

Lab Instructions - session 0

Introduction to Python

Open an interactive python environment (python shell, ipython shell, or jupyter notebook), run the following commands and observe the output:

Integer, float, string, and boolean types

```
>>> i = 1
>>> f = 1.1
>>> s = "salam!"
>>> t = True
>>> type(i)
>>> type(f)
>>> type(s)
>>> type(t)
```

Conversion between types

```
>>> str(i)
>>> str(f)
>>> int(f)
>>> int('123')
>>> float(i)
>>> float('1.1')
>>> int(t)
>>> int(False)
```

Basic operations

```
>>> a = 3
>>> b = 10
>>> a*b
>>> a+b
>>> b**a
>>>
>>> c,d = 1,a
>>> a,b = b,a
>>> a,b = a-b,a+b
>>> 5 / 2      # different in pythons 2.x and 3.x
>>> 5 / 2.0
>>> 5 // 2     # different in pythons 2.x and 3.x
```



```
>>> 5 // 2.0
>>>
>>> 5 % 2
>>>
>>> k = a**2+b**2
>>> print(a)
>>> a *= 10
>>> print(a)
>>>
>>> a -= 2
>>> print(a)
>>>
>>> a = 20
>>> b = 30
>>> a == b
>>> a < b
>>> a >= b - 5
>>>
>>> a < -5 or a > 5
>>> a < b and a == 20
>>> not (a < b and a == 20)
```

String operations

```
>>> s = 'salam'
>>> s2 = "salam"
>>> s == s2
>>> len(s)
>>> r = '123'
>>> s+r
>>> s + ' ' + r
>>>
>>>
>>> s = 'jenabkhan'
>>> s[0]
>>> s[1]
>>> s[2]
>>> s[-1]
>>> s[-3]
>>>
>>> s[1:4]
>>> s[2:]
>>> s[:4]
>>> s[:-1]
>>> s[1:7]
>>> s[1:7:2]
```



```
>>>  
>>> "num = %d"%i  
>>> s = "%f %i %s"%(f,i,s)  
>>> print(s)
```

Tuples

```
>>> t = (1,2,4)  
>>> p = (2, 'abc', 13.2)  
>>> print(p)  
>>>  
>>> p[0]  
>>> p[1]  
>>> p[-1]  
>>>  
>>> len(p)  
>>> p + (10,20,30)  
>>>  
>>> p[1] = 100 # error  
>>>
```

Lists

```
>>> l = [1,2,3,4]  
>>> print(l)  
>>>  
>>> l = [i,f,s,2]  
>>> l  
>>>  
>>> l = l + [True]  
>>> l  
>>>  
>>> l = l + [1,3,45]  
>>> l  
>>>  
>>> len(l)  
>>>  
>>> l.append('hi')  
>>> l  
>>>  
>>> l.insert(0,100)  
>>> l  
>>> l.insert(2,111)  
>>> l  
>>>  
>>> 111 in l
```



```
>>> 112 in l
>>> 112 not in l
>>>
>>> l.extend(['a', 'b', 'c'])
>>> l
>>>
>>> l.pop()
>>> l
>>>
>>> k = l.pop(2)
>>> l
>>> k
>>>
>>> l=[100,101,102,103,104,105,106,107,108,109,110,111,112]
>>>
>>> l[0]
>>> l[1]
>>> l[5]
>>> l[-1]
>>> l[-2]
>>> l[1:5]
>>> l[10:1]
>>> l[1:10]
>>> l[1:10:2]
>>> l[:3]
>>> l[10:1]
>>> l[10:1:-1]
>>> l[::-1]
>>> l = [4,1,7,2,0]
>>>
>>> l[4] = 100
>>>
>>> print(l)
>>> l[1] = 100
>>> print(l)
>>>
>>>
>>> l.reverse()
>>> print(l)
>>>
>>>
>>> l.sort()
>>> print(l)
>>>
>>>
>>> l = [4,1,7,2,0]
>>> t = l
>>>
```

```
>>> l[1] = 100
>>> print(l)
>>> print(t)
>>>
>>> l = [4,1,7,2,0]
>>> t = l[:]
>>>
>>> l[1] = 100
>>> print(l)
>>> print(t)
```

