



آنچه خواهیم دید

- ۱. مروری بر تاریخچه و ضرورت ایجاد دیتابیسهای تحلیلی
- ۲. آشنایی با خصوصیات اصلی دیتابیسهای تحلیلی
 - ۳. آشنایی با کلیکهوس
 - ۴. کارگاه عملی



OLTP/OLAP

What the Heck is OLAP?

Online Analytical Processing (or OLAP) is a fancy term used to describe a certain class of database applications. The term was invented by database legend Edgar F. Codd, in a <u>1993 paper</u> titled *Providing OLAP to User-Analysts: An IT Mandate*.

Two main categories of data requirements:

- 1. You need to use a database as part of some business process.
- 2. You use a database as part of analysis.



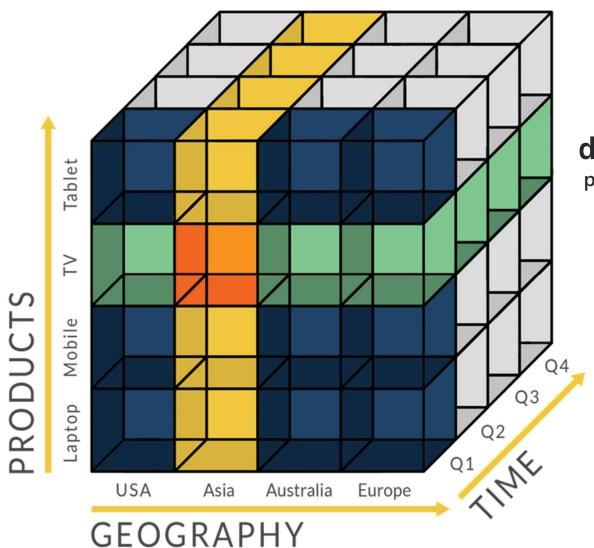
OLTP

to
run your
business

OLAP

to understand your business





OLAP Cubes

dimensions:

properties that we want to filter by.

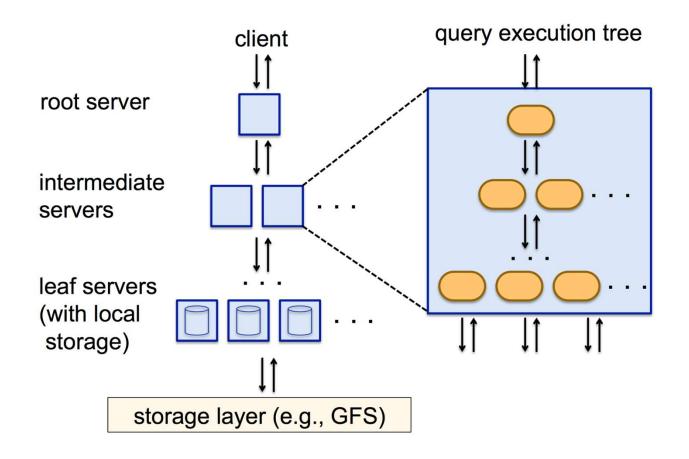


معایب اصلی رهیافت سنتی

- 1. Maintain complex ETL pipelines to model our data
- 2. Hire a large team of data engineers to maintain these complicated pipelines.
- Model data according to Kimball or Inmon or Data Vault frameworks in order to make it easier to extract and load data into cubes
- 4. Have the large team of data engineers also maintain these second set of pipelines (from modelled data warehouse to cube).



ورود بیگکوئری گوگل به دنیای تحلیل





قالب ذخيرهسازي ستونى

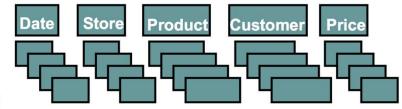
What is a column-store?



row-store

Date Store Product Customer Price

column-store



- + easy to add/modify a record
- + only need to read in relevant data
- might read in unnecessary data
- tuple writes require multiple accesses

=> suitable for read-mostly, read-intensive, large data repositories



قالب ذخیرهسازی ستونی و مزایای اصلی آن

Sales				
Product	Customer	Date	Sale	
Beer	Thomas	2011-11-25	2 GBP	
Beer	Thomas	2011-11-25	2 GBP	
Vodka	Thomas	2011-11-25	10 GBP	
Whiskey	Christian	2011-11-25	5 GBP	
Whiskey	Christian	2011-11-25	5 GBP	
Vodka	Alexei	2011-11-25	10 GBP	
Vodka	Alexei	2011-11-25	10 GBP	

	Product		
ID	Value		
1	Beer		
2	Beer		
3	Vodka		
4	Whiskey		
5	Whiskey		
6	Vodka		
7	Vodka		

Customer		
D	Customer	
1	Thomas	
2	Thomas	
3	Thomas	
4	Christian	
5	Christian	
6	Alexei	
7	Alexei	



