

Q) On the binary search algorithm, it is suggested to calculate the mid as

$beg + (end - beg) / 2$  instead of  $(beg + end) / 2$ .

Why is it so?

Because  $(beg + end)$  may overflow. which then means you get a result that is less than  $beg$ . or far into the negative if you are using signed integers.

So, instead they take the distance between  $beg$  and

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S	M	T	W	T	F	S	
					1	2	
3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	
17	18	19	20	21	22	23	
24	25	26	27	28	29	30	

end and add half of that to beg.  
This is only a single extra operation  
to make the algorithms more robust.

Q) Write the algorithm / function for Ternary Search.

```
int ternary_search(int l, int r, int x)
{
    if (r >= l)
    {
        int mid1 = l + (r - l) / 3;
        int mid2 = r - (r - l) / 3;
        if (ar[mid1] == x)
            return mid1;
        if (ar[mid2] == x)
            return mid2;
        if (x < ar[mid1])
            return ternary_search(l, mid1 - 1, x);
        else if (x > ar[mid2])
            return ternary_search(mid2 + 1, r, x);
        else
            return ternary_search(mid1 + 1, mid2 - 1, x);
    }
    return -1;
}
```