## Nanyang Technological University (NTU)

# CZ3005 Artificial Intelligence Lab Assignment 4

Adrian Goh Jun Wei

U1721134D

TSP1

## **Table of Content**

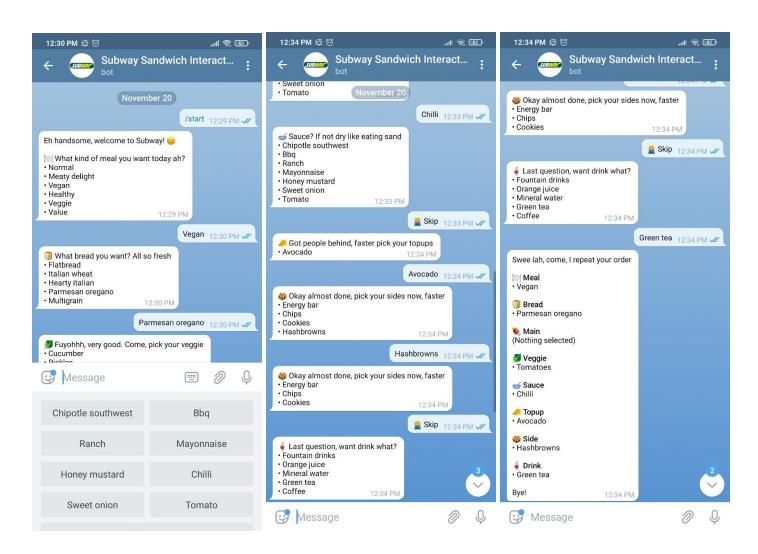
Table of Content	1
Question 3: Subway Sandwich Interactor	Subway Sandwich Interactor  ion  Structure  ins for setting up  index explanation  inding elements into a single list  inding an empty list variable  it to check the type of meal chosen  ble options for each category  intions for a particular category  stible options for a particular category  inted options for a particular category  interaction of the object  interaction input by user using assertz  interactions  in meal (mains not asked)  in meal (non-vegan bread excluded + mains not asked + non-vegan topup excluded)
Introduction	2
Directory Structure	3
Instructions for setting up	4
Prolog code explanation	5
Appending elements into a single list	5
Declaring an empty list variable	5
Facts to check the type of meal chosen	5
Possible options for each category	5
All options for a particular category	5
Available options for a particular category	6
Selected options for a particular category	6
Combining all options for categories with multiple sub-categories	6
Logic to derive all available options for a particular category	7
PrologConvertor	S
Initialization of the object	9
Retrieving the options using query	9
Adding selection input by user using assertz	10
Screenshots of interactions	11
Veggie meal (mains not asked)	1′
Vegan meal (non-vegan bread excluded + mains not asked + non-vegan topup excluded)	12
Value meal (expensive mains excluded + topup not asked)	13
Healthy meal (Unhealthy sauces excluded + unhealthy sides excluded + unhealthy drinks excluded	ded) 14
Meaty delight meal (veggies not asked)	15

## **Question 3: Subway Sandwich Interactor**

#### Introduction

The Prolog script offers different meal options (healthy, normal, value, vegan, veggie, meaty delight) for a user. It will then intelligently suggest a list of recommended fillings (breads, mains, veggies, sauces, top ups, sides, drinks) based on what the user has chosen to create a customized subway order.

In this assignment, I have created an interactive Telegram bot to interact with the Prolog script. This will improve the interactions with the script as options are limited and Prolog commands are hidden from the user.



## **Directory Structure**

File/directory name	Purposes
ADRIAN_GOH_JUN_WEI_qn_3.pl	Prolog script containing the logic and knowledge base
prolog_convertor.py	Contain a Python class, which will interact with the Prolog script and interact with it via the library pyswip
ask.py	Python script to host the Telegram bot to produce the correct response
keyboard.py	Python script to generate the respective keyboard options
replies.py	Python script to generate the respective replies
requirements.txt	Contains the list of package that will be installed during the setup
telegram_token.py	Contains the Telegram API token
images	Contains media files which will be used by the bot

#### Instructions for setting up

#### ### Prerequisite

- Installed `python3`
- 2. Installed `pip`
- 3. Have Telegram mobile application installed

#### ### Creating and setting up a Telegram Bot

Alternatively, you can skip the steps below and use the API key I generated to interact with my bot. Simply search for <code>@adriangohjw\_ask\_bot</code> on Telegram to interact with it (NOTE: You will still need to follow the instructions in "Running the program" to host the bot.

