

Problem 1-A.

Signal & Systems For C.E. (BLG-354E)

Homework - 3

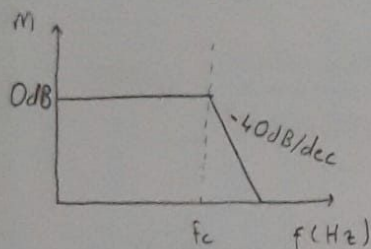


Figure 1: LFP with 0 gain

gain = K for 0 dB

$$20 \log K_0 = 0 \rightarrow K_0 = 1$$

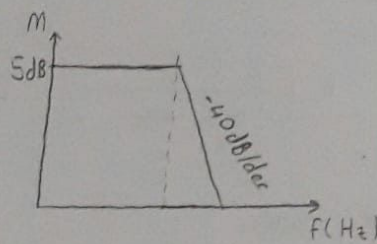


Figure 2: LFP with 5 dB gain

gain = K for 5 dB

$$20 \log K_5 = 5 \rightarrow K_5 = 1.778$$

There exists -40 dB/dec at ω_c (2 poles)

$$H_0(s) = \frac{K_0}{\left(1 + \frac{s}{\omega_c}\right)^2} = \frac{K_0 \cdot \omega_c^2}{(s + \omega_c)^2} = \frac{\omega_c^2}{(s + \omega_c)^2} = H_0(s)$$

$$H_5(s) = \frac{K_5}{\left(1 + \frac{s}{\omega_c}\right)^2} = \frac{K_5 \cdot \omega_c^2}{(s + \omega_c)^2} = \frac{1.778 \cdot \omega_c^2}{(s + \omega_c)^2} = H_5(s)$$

$$s = \frac{2}{T_s} \cdot \frac{z-1}{z+1} = \frac{2}{1/f_s} \cdot \frac{z-1}{z+1} = \frac{2 \cdot f_s \cdot (z-1)}{z+1} = s$$

using with $H_0(s)$ and $H_5(s)$ equalities we can get this equality for 0 dB;

$$\frac{Y_0(z)}{X_0(z)} = \frac{\omega_c^2 \cdot (z+1)^2}{[(2f_s + \omega_c) \cdot z - (2f_s - \omega_c)]^2}$$

$$f_s = 44100 \text{ Hz sampling freq.}$$

$$f_c = 2000 \text{ Hz cut off freq.}$$

$$X(z) \cdot [\omega_c^2 \cdot (z^2 + 2z + 1)] = Y(z) [(2f_s + \omega_c)^2 \cdot z^2 - 2 \cdot (2f_s + \omega_c)(2f_s - \omega_c) \cdot z + (2f_s - \omega_c)^2]$$

$$y[n] = \left(\frac{\omega_c}{2f_s + \omega_c}\right)^2 x[n] + 2 \left(\frac{\omega_c}{2f_s + \omega_c}\right)^2 x[n-1] + \left(\frac{\omega_c}{2f_s + \omega_c}\right)^2 x[n-2] \\ + \left(\frac{2 \cdot (2f_s - \omega_c)}{2f_s + \omega_c}\right) \cdot y[n-1] - \frac{(2f_s - \omega_c)^2}{(2f_s + \omega_c)^2} \cdot y[n-2]$$

This solution was for 0dB
 \Rightarrow for 5dB, we can easily multiply the terms with X,
 by K_5 value. $K_5 = 1.778$

Pseudo Code

procedure LOW PASS FILTER

Input f_s

Input f_c

Input gain

$$c_1 = (2\pi f_c / (2f_s + 2\pi f_c))^2$$

$$c_2 = ((4f_s - 4\pi f_c) / (2f_s + 2\pi f_c))$$

$$c_3 = ((2f_s - 2\pi f_c) / (2f_s + 2\pi f_c))^2$$

$$k = 10^{(\frac{\text{gain}}{20})}$$

$$A = 0, B = 0, C = 0, D = 0$$

while input X

$$y \leftarrow k \cdot c_1 \cdot X + 2 \cdot k \cdot c_1 \cdot A + k \cdot c_1 \cdot B + c_2 \cdot C - c_3 \cdot D$$

output Y

$$B = A$$

$$A = X$$

$$D = C$$

$$C = y$$

return Y

You can find the code of other parts of the problem in the python file named hw3.py. The above pseudocode is implemented in hw3.py python file.

You can access the audio(wav) files created as output of this code from this link:

https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1_pHyhP4guFWKEa3k2B2jNW6t6SoNI-dg?usp=sharing