STATISTICAL METHODS IN AI

ASSIGNMENT3:

Multilayer Neural Networks

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AIM:

The aim of this assignment is to experiment with Multilayer Feedforward Neural Network (MLFNN) with Backpropagation (BP) learning we learned as part of Chapter 6 on real world problems. Due credit will be given for choosing non-trivial feature extraction and insightful presentation of results.

DATA-SET DESCRIPTION:

The MNIST database of handwritten digits, available from this page, has a training set of 60,000 examples, and a test set of 10,000 examples. It is a subset of a larger set available from NIST. The digits have been size- normalized and centered in a fixed-size image.

Each image is 28 pixels in height and 28 pixels in width, for a total of 784 pixels in total. Each pixel has a single pixel-value associated with it, indicating the lightness or darkness of that pixel, with higher numbers meaning darker. This pixel-value is an integer between 0 and 255, inclusive. The training data set, has 785 columns. The first column, called "label", is the digit that was drawn by the user. The rest of the columns contain the pixel-values of the associated image.

Each pixel column in the training set has a name like pixelx, where x is an integer between 0 and 783, inclusive. To locate this pixel on the image, suppose that we have decomposed x as x = i * 28 + j, where i and j are integers between 0 and 27, inclusive. Then pixelx is located on row i and column j of a 28 x 28 matrix, (indexing by zero).

The recognizer present in the code read the image data, extract features from it and uses a multilayer feedforward neural network classifier to recognize any test image. The 5-fold cross validation is used for training the data and finally the test data sample is used to find out the accuracy/error rate of the trained Multi Layer Neural Network.

QUESTION-1: Write a detailed report on the different features that you used and the corresponding error rates (reported as percentages). Also give a confusion matrix that shows the kind of errors that your classifier makes. In this problem, your confusion matrix is a 10×10 matrix, where the rows represent the true label of a test sample and the columns represent the predicted labels of the NN classifier. Report the average error rate as well as standard deviation of the error rate for each fold along with other metrics such as Precision, Recall/Sensitivity, Specificity and Accuracy.

