

Importing Libraries

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")
```

Loading Dataset

```
file_name =
("https://raw.githubusercontent.com/SUKHMAN-SINGH-1612/Data-Science-
Projects/refs/heads/main/E-Commerce%20Product%20Delivery
%20Prediction/E_Commerce.csv")
df = pd.read_csv(file_name)
df.head()
```

	ID	Warehouse_block	Mode_of_Shipment	Customer_care_calls
0	1	D	Flight	4
1	2	F	Flight	4
2	3	A	Flight	2
3	4	B	Flight	3
4	5	C	Flight	2

	Cost_of_the_Product	Prior_purchases	Product_importance	Gender
0	177	3	low	F
1	216	2	low	M
2	183	4	low	M
3	176	4	medium	M
4	184	3	medium	F

	Discount_offered	Weight_in_gms	Reached.on.Time_Y.N
0	44	1233	1
1	59	3088	1
2	48	3374	1
3	10	1177	1
4	46	2484	1

Analysis of Data

```
df.info()
```

```

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 10999 entries, 0 to 10998
Data columns (total 12 columns):
#   Column                                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   ID                                     10999 non-null  int64
1   Warehouse_block                       10999 non-null  object
2   Mode_of_Shipment                      10999 non-null  object
3   Customer_care_calls                   10999 non-null  int64
4   Customer_rating                       10999 non-null  int64
5   Cost_of_the_Product                   10999 non-null  int64
6   Prior_purchases                      10999 non-null  int64
7   Product_importance                    10999 non-null  object
8   Gender                                10999 non-null  object
9   Discount_offered                     10999 non-null  int64
10  Weight_in_gms                         10999 non-null  int64
11  Reached.on.Time_Y.N                   10999 non-null  int64
dtypes: int64(8), object(4)
memory usage: 1.0+ MB

```

```
df.isnull().sum()
```

```

ID                                     0
Warehouse_block                       0
Mode_of_Shipment                      0
Customer_care_calls                   0
Customer_rating                       0
Cost_of_the_Product                   0
Prior_purchases                      0
Product_importance                    0
Gender                                0
Discount_offered                     0
Weight_in_gms                         0
Reached.on.Time_Y.N                   0
dtype: int64

```