بازیگران اصلی این حوزه: کلیک هوس



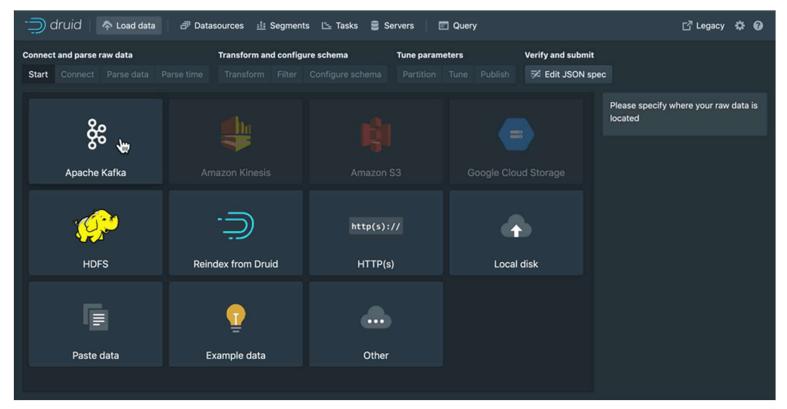


بازیگران اصلی این حوزه: کلیک هوس





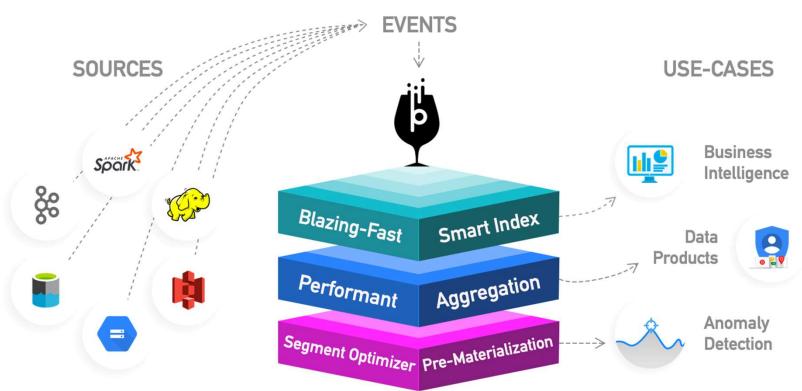
بازیگران اصلی این حوزه: دروید







بازیگران اصلی این حوزه : پینوت





کلیک هوس

- Developed by Yandex for Yandex.Metrica
 - Yandex (NASDAQ: YNDX) "Russian Google" (50% market share in search, 50+ b2b and b2c products)
 - Yandex.Metrica world 2nd largest web analytics platform
- Open Source since June 2016 (Apache 2.0 license)
- 200+ companies using in production today
- Several hundred experimenting, doing POC etc.
- Dozens of contributors to the source code

چرا کلیک هوس

Understands SQL

Runs on bare metal to cloud

Shared nothing architecture

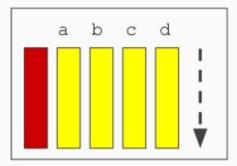
Stores data in columns

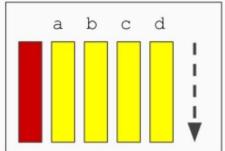
Parallel and vectorized execution

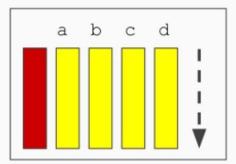
Scales to many petabytes

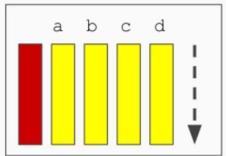
Is Open source (Apache 2.0)

And it's really fast!









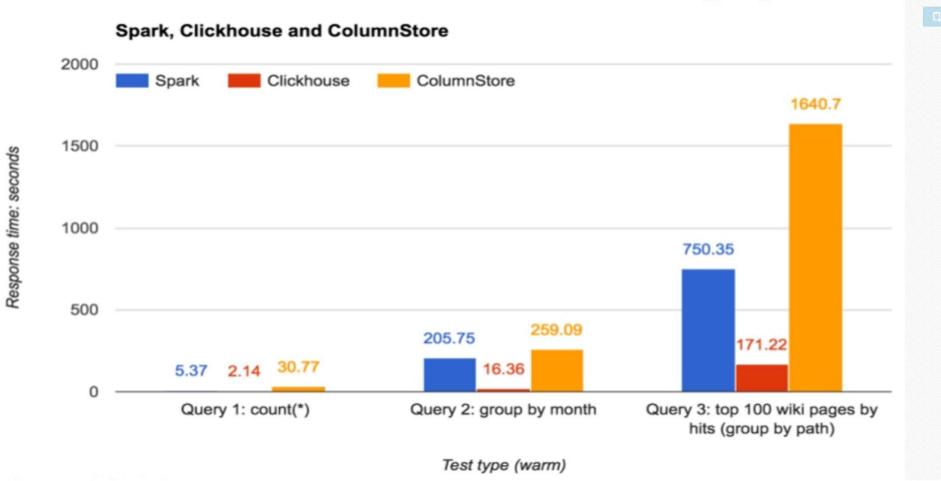


Flexible SQL

کلیک هوس



کلیک هوس





"1.1 Billion Taxi Rides Benchmarks"

