

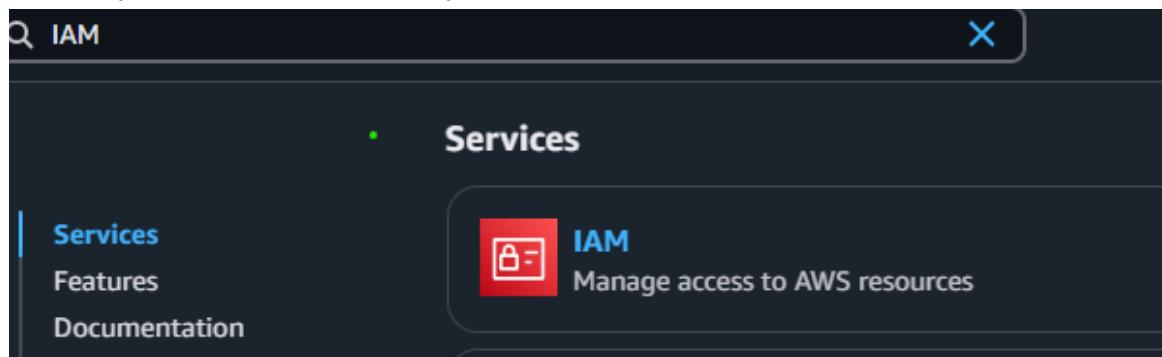
By Steeve Johan MEFIRE

In this project we're going to set up the foundation of CI/CD pipeline by creating a web app from scratch. We'll need to launch an EC2 instance and connect to the instance using VScode to generate a web app inside.

STEP 2# : CREATE AWS IAM AND USER

We need to create an IAM user to keep you safe when working on AWS about permission to get or do something in your account.

- Type **IAM** in search bar of your AWS console and on the first one



- in left-hand of IAM dashboard click on **user** to create new user

Specify user details

The screenshot shows the "Specify user details" form for creating a new IAM user. The "User details" section is expanded, showing:

- User name:** DevOps-IAM
- Provide user access to the AWS Management Console - optional:** A checked checkbox with a note: "In addition to console access, users with SignInLocalDevelopmentAccess permissions can use the same console credentials for programmatic access without the need for access keys."
- Console password:** A radio button selected for "Custom password".
 - Enter a custom password for the user: "*****"
 - Validation notes:
 - Must be at least 8 characters long
 - Must include at least three of the following mix of character types: uppercase letters (A-Z), lowercase letters (a-z), numbers (0-9), and symbols ! @ # \$ % ^ & * () _ + - (hyphen) = [] { }
 - A "Show password" checkbox is available but unchecked.
- Users must create a new password at next sign-in - Recommended:** An unchecked checkbox with a note: "Users automatically get the IAMUserChangePassword policy to allow them to change their own password."

Then click on **next**.

Set permissions

Add user to an existing group or create a new one. Using groups is a best-practice way to manage user's permissions by job functions. [Learn more ↗](#)

Permissions options

Add user to group

Add user to an existing group, or create a new group. We recommend using groups to manage user permissions by job function.

Copy permissions

Copy all group memberships, attached managed policies, and inline policies from an existing user.

Attach policies directly

Attach a managed policy directly to a user. As a best practice, we recommend attaching policies to a group instead. Then, add the user to the appropriate group.

Permissions policies (1/1435)

Choose one or more policies to attach to your new user.

[Create policy ↗](#)

Filter by Type

<input type="text"/> Search	All types	<input type="button"/> Filter
Policy name	Type	Attached entities
<input type="checkbox"/> AccessAnalyzerServiceRolePolicy	AWS managed	0
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> AdministratorAccess	AWS managed - job function	0

- choose **Next**, then click on **create user**

Console sign-in details

Email sign-in instructions ↗

Console sign-in URL
 [Copy](#)

User name
 DevOps-IAM

Console password
 [Show](#)

[Cancel](#) [Download .csv file](#) [Return to users list](#)

After your IAM user created login with it.

