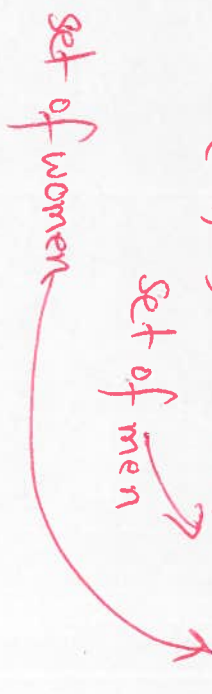


Def 9 n men & n women : n^2 pairs $(m, w) \in M \times W$

pairs of men $\binom{n}{2} = \frac{n(n-1)}{2}$

$\{ (m, m') \mid m \neq m'; m, m' \in M \}$



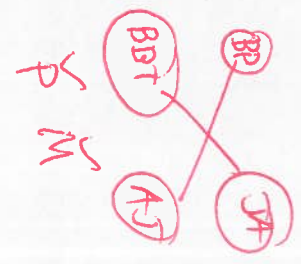
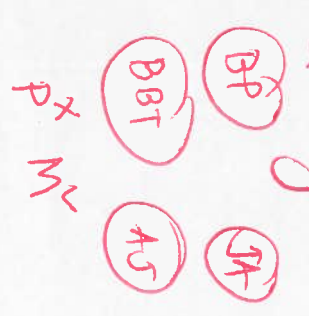
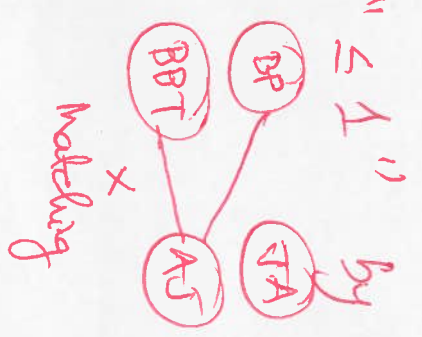
Stable Matching / Marriage Problem (NOT feminist)

→ n men $M = \{m_1, \dots, m_n\}$
 → n women $W = \{w_1, \dots, w_n\}$

Matching

Def (Matching) A set $S \subseteq M \times W = \{(m, w) \mid m \in M, w \in W\}$ is a matching if assigned ≤ 1 woman
 (i) $\forall m \in M, m$ is ≤ 1 woman
 (ii) $\forall w \in W, w$ is ≤ 1 man

Def Perfect matching : \exists s.t. $(m, w) \in S$ Replace " ≤ 1 " by "exactly 1"



Preference Lists: $x \in M, L_m \rightarrow$ total ranking of all women

$x \in W, L_w \rightarrow$ _____ men

$L_{BP}: AJ > JA$

$L_{JA}: BP > BBT \mid L'_{JA}: BBT > BP$

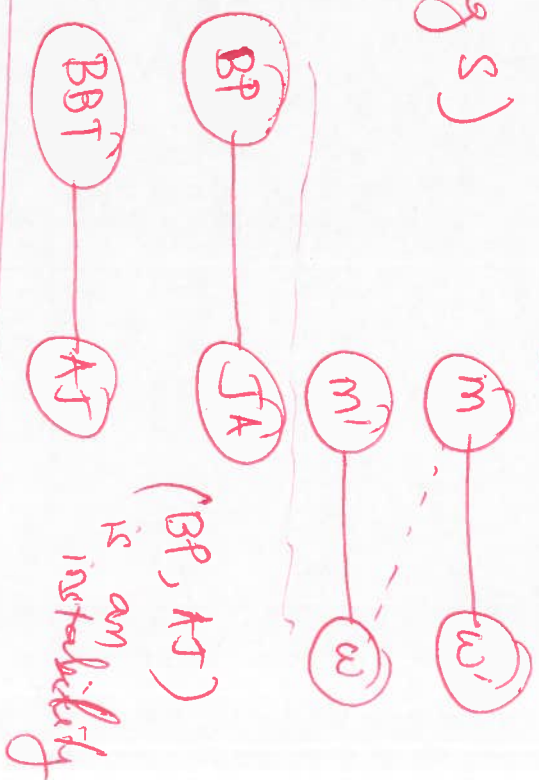
$L_{BBT}: AJ > JA$

$L_{AJ}: BP > BBT \mid L'_{BBT}: JA > AJ$

Def: A stable matching is (i) a perfect matching (ii) has no instability

Def: (Given pref lists & a perfect matching S) $(m, w) \notin S$ is an instability:

- (1) $I_m L_m: w > w'$ AND
- (2) $I_w L_w: m > m'$



Problem:

Input: M, N $x \in M, L_m$ $x \in N, L_w$

Output: A stable matching (if one exists)