

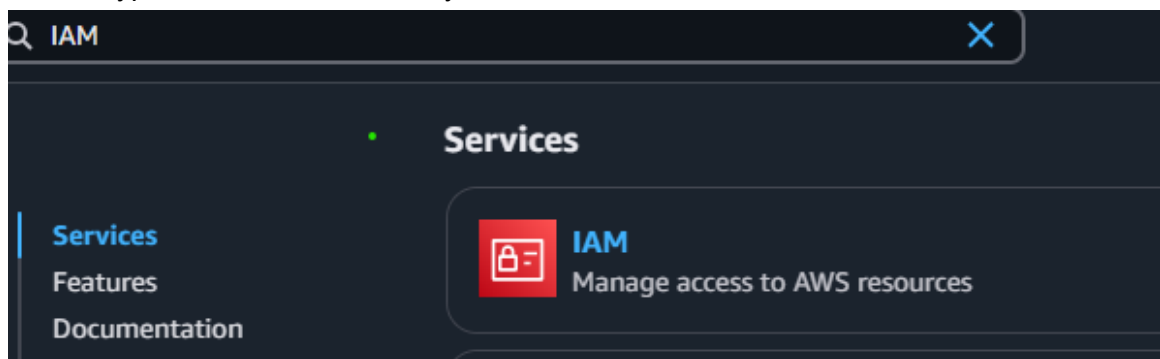
By **Steeve Johan MEFIRE**

In this project we're going to set up the foundation of CI/CD pipeline by creating a web app from scratch. We'll need to launch an EC2 instance and connect to the instance using VScode to generate a web app inside.

## STEP 2# : CREATE AWS IAM AND USER

We need to create an IAM, user to keep you safe when working on AWS about permission to get or do something in your account.

- Type **IAM** in search bar of your AWS console and on the first one



- in left-hand of IAM dashboard click on **user** to create new user

### Specify user details

**User details**

**User name**

DevOps-IAM

The user name can have up to 64 characters. Valid characters: A-Z, a-z, 0-9, and + = , . @ \_ - (hyphen)

☒ Provide user access to the AWS Management Console - *optional*

In addition to console access, users with `SignInLocalDevelopmentAccess` permissions can use the same console credentials for programmatic access without the need for access keys.

**Console password**

☐ Autogenerated password

You can view the password after you create the user.

☒ Custom password

Enter a custom password for the user.

\*\*\*\*\*

- Must be at least 8 characters long
- Must include at least three of the following mix of character types: uppercase letters (A-Z), lowercase letters (a-z), numbers (0-9), and symbols ! @ # \$ % ^ & \* ( ) \_ + - (hyphen) = [ ] { } |

☐ Show password

☐ Users must create a new password at next sign-in - Recommended

Users automatically get the `IAMUserChangePassword` policy to allow them to change their own password.

Then click on **next**.

## Set permissions

Add user to an existing group or create a new one. Using groups is a best-practice way to manage user's permissions by job functions. [Learn more](#)

### Permissions options

☐ Add user to group

Add user to an existing group, or create a new group. We recommend using groups to manage user permissions by job function.

☐ Copy permissions

Copy all group memberships, attached managed policies, and inline policies from an existing user.

☒ Attach policies directly

Attach a managed policy directly to a user. As a best practice, we recommend attaching policies to a group instead. Then, add the user to the appropriate group.

### Permissions policies (1/1435)

Choose one or more policies to attach to your new user.



[Create policy](#)

Filter by Type			
<input type="text" value="Search"/>		All types	
Policy name	Type	Attached entities	
<input type="checkbox"/> <a href="#">AccessAnalyzerServiceRolePolicy</a>	AWS managed	0	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <a href="#">AdministratorAccess</a>	AWS managed - job function	0	

- choose **Next**, then click on **create user**

### Console sign-in details

[Email sign-in instructions](#)

Console sign-in URL

User name

Console password

[Show](#)

[Cancel](#)

[Download .csv file](#)

[Return to users list](#)

After your IAM user created login with it.

