Feature Characterization of sequence location in genome analysis

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• **Goal:** Identify features of sequence locations in a genome that distinguish two different types of genomic entities.

Selected Genome: Armadillo genes (Dasnov3.0)

O Class I: 5' UTR Class 2: 3' UTR

Classification method: Support-vector machine (SVM)



Project Steps







Fasta Splitter

Splits the Fasta files into even "chunks" of sequences

Input: Fasta file, a chosennumber F (number of splits)Output: F number of splitted

fasta files

Parallel Feature Extractor

Generates features from Fasta files. Runs on Sun Grid Engine (SGE), where we submit each splitted Fasta files as jobs, for fast processing

Inputs: F Fasta files (splitted)
Output: tab-delimited feature
tables, merged into one

SVM classifier

Analyses and classifies data by marking them to one of the two class categories (5' or 3' UTR)

Input: Class I & 2 feature table **Output:** Classification Accuracy

Features

AT content

% of nitrogenous bases that are either Adenine or Thymine

AT cumulative skew

measure of over or under abundance of Adenine and Thymine

N content

% of N's in the sequence

GC content

% of nitrogenous bases that are either Guanine or Cytosine

GC cumulative skew

measure of over or under abundance of Guanine and Cytosine

AT/GC ratio

The ratio of the sum of the adenine plus thymine bases to the sum of the guanine plus cytosine bases

Z curve

Bioinformatics algorithm to measure distribution of nucleotides. It has three components as:

$$x = (A + G) - (C + T)$$

$$y = (A + C) - (G + T)$$

$$z = (A + T) - (C + G)$$

measured over n = 0, 1, 2,...,N

Result

Accuracy ~ 82 - 85 %

Time ~ reduced from ~2 mins to 42 secs

THANK YOU

