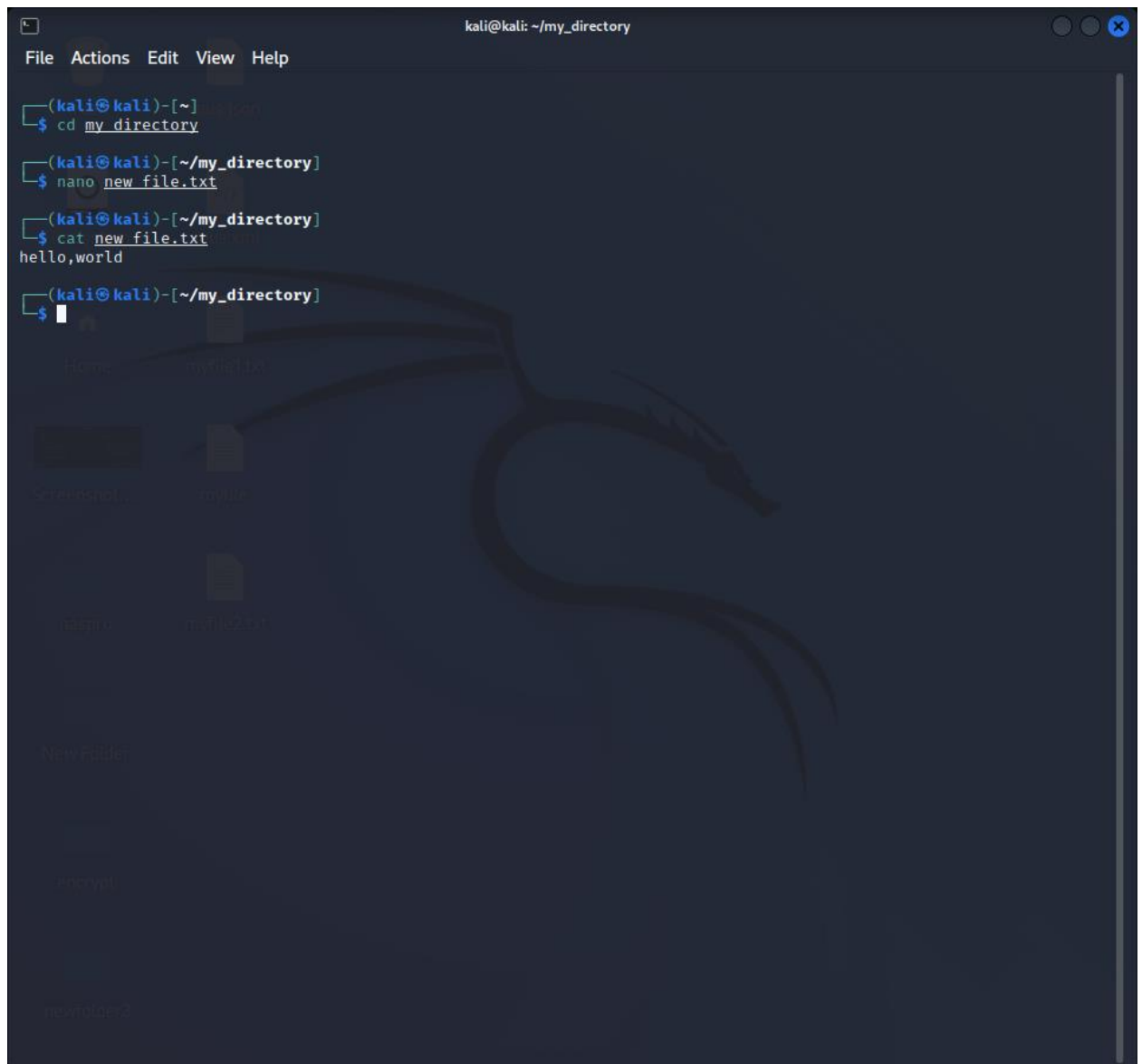
```
kali@kali: ~/my_directory
File Actions Edit View Help

(kali@kali)-[~]
$ cd my_directory

(kali@kali)-[~/my_directory]
$ nano new_file.txt

(kali@kali)-[~/my_directory]
$ cat new_file.txt
hello,world

(kali@kali)-[~/my_directory]
$
```



