Object Oriented Programming Lab

Lab 04 Marks 10

Instructions

Work on this lab individually. You can use your books, notes, handouts etc. but you are not allowed to borrow anything from your peer student.

Marking Criteria

Show your work to the instructor before leaving the lab to get some or full credit.

What you must do

Program the following tasks in your C++ compiler and then compile and execute them.

Task 1

Write a program that performs the following tasks

- 1. Declare two float pointers named ptrX and ptrY and initialize them with NULL.
- 2. Create two variables with values 4.5 and 9.3 on heap memory segment and assign their addresses to ptrX and ptrY respectively.

Now print the following information:

- 1. The address of ptrX, value of ptrX and the value of memory location where it points to.
- 2. The address of ptrY, value of ptrY and the value of memory location where it points to.

Free the resources allocated on heap memory segment.

Task 2

Write a program that performs the following tasks

- 1. Ask the user to enter size of an integer array.
- 2. Allocate memory to an array based on the size provided by user.
- 3. Initialize the array content by reading them from user.
- 4. Calculate and display the sum of array elements.
- 5. Free any memory resources allocated by the program before exit.

<u>Task 3</u>

Implement following function named getPositiveNumbers

```
int* getPositiveNumbers(const int ar[], const int size, int& newArraySize);
```

The parameters *ar* and *size* holds an array and its *size* respectively.

The function should **return a pointer to newly created array** which contains **only positive numbers** exist in array **ar** and store its **size** in parameter **newArraySize**. It should store **0 (zero)** in **newArraySize** and return **NULL** if **ar** contains only **negative** numbers. The function should **not display** anything.

In main function declare an array of size 10. Fill the array with arbitrary values and then pass it to *getPositiveNumbers* function along with its size and all the required parameters. Display contents of the array returned by function *getPositiveNumbers* if any, otherwise display a message "No Positive Numbers Exist in the Array!". Don't forget to free the memory resource allocated by the program, if any.

Task 4

Implement following function named getEvenOdd that accept an array gr along with its size n gr

```
void getEvenOdd(const int ar[], const int n_ar, int* &even, int& n_even, int* &odd, int& n_odd);
```

The parameters ptrArray and size holds starting address and the size of an array respectively.

The function gets all the **even** and **odd** numbers from the array **ar** and place them into a **newly created arrays** pointed by parameter **even** and **odd** respectively. Store the sizes of **even** and **odd** arrays into **n_even** and **n_odd** respectively. It should store **0** (**zero**) and **NULL** in parameters **n_even/n_odd** and **even/odd** respectively, if **ar** has no **even/odd** numbers. The function should **not display** anything.

In main function declare an array of size 10. Fill the array with arbitrary values and then pass it to *getEvenOdd* function along with its size and all the required parameters. After the execution of function display contents of the arrays pointed by *even* and *odd*. Display appropriate message(s), if *even* and/or *odd* arrays are empty. Don't forget to free the memory resource allocated by the program, if any.