

100

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Homework 5

1. even(0).

* if 0 is even then 2 ahead is even

even(s(s(x))) ← even(x).

odd(s(0)).

* if 1 is odd then 2 ahead is odd

odd(s(s(x))) ← odd(x).

2. integer-quo(x, y, z) means $x/y = z$
greater-than(x, y) means $x > y$

* base case of $y > x$ meaning it won't return an int

integer-quo(x, y, 0) ← greater-than(y, x).

integer-quo(x, y, s(z)) ← plus(y, A, z),

integer-quo(A, y, z).

* either in head together or in list

3. adjacent(x, y, [x, y | zs]).

adjacent(x, y, [z, zs]) ← adjacent(x, y, zs).

* all left in list

last(x, [x]).

last(x, [y | ys]) ← last(x, ys).

4. double([], []).

* end if they're empty

double([x | xs], [x, x | ys]) ← double(xs, ys).

* recurse double without last x; x, x to find next matching elements