# CSE 202 Fundamentals of Database Management Systems

# **Project Title**

Design of an online retail store system

Group 30 Members

Mehul Singh 2020081 Shivam Jindal 2020125 Shreyanshu Sharma 2020130 Kanishk Singh 2020073

## Scope of Project

The design of an online retail store system replicates the database management of retail stores with online shopping availability such as Big Bazaar, and is worked on and studied to understand the different aspects involving the storage of products, the interaction of employees, the company itself and the customer among various other objectives.

#### Stakeholders

Stakeholders are a person or a group being directly or indirectly affected by the activity of an organisation. Stakeholders may be directly or indirectly involved.

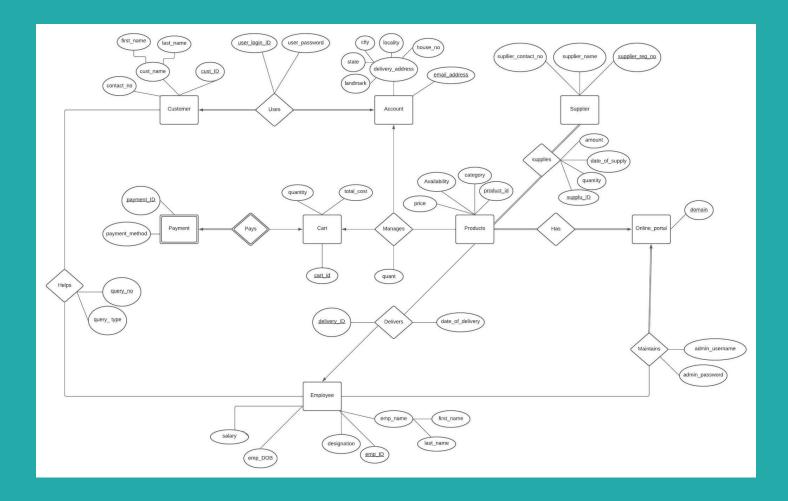
- 1. Customers: External stakeholders who can shop on the online portal
- 2. Employees: Internal stakeholders that manage the concerns of the customers through customer care department, delivery of the required goods as per the customer and the management and maintenance of
- 3. Suppliers: External stakeholders that provide the products to the company to be provided and delivered to the customers.

## **Entities and their attributes**

- 1. Customer: Has customer ID(cust\_ID), customer name(cust\_name) and contact\_no as the attributes, and is involved in Uses relationship with Account and Helps relationship with Employee
- 2. Account: Denoting the portal account of the customer, has delivery address(delivery\_address) and email address(email\_address) of the customer as entities, and is involved in manages Cart and Products
- 3. Cart: Denoting the cart of the customer, has cart ID(cart\_id), total cost of the cart products(total\_cost) and quantities(quantity) as the entities
- 4. Products: Represents products available on the platform, has product ID(product\_ID), category(category), stock of product available(Availability) and price of product(price) as the attributes, , and is involved in Manages relationship with Cart, Has relationship with Online\_portal and supplies relationship with Supplier

- 5. Supplier: Denotes the supplier/manufacturer of products, has supplier SSN(supplier\_reg\_no), supplier name(supplier\_name) and supplier contact number(supplier\_contact\_no) as attributes, , and is involved in supplier relationship with Products
- 6. Online\_portal: Represents online website portal of the company, has domain address(domain) as attribute and involved in Maintains relationship with Employee
- 7. Employee: Represents employees of the establishment, has employee ID(emp\_ID), employee name(emp\_name), designation of the employee(designation), employee D.O.B(emp\_DOB) and salary(salary) as the attributes, and is involved in Helps relationship with Customer, Maintains relationship with Online\_portal, and Delivers relationship with Products
- 8. Payment: Represents the payment of fee portal side of the store, has payment ID number(payment\_ID) and mode of payment i.e UPI, Net banking etc (payment\_method) as the attributes, , and is involved in Pays relationship with Cart

# Entity Relationship Diagram Model



# Link to ER diagram:

https://lucid.app/lucidchart/4a9fce45-f99c-43c8-bb13-78ec5362f944/edit?invitationId=inv\_fb13e5da-d0a0-47ae-9245-5bb093fa1f8f

### **Weak Entity**

Payment entity is the weak entity in the project. It has total participation, and has dependency on the Cart entity. Identification of the payment is done through the help of the Cart entity.

