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Foundations of Programming: Python

Assignment 05

Advanced Collections and Error Handling

Introduction

Assignment 05 was built on the script previously written for assignment 04. However, it added a new technique of error handling with a more advanced method for data collections. PyCharm IDE was used for the script with basic outline provided as a starter file.

Define Data Constants and Variables

Data constants and variables were all the same from assignment 04 apart from student_data being defined as a dictionary and using json_data. Import json was used for various json functions. The dictionary was set to empty as shown on page 3 of Mod05 notes as shown in figure 1.

Figure 1. Application of list.

Processing

The first portion of the script starts with loading a json file. How to work with json file was found in page 17 of the notes. The following script accounts for the json file available and read into a two-dimensional list table. The following exceptions were made if the json file did not exist or if any other errors exist.

```
file = open(FILE_NAME, "r")
    students = json.load(file)
    file.close()
except FileNotFoundError: # if file does not exist.
    print('File not found. Starting with empty list.') # notifies user of file not found.
except Exception as e: #for any other errors.
    print(f'Error code: {e}')
```

Figure 2. Read Json file with error handling.

Menu choice 1 was updated to alert users of an error if the input was left empty. The empty field made more sense rather than setting the script to detect numbers in the names. A ValueError creates a message of "missing" which forces users to input the name. The student data inputs were renamed for an easier recall for the print of alerting the user of the registration. Figure 3 shows the script for menu choice 1 with the error handlings.

Figure 3. Menu choice 1 with error handling.

The rest of the menu choices are shown in figure 4. Menu choice 2 still saves the data and displays a message of the entered inputs into a format specified in the print. Menu choice 3 added a json,dump so the output of the python could be recorded into the json. The last menu choice closed the program and displayed the message of "program ended".

```
# Present the current data

elif menu_choice == "2":

# Process the data to create and display a custom message

print("-"*50)

for student in students:

print(f"Student {student['FirstName']} {student['LastName']} is enrolled in {student['CourseName']}")

print("-"*50)

continue

# Save the data to a file

elif menu_choice == "3":

try:

open(FILE_NAME, "w")

json.dump(students, file)

file.close()

except ValueError as ve:

print(f'Error code: {ve}')

except Exception as e:

print(f'Error code: {e}')

file.close()

print("The following data was saved to file!")

continue

# Stop the loop

elif menu_choice == "4":

break # out of the loop

else:

print("Please only choose option 1, 2, or 3")

print("Program Ended")
```

Figure 3. Rest of menu choices with error handling

Testing

The program was tested in PyCharm and CMD with the results shown in figure 5 and 6. The proper error handlings were examined with if multiple registrations were taking place. The file output was to json with the result show in in figure 7.

```
---- Course Registration Program ----
  Select from the following menu:
    1. Register a Student for a Course.
    2. Show current data.
    3. Save data to a file.
    4. Exit the program.
What would you like to do: 2
Student Ryan Choi is enrolled in Python 100
Student Yumin Song is enrolled in Python 100
---- Course Registration Program ----
  Select from the following menu:
    1. Register a Student for a Course.
    2. Show current data.
    3. Save data to a file.
    4. Exit the program.
What would you like to do: 1
Enter the student's first name:
Error code: First name missing.
---- Course Registration Program ----
  Select from the following menu:
   1. Register a Student for a Course.
   2. Show current data.
    Save data to a file.
   4. Exit the program.
What would you like to do: Jason
```

Figure 5. Demonstrates the requirements being met on PyCharm with error handling and multiple registrations.

What would you like to do: 1 Enter the student's first name: Ryan Enter the student's last name: Error code: Last name missing. -- Course Registration Program --Select from the following menu: 1. Register a Student for a Course. 2. Show current data. 3. Save data to a file. 4. Exit the program. What would you like to do: 1 Enter the student's first name: Ryan Enter the student's last name: Choi Please enter the name of the course: Python 100 You have registered Ryan Choi for Python 100. --- Course Registration Program Select from the following menu: 1. Register a Student for a Course. 2. Show current data. 3. Save data to a file. 4. Exit the program. What would you like to do: 1 Enter the student's first name: Yumin Enter the student's last name: Song Please enter the name of the course: Python 100 You have registered Yumin Song for Python 100. --- Course Registration Program Select from the following menu: Register a Student for a Course. 2. Show current data. 3. Save data to a file. 4. Exit the program. What would you like to do: 2 Student Ryan Choi is enrolled in Python 100 Student Yumin Song is enrolled in Python 100

Figure 5. Demonstrates the requirements being met on CMD.

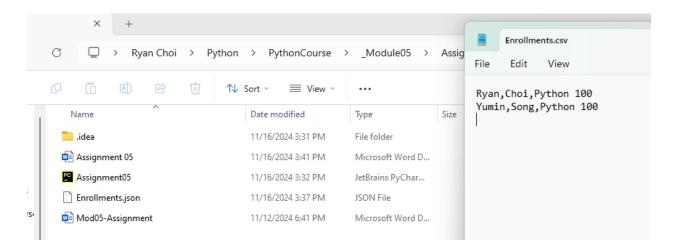


Figure 6. Data recorded in the csv.

Summary

The assignment was like 4 but it involved how data could be collected while working with Json. It was new to be able to import functions for json while learning about error handling. The new skills seem useful to detect potential user errors before it is inputted into the database.