Code:

```
import numpy as np
import operator
import time
import os
import struct
from array import array
import math
import sys
import random
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import csv
from tabulate import tabulate
import cPickle
import gzip
def load(path img, path lbl):
  with open(path lbl, 'rb') as file:
     magic, size = struct.unpack(">II", file.read(8))
     if magic != 2049:
       raise ValueError('Magic number mismatch, expected 2049, "got %d' % magic)
     labels = array("B", file.read())
  with open(path img, 'rb') as file:
     magic, size, rows, cols = struct.unpack(">IIII", file.read(16))
     if magic != 2051:
       raise ValueError('Magic number mismatch, expected 2051,"got %d' % magic)
     image data = array("B", file.read())
  images = []
  for i in xrange(size):
     images.append([0]*rows*cols)
  for i in xrange(size):
     images[i][:] = image data[i*rows*cols: (i+1)*rows*cols]
  return images, labels
```

```
def load data wrapper(train data, train label, test data, test labels):
  f = gzip.open('mnist.pkl.gz', 'rb')
  tr d, va d, te d = cPickle.load(f)
  f.close()
  train data = np.vstack((tr d[0], va d[0]))
  training inputs = [np.reshape(x, (784, 1))] for x in train data
  training results = [vectorized result(y) for y in train label]
  training data = zip(training inputs, training results)
  test inputs = [np.reshape(x, (784, 1)) \text{ for } x \text{ in te } d[0]]
  test data = zip(test inputs, test labels)
  return (training inputs, training results, test inputs, test labels)
def vectorized result(j):
  e = np.zeros((10, 1))
  e[i] = 1.0
  return e
def CreateConfusionMatrix(predictions, actual classes, noOfClasses):
  #Fetching the name of the classes to dictionary and then to the list
  c = [0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9]
  length = len(c)
  #Creating confusion matrix as list -> empty list and hence comparing and increasing the
count
  confusion matrix=[]
  for i in range(length):
     for j in range(length):
       confusion matrix.append(0)
  count = 0
  for i in range(len(actual classes)):
     for j in range(length):
       for k in range(length):
          if actual classes[i] == c[j] and predictions[i] == c[k]:
             count = count + 1
             confusion matrix[j*length+k] = confusion <math>matrix[j*length+k]+1
  print "\t\t"+'PREDICTED'
  table = []
  #Append Classes name
  L=[]
  L.append('\t')
```

```
L.append('\t')
  for i in range(length):
     L.append(c[i])
  table.append(L)
  #Create Empty Table
  L=[]
  for i in range(length):
     for j in range(length +2):
       if i = = length/2:
          if j=0:
            L.append('ACTUAL')
          elif j==1:
            L.append(c[i])
          else:
             L.append('\t')
       else:
          if j = 1:
            L.append(c[i])
          else:
            L.append('\t')
     table.append(L)
     L=[]
  #Populate value to the confusion matrix/empty table
  value index=0
  for i in range(1, length+1):
     for j in range(2, length+2):
       table[i][j] = confusion matrix[value index]
       value index+=1
  print tabulate(table, tablefmt="grid")
  confusionMatrix = [[0 for i in xrange(noOfClasses)] for i in xrange(noOfClasses)]
  for x in range(len(actual classes)):
     if predictions[x] == actual classes[x]:
                                 confusion Matrix [actual\_classes[x]] [actual\_classes[x]]
confusionMatrix[actual classes[x]][actual classes[x]] + 1
     else:
                                    confusionMatrix[actual classes[x]][predictions[x]]
confusionMatrix[actual_classes[x]][predictions[x]] + 1
  return confusionMatrix
def CalculatePrecisionAndRecall(confusionMatrix, noOfClasses, noOfTestSamples):
  totalRecall = 0.0
  totalPrecision = 0.0
  precision, specificity, recall = [], [], []
  totalSpecificity = 0.0
  for i in range (10):
     classPrecision = 0.0
```

```
for j in range (10):
        classPrecision = classPrecision + confusionMatrix[j][i]
     if classPrecision != 0.0:
       classPrecision = (confusionMatrix[i][i] / float(classPrecision)) * 100
     else:
       classPrecision = 0.
     precision.append(classPrecision)
     totalPrecision = totalPrecision + classPrecision
  for i in range (10):
     classRecall = 0.0
     for j in range (10):
       classRecall = classRecall + confusionMatrix[i][j]
     if classRecall != 0.0:
       classRecall = (confusionMatrix[i][i] / float(classRecall)) * 100
     else:
       classRecall = 0.0
     recall.append(classRecall)
     totalRecall = totalRecall + classRecall
  for i in range (10):
     numerator = noOfTestSamples - confusionMatrix[i][i]
     denominator = numerator
     for i in range(10):
       if i != j:
          denominator = denominator + confusionMatrix[j][i]
     classSpecificity = (numerator / float(denominator))
     classSpecificity = classSpecificity * 100
     totalSpecificity = totalSpecificity + classSpecificity
     specificity.append(classSpecificity)
  avgRecall = (totalRecall / float(noOfClasses))
  avgPrecision = (totalPrecision / float(noOfClasses))
  avgSpecificity = (totalSpecificity / float(noOfClasses))
  return avgPrecision, avgRecall, avgSpecificity, precision, recall, specificity
def sigmoid(z):
  return 1.0/(1.0+np.exp(-z))
def sigmoid prime(z):
  return sigmoid(z)*(1-sigmoid(z))
def PrintResults(confusionMatrix, avgPrecision, avgRecall, avgSpecificity, precision, recall,
specificity):
  for i in range(0, len(precision)):
     print "Class", i
     print "-----"
     print "Precision :", precision[i]
     print "Recall :", recall[i]
```

```
print "Specificity:", specificity[i]
     print "\n"
  print "
  print "Average Recall:", avgRecall
  print "Average Precision:", avgPrecision
  print "Average Specificity:", avgSpecificity
def GetAccuracy(testLabels, predictions):
  correct = 0
  for x in range(len(testLabels)):
     if testLabels[x] == predictions[x]:
           correct += 1
  return (correct/float(len(testLabels))) * 100.0
def feedforward(a, biases, weights):
  for b, w in zip(biases, weights):
     a = sigmoid(np.dot(w, a) + b)
  return a
def cross validation division(iteration no, training data, training label, testing label):
  if iteration no==1:
     train data = training data[:50000]
     train label = training label[:50000]
     test inputs = training data[50000:60000]
     test labels = testing label[50000:60000]
  elif iteration no==2:
     train data = training data[10000:60000]
     train label = training label[10000:60000]
     test_inputs = training data[:10000]
     test labels = testing label[:10000]
  elif iteration no==3:
     train data1 = training data[:10000]
     train label1 = training label[:10000]
     train data2 = training data[20000:60000]
     train label2 = training label[20000:60000]
     train data = np.vstack((train data1, train data2))
     train label = np.vstack((train label1, train label2))
     test inputs = training data[10000:20000]
     test labels = testing label[10000:20000]
  elif iteration no==4:
```

```
train data1 = training data[:20000]
     train label1 = training label[:20000]
     train data2 = training data[30000:60000]
     train label2 = training label[30000:60000]
     train data = np.vstack((train data1, train data2))
     train label = np.vstack((train label1, train label2))
     test inputs = training data[20000:30000]
     test labels = testing label[20000:30000]
  elif iteration no==5:
     train data1 = training data[:30000]
     train label1 = training label[:30000]
     train data2 = training data[40000:60000]
     train label2 = training label[40000:60000]
     train data = np.vstack((train data1, train data2))
     train label = np.vstack((train label1, train label2))
     test inputs = training data[30000:40000]
     test labels = testing label[30000:40000]
  elif iteration no==6:
     train data1 = training data[:40000]
     train label1 = training label[:40000]
     train data2 = training data[50000:60000]
     train label2 = training label[50000:60000]
     train data = np.vstack((train data1, train data2))
     train label = np.vstack((train label1, train label2))
     test inputs = training data[40000:50000]
     test_labels = testing_label[40000:50000]
  test data = zip(test inputs, test labels)
  training data = zip(train data, train label)
  return training data, test data
def
        SGD(training inputs,
                                 training label,
                                                    testing label,
                                                                      testing final inputs,
testing final labels, epochs, mini batch size, eta, noOfClasses, biases, weights):
  iteration no = 1;
  accuracy list=[]
  error list=[]
  epoch iteration = 0
  for iteration in range(6):
    plot error list=[]
    plot epoch list=[]
```

```
print
    print "**********************
                                                                                 NO
                                        print
                                                 "=========FOLD
training data, test data = cross validation division(iteration no, training inputs,
training label, testing label)
    iteration no = iteration no + 1
    n = len(training data)
    n \text{ test} = len(test data)
    for j in xrange(epochs):
       random.shuffle(training data)
       epoch iteration = epoch iteration + 1
            mini batches = [training data[k:k+mini batch size] for k in xrange(0, n,
mini_batch_size)]
       for mini batch in mini batches:
         biases, weights = update mini batch(mini batch, eta, biases, weights)
       sum,test results=evaluate(test data, biases, weights)
       print "Training Iteration {0}: {1} / {2}".format(j, sum, n test)
       error = (1-(float(sum)/float(n test)))
       plot error list.append(error)
       plot epoch list.append(j)
    #print test results
    predictions = []
    testLabels=[]
    for i in test results:
       predictions.append(int(i[0]))
       testLabels.append(int(i[1]))
    confusion Matrix = Create Confusion Matrix (test Labels, predictions, no Of Classes) \\
             avgPrecision, avgRecall, avgSpecificity, precision, recall, specificity =
CalculatePrecisionAndRecall(confusionMatrix, noOfClasses, len(testLabels))
    PrintResults(confusionMatrix, avgPrecision, avgRecall, avgSpecificity, precision, recall,
specificity)
    accuracy = GetAccuracy(predictions, testLabels)
    accuracy list.append(accuracy)
    print "Accuracy:", accuracy
    error = 100.00 - accuracy
    error list.append(error)
    print "Error Rate:", error
    print "
    plt.plot(plot epoch list, plot error list)
    plt.show()
  print
  print '*************Average Values of FOLDS**************
```

```
accuracy list = np.array(accuracy list)
 print "Average Accuracy :", np.mean(accuracy list, axis=0)
 error list = np.array(error list)
 print "Average Error Rate :", np.mean(error list, axis=0)
 print "Standard Deviation of Error Rate:", np.std(error list, axis=0)
 print
                                                                  print
======='
 print
======='
 print
 test data = zip(testing final inputs, testing final labels)
 n \text{ test} = len(test data)
 sum,test results=evaluate(test data, biases, weights)
 print "Sum:", sum
 print "/",
 print n test
 predictions = []
 testLabels=[]
 for i in test results:
   predictions.append(int(i[0]))
   testLabels.append(int(i[1]))
 confusionMatrix = CreateConfusionMatrix(testLabels,predictions, noOfClasses)
                    avgRecall,
                             avgSpecificity, precision,
        avgPrecision,
CalculatePrecisionAndRecall(confusionMatrix, noOfClasses, len(testLabels))
  PrintResults(confusionMatrix, avgPrecision, avgRecall, avgSpecificity, precision, recall,
specificity)
 accuracy = GetAccuracy(predictions, testLabels)
 print "Accuracy:", accuracy
 error = 100.00 - accuracy
 print "Error Rate:", error
 print
def update mini batch(mini batch, eta, biases, weights):
 nabla b = [np.zeros(b.shape) for b in biases]
 nabla w = [np.zeros(w.shape) for w in weights]
 for x, y in mini batch:
    delta_nabla_b, delta_nabla_w = backprop(x, y, biases, weights)
```

```
nabla b = [nb+dnb \text{ for } nb, dnb \text{ in } zip(nabla b, delta nabla b)]
     nabla w = [nw + dnw \text{ for } nw, dnw \text{ in } zip(nabla w, delta nabla w)]
  weights = [w-(eta/len(mini batch))*nw for w, nw in zip(weights, nabla w)]
  biases = [b-(eta/len(mini batch))*nb
             for b, nb in zip(biases, nabla b)]
  return biases, weights
def backprop(x, y, biases, weights):
  nabla b = [np.zeros(b.shape) for b in biases]
  nabla w = [np.zeros(w.shape) for w in weights]
  activation = x
  activations = [x]
  zs = \prod
  for b, w in zip(biases, weights):
     z = np.dot(w, activation) + b
     zs.append(z)
     activation = sigmoid(z)
     activations.append(activation)
  delta = cost derivative(activations[-1], y) * sigmoid prime(zs[-1])
  nabla b[-1] = delta
  nabla w[-1] = np.dot(delta, activations[-2].transpose())
  for l in xrange(2, num layers):
     z = zs[-1]
     spv = sigmoid prime(z)
     delta = np.dot(weights[-l+1].transpose(), delta) * spv
     nabla b[-l] = delta
     nabla w[-l] = np.dot(delta, activations[-l-1].transpose())
  return (nabla b, nabla w)
def evaluate(test data, biases, weights):
  test results = [(np.argmax(feedforward(x, biases, weights)), y)
             for (x, y) in test data]
  #print test results
  return sum(int(x == y) for (x, y) in test results), test results
def cost derivative(output activations, y):
  return (output activations-y)
def binarisation(img):
  for i in range(len(img)):
     if img[i] > 0:
       img[i]/= 255.0
     else:
       img[i]=0
  return img
if name == 'main ':
  test img fname = 't10k-images.idx3-ubyte'
```

```
test lbl fname = 't10k-labels.idx1-ubyte'
  train img fname = 'train-images.idx3-ubyte'
  train lbl fname = 'train-labels.idx1-ubyte'
  test data, test labels, train data, train label = [],[],[],[]
     test data, test labels = load(os.path.join(path, test img fname),os.path.join(path,
test lbl fname))
    train data, train label = load(os.path.join(path, train img fname),os.path.join(path,
train lbl fname))
  for i in range(len(train data)):
     train data[i] = binarisation(train data[i])
  for i in range(len(test data)):
     test data[i] = binarisation(test data[i])
  test data = np.array(test data)
  train data = np.array(train data)
  test data = test data.astype(float)
  train data = train data.astype(float)
  train label = np.array(train label)
  test labels = np.array(test labels)
  training data, training results, test inputs, test labels = load data wrapper(train data,
train label, test data, test labels)
  sizes = [784, 30, 10]
  num layers = len(sizes)
  biases = [np.random.randn(y, 1) for y in sizes[1:]]
  weights = [np.random.randn(y, x) for x, y in zip(sizes[:-1], sizes[1:])]
   SGD(training data, training results, train label, test inputs, test labels, 20, 10, 1.0, 10,
biases, weights)
```

