SSN COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING AFFILIATED TO ANNA UNIVERSITY DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING



UCS1404 - DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

MINI PROJECT <u>TITLE - RAILWAY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM</u>

PROJECT MEMBERS

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PROBLEM STATEMENT:

The project is about creating the database about Railway Management System which facilitates the passengers to enquire about availability of trains on the basis of source and destination of trains, booking and cancellation of tickets and etc..

SPECIFICATIONS:

1. Train scheduling

This system able to schedule and manage the arrival and departure times of trains, considering factors such as stations, capacity.

2. Ticketing

This system provides fare calculation of tickets with respect to distance and number of passengers.

3. Passenger Information

This system provides real-time information to passengers regarding train schedules and status.

4. Resource Management

This system allocates resources like trains and seats efficiently to optimize operations and minimize conflicts.

ASSUMPTIONS:

1. Data Integration

This system assumes the existence of various sources, such as train schedules, ticketing systems, and record maintenance to provide comprehensive view of operations.

2. User Roles and Permissions

This system assumes the existence of different user roles, such as administrators existing users and new users with appropriate access permissions and restrictions.

3. Compliance and Regulations

This system assumes compliance with applicable railway regulations and data protections.

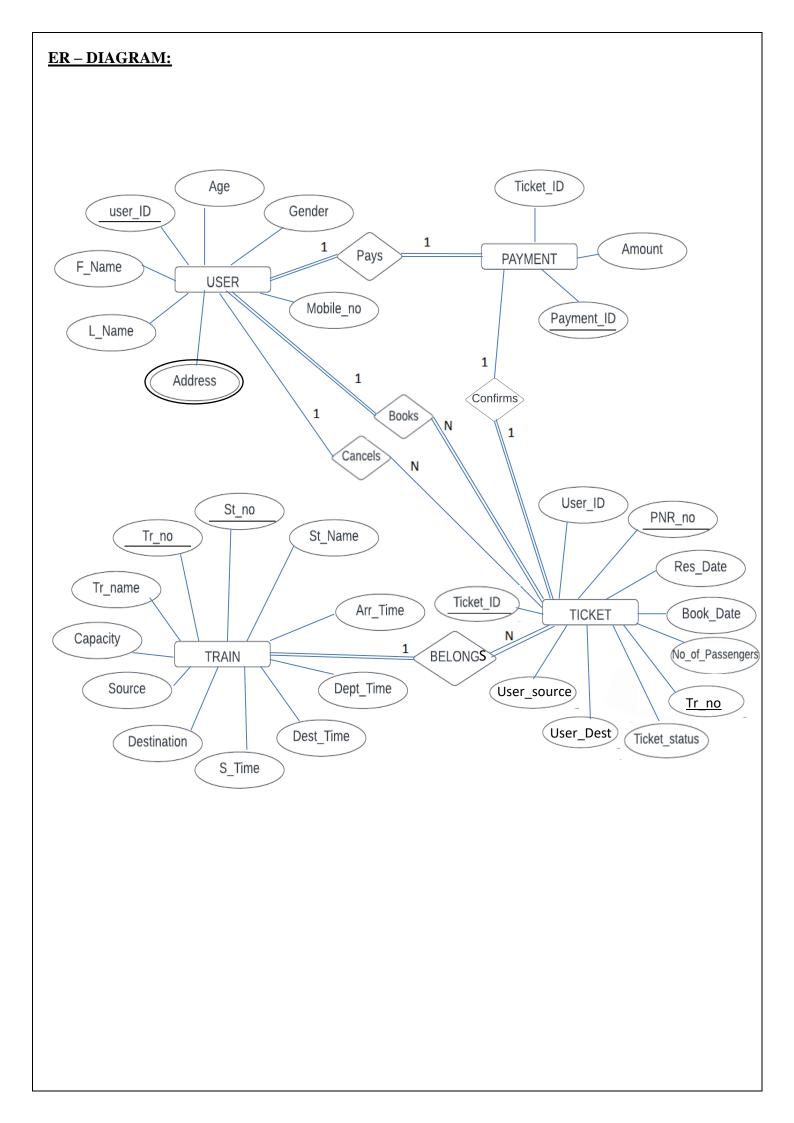
4. Scalability

This system assumes the ability to handle growing number of trains and passengers.

