Assignment 3

Part A

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Dalhousie University

Subject

CSCI 5410 (Serverless Data Processing)

Professor

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Project Git Repository

Gitlab Repository Link: https://git.cs.dal.ca/patel13/csci5410 b00899516 meet patel.git

Serverless Application (Using Java and AWS Lambda)

A. Create your 1st S3 bucket **SourceB00xxxxxx** and 2nd S3 bucket **TagsB00xxxxxx** using AWS SDK (any programming language)

Figure 1 is responsible for representing an empty Amazon S3 dashboard. Initially there is no s3 bucket.

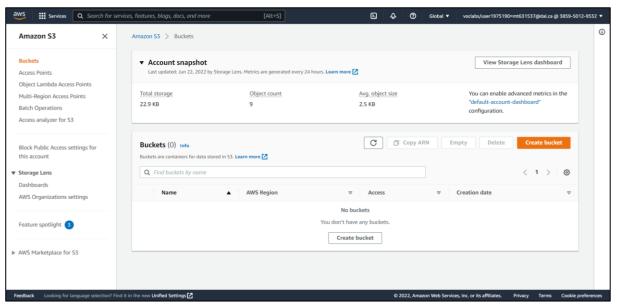


Figure 1: Empty Amazon S3 dashboard

Figure 2 is responsible for displaying the two s3 bucket namely "sourceb00899516" and "tagsb00899516" which are created using AWS java SDK on IntelliJ IDE.

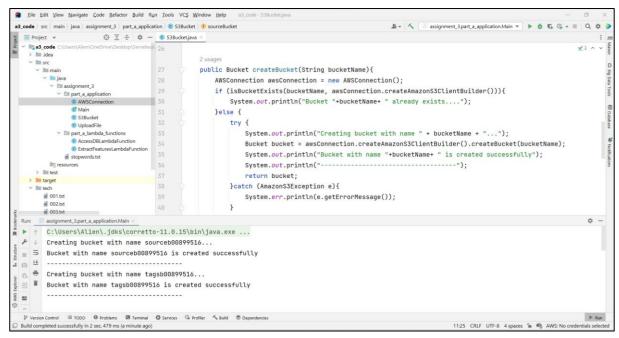


Figure 2: Creation of two Amazon S3 Bucket namely "sourceb00899516" and "tagsb00899516" using java and AWS java SDK

Figure 3 is responsible for displaying the two Amazon S3 bucket namely "sourceb00899516" and "tagsb00899516" which are created successfully created on Amazon S3 console.

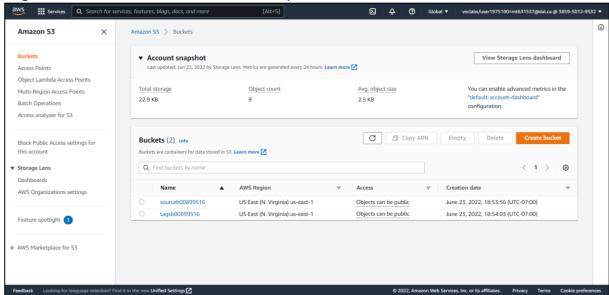


Figure 3: Successful creation of two bucket namely "sourceb00899516" and "tagsb00899516" Amazon S3 console

B. Upload the files given in the **Tech folder** one at a time with a delay of **200 milliseconds** on the **1st bucket**. You need to write a script using SDK to upload the files one at a time to the S3 bucket

Figure 4 is responsible for showing the files in tech folder which need to be uploaded on "sourceb00899516" S3 bucket.

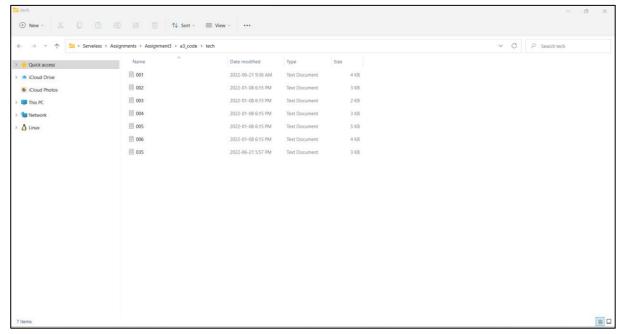


Figure 4: Files in "tech" folder which are being uploaded on "sourceb00899516" Amazon S3 bucket

Figure 5 shows that all the files from the tech older has been uploaded to the "sourceb00899516" Amazon S3 bucket using java and AWS java SDK.

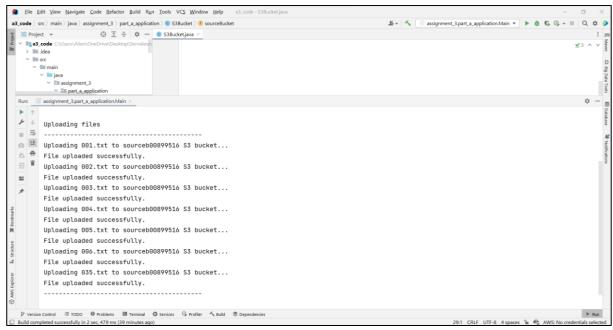


Figure 5: All the files from the tech older has been uploaded to the "sourceb00899516" Amazon S3 bucket

Figure 6 shows the "sourceb00899516" Amazon S3 bucket console where all the files from the tech folder have been uploaded successfully.

