

Development Plan

Team Meeting Plan

Pre-Development

1. Meet every lab-session to work on the assignments & milestones.
2. Lead Developer to provide progress reports/summaries at the end of each lab.
3. Lead Developer to provide tasks/a plan-of-action for each item the team has to accomplish by the next lab session.
4. Meeting Agenda will have the following information to be filled in during each meeting.
 - (a) Previous Agenda items.
 - i. Will go through Agenda items from last meeting to see what work is in progress and how much progress has been made.
 - (b) List of topics for current week.
 - i. Will have Decision section for each topic.
 - (c) Work plan for each developer for the week (Homework).

Development

1. Hold stand-up meetings every 2 days discussing our progress
2. Lead Developer to provide daily progress reports/summaries
3. Meet during lab sessions to discuss blocking issues and debug
4. Meeting Agenda will have the following information to be filled in during each meeting.
 - (a) Previous Agenda items.
 - i. Will go through Agenda items from last meeting to see what work is in progress and how much progress has been made.
 - (b) List of topics for current week.
 - i. Will have Decision section for each topic.
 - (c) Work plan for each developer for the week (Homework).

Team Communication Plan

Pre-Development

1. Communication during this period is to be done through a combination of Microsoft Teams and Facebook Messenger.
2. Teams is to be used as a way to provide weekly updates on progress, upcoming tasks, questions and concerns, and as well as possible issues.
3. Messenger will be used as a way to communicate on a daily basis in terms of providing a way to answer simple questions and track progress on tasks when closer to deadline.

Development

1. All communication shall be done over Teams during Development
2. Weekly updates shall be provided by the Lead Developer to the Team via Microsoft Teams. These updates shall encompass the following (progress summary, upcoming tasks, possible challenges). If there are any issues or any unpredicted set-backs, the update shall also include the following: brief plan of attack, revised plans, updated time-line.
3. Milestones shall be tracked via the [Kanban Board](#) on GitLab.

Team Member Roles

Name	Role	Expertise
Aditya Sharma	Developer, QA	React, Node, Python, TS/JS, Git, Latex
Jash Mehta	Lead Developer, QA	React, Node, Python, TS/JS, Git, Latex
Zackary Ren	Developer, QA	React, Node, Python, TS/JS, Git, Latex

- The Lead Developer will handle daily/weekly reports and keep track of progress using the meeting agenda and Gantt chart. Developer responsibilities are encompassed as well.
- The Developer is responsible for creating the features assigned to them and resolving the bugs involved with their feature. Features are assigned based on the SRS created by the team.
- The QAs' (Quality Assurance) is responsible for creating test cases relevant to the feature they are assigned to. This is to ensure that the feature adheres to the correct specification.

Git Workflow Plan

Our Git Workflow shall revolve around the simplified version of the Gitflow Workflow practice. Throughout the development process of the project, we will be leveraging 2 different branches: *master* and *development*. The *master-branch* will store the official release of the project, whereas the *develop-branch* will be the integration branch for all the features/tickets.

We will also be leveraging the concept of a *feature-branch*. Each feature/ticket shall be implemented within a *feature-branch* whose respective parent is the *develop-branch*. This ensures that when the development and testing process for a feature is complete, it can be merged with the *develop-branch* rather than the *master-branch*.

Our project will not be leveraging *release* or *hotfix* branches due to the intended small scale and simplicity of the project. We feel that by adding these branches, we would over-complicate the production, testing and release of our software.

Proof of Concept Demonstration Plan

Technology

- *React-Native*
- *Python - BeautifulSoup, Selenium & Flask*
- *Prettier - ESLint, Bracket Colorizer*
- *Docker*

As mentioned in the Project Statement, our software product is a mobile application intended for both iOS and Android devices. As a result, we need to leverage a technology that will enable us to produce and deliver a high quality product for both mobile environments.

Normally, in order to produce a product for an iOS and Android device, we would need to leverage *Swift* and *Java* respectively. This would result in either 2 separate code-bases or 1 massive code-base. This would introduce an extra-layer of complexity to the project. Therefore, we have decided to use a cross-platform technology known as *React-Native*. This programming language/framework will allow us to develop for both platforms through a singular codebase.

