1. (30 pts.) The miles per gallon (mpg) for each of 20 medium-sized cars selected from a production line during the month of March follow.

- a. What are the maximum and minimum miles per gallon? What is the range?
- b. Construct a relative frequency histogram for these data. How would you describe the shape of the distribution?
- c. Find the mean and the standard deviation.
- d. Arrange the data from smallest to largest. Find the z-scores for the largest and smallest observations. Would you consider them to be outliers? Why or why not?
- e. What is the median?
- f. Find the lower and upper quartiles.

```
*Histogram_Reactor by Mehmet Akif KOZ 192010010023
*This program:
      a. Calculates maximum and minimum values of a data set. Calculates the range.
      b. Constructs a relative frequency histogram for a data set.
      c. Finds the mean and the standard deviation.
      d. Arranges the data from smallest to largest.
        Finds the z-scores for the largest and smallest observations. Determines whether they are outliers or not and proves it.
      e. Calculates the median.
      f. Finds the lower and upper quartiles.
*Instructions: Put the data values in the "numbers" array before running the program. Then enter the class width and starting value.
MIN = 20.20
MAX = 27.00
RANGE = 6.80
CLASS WIDTH = 0.4
STARTING = 20.20
NUMBER OF CLASSES = 18
CLASSES
             FREQ.
                   REL. FREQ.
                                 CLASS MIDPOINT
                                                     REL. FREQ. HISTOGRAM
20.20 - 20.60
                   0.05
                                 20.40
20.60 - 21.00
                   0.00
                                 20.80
21.00 - 21.40
                   0.05
                                 21.20
21.40 - 21.80
                    0.00
                                 21.60
21.80 - 22.20
            0
                   9 99
                                 22 88
22.20 - 22.60
                   0.05
                                 22.40
22.60 - 23.00
                   0.10
                                 22.80
23.00 - 23.40
                                 23.20
                   0.10
23.40 - 23.80
                   0.10
                                 23.60
23.80 - 24.20
                   0.00
                                 24.00
24.20 - 24.60
                   0.15
                                 24.40
24.60 - 25.00
                   0.20
                                 24.80
25.00 - 25.40
                   0.05
                                 25.20
25.40 - 25.80
                   0.00
                                 25.60
25.80 - 26.20
                   0.05
                                 26.00
26.20 - 26.60
                   0.05
                                 26.40
26.60 - 27.00
            a
                   0.00
                                 26.80
27.00 - 27.40
                   0.05
                                 27.20
MEAN = 23.96
STANDARD DEVIATION = 1.641373
************************************
d.
20.20 21.30 22.20 22.70 22.90 23.10 23.20 23.60 23.70 24.20 24.40 24.40 24.60 24.70 24.70 <u>24.90 25.30 25.90 26.20 27.00</u>
Z-SCORE FOR THE LARGEST OBSERVATION = 1.852108
27.00 IS INSIDE OF THE RANGE [19.90 ,27.90] THEREFORE IT IS NOT AN OUTLIER.
Z-SCORE FOR THE SMALLEST OBSERVATION = -2.290765
20.20 IS INSIDE OF THE RANGE [19.90 ,27.90] THEREFORE IT IS NOT AN OUTLIER.
QUARTILE1 (Q1) = 22.90
QUARTILE1 (Q2) = 24.30
QUARTILE1 (Q3) = 24.90
INTERQUARTILE RANGE(IQR): Q3-Q1
                     MIDDLE 50% OF DATA
OUTLIER
1. FIND IQR -----> 24.90 - 22.90 = 2.00
2. (1.5) * (IQR) -----> (1.5) * (2.00) = 3.00
3. Q1 - (1.5) * (IQR) --> 22.90 - (1.5) * (2.00) = 19.90
4. Q3 + (1.5) * (IQR) --> 24.90 + (1.5) * (2.00) = 27.90
5. IF THE VARIABLE IS OUTSIDE OF THE RANGE [Q1 - (1.5) * (IQR) , Q3 + (1.5) * (IQR)] IT IS AN OUTLIER.
MEDIAN = 24.30
LOWER QUARTILE = 22.90
UPPER QUARTILE = 24.90
```

Press any key to continue.