In the Telegram mobile application, do the following steps:

- Search for BotFather (@BotFather)
- 2. Request for a new bot via /newbot
- 3. Retrieve the HTTP API key given
- 4. Create a file called `telegram\_token.py` in the root directory and add the following line of code TOKEN = "XXX"

where XXX is the HTTP API key given by BotFather

#### ### Setting up virtual environment in project

- Run `python -m venv venv`
- 2. Run `venv\Scripts\activate`
- 3. Run `pip install -r requirements.txt`

All required packages should have been installed!

#### ### Running the program

Run the command `python ask.py` in your console to get the server hosting the Telegram Bot running

#### Prolog code explanation

#### Appending elements into a single list

```
append([], Y, Y).
append([H|X], Y, [H|Z]):-
    append(X, Y, Z).
```

#### Declaring an empty list variable

```
empty_list([]).
```

#### Facts to check the type of meal chosen

```
healthy_meal(healthy).
value_meal(value).
vegan_meal(vegan).
veggie_meal(veggie).
meaty_delight_meal(meaty_delight).
```

#### Possible options for each category

```
meals([healthy, normal, value, vegan, veggie, meaty_delight]).

vegan_breads([italian_wheat, parmesan_oregano, hearty_italian, multigrain, flatbread]).
non_vegan_breads([honey_oat]).

value_mains([chicken, ham, bacon, tuna]).
expensive_mains([beef, salmon, turkey]).

veggies([cucumber, green_peppers, lettuce, red_onions, tomatoes, olives, jalapenos, pickles]).
healthy_sauces([honey_mustard, sweet_onion, chilli, tomato]).
unhealthy_sauces([chipotle_southwest, bbq, ranch, mayonnaise]).
non_vegan_topups([american, monterey_jack, cheddar, egg_mayonnaise]).
vegan_topups([avocado]).
healthy_sides([cookies, energy_bar]).
unhealthy_sides([chips, hashbrowns]).
healthy_drinks([mineral_water, orange_juice, green_tea, coffee]).
unhealthy_drinks([fountain_drinks]).
```

#### All options for a particular category

```
all_options(A, X):-
    A == meals -> meals(X);
    A == breads -> breads(X);
    A == mains -> mains(X);
    A == veggies -> veggies(X);
```

```
A == sauces -> sauces(X);
A == topups -> topups(X);
A == sides -> sides(X);
A == drinks -> drinks(X).
```

#### Available options for a particular category

```
available_options(A, X):-
    A == meals -> ask_meals(X);
    A == breads -> ask_breads(X);
    A == mains -> ask_mains(X);
    A == veggies -> ask_veggies(X);
    A == sauces -> ask_sauces(X);
    A == topups -> ask_topups(X);
    A == sides -> ask_sides(X);
    A == drinks -> ask_drinks(X).
```

#### Selected options for a particular category

```
selected_options(A, X):-
    A == meals -> findall(X, selected_meals(X), X);
    A == breads -> findall(X, selected_breads(X), X);
    A == mains -> findall(X, selected_mains(X), X);
    A == veggies -> findall(X, selected_veggies(X), X);
    A == sauces -> findall(X, selected_sauces(X), X);
    A == topups -> findall(X, selected_topups(X), X);
    A == sides -> findall(X, selected_sides(X), X);
    A == drinks -> findall(X, selected_drinks(X), X).
```

#### Combining all options for categories with multiple sub-categories

```
% Return a list of all the breads available
breads(X):-
    vegan_breads(B1), non_vegan_breads(B2), append(B1, B2, X).
% Return a list of all the mains available
mains(X):-
    value_mains(M1), expensive_mains(M2), append(M1, M2, X).
% Return a list of all the sauces available
sauces(X):-
    healthy_sauces(S1), unhealthy_sauces(S2), append(S1, S2, X).
% Return a list of all the topups available
topups(X):-
    non_vegan_topups(T1), vegan_topups(T2), append(T1, T2, X).
% Return a list of all the sides available
sides(X):-
    healthy_sides(S1), unhealthy_sides(S2), append(S1, S2, X).
% Return a list of all the drinks available
drinks(X):-
    healthy_drinks(D1), unhealthy_drinks(D2), append(D1, D2, X).
```