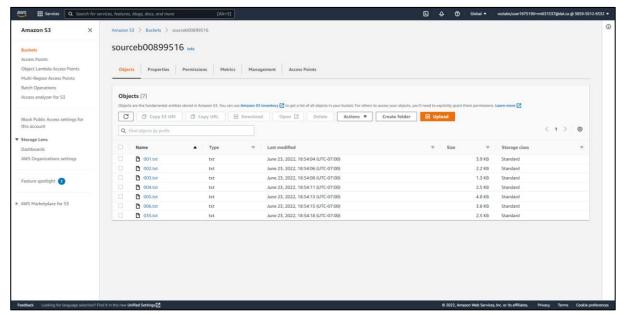


Figure 6: "sourceb00899516" Amazon S3 bucket console where all the files from the tech folder have been uploaded successfully

C. If a file is available on the 1st bucket, then it triggers **extractFeatures** Lambda function, which is the 1st lambda function.

Creation Of Lambda Function

Figure 7 is responsible for the showing the creation "**extractFeatures**" lambda function and its configuration

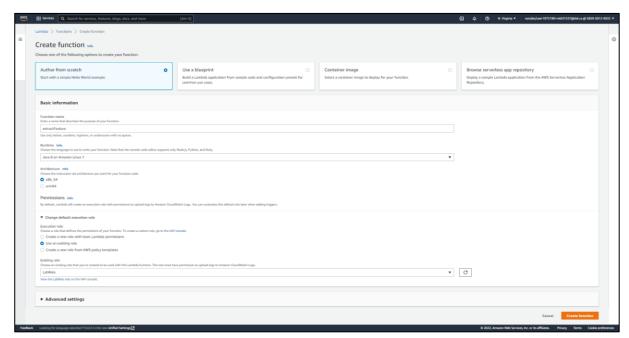


Figure 7: Creation of "extractFeatures" lambda Function

Figure 8 shows the successfully created lambda function on Amazon Lambda named as "extractFeatures"

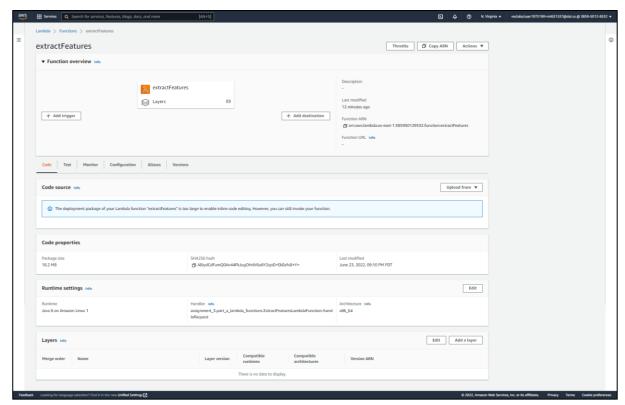


Figure 8: Successfully created lambda Function "extractFeatures"

Figure 9 shows the creation of trigger for "**sourceb0899516**" S3 bucket, and it will be triggered when object is uploaded to the "**sourceb00899516**"

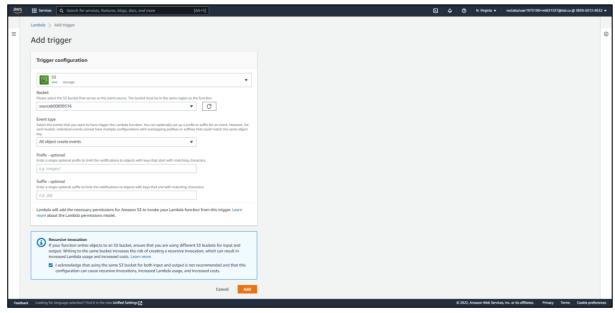


Figure 9: Creation of trigger for "sourceb0899516" S3 bucket

Figure 10 shows the successful creation of trigger for "sourceb00899516" S3 bucket.

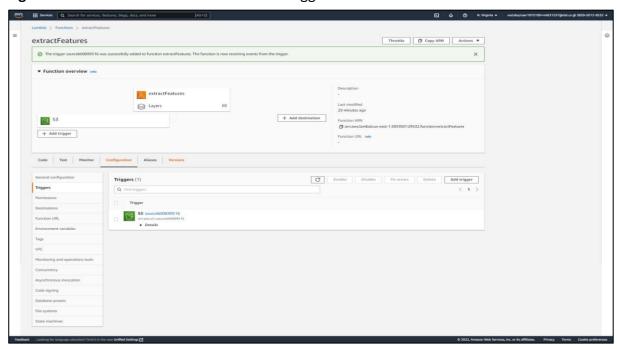


Figure 10: Successful creation of trigger for "sourceb00899516" S3 bucket

Figure 11 is shows that when object is uploaded to the "sourceb00899516" Amazon S3 bucket. Lambda function "extractFeatures" will trigger. The below figure shows the logs from CloudWatch.

