${\rm TLA}+$ specification of Lamport 's distributed mutual-exclusion algorithm as mentioned in Assignment 2

EXTENDS Naturals, Sequences, TLC

The parameter N represents the number of processes. The parameter maxClock is used only for model checking in order to keep the state space finite.

Constant N, maxClock

ASSUME $NType \triangleq N \in Nat$ ASSUME $maxClockType \triangleq maxClock \in Nat$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} Proc & \triangleq & 1 \dots N \\ Clock & \triangleq & Nat \setminus \{0\} \end{array}$$

For model checking, add ClockConstraint as a state constraint to ensure a finite state space and override the definition of Clock by $1 \dots maxClock+1$ so that TLC can evaluate the definition of Message.

VARIABLES

clock, local clock of each process

req, requests received from processes stored as sequence (clock transmitted with request)

ack, acknowledgements received from processes

network, messages sent but not yet received crit set of processes in critical section

Messages used in the algorithm.

$$ReqMessage(c) \stackrel{\triangle}{=} [type \mapsto "req", clock \mapsto c]$$

 $AckMessage(c) \stackrel{\triangle}{=} [type \mapsto "ack", clock \mapsto c]$
 $RelMessage \stackrel{\triangle}{=} [type \mapsto "rel", clock \mapsto 0]$

 $\textit{Message} \ \triangleq \ \{\textit{RelMessage}(c) : c \in \textit{Clock}\} \cup \{\textit{AckMessage}(c) : c \in \textit{Clock}\}$

The type correctness predicate.

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TypeOK \triangleq
```

clock[p] is the local clock of process p

 $\land \ clock \in [Proc \rightarrow Clock]$

req[p][q] stores sequence of clock associated with request from q received by p, empty if none

 $\land req \in [Proc \rightarrow [Proc \rightarrow Seq(Nat)]]$

ack[p] stores the processes that have ack'ed p's request

 $\land \ ack \in [Proc \rightarrow [Proc \rightarrow Nat]]$

network[p][q]: queue of messages from p to q – pairwise FIFO communication

 $\land \ network \in [Proc \rightarrow [Proc \rightarrow Seq(Message)]]$

set of processes in critical section: should be empty or singleton

 $\land crit \in \text{SUBSET } Proc$

The initial state predicate.

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 \begin{array}{l} Init \ \stackrel{\triangle}{=} \\ \wedge \ clock = [p \in Proc \mapsto 1] \\ \wedge \ req \ = [p \in Proc \mapsto [q \in Proc \mapsto \langle \rangle]] \\ \wedge \ ack = [p \in Proc \mapsto [q \in Proc \mapsto 0]] \\ \wedge \ network = [p \in Proc \mapsto [q \in Proc \mapsto \langle \rangle]] \\ \wedge \ crit = \{\} \\ \end{array}
```

beats(p, q) is true if process p believes that its request has higher priority than q's request. This is true if either p has not received a request from q or p's request has a smaller clock value than any received from q. If there is a tie, the numerical process ID decides.

```
beats(p, q) \triangleq \\ \lor req[p][q] = \langle \rangle \\ \lor \land req[p][p] \neq \langle \rangle \\ \land req[p][q] \neq \langle \rangle \\ \land LET \ pTop \triangleq Head(req[p][p]) \\ qTop \triangleq Head(req[p][q]) \\ IN \\ \lor pTop < qTop \\ \lor pTop = qTop \land p < q
```

Broadcast a message: send it to all processes except the sender.

```
Broadcast(s, m) \triangleq [r \in Proc \mapsto \text{IF } s = r \text{ THEN } network[s][r] \text{ ELSE } Append(network[s][r], m)]
```

Process p requests access to critical section. Increment Clock time also

Process p receives a request from q It adds this new request to its request Queue and increment the clock time.Also it acknowledges it with a timestamp.

