

## Mini Quiz 1

下の決定木で、100個のデータが特徴量F1, F2によって、50個 (Group 1)、40個 (Group 2)、10個 (Group 3) の3つに 分けられたとする。scikir-learnの定義にしたがった各特徴量の重要度(feature importance) は、F1の方がF2よりも[A(大きい / 小さい)]。

```
(100 data)
F1: 30歳以上? (Gini不純度減少: 0.7)
 Yes:
  F2: 年収1000万以上? (Gini不純度減少: 0.3)
   Yes:
    Group 1 (50 data)
   No:
    Group 2 (40 data)
 No:
  Group 3 (10 data)
```



## Ans. of Mini Quiz 1

下の決定木で、100個のデータが特徴量F1, F2によって、50個 (Group 1)、40個 (Group 2)、10個 (Group 3) の3つに 分けられたとする。scikir-learnの定義にしたがった各特徴量の重要度(feature importance) は、F1の方がF2よりも「A 大きい ]。

```
(100 data)
F1: 30歳以上? (Gini不純度減少: 0.7) ← F1: 100 data 中 100 data を分けた
Yes:
F2: 年収1000万以上? (Gini不純度減少: 0.3) ← F2: 100 data 中 90 data を分けた
Yes:
Group 1 (50 data)
No:
Group 2 (40 data)
No:
Group 3 (10 data)
```



## Mini Quiz 1

In the following decision tree, 100 data are divided into 50 data (Group 1), 40 data (Group 2), and 10 data (Group 3) by the features F1 and F2. According to the definition of feature importance in scikit-learn, the feature importance of F1 is [A. (larger / smaller)] than that of F2.

```
(100 data)
F1: >= 30 years old? (decrease of Gini impurity: 0.7)
 Yes:
  F2: Annual income \geq 10,000,000 Yen? (Gini impurity: 0.3)
    Yes:
     Group 1 (50 data)
   No:
     Group 2 (40 data)
 No:
  Group 3 (10 data)
```



## Ans. of Mini Quiz 1

In the following decision tree, 100 data are divided into 50 data (Group 1), 40 data (Group 2), and 10 data (Group 3) by the features F1 and F2. According to the definition of feature importance in scikit-learn, the feature importance of F1 is [A. larger] than that of F2.

```
F1: divide 100 data out of 100 data
(100 data)
F1: >= 30 years old? (decrease of Gini impurity: 0.7)
 Yes:
  F2: Annual income \geq 10,000,000 Yen? (Gini impurity: 0.3)
    Yes:
                                                F2: divide 90 data out of 100 data
      Group 1 (50 data)
    No:
                                             Feature importance
      Group 2 (40 data)
                                             = the decrease of Gini impurity
                                              x the proportion of the number of separated data
 No:
                                             to the number of input data
  Group 3 (10 data)
```