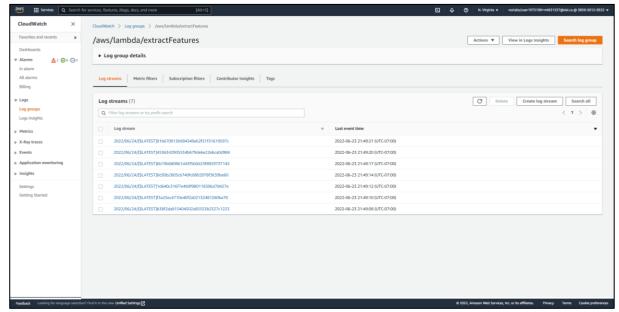


Figure 11: Logs of Triggered "extractFeatures" lambda function

Figure 12 shows logs in detail.

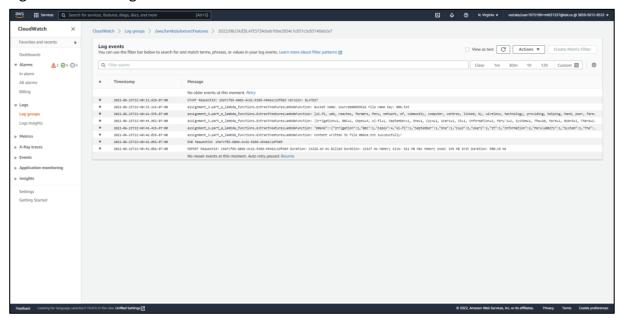


Figure 12: Logs in details

D. This lambda function extracts the Named entities from the file and creates a JSON array of named entities* for that file.

Figure 13 is responsible for showing the extracted list of entities from the the file content which are uploaded on "sourceb00899516"

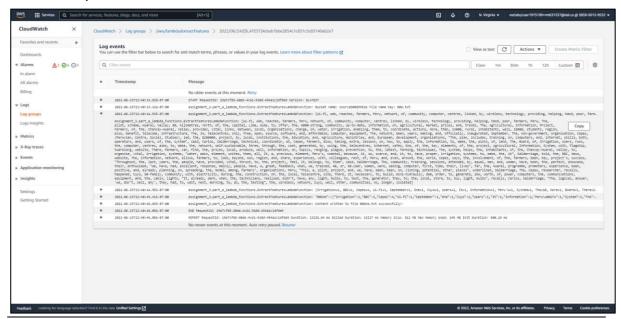


Figure 13: Entities list extracted from file conrtent

Figure 14 is responsible for displaying the json array for named entities on cloud watch. The named entities were filtered out from the list of entities. Apart from that the stop words were also removed.



Figure 14: Json array of named entity without the sto words

Figure 15 shows the log for the creation of new file in "tagsb00899516" Amazon S3 bucket which is txt file and the content in that file is in JSON format

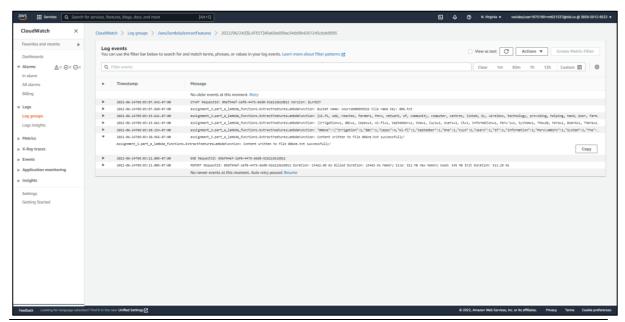


Figure 15: Logs for the creation new file in "tagsb00899516" Amazon S3 bucket

E. E.g. 001.txt contains Asia, Soviet, Serbia etc., then the JSON array created by the function should be "001ne": {"Asia":1, "Soviet":1....etc.}.

Figure 16 and 17 is responsible for showing the file content which is in json format of the uploaded file on the "tagsb00899516" Amazon S3 bucket

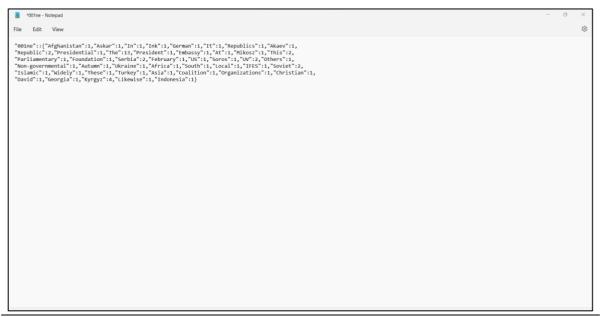


Figure 16:JSON array of Named Entities



Figure 17: JSON array of Named Entities

F. This file will be saved as **001ne.txt** in a new bucket - TagsB00xxxxxx.

Figure 18 is responsible for displaying all the files that are uploaded to the "tagsb00899516" Amazon S3 bucket.