```
df.duplicated().sum()
```

```
0
```

```
df.describe()
```

	ID	Customer_care_calls	Customer_rating
Cost_of_the_Product	\		
count	10999.000000	10999.000000	10999.000000
mean	5500.000000	4.054459	2.990545
std	3175.28214	1.141490	1.413603
min	1.000000	2.000000	1.000000

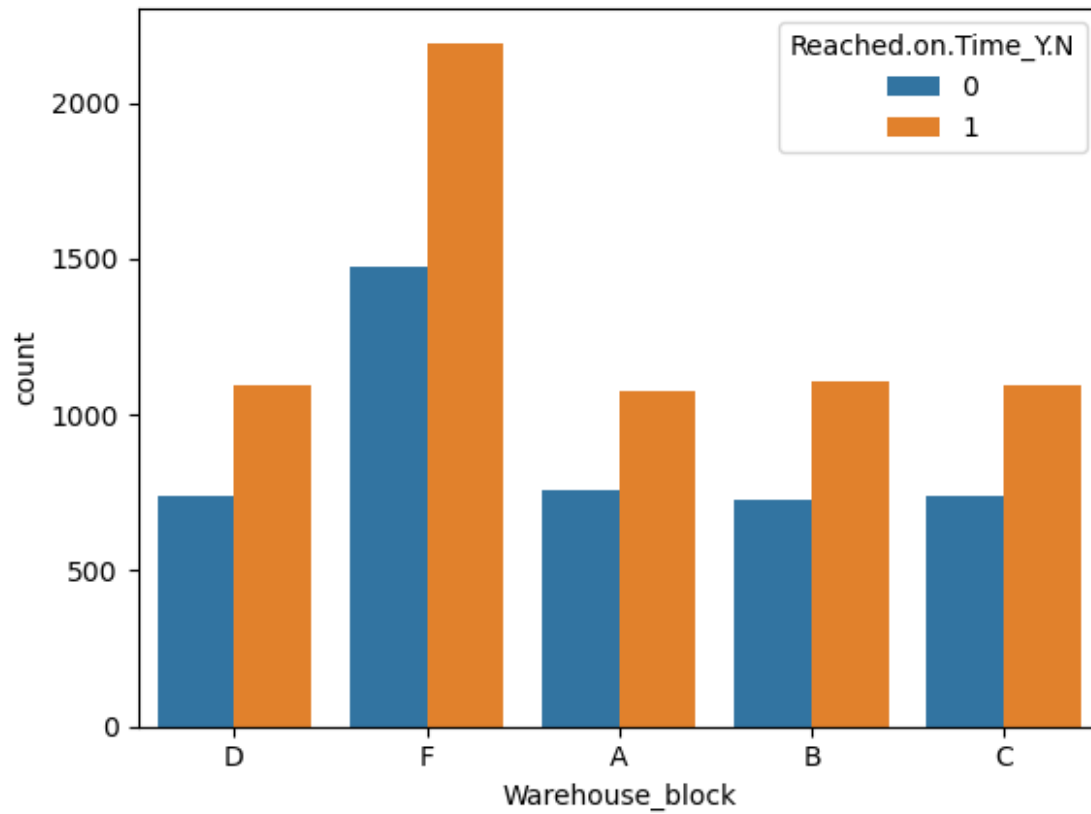
96.000000			
25%	2750.50000	3.000000	2.000000
169.000000			
50%	5500.00000	4.000000	3.000000
214.000000			
75%	8249.50000	5.000000	4.000000
251.000000			
max	10999.00000	7.000000	5.000000
310.000000			

	Prior_purchases	Discount_offered	Weight_in_gms
Reached.on.Time_Y.N			
count	10999.000000	10999.000000	10999.000000
10999.000000			
mean	3.567597	13.373216	3634.016729
0.596691			
std	1.522860	16.205527	1635.377251
0.490584			
min	2.000000	1.000000	1001.000000
0.000000			
25%	3.000000	4.000000	1839.500000
0.000000			
50%	3.000000	7.000000	4149.000000
1.000000			
75%	4.000000	10.000000	5050.000000
1.000000			
max	10.000000	65.000000	7846.000000
1.000000			

EDA

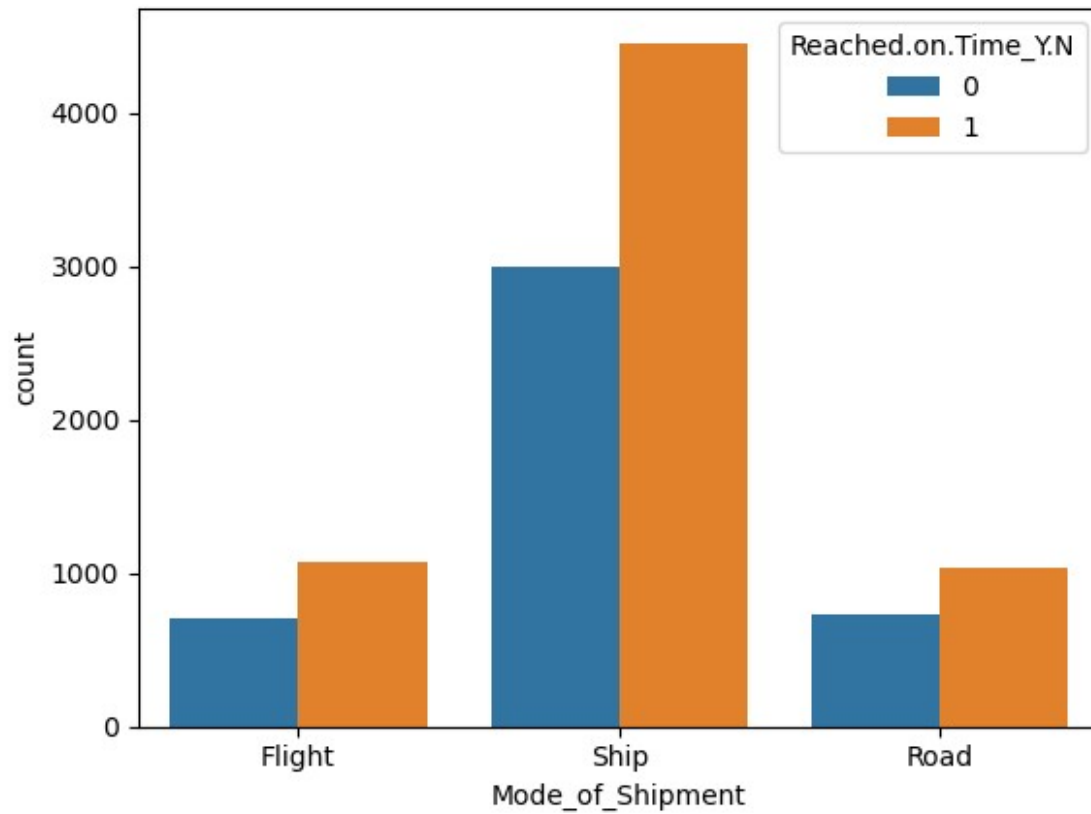
```
sns.countplot(x = 'Warehouse_block', hue = 'Reached.on.Time_Y.N', data = df)
```