IAM user sign in [\(i\)](#)

Account ID or alias ([Don't have?](#))

Remember this account

IAM username

Password

Show Password [Having trouble?](#)

[Sign in](#)

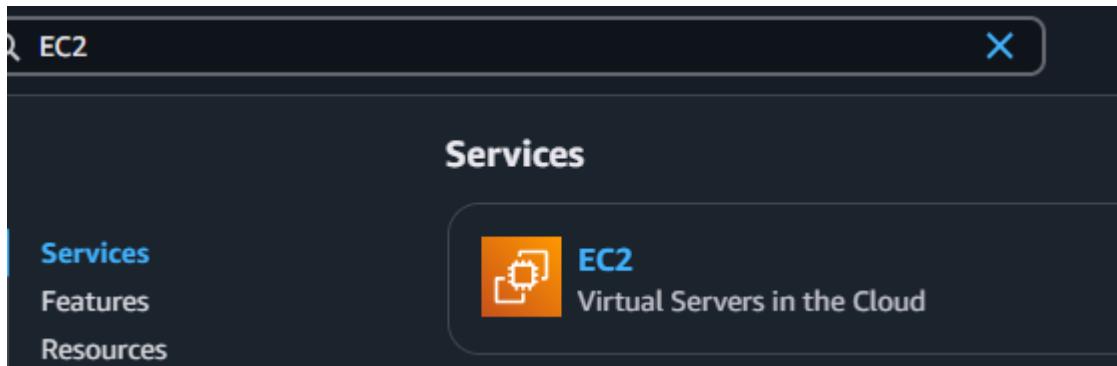
[Sign in using root user email](#)

[Create a new AWS account](#)

STEP #2 : LAUNCH INSTANCE EC2

We want your web to be entirely created and run on the cloud, we'll use the server (EC2 instance) to house our development work.

- Head to Amazon EC2 in your AWS Management Console.



- In your EC2 console, select from right-hand **Launch instance**
- Enter the of your instance

Make sure you **select free tier eligible**

Quick Start



Browse more AMIs

Including AMIs from AWS, Marketplace and the Community

Amazon Machine Image (AMI)

Amazon Linux 2023 kernel-6.1 AMI
ami-078abd88811000d7e (64-bit (x86), uefi-preferred) / ami-0387f15c965e9e817 (64-bit (Arm), uefi)
Virtualization: hvm ENA enabled: true Root device type: ebs

Free tier eligible

▼ Instance type [Info](#) | [Get advice](#)

Instance type

t3.micro

Free tier eligible

Family: t3 2 vCPU 1 GiB Memory Current generation: true
On-Demand Ubuntu Pro base pricing: 0.0153 USD per Hour On-Demand SUSE base pricing: 0.0118 USD per Hour
On-Demand Linux base pricing: 0.0118 USD per Hour On-Demand Windows base pricing: 0.021 USD per Hour
On-Demand RHEL base pricing: 0.0406 USD per Hour

All generations

[Compare instance types](#)

[Additional costs apply for AMIs with pre-installed software](#)

On Key pair, select create new key pair

a Key pair is using to secure access to your EC2 instance

Create key pair



Key pair name

Key pairs allow you to connect to your instance securely.

dmz-keypair

The name can include up to 255 ASCII characters. It can't include leading or trailing spaces.

Key pair type



RSA

RSA encrypted private and public key pair



ED25519

ED25519 encrypted private and public key pair

Private key file format



.pem

For use with OpenSSH



.ppk

For use with PuTTY

⚠️ When prompted, store the private key in a secure and accessible location on your computer. You will need it later to connect to your instance. [Learn more ↗](#)

[Cancel](#)

[Create key pair](#)

For **Allow SSH traffic from**, select the dropdown and choose **My IP**. This makes sure only you can access your EC2 instance.