Output

Training Iteration 12: 9493 / 10000
Training Iteration 13: 9495 / 10000
Training Iteration 14: 9481 / 10000
Training Iteration 15: 9502 / 10000
Training Iteration 16: 9498 / 10000
Training Iteration 17: 9510 / 10000
Training Iteration 18: 9494 / 10000
Training Iteration 19: 9493 / 10000

PREDICTED

++++++++
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
0 970 0 6 1 3 7 4 1 3 10
++ 1 0 1037 2 1 4 1 1 5 8 1
++++++++
3 1 4 7 980 0 29 0 11 11 10
++++++++
++++++++
++++++++
++++++++
++++++++
++++++++
+++++++
Class 0

Precision: 97.8809283552 Recall: 96.5174129353 Specificity: 99.7679814385

Class 1

Precision: 97.462406015 Recall: 97.8301886792 Specificity: 99.6996662959

Class 2

Specificity: 99.3969298246

Class 3

Precision: 95.145631068 Recall: 93.0674264008

Specificity: 99.4487320838

Class 4

Precision: 94.4048830112 Recall: 95.867768595 Specificity: 99.3973923524

Class 5

Precision: 89.1803278689 Recall: 96.4539007092 Specificity: 98.9335344178

Class 6

Precision: 98.2419855222 Recall: 94.7158524427 Specificity: 99.8125068931

Class 7

Precision: 95.1376146789 Recall: 96.6449207829 Specificity: 99.4121561668

Class 8

Precision: 94.5490584737 Recall: 90.4265402844 Specificity: 99.3956708054

Class 9

Precision: 92.1956295525 Recall: 93.4599156118 Specificity: 99.1838067254 Average Recall: 94.9523865774

Average Precision: 94.864290899 Average Specificity: 99.4448377004

Accuracy: 94.93 Error Rate: 5.07

Training Iteration 0: 9655 / 10000 Training Iteration 1: 9629 / 10000

Training Iteration 2: 9615 / 10000

Training Iteration 3: 9588 / 10000

Training Iteration 4: 9588 / 10000

Training Iteration 5: 9628 / 10000

Training Iteration 6: 9622 / 10000

Training Iteration 7: 9631 / 10000

Training Iteration 8: 9605 / 10000

Training Iteration 9: 9608 / 10000

Training Iteration 10: 9620 / 10000

Training Iteration 11: 9616 / 10000

Training Iteration 12: 9625 / 10000

Training Iteration 13: 9589 / 10000

Training Iteration 13: 9589 / 10000

Training Iteration 15: 9597 / 10000

Training Iteration 16: 9583 / 10000

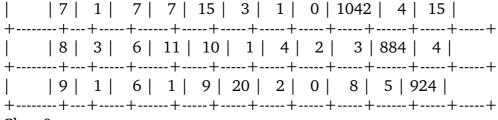
Training Iteration 17: 9604 / 10000

Training Iteration 18: 9602 / 10000

Training Iteration 19: 9591 / 10000

PREDICTED

+-----+---+---+----+----+ | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | +-----+---+---+----+----+----+ | 0 | 986 | 0 | 5 | 3 | 1 | 4 | 5 | 0 | 5 | 5 | +-----+---+---+----+----+ | 1 | 0 | 1095 | 6 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 6 | 1 | +----++---+---+---+----+-----+-----+ | 2 | 0 | 6 | 942 | 15 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 8 | 4 | 3 | +-----+---+---+----+----+ | 3 | 2 | 1 | 5 | 963 | 1 | 7 | 0 | 2 | 7 | 8 | +-----+---+---+----+----+ | 4 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 0 | 939 | 6 | 4 | 6 | 3 | 13 | +-----+---+---+----+----+ | A | 5 | 2 | 4 | 3 | 14 | 2 | 830 | 13 | 0 | 15 | 4 | +-----+---+---+---+----+-----+-----+ | 6 | 4 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 10 | 6 | 986 | 1 | 11 | 1 | +----++---+---+---+----+----+



Class 0

Precision: 98.5014985015 Recall: 97.2386587771 Specificity: 99.8338686455

Class 1

Precision: 97.1606033718 Recall: 98.4712230216 Specificity: 99.6419380105

Class 2

Precision: 95.0554994955 Recall: 95.537525355

Specificity: 99.4619523444

Class 3

Precision: 93.3139534884 Recall: 96.686746988 Specificity: 99.242257852

Class 4

Precision: 95.8163265306 Recall: 95.523906409 Specificity: 99.5495495495

Class 5

Precision: 96.1761297798 Recall: 93.5738444194 Specificity: 99.6414212757

Class 6

Precision: 97.2386587771 Recall: 96.3831867058 Specificity: 99.6903339969

Class 7

Precision: 97.3831775701 Recall: 95.1598173516 Specificity: 99.6884041843

Class 8

Precision: 93.6440677966 Recall: 95.2586206897 Specificity: 99.3461203139

Class 9

Precision: 94.4785276074 Recall: 94.6721311475 Specificity: 99.408543264

Average Recall: 95.8505660865

Average Precision: 95.8768442919 Average Specificity: 99.5504389437

Accuracy: 95.91 Error Rate: 4.09

Training Iteration 0: 9708 / 10000
Training Iteration 1: 9712 / 10000
Training Iteration 2: 9695 / 10000
Training Iteration 3: 9689 / 10000
Training Iteration 4: 9690 / 10000
Training Iteration 5: 9698 / 10000
Training Iteration 6: 9670 / 10000
Training Iteration 7: 9674 / 10000
Training Iteration 8: 9682 / 10000
Training Iteration 9: 9658 / 10000
Training Iteration 10: 9655 / 10000
Training Iteration 11: 9657 / 10000

Training Iteration 12: 9665 / 10000 Training Iteration 13: 9643 / 10000 Training Iteration 14: 9659 / 10000
Training Iteration 15: 9643 / 10000
Training Iteration 16: 9667 / 10000
Training Iteration 17: 9663 / 10000
Training Iteration 18: 9636 / 10000
Training Iteration 19: 9661 / 10000

PREDICTED

++++++++	++
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	
+++++++++	
+++++++++	L
+++++++++	3
3 1 4 9 995 0 4 0 4 9 10)
+++++++++	5
+++++++++	1
++++++++	
+++++++++)
+++++++++	5
++++++++	5
+++++++++	++

Class 0

Precision: 98.0866062437 Recall: 97.7911646586 Specificity: 99.7899391929

Class 1

Precision: 98.7001733102 Recall: 98.1896551724 Specificity: 99.8310049572

Class 2

Precision: 94.1364605544

Recall: 96.1873638344 Specificity: 99.4003488879

Class 3

Precision: 95.30651341

Recall: 96.0424710425 Specificity: 99.4588027391

Class 4

Precision: 97.3056994819 Recall: 96.9040247678 Specificity: 99.7138769671

Class 5

Precision: 96.7105263158 Recall: 95.7654723127 Specificity: 99.6720594666

Class 6

Precision: 98.3281086729 Recall: 96.5128205128 Specificity: 99.8236914601

Class 7

Precision: 97.7517106549

Recall: 97.65625

Specificity: 99.7450958661

Class 8

Precision: 95.3987730061 Recall: 94.8170731707 Specificity: 99.5061457419

Class 9

Precision: 94.111969112 Recall: 95.8702064897 Specificity: 99.3286374642 Average Recall: 96.5736501962

Average Precision: 96.5836540762 Average Specificity: 99.6269602743

Accuracy: 96.61 Error Rate: 3.39

```
*********
```

Training Iteration 0: 9742 / 10000

Training Iteration 1: 9757 / 10000

Training Iteration 2: 9756 / 10000

Training Iteration 3: 9733 / 10000

Training Iteration 4: 9746 / 10000

Training Iteration 5: 9729 / 10000

Training Iteration 6: 9746 / 10000

Training Iteration 7: 9736 / 10000

Training Iteration 8: 9726 / 10000

Training Iteration 9: 9714 / 10000

Training Iteration 10: 9707 / 10000

Training Iteration 11: 9707 / 10000

Training iteration 11: 9/0// 10000

Training Iteration 12: 9684 / 10000

Training Iteration 13: 9689 / 10000

Training Iteration 14: 9680 / 10000

Training Iteration 15: 9726 / 10000

Training Iteration 16: 9702 / 10000

Training Iteration 17: 9708 / 10000

Training Iteration 18: 9702 / 10000

Training Iteration 19: 9704 / 10000

PREDICTED

++	_ +	+	 -	 -	 ⊢	L	 -	├	 -	++
	0	1 2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
	952	1	8 8	5 2	2 2	3	2	3	2	
	0 1	126	1	4	1 0	1	5	6	1	
	2	5 98	3 1	1	3 2	1	7	4	1	
	1	4 6	95	2 0) 11	1	3	3	5	
	1	2 5	2	951	5	3	5	3	11	
++ ACTUAL	5	2 0	1	7	3	900	5	0	7	7
	4	0 1	1	4	5	986	1	3	0	
	0	2 5	6 4	3	1	0	988	1	8	
┰	- 十	十	┌	₸	⊤	r	r	┌	r	┌ ┼