7. Create a new directory called "backup" within "my_directory".
8. Move "new_file.txt" to the "backup" directory.
9. Verify that "new_file.txt" is now located in the "backup" directory.
10. Delete the "backup" directory and all its contents.

```
kali@kali: ~/my_directory
File Actions Edit View Help

(kali@kali)-[~]
$ cd my_directory

(kali@kali)-[~/my_directory]
$ nano new_file.txt

(kali@kali)-[~/my_directory]
$ cat new_file.txt
hello,world

(kali@kali)-[~/my_directory]
$ mkdir backup

(kali@kali)-[~/my_directory]
$ mv new_file.txt backup

(kali@kali)-[~/my_directory]
$ cd backup

(kali@kali)-[~/my_directory/backup]
$ ls
new_file.txt

(kali@kali)-[~/my_directory/backup]
$ ..

(kali@kali)-[~/my_directory]
$ rm -r backup

(kali@kali)-[~/my_directory]
$ ls
my_file.txt

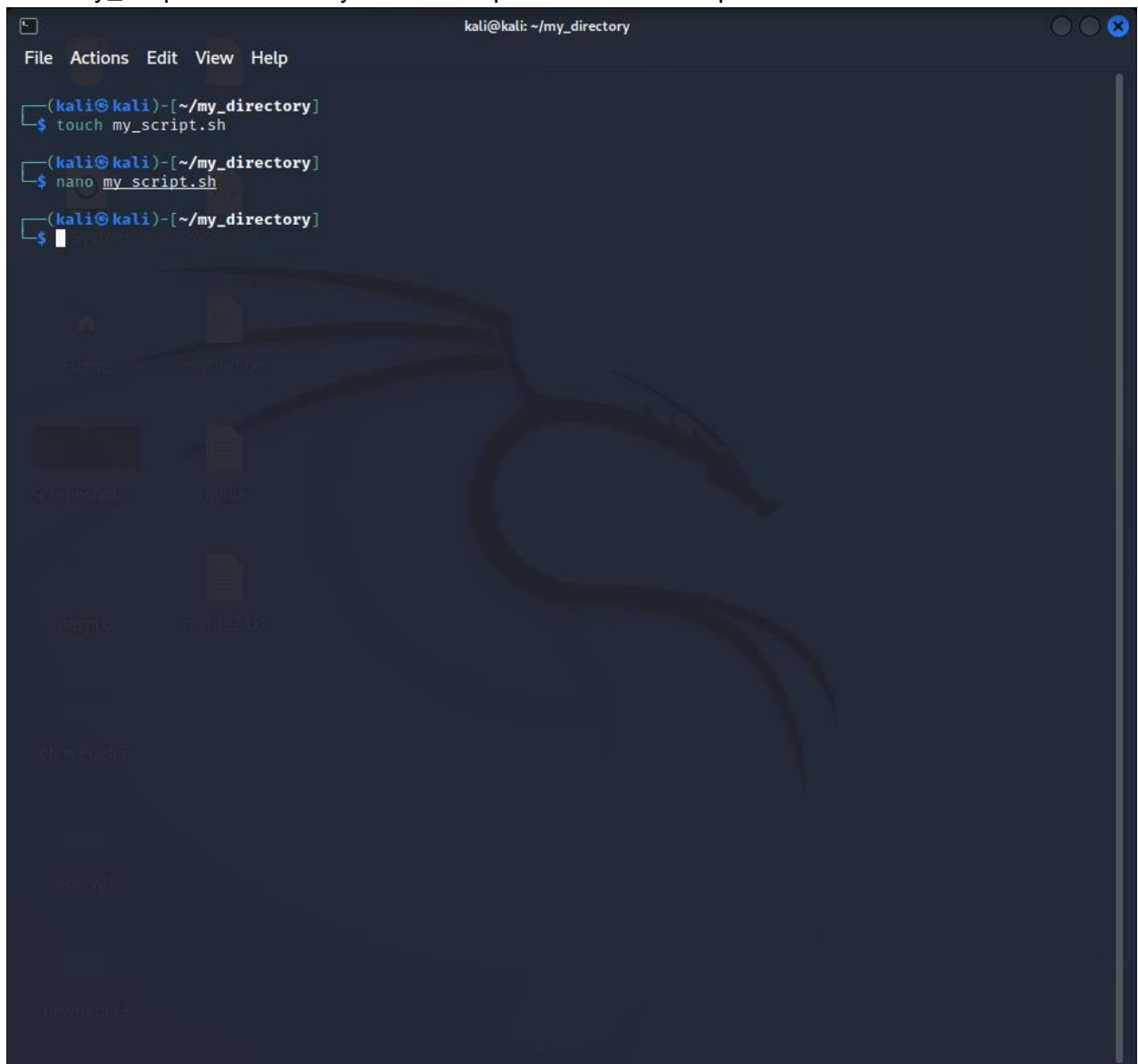
(kali@kali)-[~/my_directory]
$
```

