CSE 331-Computer Organization HW3 32-bit Multiplicator

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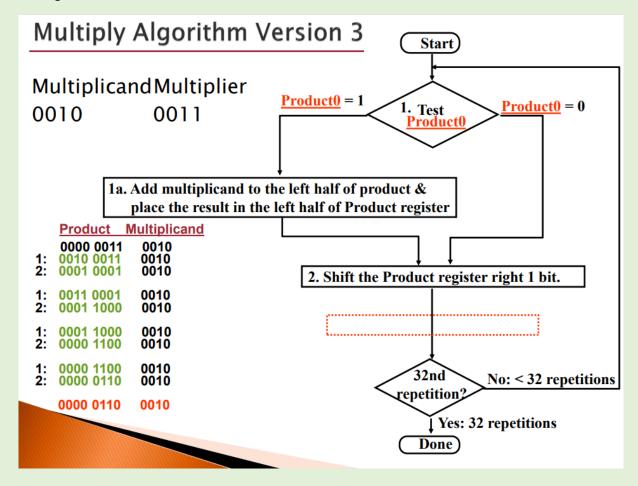
(all the required circuits are in the mult32.circ file)

Following circiuts are implemented to the project;

- 1 Arithmetic-Logic Unit(Datapath)
- 1 Control Unit
- 1 Signal Generator
- 1 Synchroniser for Buttons
- 1 one-bit Shifter
- 1 one-bit Adder
- 1 32-bit Adder
- 1 Main circuit named as Multiplier_(main)

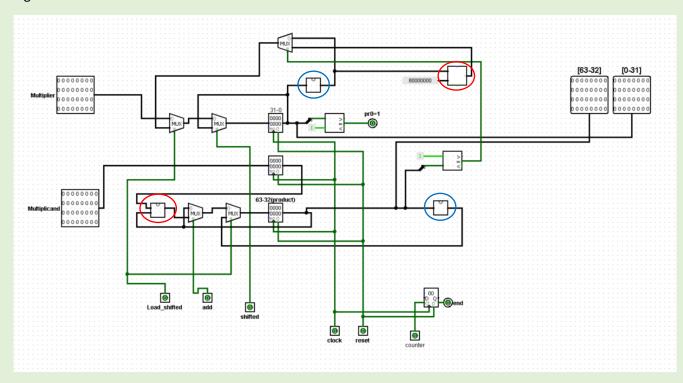
The Algorithm:

The algorithm, which is seen in lecture 5, is used.



Datapath(ALU):

Datapath is the circuit which provides to make required calculations and generate signals for any algorithm.

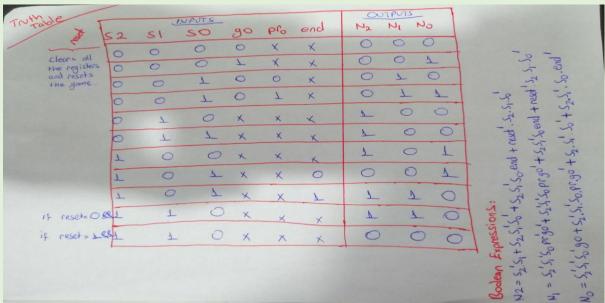


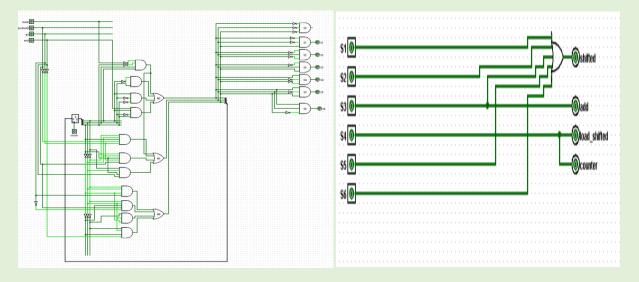
- Red circle shows the designed 32-bit adder. (as bonus)
- Blue circles show the designed 1-bit shifter. (as bonus)
- All the inputs (except clock) are taken from the control unit.
- All the outputs ("Pr0" and "end") are received to the control unit for controling the state transitions.
- If pr0=1 adding operation will be performed for 64 bit product. Then it will be shifted.
- If pr0=0 adding operation will NOT be performed. Only the 64 bit product will be shifted.

Control Unit(FSM):

• The state diagram, truth table, boolean equations and designed circuits are shown below.