Precision: 98.4488107549 Recall: 97.1428571429

Specificity: 99.8344918901

Class 1

Precision: 98.5989492119
Recall: 98.3406113537
Specificity: 99.8200224972

Class 2

Precision: 96.467124632 Recall: 96.467124632

Specificity: 99.6023417652

Class 3

Precision: 95.4864593781 Recall: 96.5517241379 Specificity: 99.5051138238

Class 4

Precision: 96.9418960245 Recall: 96.2550607287 Specificity: 99.6695671329

Class 5

Precision: 96.3597430407 Recall: 96.5665236052 Specificity: 99.6277643968

Class 6

Precision: 98.2071713147 Recall: 98.1094527363 Specificity: 99.8007085917

Class 7

Precision: 97.4358974359 Recall: 97.628458498 Specificity: 99.7123257358

Class 8

Precision: 96.4323189927 Recall: 95.5301455301 Specificity: 99.6269884805

Class 9

Precision: 95.7532861476 Recall: 97.5283213182 Specificity: 99.5382078065

Average Recall: 97.0120279683 Average Precision: 97.0131656933 Average Specificity: 99.673753212

Accuracy: 97.04 Error Rate: 2.96

Training Iteration 0: 9758 / 10000
Training Iteration 1: 9768 / 10000
Training Iteration 2: 9749 / 10000
Training Iteration 3: 9736 / 10000
Training Iteration 4: 9759 / 10000
Training Iteration 5: 9749 / 10000
Training Iteration 6: 9736 / 10000
Training Iteration 7: 9755 / 10000

Training Iteration 7: 9733 / 10000
Training Iteration 8: 9766 / 10000
Training Iteration 9: 9726 / 10000

Training Iteration 10: 9748 / 10000

Training Iteration 11: 9736 / 10000

Training Iteration 12: 9711 / 10000 Training Iteration 13: 9731 / 10000

Training Iteration 14: 9728 / 10000

Training Iteration 15: 9731 / 10000

Training Iteration 16: 9730 / 10000 Training Iteration 17: 9735 / 10000 Training Iteration 18: 9744 / 10000 Training Iteration 19: 9723 / 10000

PREDICTED

+-----+---+---+----+----+ | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | +----++---+---+---+----+-----+-----+ 0 | 943 | 0 | 4 | 5 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | +----++---+---+---+----+----+ | 1 | 0 | 1125 | 2 | 5 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 2 | 2 | +-----+---+---+---+----+----+ | 2 | 2 | 3 | 960 | 11 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 5 | 5 | 1 | +----++---+---+---+----+----+ | 3 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 961 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | +-----+---+---+---+----+ | 4 | 1 | 3 | 11 | 0 | 956 | 1 | 2 | 5 | 4 | 8 | +----++---+---+---+----+----+ | ACTUAL | 5 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 9 | 1 | 873 | 7 | 0 | 1 | 2 | +----++--+-+--+---+----+ | 6 | 6 | 1 | 4 | 2 | 9 | 2 | 985 | 0 | 5 | 0 | +----++---+--+---+----+ |7| 0| 4| 7| 2| 1| 3| 0|986| 1| 9| +----++---+---+---+----+----+ | 8 | 6 | 1 | 3 | 8 | 3 | 5 | 3 | 5 | 959 | 11 | +----++---+---+---+----+----+ | 9 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 5 | 8 | 2 | 0 | 10 | 4 | 975 | +----++---+---+---+----+ Class 0

Precision: 97.9231568017 Recall: 97.8215767635 Specificity: 99.7796628842

Class 1

Precision: 98.6842105263 Recall: 98.4251968504 Specificity: 99.8312710911

Class 2

Precision: 96.4824120603 Recall: 96.7741935484 Specificity: 99.6143250689 -----

Precision: 95.3373015873 Recall: 98.766700925 Specificity: 99.4827206692

Class 4

Precision: 97.2533062055 Recall: 96.4682139253 Specificity: 99.7023481424

Class 5

Precision: 97.5418994413 Recall: 97.1078976641 Specificity: 99.7595365614

Class 6

Precision: 98.5

Recall: 97.1400394477 Specificity: 99.8338870432

Class 7

Precision: 96.8565815324 Recall: 97.3346495558 Specificity: 99.6462524873

Class 8

Precision: 97.3604060914 Recall: 95.5179282869 Specificity: 99.7132458366

Class 9

Precision: 96.2487660415 Recall: 96.82224429

Specificity: 99.5807127883

Average Recall: 97.2178641257

Average Precision: 97.2188040288 Average Specificity: 99.6943962572

Accuracy: 97.23 Error Rate: 2.77

```
**********
Training Iteration 0: 9768 / 10000
Training Iteration 1: 9753 / 10000
Training Iteration 2: 9779 / 10000
Training Iteration 3: 9772 / 10000
Training Iteration 4: 9766 / 10000
Training Iteration 5: 9752 / 10000
Training Iteration 6: 9763 / 10000
Training Iteration 7: 9761 / 10000
Training Iteration 8: 9744 / 10000
Training Iteration 9: 9755 / 10000
Training Iteration 10: 9760 / 10000
Training Iteration 11: 9743 / 10000
Training Iteration 12: 9753 / 10000
Training Iteration 13: 9743 / 10000
Training Iteration 14: 9742 / 10000
```

Training Iteration 15: 9753 / 10000 Training Iteration 16: 9749 / 10000

Training Iteration 17: 9740 / 10000 Training Iteration 18: 9738 / 10000

Training Iteration 19: 9745 / 10000

PREDICTED

TILLDIGILD			
+++++++			++
			.++
0 995 0 7 3 3			
+++++++ 	1 1 3	4 0	
2 0 3 994 19 1	2 3 7	' 6 1	
++++++++	4 1 2	8 6	
4 1 1 6 0 925	1 2 5	3 6	
++++++++ ACTUAL 5 2 0 3 4 1 +++++++	880 2	1 6	3
6 1 0 3 3 4 4	966 0	4 0	
++++++++ 	0 1024	- 3 5	
	1 0	942 3	
======	- - 		

| | 9 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 5 | 13 | 1 | 0 | 5 | 3 | 947 | +-----+

Class 0

Precision: 98.7103174603 Recall: 97.8367748279 Specificity: 99.8558438678

Class 1

Precision: 98.8340807175 Recall: 99.0116801438 Specificity: 99.8541128942

Class 2

Precision: 96.9756097561 Recall: 95.9459459459 Specificity: 99.6569658072

Class 3

Precision: 95.0980392157 Recall: 97.5855130785 Specificity: 99.449339207

Class 4

Precision: 97.3684210526 Recall: 97.3684210526 Specificity: 99.7252747253

Class 5

Precision: 97.5609756098 Recall: 97.5609756098 Specificity: 99.7593524393

Class 6

Precision: 98.9754098361 Recall: 98.0710659898 Specificity: 99.889429456

Class 7

Precision: 97.5238095238 Recall: 97.431018078 Specificity: 99.7111752944

Class 8

Precision: 95.9266802444 Recall: 96.8139773895 Specificity: 99.5603429325

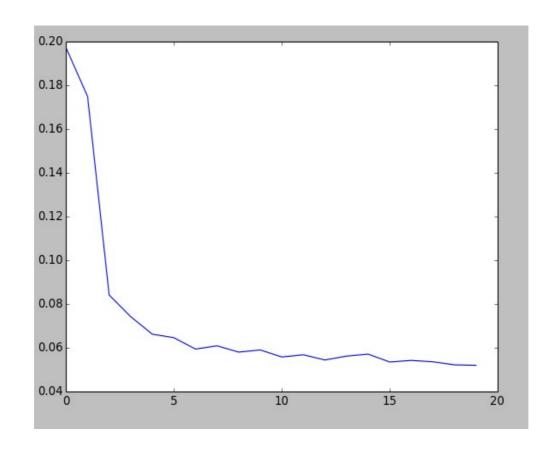
Class 9

Precision: 97.4279835391 Recall: 96.7313585291 Specificity: 99.7246089447

Average Recall: 97.4356730645 Average Precision: 97.4401326955 Average Specificity: 99.7186445568