```
<Axes: xlabel='Warehouse_block', ylabel='count'>
```

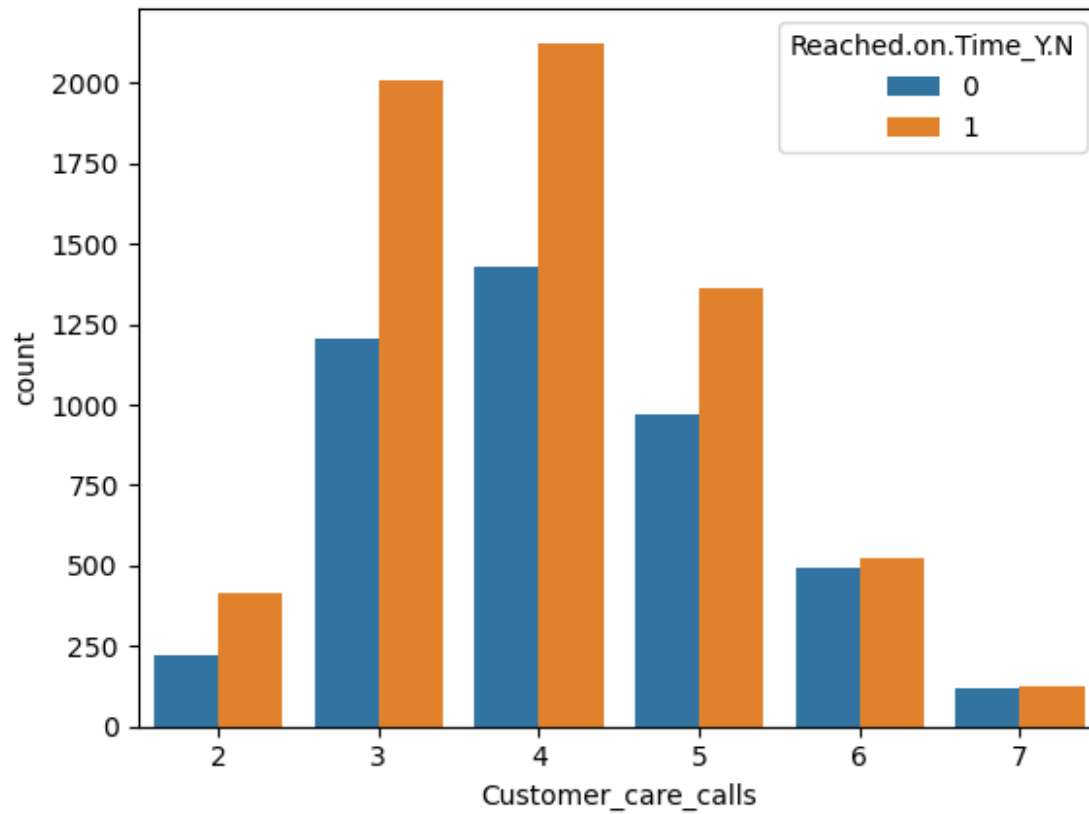


```
sns.countplot(x = 'Mode_of_Shipment', hue = 'Reached.on.Time_Y.N', data = df)
```

