

# MaterialMind - Material Recommendation Report

## General Recommendations:

For a bookshelf able to bear a load of 700 kgs, it is recommended to use a combination of MDF, plywood, and steel. MDF and plywood can be used for non-structural components, while steel can be used for structural components like support legs and brackets.

Material	Properties	Application	Rationale
MDF (Medium-Density Fiberboard)	density: 0.8-1.2 g/cm <sup>3</sup> tensile strength: 10-20 MPa	Shelf boards and back panels	MDF is a cost-effective, eco-friendly option for non-structural components. Its density and tensile strength make it suitable for shelves and back panels, while its thermal conductivity helps with heat dissipation.
	thermal conductivity: 0.04-0.06 W/mK endurance limit: Not applicable (not a structural material) fatigue strength: Not applicable (not a structural material)		
Plywood	density: 0.5-1.0 g/cm <sup>3</sup> tensile strength: 20-40 MPa	Shelf frames and support beams	Plywood is a strong, durable option for structural components. Its density and tensile strength make it suitable for shelf frames and support beams, while its thermal conductivity helps with heat dissipation.
	thermal conductivity: 0.05-0.10 W/mK endurance limit: Not applicable (not a structural material) fatigue strength: Not applicable (not a structural material)		
Steel (A36 or equivalent)	density: 7.9 g/cm <sup>3</sup> tensile strength: 400-550 MPa	Support legs and brackets	Steel is a strong, durable option for structural components. Its high tensile strength and endurance limit make it suitable for support legs and brackets, while its thermal conductivity helps with heat dissipation.
	thermal conductivity: 50-60 W/mK endurance limit: 250-300 MPa fatigue strength: 100-150 MPa		