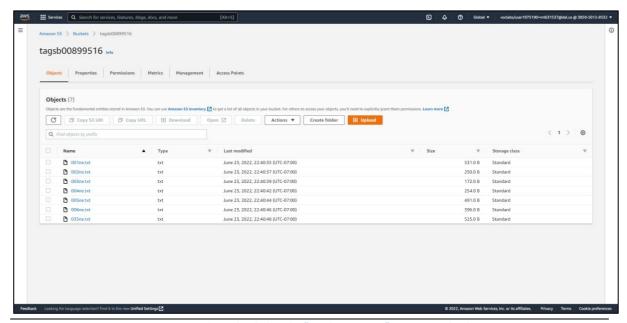


Figure 18: Files uploaded to the "tagsb00899516" Amazon S3 bucket

G. Once the file is available on this 2nd bucket, then **accessDB** Lambda function will automatically be triggered.

Creation Of Lambda Function ("accessDB")

Figure 19 is responsible for the showing the creation "accessDB" lambda function and its configuration

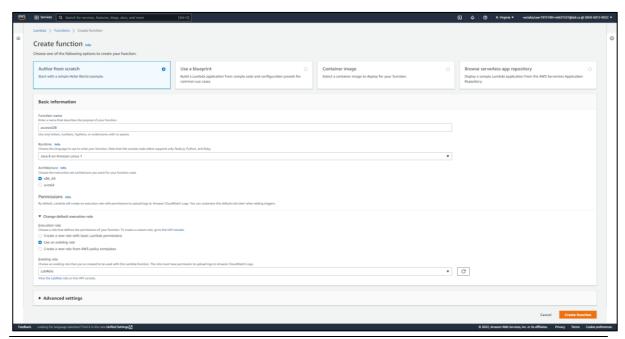


Figure 19: Creation "accessDB" lambda function and its configuration

Figure 20 shows the successfully created lambda function on Amazon Lambda named as "accessDB"

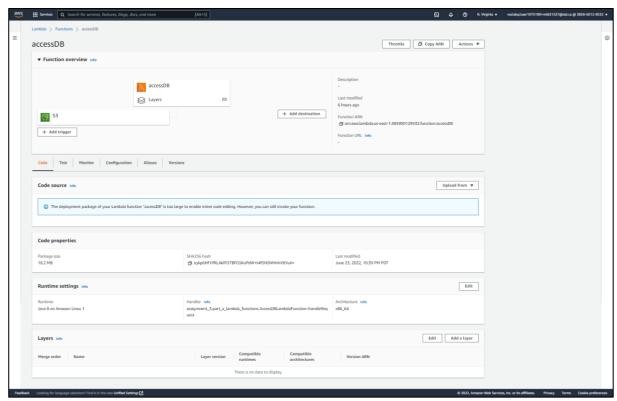


Figure 20: Successful creation of Lambda Function "accessDB"

Figure 21 shows the creation of trigger for "tagsb00899516" Amazon S3 bucket, and it will be triggered when object is uploaded to the "tagsb00899516"

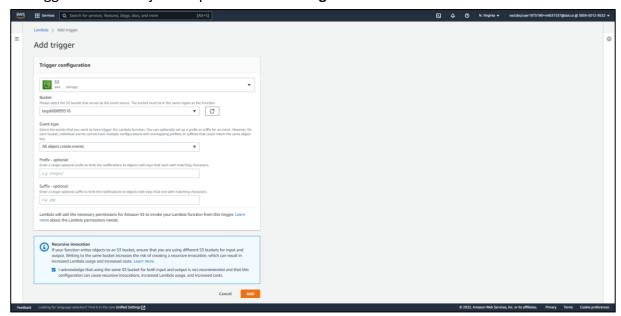


Figure 21: Creation of trigger for "tagsb00899516" Amazon S3 bucket

Figure 22 shows the successful creation of trigger for "tagsb00899516" S3 bucket.

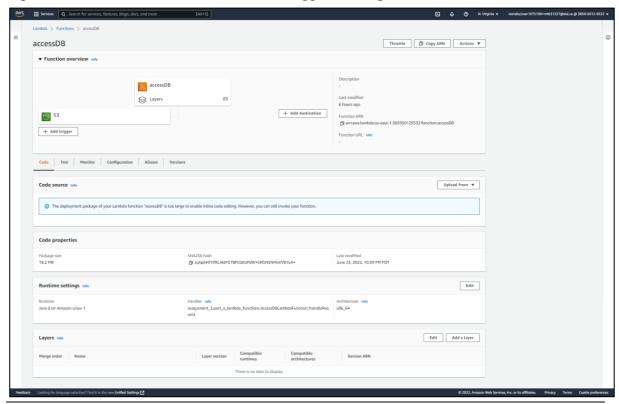


Figure 22: Successful creation of trigger for "tagsb00899516" S3 bucket.