These specifications and assumptions served as a starting point for designing this railway management system.

ENTITIES AND RESPECTIVE ATTRIBUTES:

ENTITIES	ATTRIBUTES	Data Type
USER	User_ID F_Name L_Name Age Gender Address Mobile_No	Varchar2 Varchar2 Varchar2 Number Varchar2 Varchar2 Number
TRAIN	Train_No Train_Name Capacity Source Destination Source_Time Dest_Time Station_No Station_Name Arrival_Time Dept_Time	Varchar2 Varchar2 Number Varchar2 Varchar2 Varchar2 Varchar2 Varchar2 Number Varchar2 Varchar2 Varchar2 Varchar2 Varchar2
TICKET	Ticket_ID No_of_Passengers User_ID PNR_No Train_No Ticket_status Reserve_Date Book_Date User_Source User_Dest	Varchar2 INT Varchar2 Varchar2 Varchar2 Varchar2 Date Date Varchar2 Varchar2 Varchar2
PAYMENT	Payment_ID Ticket_ID Amount	Varchar2 Varchar2 INT



1:N Relationship

For every regular binary 1:N relationship type \mathbf{R} , identify the relation \mathbf{S} that represent the participating entity type at the N-side of the relationship type.

The primary key of the relation in 1 side entity is included as the foreign key in N side entity.

- ❖ Books (Between User (Total Participation) and Ticket (Total Participation)))
- **Cancels** (Between User (Partial Participation) and Ticket (Partial Participation))
- ❖ Belongs (Between Train (Total Participation) and Ticket (Total Participation))

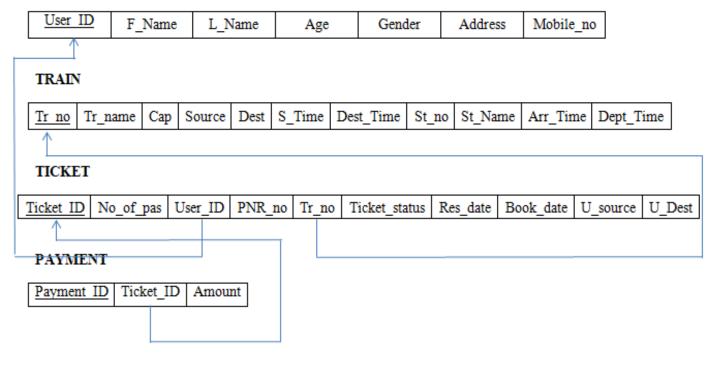
1:1 Relationship

A one-to-one (1:1) relationship in an Entity Relationship Diagram (ERD) is a type of association between two entities, where each instance of one entity corresponds to exactly one instance of the other entity, and vice versa.

- **Confirms** (Between User (Total Participation) and Payment (Partial Participation))
- ❖ Pays (Between Payment (Total Participation) and Ticket (Total Participation))

ER to RELATIONAL MODEL:





FUNCTIONAL DEPENDENCIES (FDs) BEFORE NORMALIZATION:

USER

User ID - F Name

User_ID ---> L_Name

 $User_ID \longrightarrow Age$

User_ID ── Gender

User_ID ---> Address

User_ID ---> Mobile_no

User_ID, Address ——>Mobile_no

TRAIN

 $Tr_no \longrightarrow Tr_name$

Tr_no ---> Capacity

Tr_no ---> Source

 $Tr_no \longrightarrow Dest$

 $Tr_no \longrightarrow S_Time$

 $Tr_no \longrightarrow Dest_Time$

 $Tr_no \longrightarrow St_no$

 $St_no \longrightarrow St_name$

St_no ---> Arr_Time

St_no ---> Dept_Time

TICKET

Ticket_ID ---> No_of_passengers

 $Ticket_ID \longrightarrow User_ID$

Ticket_ID → PNR_No

{Tr_no, Ticket_ID} → PNR_No

 $Ticket_ID \longrightarrow Tr_no$

Ticket_ID ---> Ticket_Status

 $\{PNR \ No, Tr \ no\} \longrightarrow Ticket \ Status$