**IAM user sign in** ⓘ

Account ID or alias ([Don't have?](#))

☐ Remember this account

IAM username

Password

☐ Show Password [Having trouble?](#)

**Sign in**

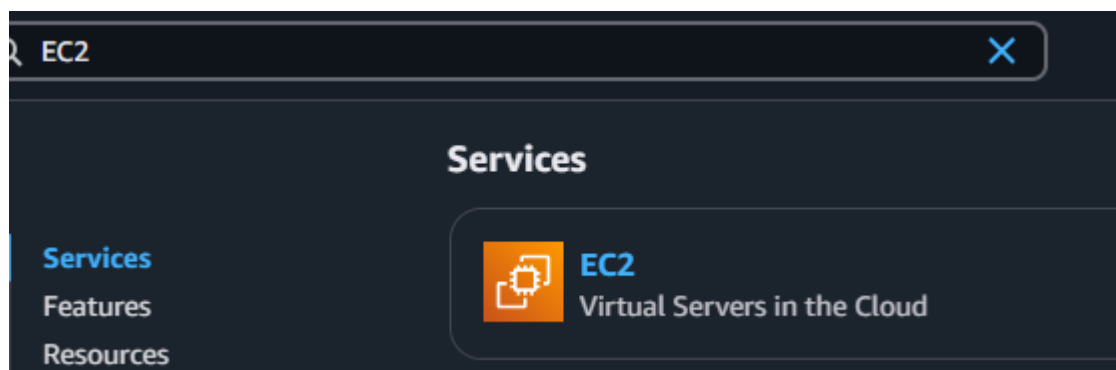
Sign in using root user email

[Create a new AWS account](#)

## STEP #2 : LAUNCH INSTANCE EC2

We want your web to be entirely created and run on the cloud, we'll use the server (EC2 instance) to house our development work.

- Head to Amazon EC2 in your AWS Management Console.




- In your EC2 console, select from right-hand **Launch instance**
- Enter the of your instance

Make sure you **select free tier eligible**

## Quick Start



  
[Browse more AMIs](#)  
Including AMIs from  
AWS, Marketplace and  
the Community

### Amazon Machine Image (AMI)

Amazon Linux 2023 kernel-6.1 AMI  
ami-078abd88811000d7e (64-bit (x86), uefi-preferred) / ami-0387f15c965e9e817 (64-bit (Arm), uefi)  
Virtualization: hvm    ENA enabled: true    Root device type: ebs

Free tier eligible

### ▼ Instance type [Info](#) | [Get advice](#)

#### Instance type

**t3.micro** Free tier eligible  
Family: t3    2 vCPU    1 GiB Memory    Current generation: true  
On-Demand Ubuntu Pro base pricing: 0.0153 USD per Hour    On-Demand SUSE base pricing: 0.0118 USD per Hour  
On-Demand Linux base pricing: 0.0118 USD per Hour    On-Demand Windows base pricing: 0.021 USD per Hour  
On-Demand RHEL base pricing: 0.0406 USD per Hour

☐ All generations

[Compare instance types](#)

[Additional costs apply for AMIs with pre-installed software](#)

On **Key pair**, select **create new key pair**

a Key pair is using to secure access to your EC2 instance

### Create key pair

Key pair name

Key pairs allow you to connect to your instance securely.

dmz-keypair

The name can include up to 255 ASCII characters. It can't include leading or trailing spaces.

Key pair type


☒ RSA  
RSA encrypted private and public key pair

☐ ED25519  
ED25519 encrypted private and public key pair

Private key file format

☒ .pem  
For use with OpenSSH

☐ .ppk  
For use with PuTTY

 When prompted, store the private key in a secure and accessible location on your computer. **You will need it later to connect to your instance.** [Learn more](#)

Cancel

Create key pair

For **Allow SSH traffic from**, select the dropdown and choose **My IP**. This makes sure only you can access your EC2 instance.

### Firewall (security groups) | [Info](#)

A security group is a set of firewall rules that control the traffic for your instance. Add rules to allow specific traffic to reach your instance

☒ Create security group

☐ Select existing security group

We'll create a new security group called '**launch-wizard-3**' with the following rules:

☒ Allow SSH traffic from

Helps you connect to your instance

My IP

104.28.211.189/32

☐ Allow HTTPS traffic from the internet

To set up an endpoint, for example when creating a web server

☐ Allow HTTP traffic from the internet

To set up an endpoint, for example when creating a web server

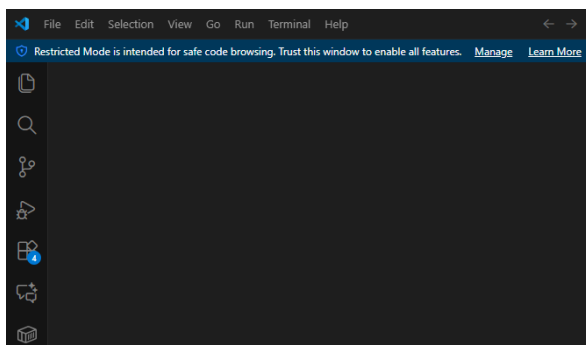
After that, click on launch instance to end.