Figure 23 is shows that when object is uploaded to the "tagsb00899516" Amazon S3 bucket. Lambda function "accessDB" will trigger. The below figure shows the logs from CloudWatch.

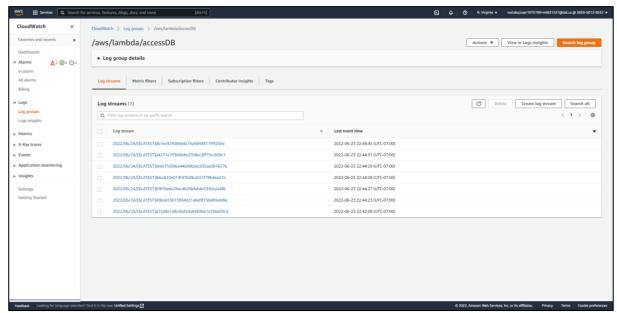


Figure 23: Logs for the accessDb lambda function

Figure 24 shows logs for accessDB in detail.

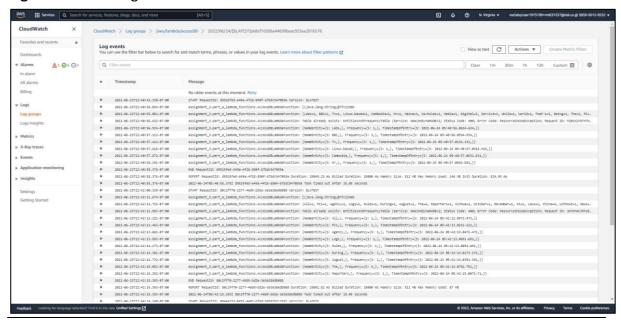


Figure 24: Logs in detail

H. accessDB is your 2nd Lambda function. This Lambda function reads each named entity JSON file and updates the DynamoDb database table (three entries/array - NameEntity, Frequency, TimeStamp of Entry).

Figure 25 and 26 shows the table entry in the **Amazon DynamoDB** when the lambda function **accessDB** triggered. The name of the table entry is "**EntitiesAndFrequencyTable**"

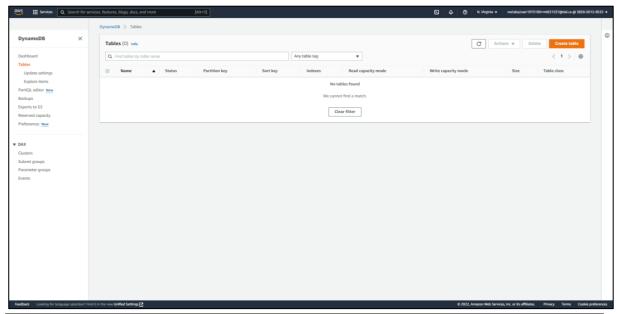


Figure 25: Empty DynamoDB database

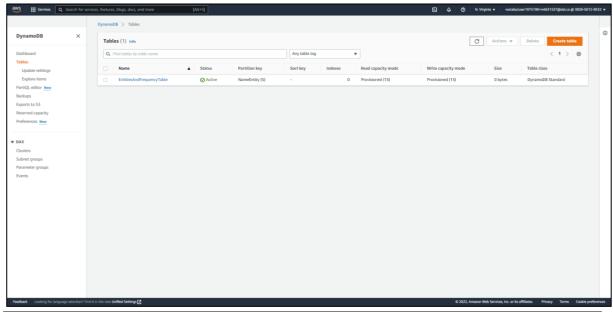


Figure 26: Table entry in the DynamoDB database

Figure 27 shows the "**EntitiesAndFrequencyTable**" with attributes NameEntity, Frequency, and TimestampOfEntry

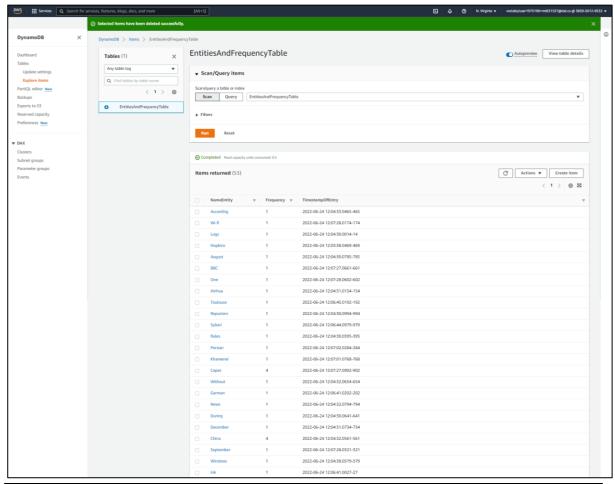


Figure 27: "EntitiesAndFrequencyTable" with attributes NameEntity, Frequency,

Program/Scripts

Part A Serverless Application

AWS Connection.java

```
public class AWSConnection {
    private static final String AWS ACCESS KEY ID =
"ASIAVTXDLTV6KQROAMCN";
   private static final String AWS SECRET ACCESS KEY =
"CZFd7kNhFHhElIzb5zdAqe9jizBl5S0bNn/I380A";
   private static final String AWS SESSION TOKEN =
"FwoGZXIvYXdzEIX///////wEaDO7rUh9qgArwGtlLbSLAATsjzoWPaBNNi" +
"GSOEhr9b9Xjr+P1CMf6ItDGY3643cUh9oeyJ/FkN3WoqjxkCCczAbrc6Y90F9ka3tBmB3a9jm
/rHO" +
"7fCCzAmESniUELZqaxLNOM2U9lhDmS9k3sF1K0VPlnjFvJVMZT3apEgxGOZnCJD7DA80uk4TF
4Ft" +
"TUYeYhpVb3kS9B1nb7csUjvh26JHoN33pUcvil/KPEvuOEe+cIhJMFZ/wjRnxMZX1+Dnmzjuk
"n8b4HN9dgyYv+YxGyiuvtaVBjItamLu54vhiqtEKR6ABboTl8JfRSDuD1mjbrfJWYBNewNkWJ
12" +
            "gphFztYVxmJf";
    public AmazonS3 createAmazonS3ClientBuilder() {
        BasicSessionCredentials basicSessionCredentials = new
BasicSessionCredentials(AWS_ACCESS_KEY_ID, AWS_SECRET_ACCESS_KEY,
AWS SESSION TOKEN);
        AmazonS3 amazonS3object = AmazonS3ClientBuilder.standard()
                .withCredentials(new
AWSStaticCredentialsProvider(basicSessionCredentials))
                .withRegion(Regions.US EAST 1)
                .build();
        return amazonS3object;
    }
}
```

S3 Bucket.java

```
public class S3Bucket {
    Bucket sourceBucket;
    Bucket tagsBucket;
    public S3Bucket() {
   public boolean isBucketExists(String bucketName, AmazonS3
amazonS3ClientBuilder) {
        List<Bucket> bucketList = amazonS3ClientBuilder.listBuckets();
        for (Bucket bucket: bucketList) {
            if (bucket.getName().equals(bucketName)) {
                return true;
        return false;
    }
    public Bucket createBucket(String bucketName) {
        AWSConnection awsConnection = new AWSConnection();
        if (isBucketExists(bucketName,
awsConnection.createAmazonS3ClientBuilder())){
            System.out.println("Bucket "+bucketName+ " already
exists....");
       }else {
            try {
                System.out.println("Creating bucket with name " +
bucketName + "...");
               Bucket bucket =
awsConnection.createAmazonS3ClientBuilder().createBucket(bucketName);
                System.out.println("Bucket with name "+bucketName+ " is
created successfully");
                System.out.println("-----
");
               return bucket;
           }catch (AmazonS3Exception e) {
                System.err.println(e.getErrorMessage());
            }
        return null;
    public void createbucketWithName() {
        AWSConnection awsConnection = new AWSConnection();
        try{
            final String bucketName1 = "sourceb00899516";
            final String bucketName2 = "tagsb00899516";
            if (awsConnection.createAmazonS3ClientBuilder() != null) {
                sourceBucket = createBucket(bucketName1);
                tagsBucket = createBucket(bucketName2);
        }catch (Exception e) {
           e.printStackTrace();
        }
    }
}
```

UploadFile.java

```
public class UploadFile {
   AWSConnection awsConnection = new AWSConnection();
    S3Bucket s3Bucket = new S3Bucket();
   public void uploadSingleFile(String bucketName, File file) {
       final String fileName = file.getName();
       System.out.println("Uploading "+fileName+" to "+ bucketName +" S3
bucket...");
       try {
awsConnection.createAmazonS3ClientBuilder().putObject(bucketName,
fileName, file);
           System.out.println("File uploaded successfully.");
       } catch (final AmazonServiceException e) {
           e.printStackTrace();
    }
    public void uploadFiles(String folderName) {
       final File[] allFiles = new File(folderName).listFiles();
       if (allFiles != null) {
           System.out.println("\n");
           System.out.println("Uploading files");
           System.out.println("-----
");
           for (final File file : allFiles) {
               uploadSingleFile("sourceb00899516", file);
               try {
                   Thread.sleep(200);
               } catch (final InterruptedException e) {
                   e.printStackTrace();
           System.out.println("-----
");
       } else {
           System.out.println("File upload Failed");
}
```

Main.java

```
public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        S3Bucket s3Bucket = new S3Bucket();
        s3Bucket.createbucketWithName();
        UploadFile uploadFile = new UploadFile();
        uploadFile.uploadFiles("tech");
    }
}
```