Task 2: Permissions and Scripting

- Create a new file called "my_script.sh".
- Edit "my_script.sh" using a text editor of your choice and add the following lines:
bash

```
#!/bin/bash
echo "Welcome to my script!"
echo "Today's date is $(date)."
Save and exit the file.
```

- Make "my_script.sh" executable.
- Run "my_script.sh" and verify that the output matches the expected result.

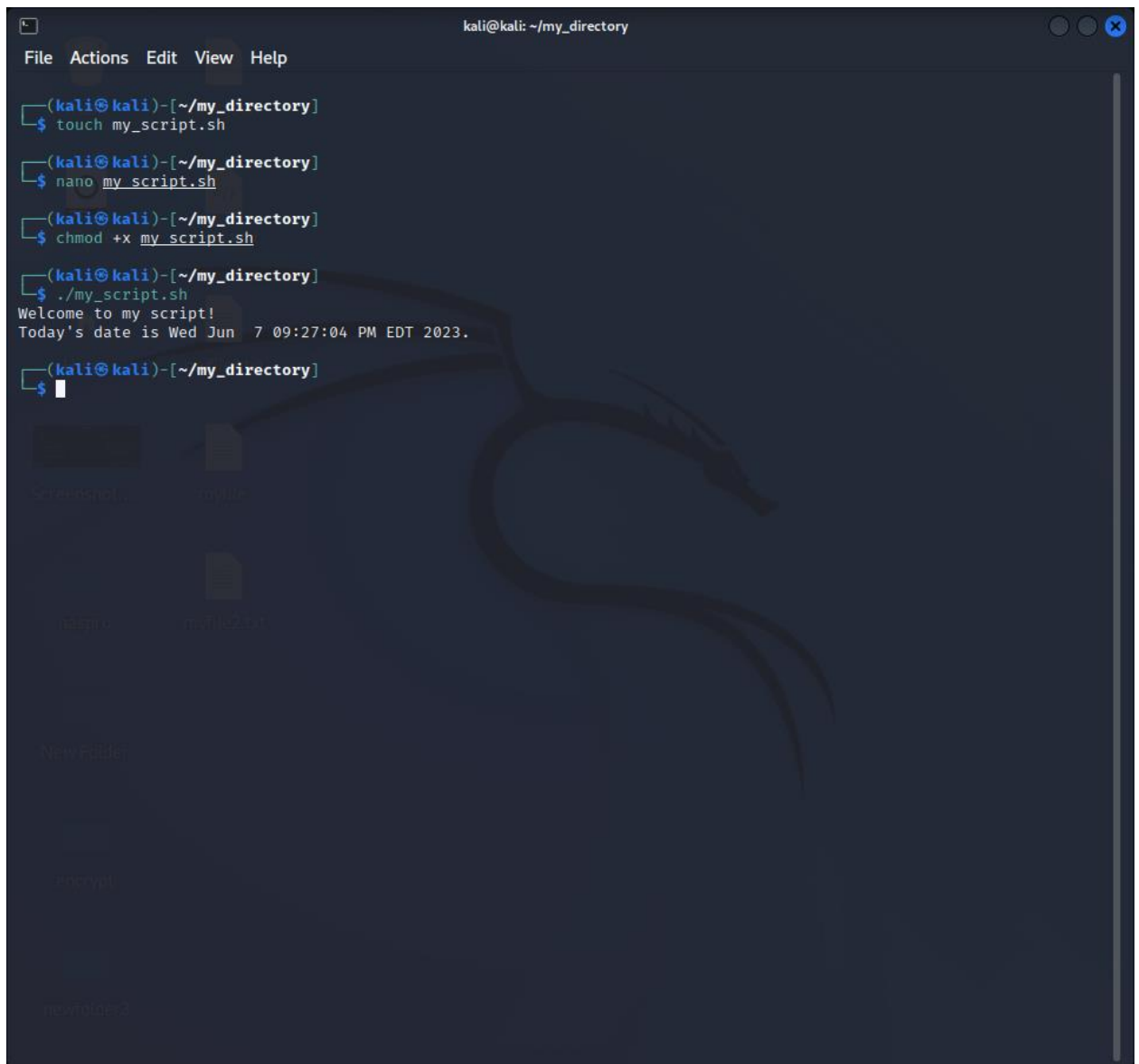
A terminal window titled "kali@kali: ~/my_directory" with a menu bar (File, Actions, Edit, View, Help). The terminal shows three commands: "touch my_script.sh", "nano my_script.sh", and a prompt "\$" where the cursor is. A large, faint Kali Linux dragon logo is visible in the background of the terminal window.

```
kali@kali: ~/my_directory
File Actions Edit View Help
(kali@kali)-[~/my_directory]
$ touch my_script.sh
(kali@kali)-[~/my_directory]
$ nano my_script.sh
(kali@kali)-[~/my_directory]
$
```