Firewall (security groups) | [Info](#)
A security group is a set of firewall rules that control the traffic for your instance. Add rules to allow specific traffic to reach your instance

Create security group Select existing security group

We'll create a new security group called '**launch-wizard-3**' with the following rules:

- Allow SSH traffic from
Helps you connect to your instance
- Allow HTTPS traffic from the internet
To set up an endpoint, for example when creating a web server
- Allow HTTP traffic from the internet
To set up an endpoint, for example when creating a web server

My IP
104.28.211.189/32

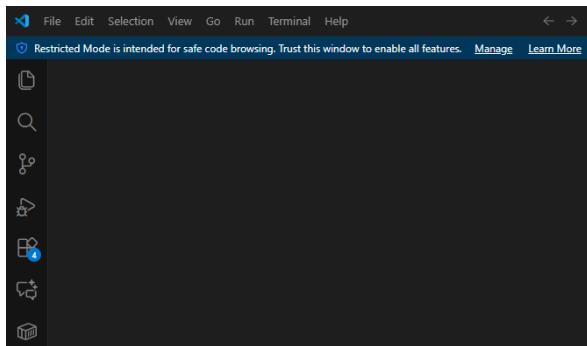
After that, click on launch instance to end.



STEP 3# : INSTALL VS CODE

We'll use Visual Studio Code (VS Code) to connect with your instance, so you can create and edit your web app's code.

- Download and install VS code on your computer



Click on Terminal and choose a new terminal and enter the access path where you have saved your keypair to give permission to users.

```

PROBLEMS    OUTPUT    DEBUG CONSOLE    TERMINAL    PORTS
PS C:\Users\admin> cd D:\Devops
PS D:\Devops> dir

Répertoire : D:\Devops

Mode          LastWriteTime      Length Name
----          -----          ----  -
-a---  11/12/2025     18:27           1678 dmz-keypair.pem

PS D:\Devops> icacls .\dmz-keypair.pem /inheritance:r

```

```

fichier traité : .\dmz-keypair.pem
1 fichiers correctement traités ; échec du traitement de 0 fichiers
PS D:\Devops> icacls .\dmz-keypair.pem /grant ${env:USERNAME}:R
Paramètre non valide « /grant »
PS D:\Devops> icacls "D:\Devops\dmz-keypair.pem" /grant "${($env:USERNAME)}:R"
fichier traité : D:\Devops\dmz-keypair.pem
1 fichiers correctement traités ; échec du traitement de 0 fichiers
PS D:\Devops> icacls "D:\Devops\dmz-keypair.pem" /remove "Users" "Administrators" "Everyone"
0 fichiers correctement traités ; échec du traitement de 0 fichiers
PS D:\Devops> []

```

STEP 2 # : CONNECT INSTANCE EC2

Now over the terminal we're going to try to connect to our EC2 instance. Once we've connecté we can start setting up our web App inside.

- Go back in your EC2 intance
- Click on the checkbox next to your EC2 instance to view its details.
- Under the Details tab, look for Public **IPv4 DNS**. You'll need this in the next instruction!

Public DNS

 ec2-35-180-230-100.eu-west-3.compute.amazonaws.com | [open address](#) ↗

Now we're going to establish ssh connection between our VS code's terminal and EC2 instance

```

PS C:\Users\admin> ssh -i "C:\Users\admin\.ssh\dmz-keypair.pem" ec2-user@ec2-13-39-83-113.eu-west-3.compute.amazonaws.com
The authenticity of host 'ec2-13-39-83-113.eu-west-3.compute.amazonaws.com (13.39.83.113)' can't be established.
ED25519 key fingerprint is SHA256:NRClm9fhsvEMUR1njzhVb1RYHGb+eKlBie6nv2rc2Is.
This key is not known by any other names.
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no/[fingerprint])? yes
Warning: Permanently added 'ec2-13-39-83-113.eu-west-3.compute.amazonaws.com' (ED25519) to the list of known hosts.

,      #
~\_  ####_
~~ \#####\
~~  \###|
~~   \#/
~~    \#/.-->

```

STEP 5 # : INSTALL APACHE MAVEN AND AMAZON CORRETTO 8

Apache Maven is a tool that helps developers build and organize Java software projects. It's also a package manager, which means it automatically download any external pieces of code your project depends on to work.

