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In [3]: import sympy
        import random
        class KeyGen:
                This class has methods to generate both the public and private key for asymmetric
                encryption. The standard used for the calculation is as follows:
                      Generate two large random primes, p and q
                        Compute n=pxq
                       Compute \phi = (p-1)(q-1)
                       Choose an integer e, 1 < e < \phi, such that gcd(e, \phi) = 1
                       Compute the secret exponent d, 1 < d < \phi, such that ed \equiv 1 \mod \phi
                       The public key= (e, n)
                        The private key (d, n)
             ,,,
            e = None
            def init (self, bits):
                self.bits = bits
                self.p, self.q = sympy.randprime(
                    2**(bits-1), 2**bits), sympy.randprime(2**(bits-1), 2**bits)
                self.n = self.p*self.q
                self.fi = (self.p-1)*(self.q-1)
                self.puK = self.getPublicKey()
                self.prK = self.getPrivateKey()
            def getKeys(self):
                return self.puK, self.prK
            def getPublicKey(self):
                # public key is (e, n)
                 # computing all e's s.t gcd(e,fi)=1
                 # taking out a random e
                while True:
                     randNum = random.randrange(2**(self.bits-1), 2**self.bits)
                     if self.gcd(randNum, self.fi) == 1:
                         self.e = randNum
                         break
                 # returning the public key
                return (self.e, self.n)
            def getPrivateKey(self):
                # private key is (d, n)
                assert self.e != None, 'Generate Public Key First'
                 # calculating 'd'
                d = self.findModInverse(self.e, self.fi)
                 # returning private key
                return (d, self.n)
            def gcd(self, a, b):
                while a != 0:
                    a, b = b % a, a
                return b
            def findModInverse(self, a, m):
                if self.gcd(a, m) != 1:
                    return None
                u1, u2, u3 = 1, 0, a
                v1, v2, v3 = 0, 1, m
                while v3 != 0:
                     q = u3 // v3
                     v1, v2, v3, u1, u2, u3 = (
                         u1 - q * v1), (u2 - q * v2), (u3 - q * v3), v1, v2, v3
                return u1 % m
        if name == ' main ':
            Generator = KeyGen(1024)
            publicKey, privateKey = Generator.getKeys()
            print("----OUTPUT----")
            print(f'''
            Public Key: {publicKey}
            Length of Public Key: {len(str(publicKey[0]))}
            Private Key: {privateKey}
            Length of Private Key: {len(str(privateKey[0]))}
            ''')
```

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----OUTPUT----
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Public Key: (111143064230806689148328318926758651447656131756753086372599251864884281405339346074
59872530239013497302763805862371652949381529781009376322047188335101397677586739115998965281018856047
23069650746508100011913, 1504721885714033223155169819154095712898572067096905085191337318669116513034
77008758238049496906451491062954395435635691571102708723135321818043255126684734370429647232753427817
59173486576480563195851779617343634827270978443882546908526317830510496669415904809996370174707936987
306047316464402839428650840465698307)
  Length of Public Key: 309
  Private Key: (77279550464208835667082311317289025310679666683613092865747350195204321661122281505
62645243992496853625961133046287496235367015221605811999735408295596297430684394653702034580425477583\\
59966280519902624930994592216022638487169413789759680508248043669361760172570962181520393061190336887
4116944559117300734779853097, 15047218857140332231551698191540957128985720670969050851913373186691165
13034770087582380494969064514910629543954356356915711027087231353218180432551266847343704296472327534
36987306047316464402839428650840465698307)
```