#### Ternary Relationship

Manages is identified as the ternary relationship in the project, the Account of the user manages the Cart as well as the Products that it chooses to have in the Cart. The presence of a ternary relationship simplifies the process and binary relationships may not necessarily be sufficient for this representation.

#### Relational Schema

```
customer = (<u>customer id</u>, first_name, last_name, contact_no)
account = (<u>email_address</u>, house_no, locality, landmark, city, state)
payment = (<u>payment_id</u>, payment_method, <u>cart_id</u>)
Employee = (<u>emp_id</u>, first_name, last_name, designation, emp_DOB, salary)
online_portal = (<u>domain</u>)
product = (<u>product_id</u>, category, availability, price)
supplier = (<u>supplier_reg_no</u>, supplier_name, supplier_contact_no)
cart = (<u>cart_id</u>, quantity, total_cost)

uses = (<u>user_login_id</u>, user_password, email_address, cust_id)
maintains = (domain, emp_id, <u>admin_username</u>, admin_password)
supplies = (<u>supply_id</u>, amount, date_of_supply, quantity, product_id,
supplier_reg_no)
helps = (<u>query_no</u>, query_type, cust_id, emp_id)
delivers = (<u>delivery_id</u>, date_of_delivery, emp_id, product_id)
manages = (<u>email_address</u>, <u>product_id</u>, <u>cart_id</u>, quant)
```

### **NULL Constraints**

- last\_name in Customer: Last name of customer may not be given by them/the customer may not have a last name, hence this attribute can be NULL
- 2. last\_name in Employee: Last name of employee may not be given by them/the employee may not have a last name, hence this attribute can be NULL, as it isn't essential to Employee identification process since we have emp\_ID
- 3. landmark in Account: Landmark for address is optional, and may not be given by the customer, hence this attribute can be NULL

### SQL Queries

select products.product\_id, category, max(products.price) from products group by category;

select first\_name from Employee where designation = ' hr' and emp\_salary > 30000;

Select product\_id, price From products Where category = 'footwear' order by products.price;

Select contact\_no, city from customer, account, uses

Where uses.cust\_id = customer.cust\_id and uses.email\_address = account.email\_address;

Select first\_name From Employee Where year(emp\_dob) > '1985' and designation = ' sde';

Select first\_name From customer Where first\_name like '\_e%' and cust\_id > 20000;

(Select first\_name
From Employee
Where designation = 'hr' and year(emp\_dob) = 2000)
Union
(Select first\_name
From Employee
Where designation = 'customer care' and year(emp\_dob) = 1999);

Select distinct supplier\_name From supplier Where supplier\_name not in ('Senger, Hermann and Mertz', 'Abbott, Kilback and Jast', 'Lakin', 'Price-Schneider');

select count(distinct T.first\_name)
from Employee as T, Employee as S
where T.emp\_salary > S.emp\_salary and T.designation = ' finance';

select cart\_id, quantity\*10 as magnified\_quantity from cart

### **INDIVIDUAL CONTRIBUTION**

#### Kanishk Singh:

- 1. Created base for ER diagram
- 2. Helped create relational schema
- 3. Helped in data population
- 4. Helped in SQL Queries
- 5. Documentation/Answers in write-up

#### Shivam Jindal:

- 1. Helped in ER diagram
- 2. Created the tables
- 3. Data Population of tables
- 4. SQL Queries

## Shreyanshu Sharma:

- 1. Created the relational schema
- 2. Helped in data population
- 3. debugging of queries
- 4. Helped create the ER diagram

#### Mehul Singh:

- 1. Debugged the sql code script before populating the data.
- 2. Populated the entities.
- 3. Created some SQL queries.
- 4. Helped identify the foreign keys in relationship schema.
- 5. Helped debug the ER diagram.