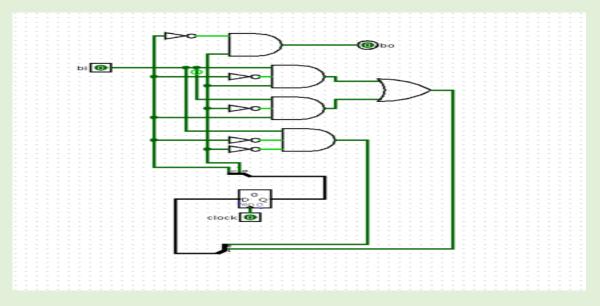






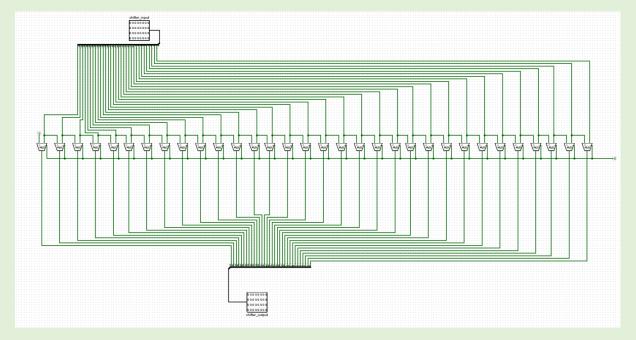
Synchroniser:

• Synchroniser provides to push button for once even it is keeped pushed. The synchroniser is already design by me in the Logic Circuits assignments.



1-bit Shifter:

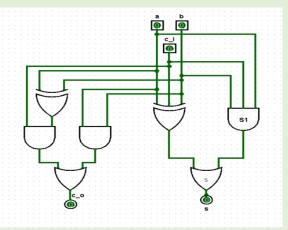
• The designed shifter provides to shift the input number for 1 bit. The constant 0 is for choosing the correct input of mulitiplexer's. It can be changed as an input but if it is changed, the multiplexers inputs must be switched.



1-bit Adder:

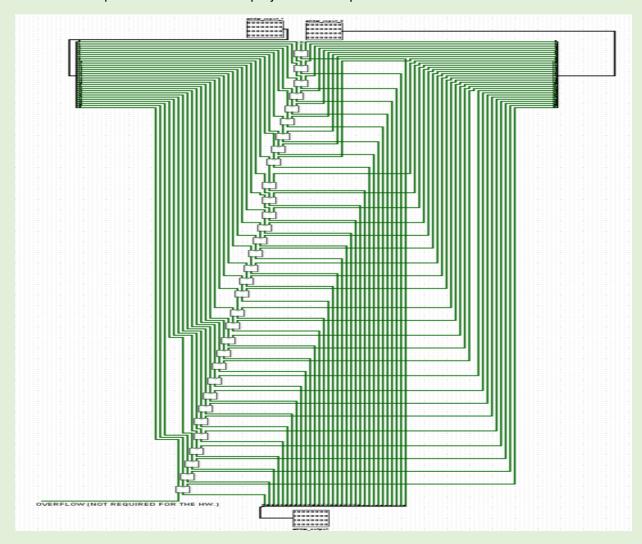
• The truth table, which is seen in lecture 4, is used with some modifications.

a _i	b _i	Ci	C _{i+1}	Si
a _i 0	b _i 0	С _і	C _{i+1}	s _i 0
0	0	1	0	1
0	1	0	0	1
0	1	1	1	0
1	0	0	0	1
1	0	1	1	0
1	1	0	1	0
1	1	1	1	1



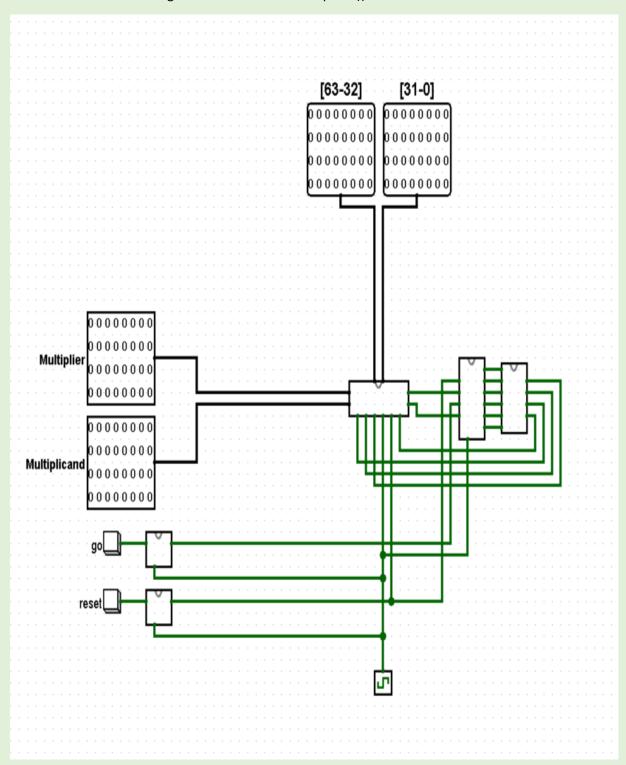
32-bit Adder:

• 32 bit adder is composed of 32x1-bit adder.Adder's carry in values and carry out values are connected to each other. The MSB's carry out bit can show the overflow but it is not required to show it for this project. The template is shown in the circuit below.



The Main:

• Here is an indigenous and national multiplier :))



Test Cases:

