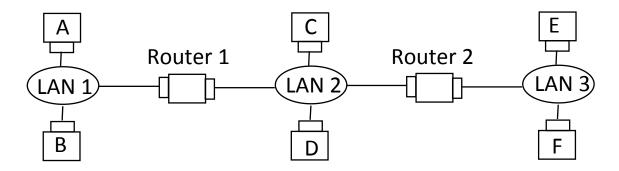
## Homework 2

Network Architecture I, Spring 2016 Due: paper submission, March 8th 2:30 pm (paper submission in class and electronic submission on Bb)

- 1. In CSMA/CD, after the fifth collision, what is the probability that a node choose K=10? The result K=10 corresponds to a delay of how many seconds on a 10 Mbps Ethernet?
- 2. Consider three LANs interconnected by two routers, as shown in the diagram below.



- (a) Assign IP addresses to all the interfaces. For subnet 1 use address of the form 111.111.111.xxx; for subnet 2 use address of the form 122.222.222.xxx; and for subnet 3 use addresses of the form 133.133.133.xxx.
- (b) (randomly) Assign MAC addresses to all the adapters.
- (c) Consider sending and IP datagram from Host A to Host F. Suppose all of the ARP tables are up to date. Enumerate all the steps as done for the single-router example.
- (d) Repeat (c), now assuming that the ARP table in the sending host is empty (and the other tables are up to date).
- 3. Suppose a CSMA/CD network is running 100 Mbps over a 1-km cable with no repeaters. The signal speed in the cable is 200,000km/sec.
  - (a) Compute the following:
    - a. End-to-end propagation delay.
    - b. Worst-case (i.e., the longest) collision detection time.
    - c. Minimum frame size. (Hint: the frame size should be big enough to be transmitted during the full worst case collision detection time)
  - (b) Suppose we increase the bandwidth from 100 Mbps to 1 Gbps, how does it affect the above three values?

## **Laboratory Homework**

Laboratory Homework Part 1: using ipconfig(Windows) or ifconfig (Unix/Linux) ipconfig is a command line tool used to control the network connections on Windows machines. The Linux/Unix equivalent of ipconfig is ifconfig. For more detail, refer http://www.ss64.com/nt/ipconfig.html.

Answer to the following questions after trying various options.

- 1. What are the Physical and IP addresses of the host?
- 2. How many bits are for the subnet mask? What is the subnet (not subnet mask) of the host?

## Laboratory Homework Part 2: arp

- 3. Try 'arp' command in order to
- (a) show the current ARP table of an interface of your host
- (b) delete all current entries of the ARP table of an interface of your host
- (c) show the ARP table again after a web browsing
- (d) show the ARP table again after a few minutes of no network activity