#### Logic to derive all available options for a particular category

Vegan meals do not have "Honey oat" as a bread option.

```
% Return a list of possible breads based on previous choices
% Vegan meals do not have honey oat as an option, return vegan_breads
ask_breads(X):-
    selected_meals(Y), vegan_meal(Y) -> vegan_breads(X);
    breads(X).
```

Vegan and Veggie meals do not have main options (e.g. chicken, ham) Value meals do not offer expensive main options (e.g. beef, salmon)

```
% Return a list of possible mains based on previous choices
% Value meals do not have expensive mains as an option, return value_mains
% Vegan and Veggie meals do not have main options, return empty list [].
ask_mains(X):-
    selected_meals(Y), vegan_meal(Y) -> empty_list(X);
    selected_meals(Y), veggie_meal(Y) -> empty_list(X);
    selected_meals(Y), value_meal(Y) -> value_mains(X);
    mains(X).
```

Meaty delight meals do not have veggie options (e.g. cucumber, lettuce)

```
% Return a list of possible veggies based on previous choices
% Meaty delight meals do not have veggie options, return empty list [].
ask_veggies(X):-
    selected_meals(Y), \+ meaty_delight_meal(Y), veggies(X).
```

Healthy meals do not have unhealthy sauce options (e.g. BBQ, mayonnaise)

```
% Return a list of possible sauces based on previous choices
% Healthy meals do not have unhealthy sauces, return a list containing only healthy_sauces
ask_sauces(X):-
    selected_meals(Y), healthy_meal(Y) -> healthy_sauces(X);
    sauces(X).
```

Value meals do not have top-up options (e.g. avocado, cheddar)

Vegan meals do not have non-vegan top-up options (e.g. cheddar, american)

```
% Return a list of possible top-ups based on previous choices
% Value meal does not have topup, returns an empty list
% Vegan meal does not have non vegan topups, return a list containing vegan_topups
ask_topups(X):-
    selected_meals(Y), value_meal(Y) -> empty_list(X);
    selected_meals(Y), vegan_meal(Y) -> vegan_topups(X);
    topups(X).
```

#### Healthy meals do not have unhealthy side options (e.g. chips, hash browns)

```
% Return a list of possible top-ups based on previous choices
% Return a list of possible sides based on previous choices
% Healthy meals does not have unhealthy sides, return a list containing healthy_sides
ask_sides(X):-
    selected_meals(Y), healthy_meal(Y) -> healthy_sides(X);
    sides(X).
```

#### Healthy meals do not have unhealthy drink options (fountain drinks)

```
% Return a list of possible drinks based on previous choices
% Healthy meals does not have unhealthy drinks, return a list containing healthy_drinks
ask_drinks(X):-
    selected_meals(Y), healthy_meal(Y) -> healthy_drinks(X);
    drinks(X).
```

#### PrologConvertor

#### Initialization of the object

```
from pyswip import Prolog, prolog
PROLOG_FILENAME = "ADRIAN_GOH_JUN_WEI_qn_3.p1"
class PrologConvertor():
  def __init__(self):
   self.prolog = Prolog()
    self.prolog.consult(PROLOG_FILENAME)
    self.__retractall()
  def retractall(self):
    self.prolog.retractall("selected_meals(X)")
    self.prolog.retractall("selected_breads(X)")
    self.prolog.retractall("selected_mains(X)")
    self.prolog.retractall("selected_veggies(X)")
    self.prolog.retractall("selected_sauces(X)")
    self.prolog.retractall("selected_topups(X)")
    self.prolog.retractall("selected_sides(X)")
    self.prolog.retractall("selected_drinks(X)")
```

We will import the Prolog script using self.prolog.consult(PROLOG\_FILENAME)

We will then make sure that all existing selections are cleared by retracting them.