We will also be leveraging *Beautiful-Soup* & *Selenium* to perform the web-scraping. The backend logic will be hosted by an API and this API will be created via *Flask*.

A CI/CD pipeline will be leveraged to automate builds, testing and deployments. We will be leveraging the built-in CI/CD pipelining support offered by GitLab. This requires the use of a Docker image which is why we will be using Docker.

Coding Style

A strict coding style shall be enforced for the purpose of readability, maintainability and quick iterations. This coding style shall be enforced via the use of tools such as *Prettier*, *ESLint* & *Flake8*. These tools are plugins that can be installed onto our IDE (*VS Code*). These tools will handle things such as spacing, variable naming, maximum-line length etc...

To keep the project simple, we will not be using a state-management system such as *MobX* or *Redux*. Instead, we will be leveraging the built-in state-management tools offered by *React-Native*.

General Rules

1. Keep things simple.
2. Find the root cause of bugs.
3. Put all boundary conditions in 1 place (don't have different edge cases for multiple functions). Handle edge case processing in 1 place.
4. Descriptive, meaningful, unambiguous names.
5. No constants (all constants will be declared in a file in the root directory known as constants.extension).
6. Keep functions small - each function should only do 1 task.
7. Minimize the number of arguments to a function.
8. Add Brief comments on a function if the function name is not sufficient enough to describe it.
9. When testing, only have 1 assert per test and provide each test a meaningful description.

React-Native Rules

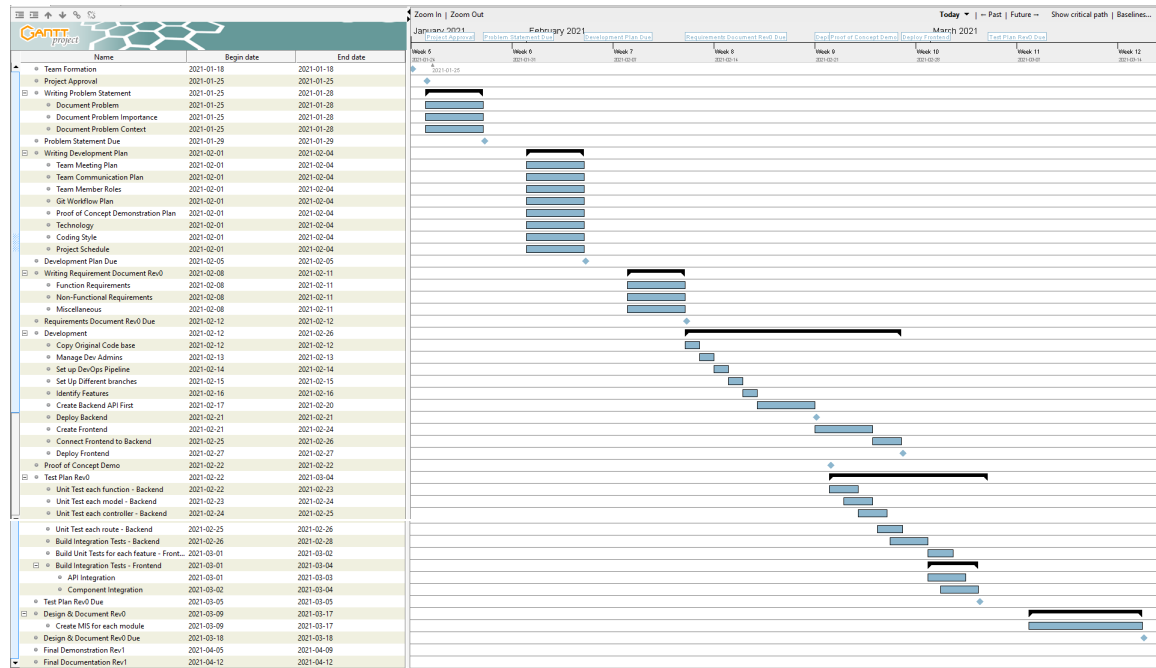
1. We will be using Function Components.
2. Interfaces will have a leading “I” prefacing the name of the variable. For example: “ITodoItem” will represent the interface for a “TodoItem”.
3. Props will always end with “Props”. For example: “TodoItemProps” will represent the props object being passed into the “TodoItem” component.
4. Stylesheets pertaining to a particular component will always be located at the bottom of the page.

