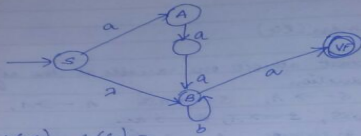


VINI SANTIANI



$$L(M) = L(G) = aaab^*a + b^*a$$

Left linear to right linear: —

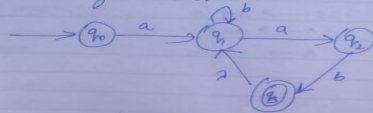
$$L(G') \quad A \rightarrow a_1 a_2 \dots a_n$$

$$L(G) \quad A \rightarrow a_1 a_2 \dots a_n a$$

becomes
 \hat{A} vice versa. Both the languages are same and regular but are reversed.

$$\therefore L(G') \Rightarrow L(G')^R = L(G)$$

Machine to grammar.



$$= ab^*ab(b^*ab)^*$$

\hat{q}_0

RE for each token \rightarrow CNFA
 combine them into one CNFA by start state
 then CNFA to DFA

Regular grammar (RG)

Linear: if at least at most one variable at the right side of production.

$S \rightarrow A$, $S \rightarrow aA$, $A \rightarrow A$

New linear: $S \rightarrow SS$, $S \rightarrow A$, $S \rightarrow aA$
Right linear grammar $A \rightarrow xA$ or $A \rightarrow x$ x : string of terminals.

Left linear grammar: $A \rightarrow BA$ or $A \rightarrow x$ x : string of terminals.

RG: left + right linear only
 RG generate Reg. languages.

let G be right linear grammar.
 let $L(M) = L(G)$
 where M is a machine
 eg: G :

$S \rightarrow aA / b$
 $A \rightarrow aA / b$
 $B \rightarrow bB / a$