Part A lambda Function

extractFeatures Lambda Function

```
public class ExtractFeaturesLambdaFunction implements RequestHandler<S3Event, String> {
          final static String LOG
"assignment 3.part a lambda functions.ExtractFeaturesLambdaFunction";
         public ExtractFeaturesLambdaFunction() throws IOException {
         @Override
         public String handleRequest(final S3Event s3Event,
                                                                                final Context context) {
                   String bucketName = null;
                   String fileNameKey = null;
                   String fileNameEnding= "ne \":";
                   String fileExtention = "ne" + ".txt";
                             // Source Link: https://www.techie-knowledge.co.in/2017/02/removing-stop-words-
from-text-using-java.html
                           String[] stopWords = { "a", "about", "above", "across", "after", "again",
    "against", "all", "almost", "alone", "along", "already", "also",
    "although", "always", "among", "an", "and", "another", "any",
    "anybody", "anyone", "anything", "anywhere", "are", "area",
    "areas", "around", "as", "ask", "asked", "asking", "asks", "at",
    "away", "b", "back", "backed", "backing", "backs", "be", "became",
    "backs", "back", "backs", "backs", "be", "became",
                                                  "behind", "being", "beings", "best", "better", "between", "big",
                                                 "benind", "beings", "best", "better", "between", "big",
"both", "but", "by", "c", "f", "face", "faces",
"fact", "facts", "far", "felt", "few", "find", "finds", "first",
"for", "four", "from", "full", "fully", "further", "furthered",
"furthering", "furthers", "g", "gave", "general", "generally",
"get", "gets", "give", "given", "gives", "go", "going", "good",
                                                  "goods", "got", "great", "greater", "greatest", "group", "grouped",
                                                 "grouping", "groups", "h", "had", "has", "have", "having", "her", "here", "herself", "high", "high", "higher",
                                                  "highest", "him", "himself", "his", "how", "however", "i",
                                                 "important", "in", "interest", "interested", "interesting",
"interests", "into", "is", "it", "its", "itself", "j", "just", "k",
"keep", "keeps", "kind", "knew", "know", "known", "knows", "l",
                                                  "large", "largely", "last", "later", "latest", "least", "less"
                                                 "let", "lets", "like", "likely", "long", "longer", "longest", "m"
"made", "make", "making", "man", "many", "may", "me", "member",
"members", "men", "might", "more", "most", "mostly", "mr", "mrs",
                                                 "much", "must", "my", "myself", "n", "necessary", "need", "needed", "needing", "needs", "never", "new", "new", "newer", "newest",
                                                 "needing", "needs", "never", "new", "new", "newer", "newest",
"next", "no", "nobody", "non", "noone", "not", "nothing", "now",
"nowhere", "number", "numbers", "o", "off", "off", "often", "old",
"older", "oldest", "on", "once", "one", "only", "open", "opened",
"opening", "opens", "or", "order", "ordered", "ordering", "orders",
"other", "others", "our", "out", "over", "p", "part", "parted",
"parting", "parts", "per", "perhaps", "place", "places", "point",
                                                  "pointed", "pointing", "points", "possible", "present",
                                                 "presented", "presenting", "presents", "problem", "problems", "put", "puts", "q", "quite", "r", "rather", "really", "right",
                                                 "right", "rooms", "say", "said", "same", "saw", "say",
"says", "second", "seconds", "see", "seem", "seemed", "seeming",
"seems", "sees", "several", "shall", "she", "should", "show",
"showed", "showing", "shows", "side", "sides", "since", "small",
"smaller", "smallest", "so", "some", "somebody", "someone",
                                                 "something", "somewhere", "state", "states", "still", "still", "such", "sure", "t", "take", "taken", "than", "that", "the",
                                                 "their", "them", "then", "there", "therefore", "these", "they", "thing", "things", "think", "thinks", "this", "those", "though", "thought", "thoughts", "three", "through", "thus", "to", "today", "together", "too", "took", "toward", "turn", "turned", "turning", "turns", "two", "u", "under", "until", "up", "upon", "us", "use", "used", "uses", "v", "very", "w", "want", "wanted", "wanting",
                                                "used", "uses", "v", "very", "w", "want", "wanted", "wanting",
"wants", "way", "ways", "we", "well", "wells", "went",
"were", "what", "when", "where", "whether", "which", "while",
"who", "whole", "whose", "why", "will", "with", "within",
"without", "work", "worked", "working", "works", "would", "x", "y",
"year", "years", "yet", "you", "young", "younger", "youngest",
"your", "yours", "z", "the" };
```

```
Map<String, Integer> entities = new HashMap<>();
                        bucketName = s3Event.getRecords().get(0).getS3().getBucket().getName();
                         fileNameKev =
URLDecoder.decode(s3Event.getRecords().get(0).getS3().getObject().getKey().replace('+', ' '),
"UTF-8");
                         context.getLogger().log(LOG + ": BucketName: " + bucketName + " FileName key: " +
fileNameKev);
                        String fileContent =
AmazonS3ClientBuilder.standard().withRegion(Regions.US EAST 1).build().getObjectAsString(buck
etName, fileNameKey);
                         String[] listOfWords = fileContent
                                         .replaceAll("\\.", "
.replaceAll(",", "")
                                         .replaceAll("\\s+(.*?)", " ")
                                          .split(" ");
                         ArrayList<String> listOfWordsWithoutStopwords = new ArrayList<>();
                         for (int i=0; i< listOfWords.length; i++) {</pre>
                                 for (int j=0; j<stopWords.length; j++) {</pre>
                                         if (listOfWords[i].equalsIgnoreCase(stopWords[j])){
                                                 i++;
                                         } else {
                                                 j++;
                                 listOfWordsWithoutStopwords.add(listOfWords[i]);
                         context.getLogger().log(LOG + ": " + listOfWordsWithoutStopwords);
                         getWordFrequency(entities, listOfWordsWithoutStopwords);
                        context.getLogger().log(LOG + ": " + entities);
                         String fileName = "\"" + fileNameKey.split("\\.")[0] + fileNameEnding;
                         Gson gsonObj = new Gson();
                        String jsonStr = fileName + gsonObj.toJson(entities);
                         context.getLogger().log(LOG + ": " + jsonStr);
                         String newFileName = fileNameKey.split("\\.")[0] + fileExtention;
A mazon S3Client Builder. standard (). with Region (Regions. {\it US\_EAST\_1}). build (). put Object ("tagsb008995") and the standard (). with Region (Regions. {\it US\_EAST\_1}). build (). put Object ("tagsb008995") and the standard (). The standar
16", newFileName, jsonStr);
                        \verb|context.getLogger().log(|LOG| + ":" + "Content written to file" + newFileName + "|
successfully!");
                        return "correct";
                } catch (UnsupportedEncodingException e) {
                        \verb|context.getLogger().log(LOG + ": " + e.getMessage());|\\
                         return "error";
       private void getWordFrequency(Map<String, Integer> entities, ArrayList<String>
listOfWords) {
                for (String word : listOfWords) {
                        if (Character.isUpperCase(word.charAt(0))) {
                                 if (entities.containsKey(word)) {
                                         entities.put(word, entities.get(word) + 1);
                                         entities.put(word, 1);
                        }
               }
        }
```