✓ **Success**  
Successfully initiated launch of instance ([i-094545a9e2cd12daa](#))

### STEP 3# : INSTALL VS CODE

We'll use Visual Studio Code (VS Code) to connect with your instance, so you can create and edit your web app's code.

- Download and install VS code on your computer



**Click on Terminal and choose a new terminal and enter the access path where you have saved your keypair to give permission to users.**



## STEP 5 # : INSTALL APACHE MAVEN AND AMAZON CORRETTO 8

Apache Maven is a tool that helps developers build and organize Java software projects. It's also a package manager, which means it automatically download any external pieces of code your project depends on to work.

Install Apache Maven using the commands below:

- **wget**  
**<https://archive.apache.org/dist/maven/maven-3/3.5.2/binaries/apache-maven-3.5.2-bin.tar.gz>**
- **sudo tar -xzf apache-maven-3.5.2-bin.tar.gz -C /opt**
- **echo "export PATH=/opt/apache-maven-3.5.2/bin:\$PATH" >> ~/.bashrc**
- **source ~/.bashrc**

```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-37-193 ~]$ wget https://archive.apache.org/dist/maven/maven-3/3.5.2/binaries/apache-maven-3.5.2-bin.tar.gz
sudo tar -xzf apache-maven-3.5.2-bin.tar.gz -C /opt
echo "export PATH=/opt/apache-maven-3.5.2/bin:$PATH" >> ~/.bashrc
source ~/.bashrc
--2025-12-12 06:55:31-- https://archive.apache.org/dist/maven/maven-3/3.5.2/binaries/apache-maven-3.5.2-bin.tar.gz
Resolving archive.apache.org (archive.apache.org)... 65.108.204.189, 2a01:4f9:1a:a084::2
```

Now we're going to install Java 8, or more specifically, Amazon Correto 8.

Run these commands:

- **sudo dnf install -y java-1.8.0-amazon-corretto-devel**
- **export JAVA\_HOME=/usr/lib/jvm/java-1.8.0-amazon-corretto.x86\_64**
- **export PATH=/usr/lib/jvm/java-1.8.0-amazon-corretto.x86\_64/jre/bin/:\$PATH**

```
Complete!
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-37-193 ~]$ Connection to ec2-13-39-83-113.eu-west-3.compute.amazonaws.com closed by remote host.
Connection to ec2-13-39-83-113.eu-west-3.compute.amazonaws.com closed.
PS C:\Users\admin>
```

To verify that Maven is installed correctly, type **maven -v**

```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-37-193 ~]$ mvn -v
Apache Maven 3.5.2 (138edd61fd100ec658bfa2d307c43b76940a5d7d; 2017-10-18T07:58:13Z)
Maven home: /opt/apache-maven-3.5.2
Java version: 1.8.0_472, vendor: Amazon.com Inc.
Java home: /usr/lib/jvm/java-1.8.0-amazon-corretto.x86_64/jre
Default locale: en, platform encoding: UTF-8
OS name: "linux", version: "6.1.158-180.294.amzn2023.x86_64", arch: "amd64", family: "unix"
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-37-193 ~]$ Connection to ec2-13-39-83-113.eu-west-3.compute.amazonaws.com closed by remote host
Connection to ec2-13-39-83-113.eu-west-3.compute.amazonaws.com closed.
PS C:\Users\admin>
```

## STEP #6 : CREATE A WEB APP

We've assembled both Maven and Java into our EC2 instance. Now let's cut straight to generating the web app!

Run this code :

```
mvn archetype:generate \
```

```
-DgroupId=com.nextwork.app \
```

```
-DartifactId=nextwork-web-project \
```

```
-DarchetypeArtifactId=maven-archetype-webapp \
```

```
-DinteractiveMode=false
```

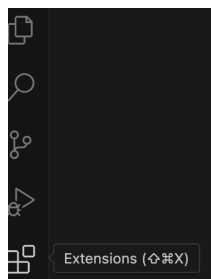
```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-37-193 ~]$ mvn archetype:generate \
-DgroupId=com.nextwork.app \
-DartifactId=nextwork-web-project \
-DarchetypeArtifactId=maven-archetype-webapp \
-DinteractiveMode=false
```

