**Batch: A3 Roll No.: 16010121051**

**Experiment / assignment / tutorial No. 9**

**Grade: AA / AB / BB / BC / CC / CD /DD**

**Signature of the Staff In-charge with date**

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| **TITLE: Exception Handling** |

**AIM:** Write a python program to implement exception handling concept for registration portal.

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**Expected OUTCOME of Experiment:**

CO2: Use different Decision Making statements and Functions in Python.

CO3: Apply Object oriented programming concepts in Python

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**Resource Needed: Python IDE**

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**Theory:**

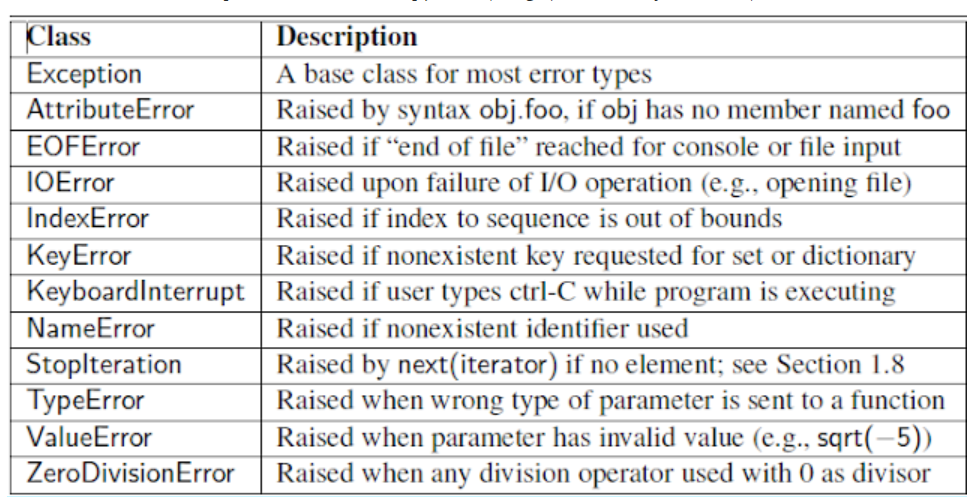
**Exceptions**

Even if a statement or expression is syntactically correct, there might arise an error during its execution. For example, trying to open a file that does not exist, division by zero and so on. Such types of errors might disrupt the normal execution of the program and are called exceptions. An exception is a Python object that represents an error. When an error occurs during the execution of a program, an exception is said to have been raised. Such an exception needs to be handled by the programmer so that the program does not terminate abnormally. Therefore, while designing a program, a programmer may anticipate such erroneous situations that may arise during its execution and can address them by including appropriate code to handle that exception.

**Built-in Exceptions**

Commonly occurring exceptions are usually defined in the compiler/interpreter. These are called built-in exceptions. Python’s standard library is an extensive collection of built-in exceptions that deals with the commonly occurring errors (exceptions) by providing the standardized solutions for such errors. On the occurrence of any built-in exception, the appropriate exception handler code is executed which displays the reason along with the raised exception name. The programmer then has to take appropriate action to handle it. Some of the commonly occurring built-in exceptions that can be raised in Python are explained below

***Following are list of common exception class found in Python:***



**Exception Handling in Python:**

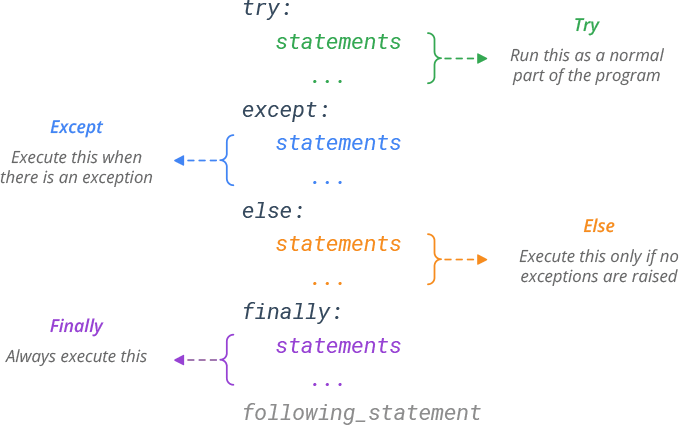
In python, if an exception occurs which is not handled then interpreter will report the error and terminate your application. To prevent this, handle a possible exception by enclosing your statements inside a try-except statement.

This try-except statement works as follows. First, Python executes the statements between try. These statements are called the try clause.

If no exception occurs, the statements below except are skipped and the execution of the try statement is finished. The statements below except are called the except clause.

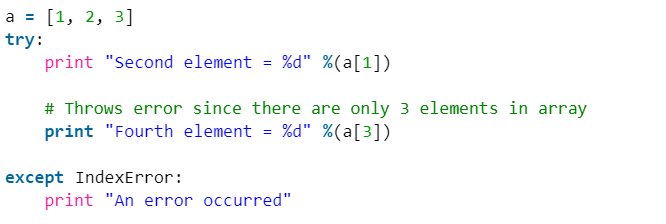
But, if an exception occurs during the execution of the try clause, the rest of the statements are skipped. Then if the type matches the exception named after the except statement, this except clause is executed. The execution continues after the try statement



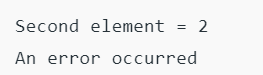


**Example explaining try..except block**:

Program:-



**Output:-**



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**Problem Definition:**

Registration portal have a requirement where we can only register the students when their age is less than 12and weight is less than 40, if any of the condition is not met then the user should get an appropriate exception with the warning message “Student is not eligible for registration”.Implement above registration portal requirement using exception handling concept.