Accuracy: 97.45 Error Rate: 2.55

PLOT



****************** Average Accuracy: 96.5283333333 Average Error Rate: 3.47166666667 Standard Deviation of Error Rate: 0.87056335528 ***************** ______ ______ ======= Sum: 9525 / 10000 **PREDICTED** +-----+---+---+---+----+-----+ | | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | +----++--+-+--+---+ | 0 | 961 | 0 | 11 | 1 | 3 | 6 | 12 | 2 | 9 | 9 | +-----+---+---+----+----+ | 1 | 0 | 1121 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 9 | 3 | 6 | +----++---+--+---+----+ | 2 | 2 | 2 | 984 | 15 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 22 | 2 | 0 | +-----+---+---+----+----+ | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 955 | 0 | 23 | 1 | 8 | 9 | 12 | +-----+---+---+----+----+ | 4 | 1 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 936 | 4 | 10 | 1 | 7 | 18 | +----++--+-+--+---+ | ACTUAL | 5 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 9 | 1 | 831 | 8 | 1 | 6 | 4 | +----++---+---+---+----+----+ | 6 | 6 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 10 | 6 | 912 | 0 | 11 | 1 | +-----+---+---+---+----+-----+ | 7 | 1 | 1 | 10 | 8 | 2 | 4 | 0 | 971 | 6 | 11 | +----++---+---+---+----+----+ | 8 | 3 | 5 | 10 | 9 | 1 | 8 | 6 | 3 | 917 | 11 | +----++---+---+----+----+ | 9 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 10 | 24 | 3 | 0 | 11 | 4 | 937 | +----++---+---+---+----+----+ Class 0

Precision: 98.0612244898 Recall: 94.7731755424 Specificity: 99.7902406712

Class 1

Precision: 98.7665198238

Recall: 97.393570808

Specificity: 99.8425728101

Class 2

Precision: 95.3488372093 Recall: 94.43378119

Specificity: 99.4704324801

Class 3

Precision: 94.5544554455 Recall: 94.3675889328 Specificity: 99.3956043956

Class 4

Precision: 95.3156822811 Recall: 95.1219512195 Specificity: 99.4950603732

Class 5

Precision: 93.1614349776 Recall: 95.8477508651 Specificity: 99.3391115926

Class 6

Precision: 95.1983298539 Recall: 95.7983193277 Specificity: 99.496387125

Class 7

Precision: 94.4552529183 Recall: 95.7593688363 Specificity: 99.3726612371

Class 8

Precision: 94.1478439425 Recall: 94.2446043165 Specificity: 99.3763676149

Class 9

Precision: 92.864222002 Recall: 94.5509586276 Specificity: 99.2118226601

Average Recall: 95.2291069666 Average Precision: 95.1873802944 Average Specificity: 99.479026096

Accuracy: 95.25 Error Rate: 4.75

<u>QUESTION-2</u>: Compare the results with classification using Euclidean distance based 1-Nearest Neighbor (1NN) Classifier. Present an analysis and discussion of your results.

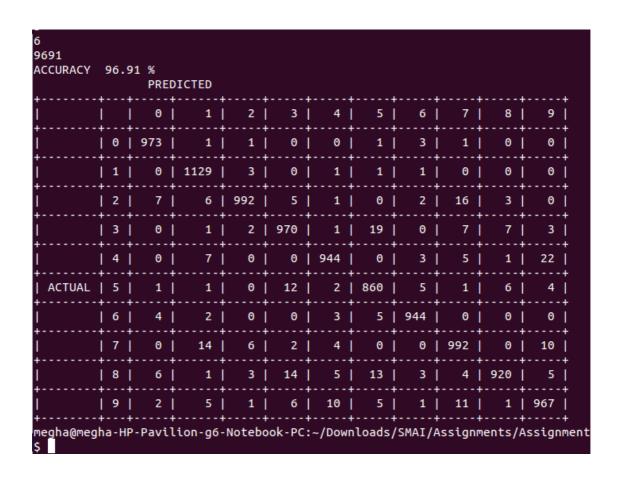
```
Code:
import numpy as np
import operator
import time
import os
import struct
from array import array
import math
import sys
import random
from matplotlib.pyplot import *
import csv
from tabulate import tabulate
# majority vote for a little bit optimized worker
def majority vote(knn, labels):
  knn = [k[0, 0] \text{ for } k \text{ in } knn]
  a = \{\}
  for idx in knn:
     if labels[idx] in a.keys():
        a[labels[idx]] = a[labels[idx]] + 1
        a[labels[idx]] = 1
  return sorted(a.iteritems(), key=operator.itemgetter(1), reverse=True)[0][0]
def k nearest neighbours(train, test, labels):
  k = 7
  train mat = np.mat(train)
  idx = 0
  size = len(test)
  prediction list = []
  for test sample in test:
     idx += 1
     knn = np.argsort(np.sum(np.power(np.subtract(train mat, test sample), 2), axis=1),
axis=0)[:k]
     prediction = majority vote(knn, labels)
     print prediction
     prediction_list.append(prediction)
  return prediction list
```

```
def load(path img, path lbl):
  with open(path lbl, 'rb') as file:
     magic, size = struct.unpack(">II", file.read(8))
     if magic != 2049:
       raise ValueError('Magic number mismatch, expected 2049, "got %d' % magic)
    labels = array("B", file.read())
  with open(path img, 'rb') as file:
     magic, size, rows, cols = struct.unpack(">IIII", file.read(16))
     if magic != 2051:
       raise ValueError('Magic number mismatch, expected 2051,"got %d' % magic)
     image data = array("B", file.read())
  images = []
  for i in xrange(size):
     images.append([0]*rows*cols)
  for i in xrange(size):
     images[i][:] = image data[i*rows*cols: (i+1)*rows*cols]
  return images, labels
#Calculate the ratio of the total correct predictions out of all predictions made :
classification accuracy
def calculate accuracy(test labels, prediction list):
  correct=0
  length test sample = len(test labels)
  for i in range(len(prediction list)):
     if test labels[i] == prediction list[i]:
       correct = correct + 1
  print correct
  accuracy percentage = (float(correct)/float(len(prediction list))) * 100
  return accuracy_percentage
def confusion matrix(predictions, actual classes):
  #Fetching the name of the classes to dictionary and then to the list
  c = [0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9]
  length = len(c)
  #Creating confusion matrix as list -> empty list and hence comparing and increasing the
count
  confusion matrix=[]
  for i in range(length):
     for j in range(length):
       confusion matrix.append(0)
  count = 0
  for i in range(len(actual classes)):
     for j in range(length):
       for k in range(length):
          if actual classes[i] == c[j] and predictions[i] == c[k]:
```

```
count = count + 1
            confusion matrix[j*length+k] = confusion <math>matrix[j*length+k]+1
  print "\t\t"+'PREDICTED'
  table = []
  #Append Classes name
  L=[]
  L.append('\t')
  L.append('\t')
  for i in range(length):
    L.append(c[i])
  table.append(L)
  #Create Empty Table
  L=[]
  for i in range(length):
    for j in range(length +2):
       if i = length/2:
         if j=0:
            L.append('ACTUAL')
          elif i = 1:
            L.append(c[i])
            L.append('\t')
       else:
         if j = 1:
            L.append(c[i])
         else:
            L.append('\t')
    table.append(L)
    L=[]
  #Populate value to the confusion matrix/empty table
  value index=0
  for i in range(1, length+1):
    for j in range(2, length+2):
       table[i][j] = confusion matrix[value index]
       value index+=1
  print tabulate(table, tablefmt="grid")
if name == ' main ':
  path='.'
  test img fname = 't10k-images.idx3-ubyte'
  test lbl fname = 't10k-labels.idx1-ubyte'
  train img fname = 'train-images.idx3-ubyte'
  train lbl fname = 'train-labels.idx1-ubyte'
  test images, test labels, train data, train label = [],[],[],[]
  test images, test labels = load(os.path.join(path, test img fname),os.path.join(path,
test lbl fname))
```

```
train_data, train_label = load(os.path.join(path, train_img_fname),os.path.join(path,
train_lbl_fname))
prediction_list = k_nearest_neighbours(train_data, test_images, train_label)
accuracy = calculate_accuracy(test_labels, prediction_list)
print "ACCURACY ",
print accuracy,
print "%"
confusion_matrix(prediction_list, test_labels)
```