Python Rules

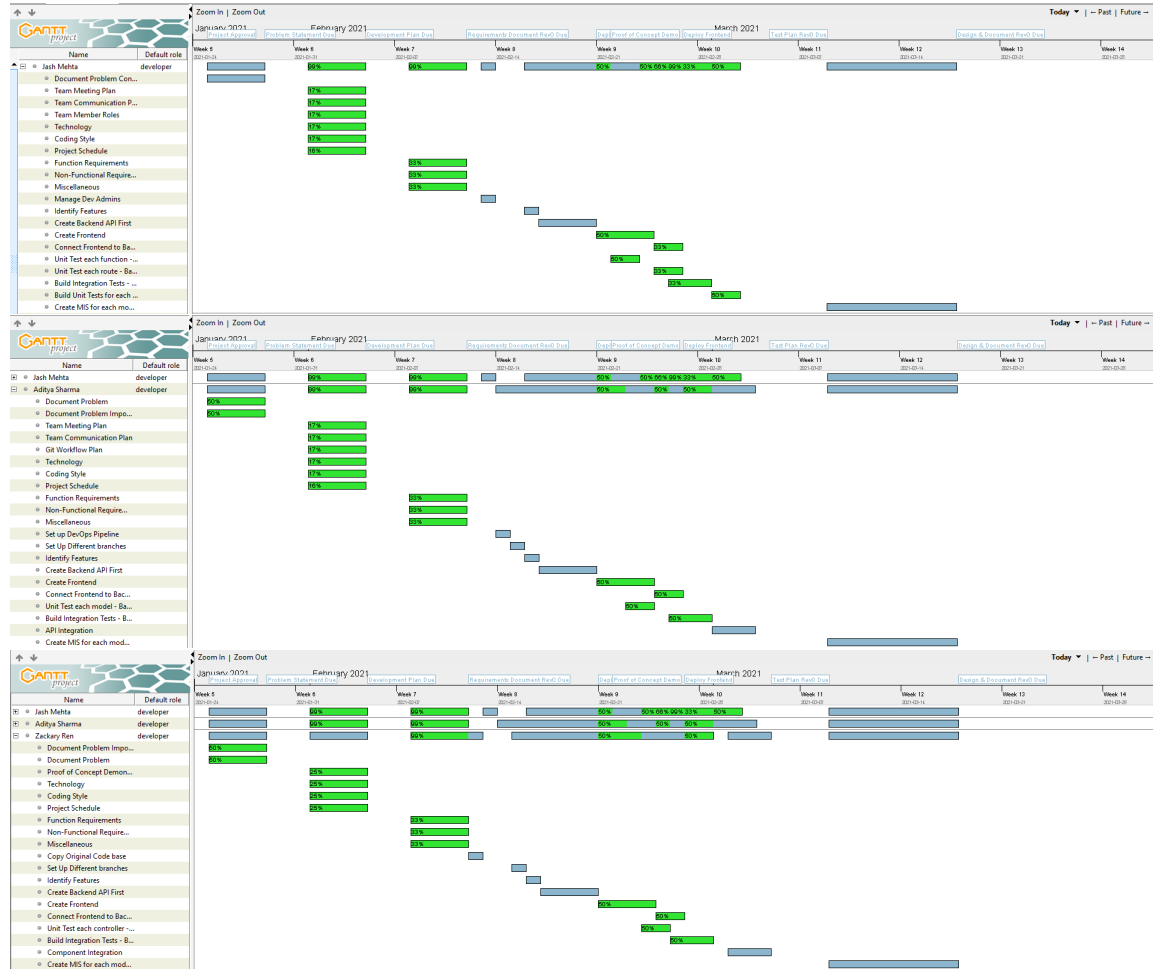
1. Following *Pep8* Style Guide, using *Flake8* as our automated linter.
2. Automatically updates coding style to fit *Pep8* guidelines, therefore the *Flake8* linter provides adherence.

Project Schedule

Gantt Chart



Resource Allocation



Project Review