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**Books/ Journals/ Websites referred:**

* 1. **Reema Thareja , “Python Programming: Using Problem Solving Approach”, Oxford University Press, First Edition 2017, India**
  2. **Sheetal Taneja and Naveen Kumar,” Python Programing: A Modular Approach”, Pearson India, Second Edition 2018, India**

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**Implementation details:**

print("\*\*\*\*WELCOME TO Meet'S REGISTERTION PORTAL\*\*\*\*")

age=int(input("Enter age of student: "))

weight=int(input("Enter weight of student: "))

try:

    if weight < 40 or age<12:

        raise ValueError("ERROR")

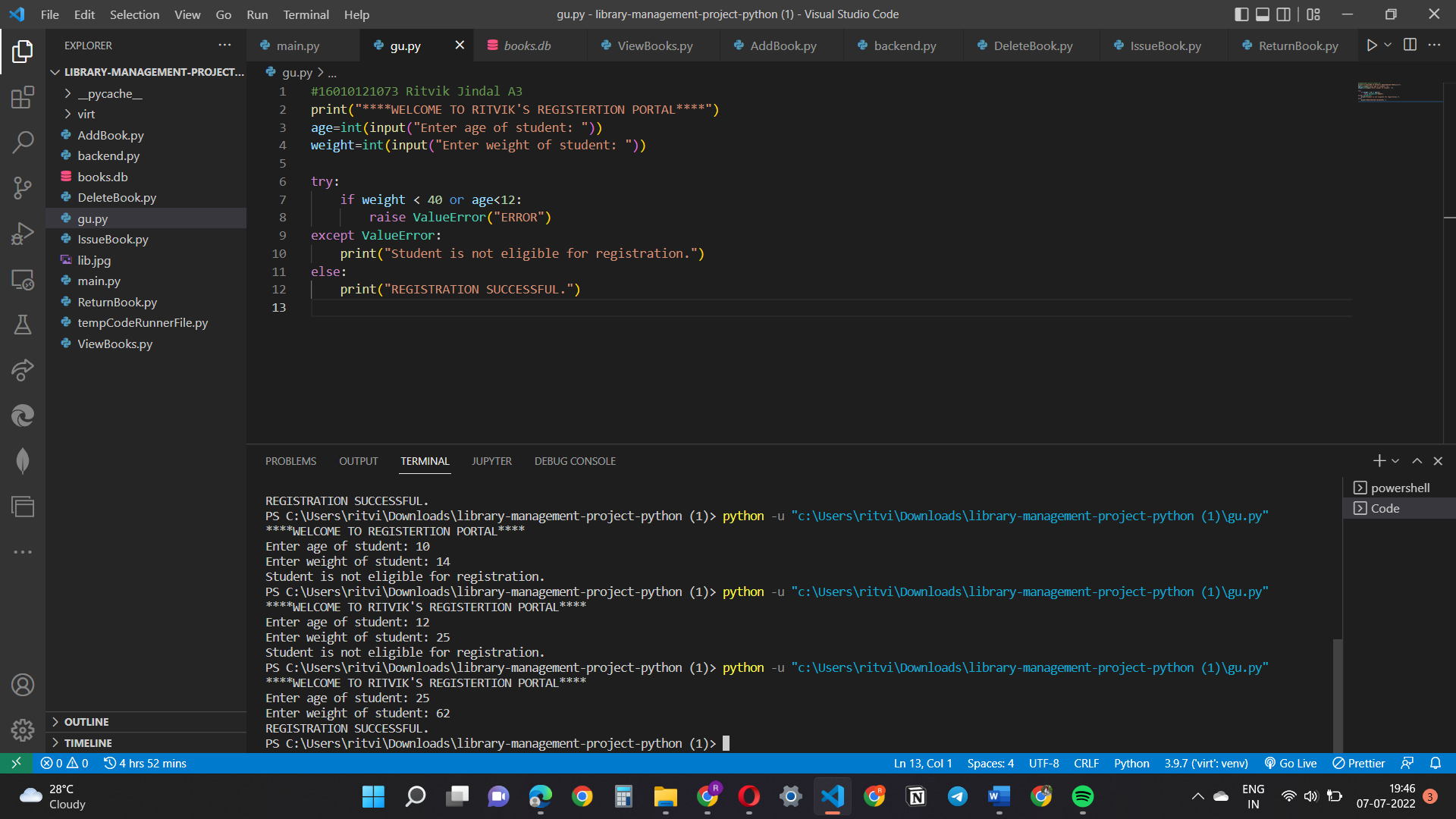
except ValueError:

    print("Student is not eligible for registration.")

else:

    print("REGISTRATION SUCCESSFUL.")

**Output(s):**



**Conclusion:**

The program was successful and the output was satisfactory. The output of the program ran without any error. The required results were obtained.

**Post Lab Descriptive Questions:**

1. Predict the output when you run the following code:

**try:**

**result = 15/0**

**except ArithmeticError:**

**print("Caught the ArithmeticError.Your divisor is zero.")**

**except ZeroDivisionError:**

**print("Caught ZeroDivisionError.Correct the divisor which is zero at present.")**

**OUTPUT**: Caught the ArithmeticError.Your divisor is zero.

1. Predict the output for given code:

**my\_string="Hello"**

**assert my\_string== "Hi", "You should use 'Hi'"**

**OUTPUT**: Traceback (most recent call last):

File "<string>", line 2, in <module>

AssertionError: You should use 'Hi'

1. Explain concept of raise exception with suitable example

**ANSWER:** As a Python developer you can choose to throw an exception if a condition occurs.

To throw (or raise) an exception, use the raise keyword

Example

Raise an error and stop the program if x is lower than 0:

x = -1  
  
if x < 0:  
  raise Exception("Sorry, no numbers below zero")

**Date: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Signature of faculty in-charge**