Output For value K=1:



Output For value K=3:

		PREI	DICTED								
		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	0	974	1	1	0	0	1	2	1	0	0
	1	0	1133	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	10	9	995	2	0	0	0	13	2	1
	3	0	1	4	974	1	12	1	7	4	6
	4	1	6	0	0	947	0	4	2	1	21
ACTUAL	5	6	1	0	11	2	858	5	1	4	4
	6	5	3	0	0	3	3	944	0	0	0
 	7	0	21	4	0	1	0	0	991	0	11
	+ 8	7	0	3	11	4	10	3	4	927	5
	+ 9	4	+ 4	1	5	9	2	1	8	+ 4	++ 971

Output For value K=5:

ACCURACY	96.9	94 % PREI	DICTED								
		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	0	974	1	1	0	0	1	2	1	0	0
	1	0	1133	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	11	8	990	2	1	0	1	15	4	0
	3	0	2	3	974	1	12	1	6	4	7
	4	3	7	0	0	943	0	4	2	1	22
ACTUAL	5	5	0	0	10	2	860	4	1	4	6
	6	5	3	0	0	3	2	945	0	0	0
	7	0	22	4	0	3	0	0	987	0	12
	8	7	3	4	12	4	8	4	5	922	5
	9	5	6	3	7	7	3	1	9	2	966

Analysis:

parameter(lmbda) is passed to the update_mini_batch function. Regulariztion: It's

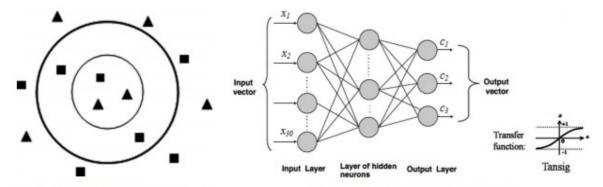


Fig. 3. KNN algorithm for a situation with 2 class and 2 features.

Fig. 4. The architecture of applied neural network.

For the results obtained on the classification on Multi Layer Neural Networks and KNN, the observations are :

- The accuracy of knn was good for the given mnist databse. So KNN gives better results in terms of accuracy than the MLFNN.
- MLFNN results in faster results after training the machine.
- KNN is a lazy learner(unsupervised learning) in slow prediction rate on the big data set line MNIST
- Finally, KNN and ANN were generated by training with training data set and simultaneously simulated by testing data set, we can see that the best performance of KNN on given Data-set was 96% and whereas of MLFNN was 95% with epoch(20) and learning rate 3.0.
- For K values tested with k = 1, 3, 5. The value k = 3 is giving the best accuracy for the mnist dataset

QUESTION-3: Now, try one variation of preprocessing using deskewing, adding noise, etc. and also try one variation with other objective functions / regularization terms such as cross entropy, weight decay, tangentprop, etc. and compare your results from (1) above. Present an analysis and discussion of your results.

<u>Variation – I (Weight Decay Function):</u>

- 1) It makes use of new and improved approach to weight initialisation. The weights input to a neuron are initialized as Gaussian random variables with mean 0 and standard deviation 1 divided by the square root of the number of connections input to the neuron.
- 2) The real work is done by modifying the gradient descent update rule to include weight decay. Although the modification is tiny, it has a big impact on results! The basic approach is to start with a network with "too many" weights and "decay" all weights during training.
- 3) A regularization parameter(lmbda) is passed to the update_mini_batch function. Regulariztion: It's conceptually quite subtle and difficult to understand. And yet it was trivial to add to our program! It occurs surprisingly often that sophisticated techniques can be implemented with small changes to code.

Updations:

The following function is updated to update the weight in a different way at each step. It also takes lmbda and n as a parameter which also influence the training of the network.

Code:

```
def update_mini_batch(mini_batch, eta, biases, weights, lmbda, n):
    nabla_b = [np.zeros(b.shape) for b in biases]
    nabla_w = [np.zeros(w.shape) for w in weights]
    for x, y in mini_batch:
        delta_nabla_b, delta_nabla_w = backprop(x, y, biases, weights)
        nabla_b = [nb+dnb for nb, dnb in zip(nabla_b, delta_nabla_b)]
        nabla_w = [nw+dnw for nw, dnw in zip(nabla_w, delta_nabla_w)]

    weights = [(1-eta*(lmbda/n))*w-(eta/len(mini_batch))*nw for w, nw in zip(weights, nabla_w)]
    biases = [b-(eta/len(mini_batch))*nb for b, nb in zip(biases, nabla_b)]
    return biases, weights
```

Analysis:

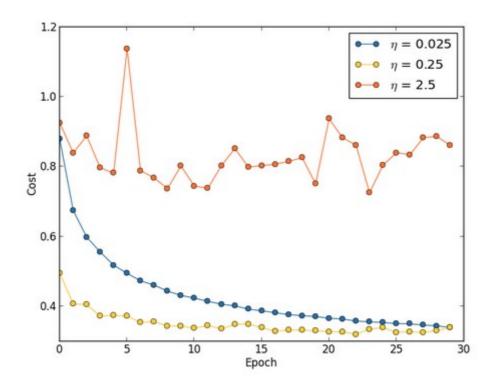
If $\eta = 10.0$ and $\lambda = 1000.00$, we hardly gets an accuracy of 9-10%:

====== FOLD NO 1=====
Training Iteration 0: 1064 / 10000
Training Iteration 1: 961 / 10000
Training Iteration 2: 1064 / 10000
Training Iteration 3: 961 / 10000
Training Iteration 4: 1064 / 10000
Training Iteration 5: 1009 / 10000
Training Iteration 6: 1064 / 10000
Training Iteration 7: 983 / 10000
Training Iteration 8: 1064 / 10000
Training Iteration 9: 1064 / 10000
Training Iteration 10: 961 / 10000

"Well, that's easy to fix," -> "just decrease the learning rate and regularization hyper-parameters". Our classification accuracies are no better than chance! Our network is acting as a random noise generator!

Learning rate:

Suppose we run three MNIST networks with three different learning rates, η =0.025, η =0.25 and η =2.5, respectively. We'll set the other hyper-parameters as for the experiments in earlier sections, running over 30 epochs, with a mini-batch size of 10, and with λ =5.0. We'll also return to using the full 50,000 training images.



- With η =0.025 the cost decreases smoothly until the final epoch.
- With η =0.25 the cost initially decreases, but after about 20 epochs it is near saturation, and thereafter most of the changes are merely small and apparently random oscillations.

• With $\eta = 2.5$ the cost makes large oscillations right from the start.

If learning rate - η =0.5 and λ =5.0, We gets an accuracy of more than 90%.

So the regulariztion parameter along with weight decay function is effecting our final accuracy and the converge to a large extent.

