Practical 2

- Configure AAA Authentication on Cisco Routers - Packet Tracer
  Configure a local user account on Router and configure authentication on the console and vty lines using local AAA.

Addressing Table

Device	Interface	IP address	Subnet Mask	Default Gateway	Switch Port
R1	G0/1	192.168.1.1	255.255.255.0	N/A	S1 F0/1
	S0/0/0	10.1.1.2	255.255.255.252	N/A	N/A
R2	G0/0	192.168.2.1	255.255.255.0	N/A	S2 F0/2
	S0/0/0	10.1.1.1	255.255.255.252	N/A	N/A
	S0/0/1	10.2.2.1	255.255.255.252	N/A	N/A
R3	G0/1	192.168.3.1	255.255.255.0	N/A	S3 F0/5
	S0/0/1	10.2.2.2	255.255.255.252	N/A	N/A
TACACS+ Server	NIC	192.168.3.2	255.255.255.0	192.168.2.1	S2 F0/6
RADIUS Server	NIC	192.168.3.2	255.255.255.0	192.168.3.1	S3 F0/1
PC-A	NIC	192.168.1.3	255.255.255.0	192.168.1.1	S1 F0/2
PC-B	NIC	192.168.2.3	255.255.255.0	192.168.2.1	S2 F0/1
PC-C	NIC	192.168.3.3	255.255.255.0	192.168.3.1	S3 F0/8

Part 1: Configure Local AAA Authentication for console access on R1

Step 1: Test connectivity

PC > ping 192.168.1.3

PC > ping 192.168.2.3
PC > ping 192.168.3.3

Step 2: Configure a local username on R1

R1(config)# username Admin1 secret admin1pa55

Step 3: Configure local AAA Authentication for console access on R1

R1(config)# aaa new-model
R1(config)# aaa authentication login default local

Step 4: Configure the line console to use the defined AAA authentication method

R1(config)# line console 0
R1(config-line)# login authentication default

Step 5: Verify the AAA authentication method.

R1(config-line)# end
R1# exit

Part 2 : Configured local AAA authentication for vty lines on R1

Step1: Configure domain name and crypto key for use with SSH

R1(config)# ip domain-name ccnasecurity.com
R1(config)# crypto key generate rsa

Step 2: Configure a named list AAA Authentication method for the vty lines on R1

R1(config)# aaa authentication login SSH-LOGIN local

Step 3: Configure the vty lines to use the defined AAA authentication method.

R1(config)# line vty 0 4
R1(config-line)# login authentication SSH-LOGIN
R1(config-line)# transport input SSH
R1(config-line)# end

Step 4: Verify the AAA Authentication method

PC> ssh -l Admin1 192.168.1.1
Open
Password: admin1pa55

Part 3: Configure server-based AAA authentication using TACACS+ on R2

Step 1: Configure a backup local database entry called Admin

R2(Config)# username Admin2 secret admin2pass

Step 2: Verify the TACACS+ Server Configuration

Click the TACACS+ Server. On the Services tab, click AAA Notice that there is a network configuration entry for R2 and a user setup entry for Admin2

Step 3: Configure the TACACS+ Server specifies on R2

R2(config)# tacacs-server host 192.168.2.2
R2(config)# tacacs-server key tacacspass

Step 4: Configure AAA login authentication for console access on R2

R2(config)# aaa new-model
R2(config)# aaa authentication login default group tacacs+ local

Step 5: Configure the line console to use the defined AAA authentication model.

R2(config)# line console 0

R2 (config-line)# login authentication default

Step 6: Verify the AAA authentication method.

R2 (config-line)# end
R2# exit

PART 4: Configure server based AAA Authentication using Radius on R3.

Step1: Configure a backup local database entry called Admin

R3 (config)# username Admin3 secret admin3pa55

Step2: Verify the RADIUS server configuration

click the RADIUS server
On the services tab, click AAA.
Notice that there is a Network configuration entry for R3 and a user setup entry for Admin3

Step3: Configure Radius server specifies on R3

R3 (config)# radius-server host 192.168.3.2
R3(config)# radius-server key radius pa55

Step 4: Configure AAA login authentication for console access on R3.

R3(config)# aaa new-model
R3 (config)# aaa authentication login default group radius local.

Step 5: Configure the line console to use the defined AAA authentication method

R3(config)# line console 0
R3(config-line)# login authentication default

Step 6: Verify the AAA authentication method

R3(config-line)# end.
R3# exit