http://tech.marksblogg.com/benchmarks.html

Query 1 Query 2 Query 3 Query 4 Setup					
0.034 0.061 0.178 0.498 MapD & 2-node p2.8xlarge cluster					
0.051 0.146 0.047 0.794 kdb+/q & 4 Intel Xeon Phi 7210 CPUs					
- 2.415 3.599 4.962 ClickHouse at Altinity demo server					
0.762 2.472 4.131 6.041 BrytlytDB 1.0 & 2-node p2.16xlarge cl	uster				
1.034 3.058 5.354 12.748 ClickHouse, Intel Core i5 4670K					
1.56 1.25 2.25 2.97 Redshift, 6-node ds2.8xlarge cluster					
2 2 1 3 BigQuery					
6.41 6.19 6.09 6.63 Amazon Athena					
8.1 18.18 n/a n/a Elasticsearch (heavily tuned)					
14.389 32.148 33.448 67.312 Vertica, Intel Core i5 4670K					
22 25 27 65 Spark 2.3.0 & single i3.8xlarge w/ HDF	S				
35 39 64 81 Presto, 5-node m3.xlarge cluster w/ H	DFS				
152 175 235 368 PostgreSQL 9.5 & cstore_fdw					

Size does not matter



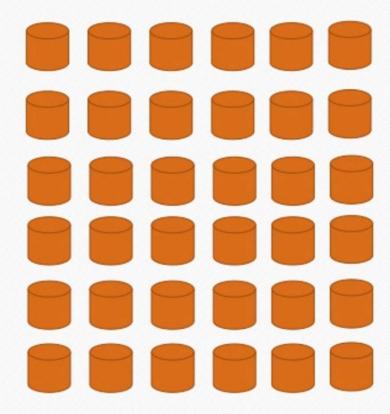
Yandex: 500+ servers, 25B rec/day

LifeStreet: 60 servers, 75B rec/day

CloudFlare: 36 servers, 200B rec/day

Bloomberg: 102 servers, 1000B rec/day

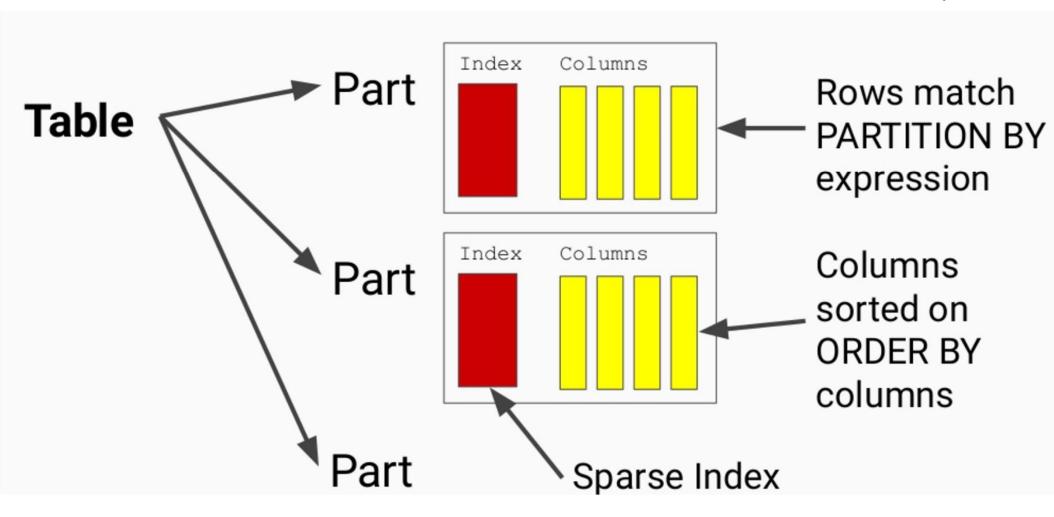
Toutiao: 400 servers, moving to 1000 this month



تعریف یک جدول ساده

```
CREATE TABLE ontime (
  Year UInt16,
                                     Table engine type
  Quarter UInt8,
  Month UInt8,
                                     How to break data
                                     into parts
  ENGINE = MergeTree()
PARTITION BY toYYYYMM(FlightDate)
ORDER BY (Carrier, FlightDate)
                                     How to index and
                                     sort data in each part
```

تعریف یک جدول ساده



تعریف یک جدول ساده

/var/lib/clickhouse/data/airline/ontime_reordered

