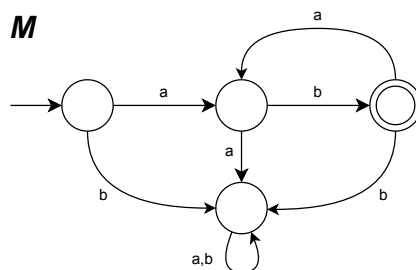


Problem 1.66. A homomorphism is a function $f : \Sigma \rightarrow \Gamma^*$ from one alphabet to strings over another alphabet. We can extend f to operate on strings by defining $f(w) = f(w_1)f(w_2)\cdots f(w_n)$, where $w = w_1w_2\cdots w_n$ and each $w_i \in \Sigma$. We further extend f to operate on languages by defining $f(A) = \{f(w) \mid w \in A\}$, for any language A .

Part a. Show, by giving a formal construction, that the class of regular languages is closed under homomorphism. In other words, given a DFA M that recognizes B and a homomorphism f , construct a finite automaton M' that recognizes $f(B)$.

Proof Idea. Let $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$, $\Gamma = \{0, 1\}$, and $B = (ab)^+$. Define the homomorphism function f on Σ to be $f(a) = 11$, and $f(b) = 00$. Therefore, $f(ab) = 1100$ and $f(abab) = 11001100$.

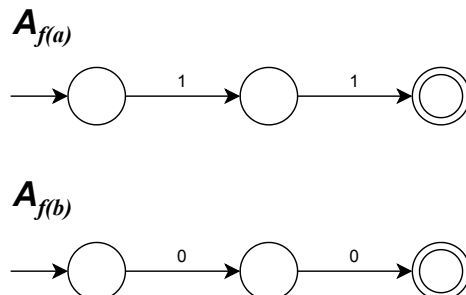
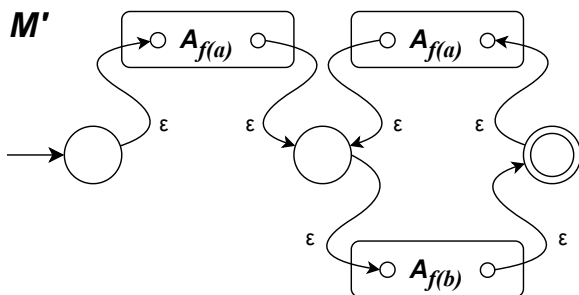
$$B = \{ab, abab, ababab, \dots\}, \text{ and } f(B) = \{1100, 11001100, 110011001100, \dots\}$$



State diagram of the DFA M that recognizes B .

Next, construct a finite automaton $A_{f(a)}$ to recognize the string $f(a)$ for each $a \in \Sigma$. The DFA M' to recognize $f(B)$ can be constructed by taking the DFA M and by carrying out following steps for every transition between some initial state q_i and subsequent state q_j over some symbol a :

1. Remove the transition.
2. Add an ϵ -transition that connects state q_i to the start state of the DFA $A_{f(a)}$
3. Connect accept state of the DFA $A_{f(a)}$ with q_j with an ϵ -transition.
4. Make the accept state of $A_{f(a)}$ a non-accept state.



Construction of the NFA M' . Unnecessary transitions are omitted for simplicity.

Proof. To Do: proof by construction. □

Consider the machine M' that you constructed. Is it a DFA in every case?

If a given homomorphism function f maps two different symbols in Σ to a string over Γ that starts with the same symbol then M' can have non-deterministic transitions.

Part b. Show, by giving an example, that the class of non-regular languages is not closed under homomorphism.