

25 Questions Every SOC Analysts Should Prepare For.





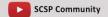


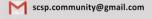




- Q1. What are the basic components in a Security Operation Center?
- Q2. What are the fundamentals of a Security Operation Center?
- Q3. What is a SIEM solution and how does it work?
- Q4. Describe an efficient and effective method which can be used to prevent violations of computer security procedures?
- Q5. SOC analysts need to gather information from multiple sources. How can you determine which information is relevant and differentiate between false positives and false negatives logs?







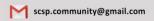




- Q6. Explain a plan of action which will safeguard computer files against modification, destruction, or disclosure.
- Q7. In your firewall, do you prefer filtered ports or closed ports?
- Q8. Which Incident Response methodology do you prefer? Explain why you use it.
- Q9. Consider you are looking at the incoming traffic, but it is encrypted, how would you figure out if the payloads are malicious or benign?
- Q10. If a company wants to implement a new security event manager. Describe your approach for the implementation.







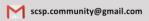




- Q11. What are the multiple sources from which a SOC receives log and data?
- Q12. What is the difference between traditional and next generation SOC?
- Q13. How would you define a cyber threat or cyber-attacks?
- Q14. What is the difference between an IOC and an IOA?
- Q15. How would you define local logging and central logging? What is the difference between them?





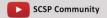


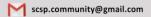




- Q16. What are the concepts of handling alerts, triaging them and analyzing the alerts?
- Q17. In your opinion, why do you think there is a need for a threat intelligence driven SOC?
- Q18. What are the phases of incident handling?
- Q19. Define insider incidents and how would you respond to such events?
- Q20. Does only setting up a SIEM solution complete a SOC?











- Q21. Consider that a device is not sharing any logs, being a SOC analyst how would you identify and detect that particular device?
- Q22. Consider an in-house application or any other custom built application which does not have the capability to share its logs, how would you handle and monitor such applications?
- Q23. At times certain applications send raw logs, being a SOC analyst how would you parse such logs?
- Q24. How can you evaluate how Mature is your SOC?
- Q25. Being an analyst how important is a SOC playbook or Workflow?