The screenshot shows a Kali Linux desktop environment. A terminal window is open, displaying the nano 6.4 editor editing a file named `my_script.sh`. The script content is as follows:

```
#!/bin/bash
echo "Welcome to my script!"
echo "Today's date is $(date)."
```

The terminal window title is `kali@kali: ~/my_directory`. The desktop background is dark blue with a large, faint dragon logo. Several application icons are visible on the desktop, including a web browser, a file manager, and a terminal. The bottom of the screen shows a status bar with various keyboard shortcuts for nano editor commands.

A terminal window titled 'kali@kali: ~/my_directory' with a menu bar (File, Actions, Edit, View, Help). The terminal shows a sequence of commands: 'touch my_script.sh', 'nano my_script.sh', 'chmod +x my_script.sh', and './my_script.sh'. The output of the last command is 'Welcome to my script!' and 'Today's date is Wed Jun 7 09:27:04 PM EDT 2023.'. A file manager window is open in the foreground, showing a directory with files like 'Screenshot', 'myfile', 'image', 'image2', 'New Folder', 'encrypt', and 'new folder'. A faint dragon watermark is visible in the background of the terminal.

```
kali@kali: ~/my_directory
File Actions Edit View Help

(kali@kali)-[~/my_directory]
$ touch my_script.sh

(kali@kali)-[~/my_directory]
$ nano my_script.sh

(kali@kali)-[~/my_directory]
$ chmod +x my_script.sh

(kali@kali)-[~/my_directory]
$ ./my_script.sh
Welcome to my script!
Today's date is Wed Jun 7 09:27:04 PM EDT 2023.

(kali@kali)-[~/my_directory]
$
```

Submission:

Provide a document or text file containing the commands used to complete the tasks above, along with any relevant output or screenshots. Include your explanations or observations where necessary.