************ Training Iteration 0: 8574 / 10000 Training Iteration 1: 9044 / 10000 Training Iteration 2: 9195 / 10000 Training Iteration 3: 9297 / 10000 Training Iteration 4: 9379 / 10000 Training Iteration 5: 9434 / 10000 Training Iteration 6: 9479 / 10000 Training Iteration 7: 9489 / 10000 Training Iteration 8: 9504 / 10000 Training Iteration 9: 9539 / 10000 Training Iteration 10: 9515 / 10000 Training Iteration 11: 9553 / 10000 Training Iteration 12: 9544 / 10000 Training Iteration 13: 9576 / 10000 Training Iteration 14: 9545 / 10000 Training Iteration 15: 9575 / 10000 Training Iteration 16: 9582 / 10000 Training Iteration 17: 9586 / 10000 Training Iteration 18: 9578 / 10000 Training Iteration 19: 9571 / 10000

		PRE	DICTED	,		.					
		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	0	973	0	7	4	1	7	3	3	3	6
	1	0	1048	2	2	6	3	0	7	9	2
	2	4	5	939	13	2	7	1	6	7	2
	3	0	2	2	969	1	17	0	2	4	12
	4	0	1	7	0	938	5	3	4	2	15
ACTUAL	5	1	1	2	11	0	840	1	0	3	2
	6	3	0	6	0	5	17	954	0	6	1
	7	1	2	9	4	2	1	0	1055	6	17
	8	6	4	13	20	3	10	5	0	957	6
	9	3	1	3	7	25	8	0	13	12	898
Accuracy	9	71	+			+	+	+4			++

Training Iteration 0: 9550 / 10000 Training Iteration 1: 9538 / 10000 Training Iteration 2: 9522 / 10000 Training Iteration 3: 9538 / 10000 Training Iteration 4: 9524 / 10000 Training Iteration 5: 9536 / 10000 Training Iteration 6: 9539 / 10000 Training Iteration 7: 9527 / 10000 Training Iteration 8: 9523 / 10000 Training Iteration 9: 9522 / 10000 Training Iteration 10: 9549 / 10000 Training Iteration 11: 9544 / 10000 Training Iteration 12: 9552 / 10000 Training Iteration 13: 9557 / 10000 Training Iteration 14: 9537 / 10000 Training Iteration 15: 9527 / 10000 Training Iteration 16: 9542 / 10000 Training Iteration 17: 9532 / 10000

Training Iteration 18: 9529 / 10000

	++	+	DICTED	+		+		+		+	++
		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	0	973	0	7	4	1	7	3	3	3	6
	1	0	1048	2	2	6	3	0	7	9	2
	2	4	5	939	13	2	7	1	6	7	2
	3	0	2	2	969	1	17	0	2	4	12
	4	0	1	7	0	938	5	3	4	2	15
ACTUAL	5	1	1	2	11	0	840	1	0	3	2
	6	3	0	6	0	5	17	954	0	6	1
	7	1	2	9	4	2	1	0	1055	6	17
	8	6	4	13	20	3	10	5	0	957	6
	9	3	1	3	7	25	8	0	13	12	898

Training Iteration 0: 9532 / 10000 Training Iteration 1: 9538 / 10000 Training Iteration 2: 9516 / 10000 Training Iteration 3: 9518 / 10000 Training Iteration 4: 9520 / 10000 Training Iteration 5: 9527 / 10000 Training Iteration 6: 9488 / 10000 Training Iteration 7: 9516 / 10000 Training Iteration 8: 9538 / 10000 Training Iteration 9: 9503 / 10000 Training Iteration 10: 9503 / 10000 Training Iteration 11: 9519 / 10000 Training Iteration 12: 9513 / 10000 Training Iteration 13: 9530 / 10000 Training Iteration 14: 9518 / 10000 Training Iteration 15: 9523 / 10000 Training Iteration 16: 9492 / 10000 Training Iteration 17: 9476 / 10000 Training Iteration 18: 9502 / 10000 Training Iteration 19: 9487 / 10000

		PREC	DICTED								
	i	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	0	957	0	6	3	0	3	7	0	4	8
	1	0	1132	5	4	4	2	3	3	9	6
	2	7	6	873	28	5	3	1	8	7	3
	3	0	3	5	962	1	8	0	0	13	17
	4	1	1	12	1	912	1	2	6	2	20
ACTUAL	5	3	3	0	6	0	862	4	0	2	7
	6	13	1	4	4	13	16	934	0	8	2
	7	3	1	12	10	9	4	0	999	2	24
	8	7	7	18	19	7	8	6	3	924	17
	9	2	0	3	7	14	5	0	4	7	932
ccuracy rror Rate											

Training Iteration 0: 9554 / 10000 Training Iteration 1: 9540 / 10000 Training Iteration 2: 9534 / 10000 Training Iteration 3: 9523 / 10000 Training Iteration 4: 9528 / 10000 Training Iteration 5: 9531 / 10000 Training Iteration 6: 9505 / 10000 Training Iteration 7: 9509 / 10000 Training Iteration 8: 9510 / 10000 Training Iteration 9: 9522 / 10000 Training Iteration 10: 9522 / 10000 Training Iteration 11: 9523 / 10000 Training Iteration 12: 9508 / 10000 Training Iteration 13: 9522 / 10000 Training Iteration 14: 9516 / 10000 Training Iteration 15: 9517 / 10000 Training Iteration 16: 9506 / 10000 Training Iteration 17: 9511 / 10000 Training Iteration 18: 9530 / 10000

Training Iteration 19: 9515 / 10000

		PRE	DICTED								
		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
!	0	940	1	7	3	2	7	4	2	0	4
!	1	1	1120	5	7	3	1	3	7	20	4
	2	2	11	972	21	6	3	2	13	10	1
!	3	1	3	4	927	0	12	0	1	8	17
	4	0	2	9	2	938	8	4	6	3	21
ACTUAL	5	1	1	2	18	1	878	15	0	9	3
	6	12	1	5	1	4	16	973	2	16	1
	7	0	2	12	12	4	1	0	967	2	14
	8	10	1	3	5	2	2	3	0	881	5
	9	0	0	0	1	21	6	0	16	4	919
Accuracy : Error Rate							+				++

Training Iteration 0: 9590 / 10000 Training Iteration 1: 9539 / 10000 Training Iteration 2: 9538 / 10000 Training Iteration 3: 9515 / 10000 Training Iteration 4: 9539 / 10000 Training Iteration 5: 9515 / 10000 Training Iteration 6: 9502 / 10000 Training Iteration 7: 9505 / 10000 Training Iteration 8: 9528 / 10000 Training Iteration 9: 9526 / 10000 Training Iteration 10: 9515 / 10000 Training Iteration 11: 9535 / 10000 Training Iteration 12: 9529 / 10000 Training Iteration 13: 9502 / 10000 Training Iteration 14: 9519 / 10000 Training Iteration 15: 9505 / 10000

Training Iteration 16: 9508 / 10000 Training Iteration 17: 9531 / 10000 Training Iteration 18: 9518 / 10000 Training Iteration 19: 9492 / 10000

		PREC	DICTED								
		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	0	932	0	5	1	2	6	7	4	4	4
	1	0	1115	1	2	1	5	2	8	7	3
	2	2	10	960	34	7	5	7	6	20	2
	3	1	3	1	906	1	5	0	2	5	9
	4	3	3	7	0	922	4	2	7	3	11
ACTUAL	5	7	1	1	26	0	844	15	1	9	5
	6	9	2	4	3	16	6	960	0	5	0
	7	2	4	10	14	5	2	0	968	0	12
	8	6	1	5	13	2	11	7	2	927	9
	9	1	1	1	9	27	7	0	20	5	958
ccuracy rror Rate											

Training Iteration 0: 9531 / 10000 Training Iteration 1: 9527 / 10000 Training Iteration 2: 9492 / 10000 Training Iteration 3: 9497 / 10000 Training Iteration 4: 9506 / 10000 Training Iteration 5: 9517 / 10000 Training Iteration 6: 9484 / 10000 Training Iteration 7: 9515 / 10000 Training Iteration 8: 9524 / 10000 Training Iteration 9: 9462 / 10000 Training Iteration 10: 9500 / 10000 Training Iteration 11: 9495 / 10000 Training Iteration 12: 9486 / 10000 Training Iteration 13: 9506 / 10000 Training Iteration 14: 9482 / 10000

Training Iteration 15: 9479 / 10000 Training Iteration 16: 9482 / 10000

Training Iteration 17: 9496 / 10000

Training Iteration 18: 9476 / 10000 Training Iteration 19: 9484 / 10000

		PRE	DICTED								
		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	0	989	0	20	7	6	6	9	6	14	4
	1	1	1087	4	2	0	1	3	4	8	0
	2	0	9	951	22	0	1	1	12	5	1
	3	0	3	5	913	0	5	0	1	2	11
	4	2	2	10	2	902	1	5	5	1	21
ACTUAL	5	3	2	0	25	0	859	6	2	9	9
	6	2	0	7	6	8	9	944	0	2	0
	7	0	5	13	15	3	6	0	1012	1	29
	8	11	3	14	24	4	8	8	1	937	7
	9	0	4	1	4	27	6	0	7	3	890
Accuracy : Error Rate											+