You'll see this message once your application determined

```
[INFO] Parameter: artifactId, Value: nextwork-web-project
[INFO] Parameter: packageName, Value: com.nextwork.app
[INFO] Parameter: version, Value: 1.0-SNAPSHOT
[INFO] project created from Old (1.x) Archetype in dir: /home/ec2-user/nextwork-web-project
[INFO] -----
[INFO] BUILD SUCCESS
[INFO] -----
[INFO] Total time: 15.490 s
[INFO] Finished at: 2025-12-12T08:38:49Z
[INFO] Final Memory: 19M/85M
[INFO] -----
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-37-193 ~]$
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-37-193 ~]$
```

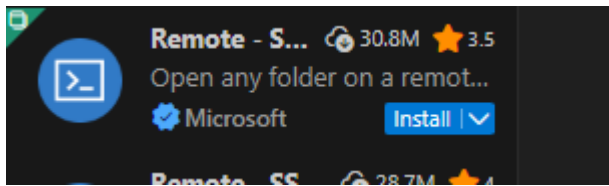
## CONNECT VS CODE WITH OUR EC2 INSTANCE

Click on the Extensions icon at the side of your VS Code window. Then, type **Remote - SSH** in the search

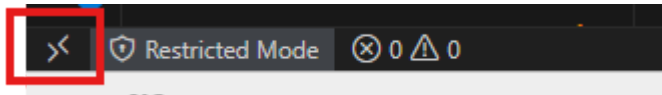


click on **install**, to install extension





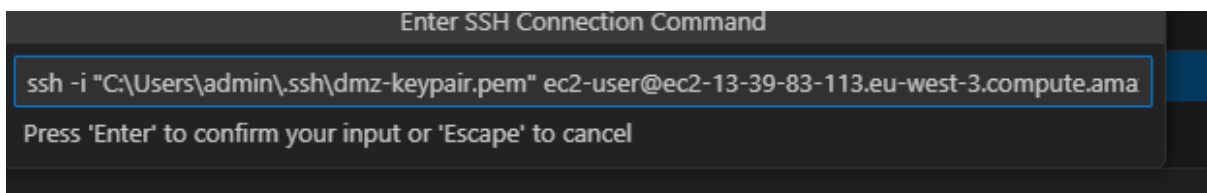
Click on the double arrow icon at the bottom left corner of your VS Code window. This button is a shortcut to use Remote - SSH.



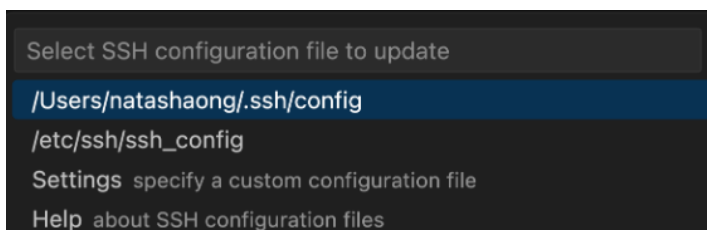
- Select Connect to Host...
- Select + Add New SSH Host...

Enter the SSH command you used to connect to your EC2 instance : in my case was :

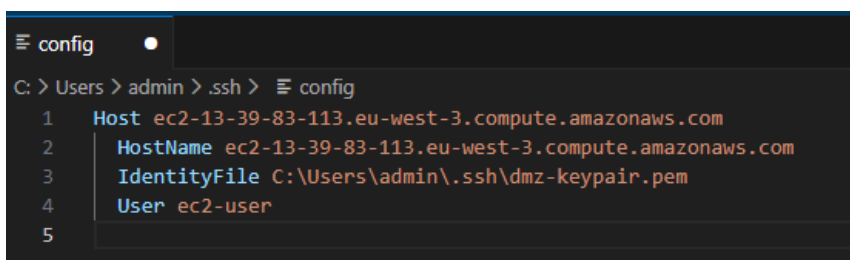
```
ssh -i "C:\Users\admin\.ssh\dmz-keypair.pem"  
ec2-user@ec2-13-39-83-113.eu-west-3.compute.amazonaws.com
```



- Select the configuration file at the top of your window. It should look similar to **/Users//.ssh/config**

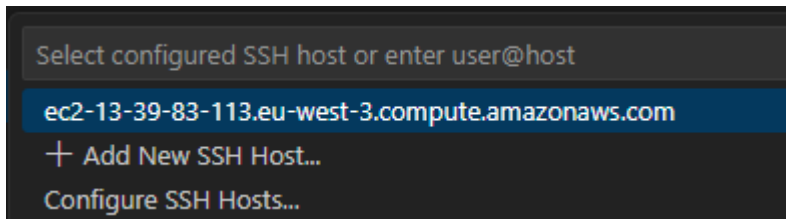


After connection click on pop up show config



- Now you're ready to connect VS Code with your EC2 instance!