```
<Axes: xlabel='Mode_of_Shipment', ylabel='count'>
```

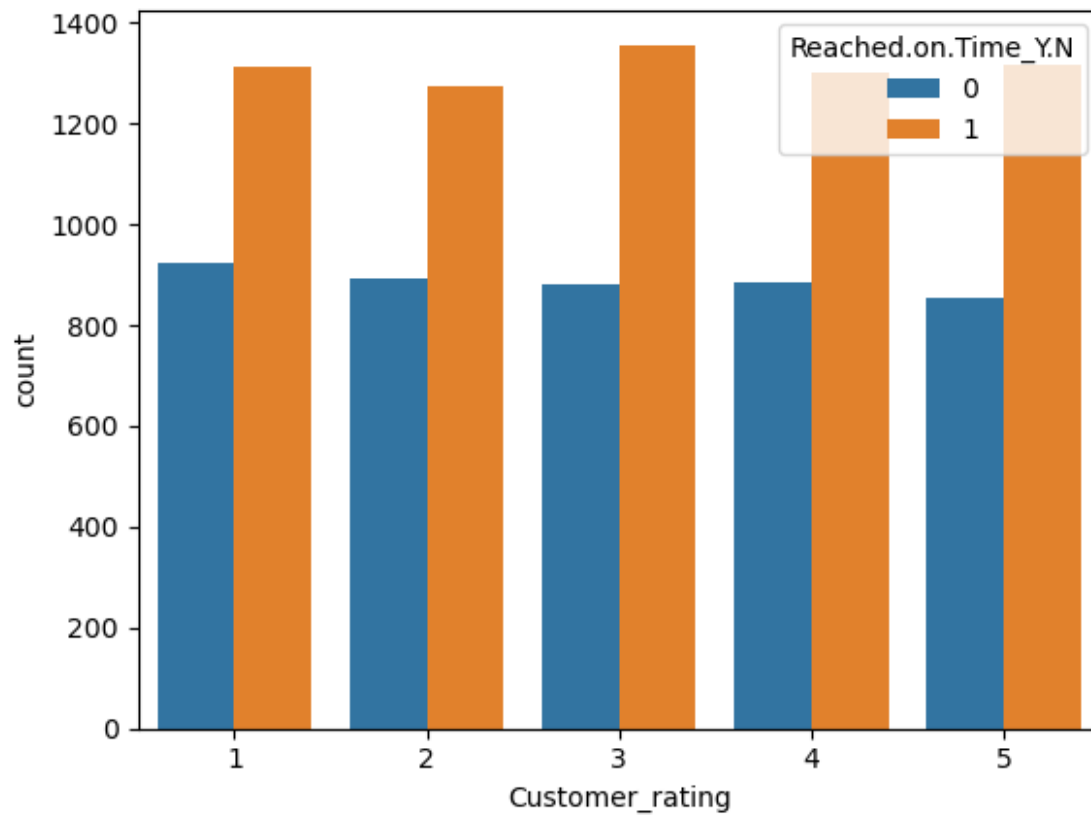


```
sns.countplot(x = 'Customer_care_calls', hue =  
'Reached.on.Time_Y.N', data = df)  
<Axes: xlabel='Customer_care_calls', ylabel='count'>
```

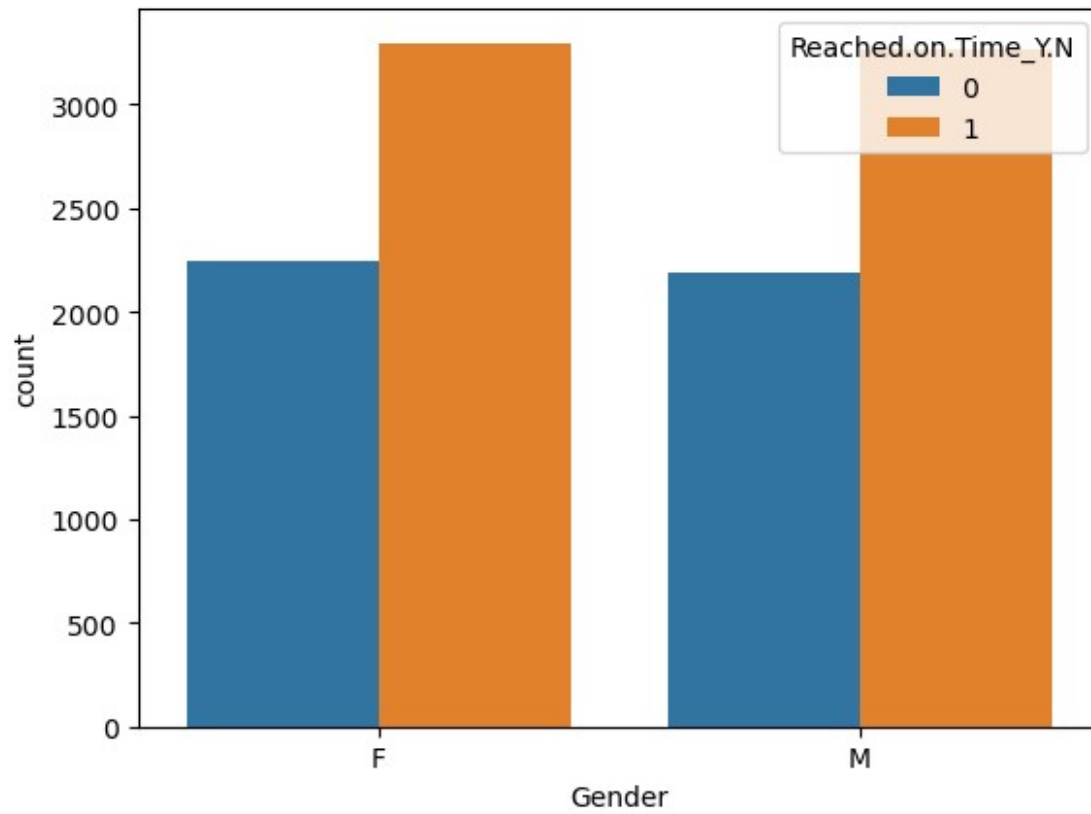