#### Retrieving the options using query

```
def all_options(self, category):
    res = list(self.prolog.query("all_options({}, X)".format(category)))[0]["X"]
    return self.convert_res_to_list(res)
def available options(self, category):
    res = list(self.prolog.query("available_options({}, X)".format(category)))
    return res if res == [] else self.convert_res_to_list(res[0]["X"])
def selected_options(self, category):
    res = list(self.prolog.query("selected_options({}, X)".format(category)))
    return res if res == [] else self.convert_res_to_list(res[0]["X"])
def convert_res_to_list(self, res):
    counter = 0
   list_result = []
   while (counter < len(res)):</pre>
     list_result.append(res[counter].value)
      counter += 1
    return list_result
```

We will retrieve the options using self.prolog.query(...) and then process them into usable list in for Python

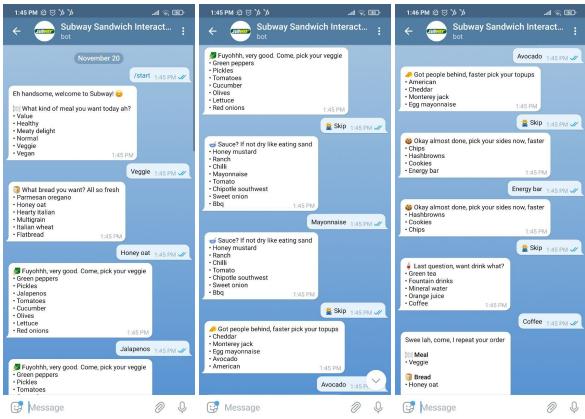
#### Adding selection input by user using assertz

```
def add_meal(self, X):
    self.prolog.assertz("selected_meals({})".format(X))
def add_bread(self, X):
    self.prolog.assertz("selected_breads({})".format(X))
def add_main(self, X):
    self.prolog.assertz("selected_mains({})".format(X))
def add_veggie(self, X):
    self.prolog.assertz("selected_veggies({})".format(X))
def add_sauce(self, X):
    self.prolog.assertz("selected_sauces({})".format(X))
def add_topup(self, X):
    self.prolog.assertz("selected_topups({})".format(X))
def add_side(self, X):
    self.prolog.assertz("selected_sides({})".format(X))
def add_drink(self, X):
    self.prolog.assertz("selected_drinks({})".format(X))
```

We will add inputs selected by the user using self.prolog.assertz(...)

#### Screenshots of interactions

#### Veggie meal (mains not asked)



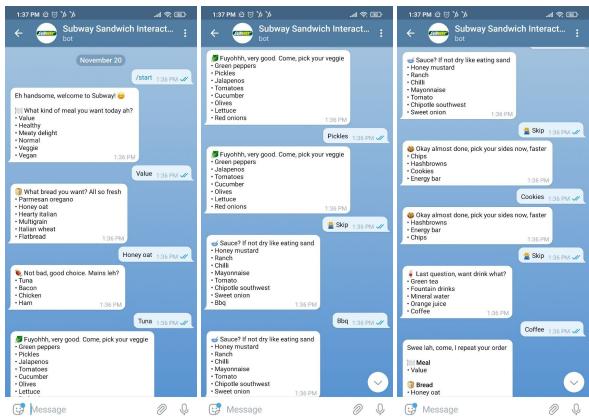


#### Vegan meal (non-vegan bread excluded + mains not asked + non-vegan topup excluded)



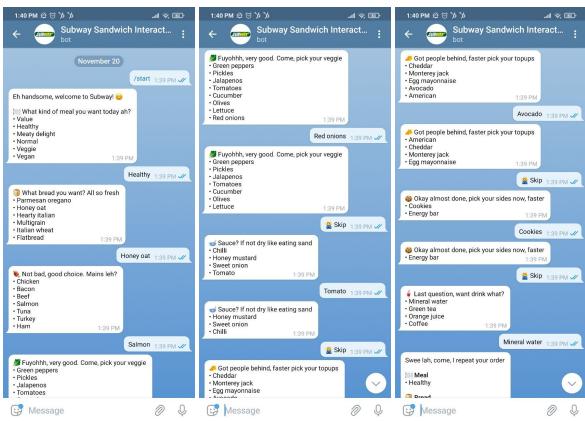


#### Value meal (expensive mains excluded + topup not asked)





#### Healthy meal (Unhealthy sauces excluded + unhealthy sides excluded + unhealthy drinks excluded)





#### Meaty delight meal (veggies not asked)