- Click on the double arrow button on the bottom left corner and select Connect to Host again.
- You should now see your EC2 instance listed at the top.



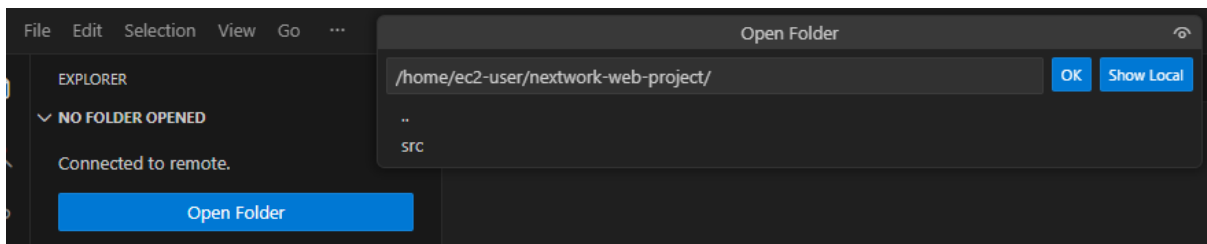
- Select the EC2 instance and off we gooooooooooooo to a new VS Code window
- Check the bottom right hand corner of your new VS Code window - it should show your EC2 instance's IPV4 DNS.

Select Open folder.

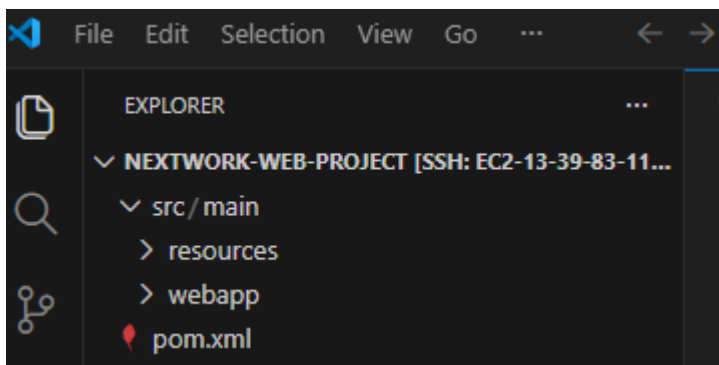
At the top of your VS Code window, you should see a drop down of different file and folder names. Oooooo, this is VS Code asking you which specific file/folder you'd like to open!

Enter /home/ec2-user/nextwork-web-project.

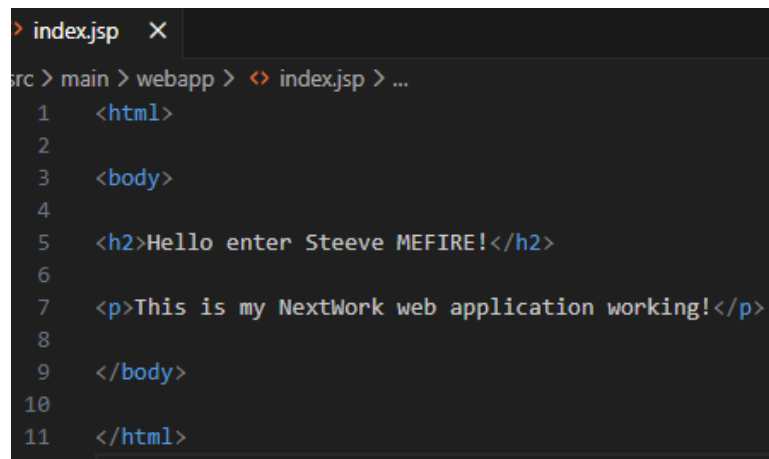
Press OK.



Here we got our web App generate with Maven



Go inside index.jsp and write that code

A screenshot of a Visual Studio Code editor window. The top tab is labeled 'index.jsp' with a close button. The breadcrumb navigation shows the file path: 'src > main > webapp > index.jsp > ...'. The editor contains the following HTML code:

```
1 <html>
2
3 <body>
4
5 <h2>Hello enter Steeve MEFIRE!</h2>
6
7 <p>This is my NextWork web application working!</p>
8
9 </body>
10
11 </html>
```

you've just learnt how to set up a web app on an EC2 instance AND connect it with VS Code, one of the most popular and practical IDEs out there.