Average Accuracy : 95.1516666667 Average Error Rate : 4.84833333333

Standard Deviation of Error Rate: 0.319865423091

Sum: 9581 / 10000

4		PREC	DICTED								
į		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
İ	0	969	0	14	3	1	8	12	3	8	11
İ	1	0	1112	1	1	0	1	3	9	2	4
į	2	0	3	976	14	4	1	2	22	1	0
İ	3	0	3	3	953	0	10	1	3	3	9
İ	4	0	1	8	2	944	3	4	3	4	14
ACTUAL	5	3	0	0	16	0	846	6	0	5	9
İ	6	3	4	4	1	11	11	923	0	4	1
İ	7	1	1	8	11	2	1	1	976	5	11
İ	8	3	11	18	6	5	6	6	2	941	9
ļ	9	1	0	0	3	15	5	0	10	1	941
- '	,			1 1		+			+		

Analysis:

Why Weight Decay is Used / Effect of weight decay:-

- To avoid over-fitting, it is required to impose a heuristic that the weights should be small.
- The weight is decreased by a small **weight decay factor** during each epoch.
- Larger weights are needed to accommodate outliers in the data.
- Large weights can hurt generalization in two different ways.
 - Excessively large weights leading to hidden units can cause the output function to be too rough, possibly with near discontinuities.
 - Excessively large weights leading to output units can cause wild outputs far beyond the range of the data if the output activation function is not bounded to the same range as the data. To put it another way, large weights can cause excessive variance of the output
 - The weight decay penalty term causes the weights to converge to smaller absolute values than they otherwise would.

Disadvantage of Weight Decay:-

- Different types of weights in the network will usually require different decay constants for good generalization.
- At the very least, we need three different decay constants for input-to-hidden, hidden-to-hidden, and hidden-to-output weights.
- Adjusting all these decay constants to produce the best estimated generalization error often requires vast amounts of computation.

Code Analysis:-

- The accuracy of all the folds are in range (94.8 to 95.8 %) in contrast to the question 1, where accuracies were varying in a quite a large range from 90 to 97%. This happened because of the fundamenetal principle of weight decay i.e. keeping the weights low with a weight decay factor helps to steer the network from overfitting.
- Weight Decay suppresses any irrelevant components of the weight vector by chosing the smallest vector that solves the learning problem.
- Therefore, it leads to almost same accuracy in each fold.

<u>Variation – 2 (Adding Noise to the dataset):</u>

In every instance of the train data, a float value of 0.5 is added.

```
print "ADDING NOISE....."
  for i in range(len(train_data)):
    for j in range(len(train_data[i])):
        train_data[i][j] = train_data[i][j] + 0.5;
    print train_data
```

ADDING NOISE.....

This has reduced the accuracy of the test data to range of 80-90%. (In my code, increasing with each fold, still reaching a threshold)

```
[[ 0.5 0.5 0.5 ..., 0.5 0.5 0.5]
[ 0.5 0.5 0.5 ..., 0.5 0.5 0.5]
[ 0.5 0.5 0.5 ..., 0.5 0.5 0.5]
[ 0.5 0.5 0.5 ..., 0.5 0.5 0.5]
[ 0.5 0.5 0.5 ..., 0.5 0.5 0.5]
[ 0.5 0.5 0.5 ..., 0.5 0.5 0.5]]
**********
Training Iteration 0: 8201 / 10000
Training Iteration 1: 8378 / 10000
Training Iteration 2: 8553 / 10000
Training Iteration 3: 8218 / 10000
Training Iteration 4: 8089 / 10000
Training Iteration 5: 8419 / 10000
Training Iteration 6: 8682 / 10000
Training Iteration 7: 8680 / 10000
Training Iteration 8: 8708 / 10000
Training Iteration 9: 8876 / 10000
Training Iteration 10: 8802 / 10000
Training Iteration 11: 8339 / 10000
Training Iteration 12: 8719 / 10000
Training Iteration 13: 8976 / 10000
Training Iteration 14: 8788 / 10000
```

Training Iteration 0: 9004 / 10000 Training Iteration 1: 8874 / 10000 Training Iteration 2: 8743 / 10000 Training Iteration 3: 8457 / 10000 Training Iteration 4: 8896 / 10000 Training Iteration 5: 8929 / 10000 Training Iteration 6: 8960 / 10000 Training Iteration 7: 8517 / 10000 Training Iteration 8: 8626 / 10000 Training Iteration 9: 8938 / 10000 Training Iteration 10: 9036 / 10000 Training Iteration 11: 8677 / 10000 Training Iteration 12: 8928 / 10000 Training Iteration 13: 8903 / 10000 Training Iteration 14: 8820 / 10000 Training Iteration 15: 8810 / 10000 Training Iteration 16: 8835 / 10000 Training Iteration 17: 8864 / 10000 Training Iteration 18: 8956 / 10000 Training Iteration 19: 8854 / 10000

Accuracy: 88.54 Error Rate: 11.46

Training Iteration 0: 8545 / 10000
Training Iteration 1: 8954 / 10000
Training Iteration 2: 8787 / 10000
Training Iteration 3: 8843 / 10000
Training Iteration 4: 8932 / 10000
Training Iteration 5: 8903 / 10000
Training Iteration 6: 8978 / 10000
Training Iteration 7: 8739 / 10000
Training Iteration 8: 9070 / 10000
Training Iteration 9: 8910 / 10000
Training Iteration 10: 8941 / 10000
Training Iteration 11: 8955 / 10000

Training Iteration 12: 8997 / 10000

```
Training Iteration 13: 8834 / 10000
Training Iteration 14: 8943 / 10000
Training Iteration 15: 9027 / 10000
Training Iteration 16: 9018 / 10000
Training Iteration 17: 8993 / 10000
Training Iteration 18: 8919 / 10000
Training Iteration 19: 9017 / 10000
Accuracy: 90.17
Error Rate: 9.83
*************
Training Iteration 0: 9053 / 10000
Training Iteration 1: 9026 / 10000
Training Iteration 2: 9009 / 10000
Training Iteration 3: 9075 / 10000
Training Iteration 4: 9051 / 10000
Training Iteration 5: 9125 / 10000
Training Iteration 6: 9079 / 10000
Training Iteration 7: 9022 / 10000
Training Iteration 8: 8979 / 10000
Training Iteration 9: 9066 / 10000
Training Iteration 10: 9081 / 10000
Training Iteration 11: 9029 / 10000
Training Iteration 12: 9062 / 10000
Training Iteration 13: 9061 / 10000
Training Iteration 14: 8934 / 10000
Training Iteration 15: 8991 / 10000
Training Iteration 16: 9022 / 10000
Training Iteration 17: 8978 / 10000
Training Iteration 18: 8999 / 10000
Training Iteration 19: 9063 / 10000
Accuracy: 90.63
Error Rate: 9.37
*******
Training Iteration 0: 8985 / 10000
Training Iteration 1: 8938 / 10000
Training Iteration 2: 8861 / 10000
Training Iteration 3: 8971 / 10000
Training Iteration 4: 8889 / 10000
Training Iteration 5: 9094 / 10000
Training Iteration 6: 9057 / 10000
```

Training Iteration 3: 8971 / 10000
Training Iteration 4: 8889 / 10000
Training Iteration 5: 9094 / 10000
Training Iteration 6: 9057 / 10000
Training Iteration 7: 9027 / 10000
Training Iteration 8: 8982 / 10000
Training Iteration 9: 9065 / 10000
Training Iteration 10: 9037 / 10000

Training Iteration 1: 8929 / 10000 Training Iteration 2: 8980 / 10000 Training Iteration 3: 9089 / 10000 Training Iteration 4: 9039 / 10000 Training Iteration 5: 9113 / 10000 Training Iteration 6: 9077 / 10000 Training Iteration 7: 9037 / 10000 Training Iteration 8: 9074 / 10000 Training Iteration 9: 9000 / 10000 Training Iteration 10: 9008 / 10000 Training Iteration 11: 9006 / 10000 Training Iteration 12: 9053 / 10000 Training Iteration 13: 9019 / 10000 Training Iteration 14: 9089 / 10000 Training Iteration 15: 9089 / 10000 Training Iteration 16: 9032 / 10000 Training Iteration 17: 9016 / 10000 Training Iteration 18: 9032 / 10000 Training Iteration 19: 9093 / 10000

Accuracy: 90.93 Error Rate: 9.07

Average Accuracy: 89.445 Average Error Rate: 10.555

Standard Deviation of Error Rate: 1.18612464213

**************TESTING the Network************
=======================================

Sum: 8793/10000 Accuracy: 87.93 Error Rate: 12.07