Install Apache Maven using the commands below:

- **wget**
<https://archive.apache.org/dist/maven/maven-3/3.5.2/binaries/apache-maven-3.5.2-bin.tar.gz>
- **sudo tar -xzf apache-maven-3.5.2-bin.tar.gz -C /opt**
- **echo "export PATH=/opt/apache-maven-3.5.2/bin:\$PATH" >> ~/.bashrc**
- **source ~/.bashrc**

```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-37-193 ~]$ wget https://archive.apache.org/dist/maven/maven-3/3.5.2/binaries/apache-maven-3.5.2-bin.tar.gz
sudo tar -xzf apache-maven-3.5.2-bin.tar.gz -C /opt
echo "export PATH=/opt/apache-maven-3.5.2/bin:$PATH" >> ~/.bashrc
source ~/.bashrc
--2025-12-12 06:55:31--  https://archive.apache.org/dist/maven/maven-3/3.5.2/binaries/apache-maven-3.5.2-bin.tar.gz
Resolving archive.apache.org (archive.apache.org)... 65.108.204.189, 2a01:4f9:1a:a084::2
```

Now we're going to install Java 8, or more specifically, Amazon Correto 8.

Run these commands:

- **sudo dnf install -y java-1.8.0-amazon-corretto-devel**
- **export JAVA_HOME=/usr/lib/jvm/java-1.8.0-amazon-corretto.x86_64**
- **export PATH=/usr/lib/jvm/java-1.8.0-amazon-corretto.x86_64/jre/bin:\$PATH**

```
Complete!
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-37-193 ~]$ Connection to ec2-13-39-83-113.compute.amazonaws.com closed by remote host.
Connection to ec2-13-39-83-113.compute.amazonaws.com closed.
PS C:\Users\admin> []
```

To verify that Maven is installed correctly, type **maven -v**

```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-37-193 ~]$ mvn -v
Apache Maven 3.5.2 (138ed61fd100ec658bfa2d307c43b76940a5d7d; 2017-10-18T07:58:13Z)
Maven home: /opt/apache-maven-3.5.2
Java version: 1.8.0_472, vendor: Amazon.com Inc.
Java home: /usr/lib/jvm/java-1.8.0-amazon-corretto.x86_64/jre
Default locale: en, platform encoding: UTF-8
OS name: "linux", version: "6.1.158-180.294.amzn2023.x86_64", arch: "amd64", family: "unix"
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-37-193 ~]$ Connection to ec2-13-39-83-113.compute.amazonaws.com closed by remote host
Connection to ec2-13-39-83-113.compute.amazonaws.com closed.
PS C:\Users\admin> []
```

STEP #6 : CREATE A WEB APP

We've assembled both Maven and Java into our EC2 instance. Now let's cut straight to generating the web app!

Run this code :

```
mvn archetype:generate \
-DgroupId=com.nextwork.app \
-DartifactId=nextwork-web-project \
-DarchetypeArtifactId=maven-archetype-webapp \
-DinteractiveMode=false
```

```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-37-193 ~]$ mvn archetype:generate \
-DgroupId=com.nextwork.app \
-DartifactId=nextwork-web-project \
-DarchetypeArtifactId=maven-archetype-webapp \
-DinteractiveMode=false
```

You'll see this message once your application determined

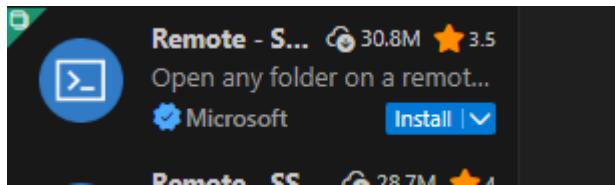
```
[INFO] Parameter: artifactId, Value: nextwork-web-project
[INFO] Parameter: packageName, Value: com.nextwork.app
[INFO] Parameter: version, Value: 1.0-SNAPSHOT
[INFO] project created from Old (1.x) Archetype in dir: /home/ec2-user/nextwork-web-project
[INFO] -----
[INFO] BUILD SUCCESS
[INFO] -----
[INFO] Total time: 15.490 s
[INFO] Finished at: 2025-12-12T08:38:49Z
[INFO] Final Memory: 19M/85M
[INFO] -----
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-37-193 ~]$ 
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-37-193 ~]$ 
```