```
sns.countplot(x='Customer_rating', hue='Reached.on.Time_Y.N', data=df)
```

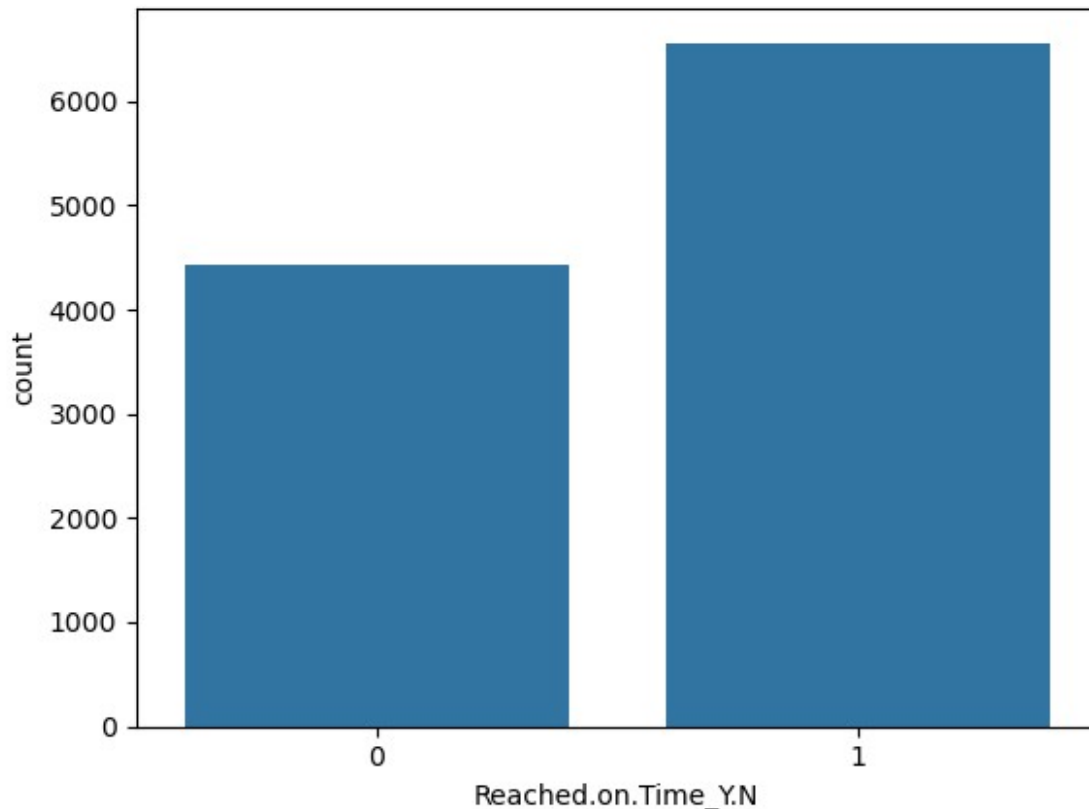
```
<Axes: xlabel='Customer_rating', ylabel='count'>
```



```
sns.countplot(x = 'Gender', hue = 'Reached.on.Time_Y.N', data = df)  
<Axes: xlabel='Gender', ylabel='count'>
```



```
sns.countplot(x = 'Reached.on.Time_Y.N', data = df)  
<Axes: xlabel='Reached.on.Time_Y.N', ylabel='count'>
```

Converting categorical column into numerical column.