The range function

```
>>> range(10)
>>> range(2,10)
>>> range(2,20,3)
>>> range(20,2,-1)
```

Dictionaries

```
>>> d = {1: 'Salam', 8: 1.4}
>>> d[1]
>>> d[8]
>>> d[2]
>>>
>>> d[2] = 444
>>> d
>>> d[2]
>>>
>>> d['K'] = 99
>>> d['Ali'] = 'passwd'
>>> d['Ali']
>>> print(d)
>>>
>>> d.keys()
>>> d.values()
>>> d.items()
>>>
>>> d.has_key(2)
>>> d.has_key(10)
>>>
>>> d
>>> del d['K']
>>> d
```

Open a text editor, or a python IDE (IDLE editor, emacs, spyder, pyCharm, pyDev, etc.). Enter and run the next pieces of code.

Decision Making

```
i = 12
b = 1
if i == 12:
    b = 2
print(b)
```

```
i = 12

i = 12

if i == 10:
    print('YES')
    print('i equals 10')
else:
    print('NO')
    print('i is not equal to 10')
```

```
i = 11
b = 'salam'

if i == 12:
    print('Twelve')
elif i == 11 and b == 'hi':
    print('Eleven-hi')
elif i > 10 and b == 'salam':
    print('SALAAAMM!!')
else:
    print('None')
```

the While loop

```
i = 10
while i > 0:
    print(i*i)
    i -= 2
```

For loop

```
l = [10,20,30,40.2, 'salam']  
for k in l:  
    print(k)
```

```
for k in range(2,20):  
    print(k, k*k)
```

```
p = [1,2,3]  
q = ['One', 'Two', 'Three']  
for i in range(len(p)):  
    print(p[i],q[i])
```

```
l = [10,20,1.2, 'salam']  
for k in l:  
    print(k)  
for k in range(2,20):  
    print(k, k*k)
```

Functions

```
def add(a,b):  
    return a+b  
print(add(2,3))  
print(add(2,3.1))  
print(add('abc', '123'))
```

```
def sum(l):  
    s = 0  
    for k in l:  
        s += k  
    return s  
  
l = [1,2,4,8,16]
```

```
print(sum(1))
print(sum(range(10)))
print(sum(2)) # error
```

Default argument values

```
def add(a,b=1):
    return a+b
print(add(20,4))
print(add(20))
```

Call by name

```
def sub(n1,n2):
    return n1-n2

print(sub(20,4))
print(sub(n1=20,n2=4))
print(sub(n2=20,n1=4))
```

Using python modules

```
import math
print(math.cos(0), math.exp(0))
print(math.pi)
print(math.cos(math.pi))
```

```
import math as m
print(m.tan(0))
```

```
from math import sin, cos, exp, pi
print(exp(1), sin(pi/2))
```

```
from math import *
print(pi)
print(e)
print(log(e))
```



```
print(cos(log(1)))  
print(tan(pi/4))
```

More Practice

```
p = [1,2,3]  
q = ['One', 'Two', 'Three']  
  
print(p)  
print(q)  
print(zip(p,q))  
  
for x,y in zip(p,q):  
    print(x,y)
```

```
l = ['a', 'b', 'c']  
  
print(l)  
  
for i,k in enumerate(l):  
    print(i,k)
```

```
l = [10,20,30]  
t = [2*k for k in l]  
print(t)  
  
t = [k for k in range(10)]  
print(t)  
  
t = [k for k in range(10) if k % 2 == 0]  
print(t)
```

```
f = lambda x:2*x+1  
  
print(f(1))  
print(f(2))
```