CONNECT VS CODE WITH OUR EC2 INSTANCE

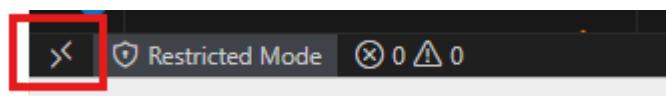
Click on the Extensions icon at the side of your VS Code window. Then, type **Remote - SSH** in the search



click on **install**, to install extension



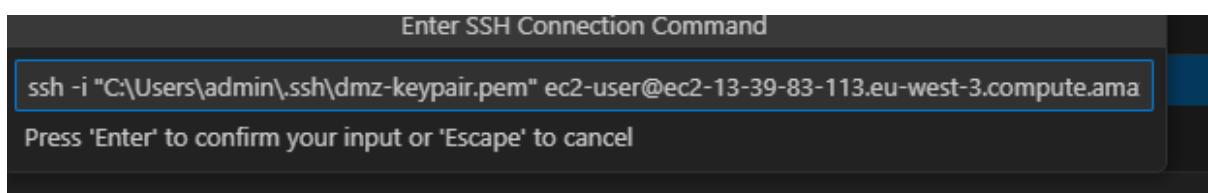
Click on the double arrow icon at the bottom left corner of your VS Code window. This button is a shortcut to use Remote - SSH.



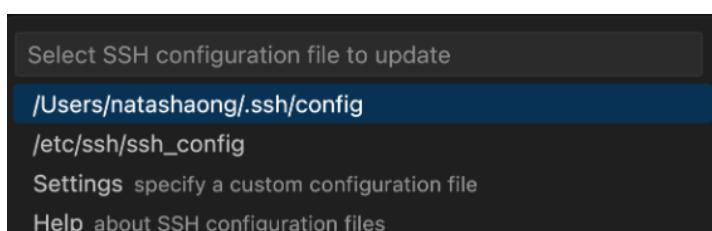
- Select Connect to Host...
- Select + Add New SSH Host...

Enter the SSH command you used to connect to your EC2 instance : in my case was :

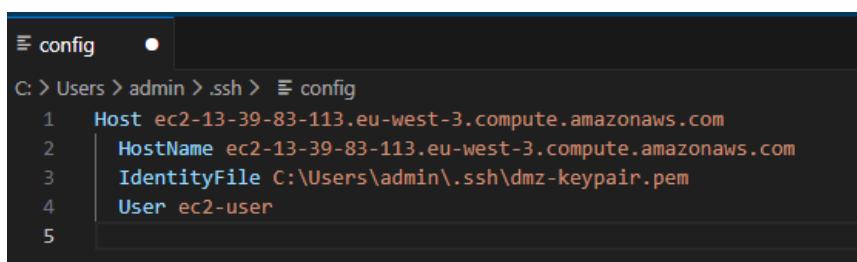
```
ssh -i "C:\Users\admin\.ssh\dmz-keypair.pem"
ec2-user@ec2-13-39-83-113.eu-west-3.compute.amazonaws.com
```



- Select the configuration file at the top of your window. It should look similar to **/Users//.ssh/config**

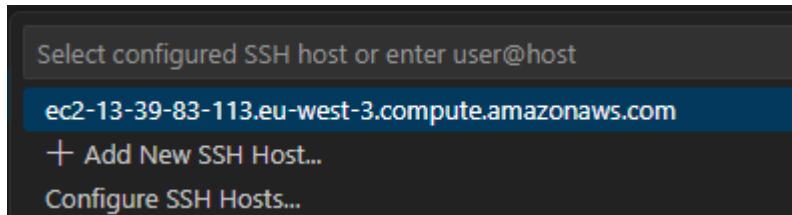


After connection click on pop up show config



- Now you're ready to connect VS Code with your EC2 instance!

- Click on the double arrow button on the bottom left corner and select Connect to Host again.
- You should now see your EC2 instance listed at the top.