```
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
LE = LabelEncoder()
for column in df.columns:
    df[column] = LE.fit_transform(df[column])

final_res = []

X = df.drop(['Reached.on.Time_Y.N'],axis =1)
y = df['Reached.on.Time_Y.N']

# splitting the data as train and test
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test = train_test_split(X,y,test_size =
0.2,random_state = 42)
print(x_train.shape,x_test.shape,y_train.shape,y_test.shape)

(8799, 11) (2200, 11) (8799,) (2200,)
```

Modelling

```
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
LR = LogisticRegression()
LR.fit(x_train,y_train)
```

```

LogisticRegression()

y_pred = LR.predict(x_test)

from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
acc_LR = accuracy_score(y_test,y_pred)
acc_LR
final_res.append(acc_LR)

from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
RDC = RandomForestClassifier()
RDC.fit(x_train,y_train)

RandomForestClassifier()

y_pred1 = RDC.predict(x_test)

acc_RDC = accuracy_score(y_test,y_pred1)
acc_RDC
final_res.append(acc_RDC)

from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
DTC = DecisionTreeClassifier()
DTC.fit(x_train,y_train)

DecisionTreeClassifier()

y_pred2 = DTC.predict(x_test)

acc_DTC = accuracy_score(y_test,y_pred2)
acc_DTC
final_res.append(acc_DTC)

from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
KNN = KNeighborsClassifier()
KNN.fit(x_train,y_train)

KNeighborsClassifier()

y_pred3 = KNN.predict(x_test)

acc_KNN = accuracy_score(y_test,y_pred3)
acc_KNN
final_res.append(acc_KNN)

from sklearn.svm import SVC
SV = SVC()
SV.fit(x_train,y_train)

SVC()

y_pred4 = SV.predict(x_test)

```

```

acc_SV = accuracy_score(y_test,y_pred4)
acc_SV
final_res.append(acc_SV)

from sklearn.ensemble import GradientBoostingClassifier
GBC = GradientBoostingClassifier()
GBC.fit(x_train,y_train)

GradientBoostingClassifier()

y_pred5 = GBC.predict(x_test)

acc_GBC = accuracy_score(y_test,y_pred5)
acc_GBC
final_res.append(acc_GBC)

from xgboost import XGBClassifier
XG = XGBClassifier()
XG.fit(x_train,y_train)

XGBClassifier(base_score=0.5, booster='gbtree', callbacks=None,
               colsample_bylevel=1, colsample_bynode=1,
               colsample_bytree=1,
               early_stopping_rounds=None, enable_categorical=False,
               eval_metric=None, gamma=0, gpu_id=-1,
               grow_policy='depthwise',
               importance_type=None, interaction_constraints='',
               learning_rate=0.300000012, max_bin=256,
               max_cat_to_onehot=4,
               max_delta_step=0, max_depth=6, max_leaves=0,
               min_child_weight=1,
               missing=nan, monotone_constraints='()',
               n_estimators=100,
               n_jobs=0, num_parallel_tree=1, predictor='auto',
               random_state=0,
               reg_alpha=0, reg_lambda=1, ...)

y_pred6 = XG.predict(x_test)

acc_XG = accuracy_score(y_test,y_pred6)
acc_XG
final_res.append(acc_XG)

```

Conclusion

```

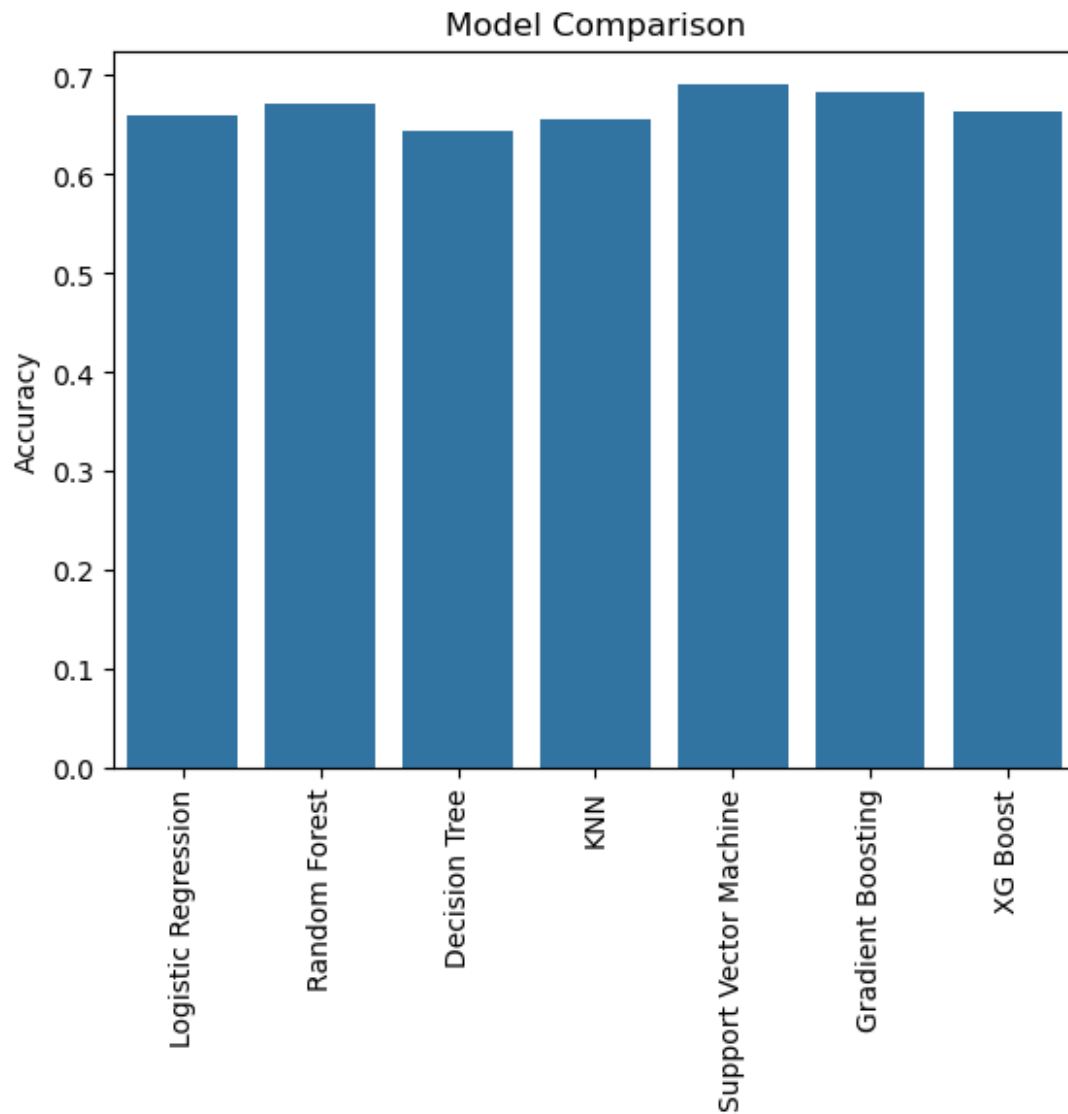
final = np.array(final_res)
result = final.reshape(-1,1)
column = ['Accuracy_score']
Index = ['Logistic Regression', 'Random Forest', 'Decision
Tree', 'KNN', 'Support Vector Machine', 'Gradient Boosting', 'XG Boost']

```

```
final_result = pd.DataFrame(result,columns = column,index = Index)
final_result
```

	Accuracy_score
Logistic Regression	0.659091
Random Forest	0.670455
Decision Tree	0.643636
KNN	0.655455
Support Vector Machine	0.690455
Gradient Boosting	0.683636
XG Boost	0.664091

```
models = ['Logistic Regression','Random Forest','Decision
Tree','KNN','Support Vector Machine','Gradient Boosting','XG Boost']
accuracy = [accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred), accuracy_score(y_test,
y_pred1), accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred2), accuracy_score(y_test,
y_pred3),accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred4),accuracy_score(y_test,
y_pred5),accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred6)]
sns.barplot(x=models, y=accuracy).set_title('Model Comparison')
plt.xticks(rotation=90)
plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
Text(0, 0.5, 'Accuracy')
```



Support Vector Machine is giving the good accuracy Score of 0.690, so Support Vector Machine is the best model for E-Commerce Product Delivery Prediction