accessDB lambda Function

```
public class AccessDBLambdaFunction implements RequestHandler<S3Event, String> {
   String LOG = "assignment 3.part a lambda functions.AccessDBLambdaFunction";
   public String handleRequest(S3Event s3Event, Context context) {
        String bucketName = null;
        String fileNameKey = null;
        String ENTITIES AND FREQUENCY TABLE = "EntitiesAndFrequencyTable";
        String NAME ENTITY COLUMN = "NameEntity";
        String FREQUENCY COLUMN = "Frequency";
        String TIMESTAMP OF ENTRY = "TimestampOfEntry";
        Map<String, Integer> entityAndFrequencyMap = new HashMap<>();
        try {
            bucketName = s3Event.getRecords().get(0).getS3().getBucket().getName();
            fileNameKev =
URLDecoder.decode(s3Event.getRecords().get(0).getS3().getObject().getKey().replace('+', ' '),
"UTF-8"):
            String fileContent =
AmazonS3ClientBuilder.standard().withRegion(Regions.US EAST 1).build().getObjectAsString(buck
etName, fileNameKey);
            String[] entities = fileContent.split("\\{")[1].replaceAll("\}", "").split(",");
            context.getLogger().log(LOG + ": " + entities);
            for (String entity : entities) {
                String entityName = entity.split(":")[0].replaceAll("\"",
"").replaceAll("\\\u0027", "'");
                Integer entityFrequency = Integer.parseInt(entity.split(":")[1]);
                entityAndFrequencyMap.put(entityName, entityFrequency);
            context.getLogger().log(LOG + ": " + entityAndFrequencyMap);
            try {
                final CreateTableResult createTableResult = AmazonDynamoDBClientBuilder
                        .standard().withRegion(Regions.US EAST 1)
                        .build().createTable(new CreateTableRequest()
                        .withAttributeDefinitions(new AttributeDefinition(NAME_ENTITY_COLUMN,
ScalarAttributeType.S))
                        .withKeySchema(new KeySchemaElement(NAME ENTITY COLUMN,
KevTvpe.HASH))
                        .withProvisionedThroughput(new ProvisionedThroughput(15L, 15L))
                        .withTableName(ENTITIES AND FREQUENCY TABLE));
            } catch (AmazonServiceException e) {
                context.getLogger().log(LOG + ": " + e.getMessage());
            }
            for (Map.Entry<String, Integer> entity : entityAndFrequencyMap.entrySet()) {
                Map<String, AttributeValue> columnItem = new HashMap<>();
                columnItem.put(NAME ENTITY COLUMN, new AttributeValue(entity.getKey()));
                columnItem.put(FREQUENCY COLUMN, new
AttributeValue(String.valueOf(entity.getValue())));
                columnItem.put(TIMESTAMP OF ENTRY, new AttributeValue(new
SimpleDateFormat("yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm:ss.SSSS-SS")
                        .format(new Date()));
                AmazonDynamoDBClientBuilder
                        .standard().withRegion(Regions.US EAST 1)
                        .build().putItem(ENTITIES AND FREQUENCY TABLE, columnItem);
                context.getLogger().log(LOG + ": " + columnItem);
            return "correct";
        } catch (UnsupportedEncodingException e) {
            return "error";
    }
```

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