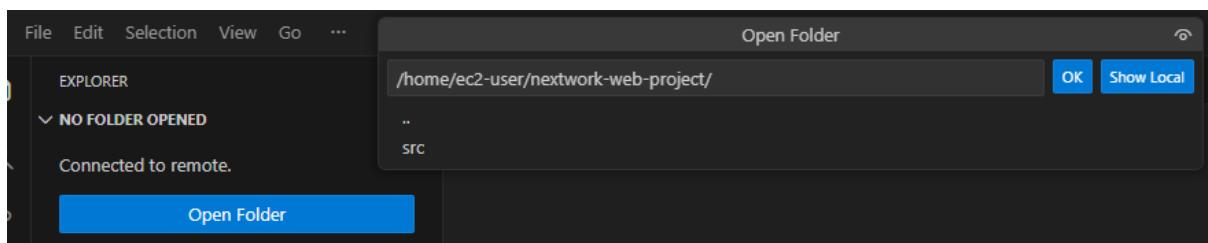
- Select the EC2 instance and off we goooooooo to a new VS Code window
- Check the bottom right hand corner of your new VS Code window - it should show your EC2 instance's IPV4 DNS.

Select Open folder.

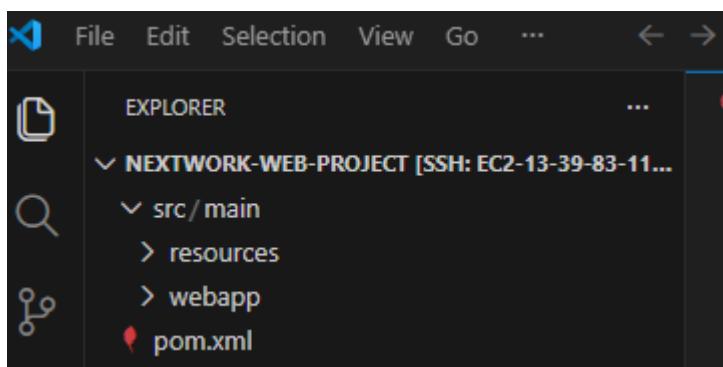
At the top of your VS Code window, you should see a drop down of different file and folder names. Ooooo, this is VS Code asking you which specific file/folder you'd like to open!

Enter /home/ec2-user/nextwork-web-project.

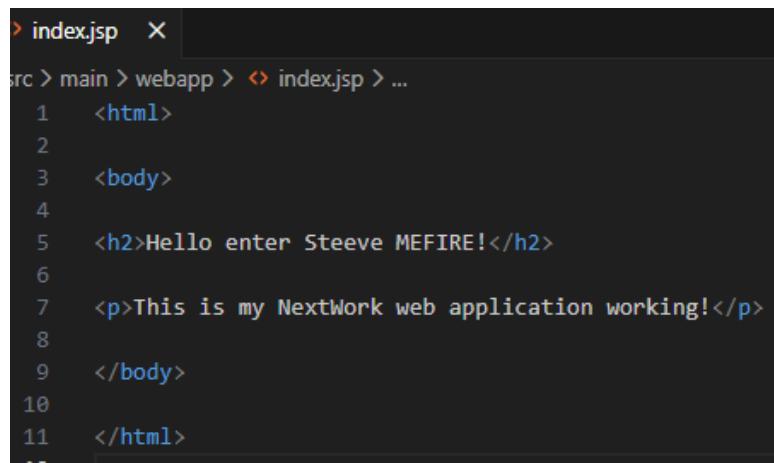
Press OK.



Here we got our web App generate with Maven



Go inside index.jsp and write that code



A screenshot of the Visual Studio Code interface showing the code editor. The title bar says "index.jsp". The editor shows the following Java Server Page (JSP) code:

```
src > main > webapp > index.jsp > ...
1  <html>
2
3  <body>
4
5  <h2>Hello enter Steeve MEFIRE!</h2>
6
7  <p>This is my NextWork web application working!</p>
8
9  </body>
10 </html>
```

you've just learnt how to set up a web app on an EC2 instance AND connect it with VS Code, one of the most popular and practical IDEs out there.