Process p receives an acknowledgement from q.

```
\begin{aligned} ReceiveAck(p,\,q) &\triangleq \\ &\wedge network[q][p] \neq \langle \rangle \\ &\wedge \text{LET } m \triangleq Head(network[q][p]) \\ &\text{IN} &\wedge m.type = \text{``ack''} \\ &\wedge ack' = [ack \text{ EXCEPT } ![p][q] = m.clock] \\ &\wedge network' = [network \text{ EXCEPT } ![q][p] = Tail(@)] \\ &\wedge \text{UNCHANGED } \langle clock, \textit{req, crit} \rangle \end{aligned}
```

Process p enters the critical section.Process enter CS if it has a request in the request queue and it beats all other processes. Also the timestamp of all the Ack should be greater than the request time stamp

```
Enter(p) \triangleq \\  \land req[p][p] \neq \langle \rangle \\  \land LET \ pTop \triangleq Head(req[p][p]) \\  IN  \land \forall \ q \in Proc \setminus \{p\} : pTop < ack[p][q] \\  \land \forall \ q \in Proc \setminus \{p\} : beats(p, \ q) \\  \land crit' = crit \cup \{p\} \\  \land UNCHANGED \ \langle clock, \ req, \ ack, \ network \rangle
```

Process p exits the critical section and notifies other processes.It deletes any one of its request from its request queue

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Exit(p) \triangleq \\ \land \text{LET } l \triangleq RandomElement(1 \dots (Len(req[p][p]))) \text{IN} \\ \land p \in crit \\ \land crit' = crit \setminus \{p\} \\ \land network' = [network \text{ except } ![p] = Broadcast(p, RelMessage)] \\ \land req' = [req \text{ except } ![p][p] = Tail(@)] \\ \lor req' = [req \text{ except } ![p][p] = [i \in 1 \dots (Len(@) - 1) \mapsto \text{if } i < l \text{ then } @[i] \text{ else } @[i + 1]]] \\ \land \text{ unchanged } \langle clock, ack \rangle
```

Process p receives a release notification from q and deletes any request from its request queue

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Receive Release(p, q) \triangleq \\ \land \text{ Let } l \triangleq Random Element(1 \dots (Len(req[p][q]))) \text{In} \\ \land network[q][p] \neq \langle \rangle \\ \land \text{ Let } m \triangleq Head(network[q][p]) \\ \text{In } \land m.type = \text{"rel"} \\ \land req' = [req \text{ except } ![p][q] = Tail(@)] \\ \land ree'' = [req \text{ except } ![p][q] = [i \in 1 \dots (Len(@) - 1) \mapsto \text{if } i < l \text{ then } @[i] \text{ else } @[i + 1]]] \\ \land network' = [network \text{ except } ![q][p] = Tail(@)] \\ \land \text{ Unchanged } \langle clock, ack, crit \rangle
```

$\wedge Print(l, TRUE)$

Next-state relation.

```
Next \triangleq
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 $\vee \; \exists \, p \in \mathit{Proc} : \mathit{Request}(p) \vee \mathit{Enter}(p) \vee \mathit{Exit}(p)$

 $\forall \exists p \in Proc : \exists q \in Proc \setminus \{p\} : ReceiveRequest(p, q) \lor ReceiveAck(p, q) \lor ReceiveRelease(p, q)$

 $vars \triangleq \langle req, network, clock, ack, crit \rangle$

 $Spec \stackrel{\triangle}{=} Init \wedge \Box [Next]_{vars} \wedge WF_{vars}(Next)$

A state constraint that is useful for validating the specification using finite-state model checking. Constraints imposed on clock, network and request

 $StateConstraint \triangleq \land \forall \ p \in Proc : clock[p] \leq maxClock \\ \land \forall \ p, \ q \in Proc : Len(network[p][q]) \leq 1$

 $\land \forall p, q \in Proc : Len(req[p][q]) \leq 2$

The main safety property of mutual exclusion.

 $Mutex \stackrel{\Delta}{=} \forall p, q \in crit : p = q$

 $Live \triangleq \forall p \in Proc : \Diamond (p \in crit)$

- ***** Modification History
- * Last modified Sun Oct 07 20:57:29 EDT 2018 by mehuljain
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