Q1 me	eans simulated code.
A. Pseudo code	B. Flow chart
C. Algorithm D.	None of the given
	is a pictorial representation of every action that are performed within the machine
process that solves a	•
A. Pseudo code	B. Flow chart
C. Algorithm D.	. Program
	owing institute has defined the symbol of flowchart?
A. ASCII B. ANS	
C. ANCI D. ASC	
Q4. Which of the followard A. Circle B. Ova	owing is the standard terminal symbol for a flowchart ?
C. Rounded rectangl	e D. Square
Q5. An arrow symbo	I in flowchart is used to show
•	on B. the sequence of an action
	ns D. the completion of an action
A. Oval B. Diam	
C. Rectangle D.	. Parallelogram
Q7. Which of the followard A. Oval B. Diam C. Rectangle D.	
3	
	owing can be considered as a computer process?
	hmetiv operation
C. logical operation	D. Both option2 & option3
Q9. Which of the follo	owing operations are performed using process symbol in flowchart?
A. Social B. Mat	thematical operation
C. Loogical operation	D. Both option2 & option3
Q10 the entire process .	is an entity whose value once assigned remains fixed and cannot be changed during
A. Variable B. 0	Constant
C. Both option1 & op	tion2 D. None of the given
Q11. Which of the fo A. X>Y? B. Prir	llowing command can be written in the decision box ?
C. Input x D. C=	
Q12 For which of the	e following input/output symbols are used while solving a problem ?
	rom the user B. To give output
_	sage D. All of the given
013 Which symbol i	is used for performing mathematical calulation or to display message?
aro. vvinon oyinbul i	5 4554 for portorning mathematical caldidation of to display message:

A. input/output B. Start/End C. Decision D. Process
Q14. In flowchart, when the same set of statement is repeated for more than one time, it is called
A. nesting B. looping C. jumping D. All of the given
Q15. A set of precise and clear instruction given to a computer for performing a predifened task is called
A. Syntax B. Data C. Program D. Input
Q16. By which other language C is known as ? A. general purpose programming language B. ANSI C C. Both option1 & Option2 D. ASCII C
Q17. In C language, symbolic constant is generally written using  A. # include B. # define C. # main D. none of the given
Q18. The extension of header file is  Ahead Bheader  Ch D. none of the given
Q19 of the following is/are built-in function/s A. printf() B. scanf() C. sqrt() D. All of the given
Q20. The syntax of header file is  A. #include <filename.c> B. #define<filename.h> C. #include<filename.h> D. #define<filename.c></filename.c></filename.h></filename.h></filename.c>
Q21. Which of the following function is used to print message/instruction?  A. scanf() B. main()  C. return() D. printf()
Q22 of the following comes under the letters category of C character set.  A. 0 to 9 B. A to Z  C. Form feed D. =
Q23 of the following is not a token of C language .  A. Strimg B. Operator C. Word D. Constant
Q24. A word that a user has constructed by making use of C character set is known as  A. Token B. Keyword  C. Identifier D. Variable
Q25. In C language, of the following constant is displayed using 0 as prefix.  A. decimal B. octal

C. hexadecimal D. hexagone
Q26. Which of the following is an invalid integer constant in C?  A. 0xG B. 0xA  C. 0XB D. 0xD
C. OAB D. OAB
Q27. The first character of back slash character is always a A. ? B. >
C. \ D. ASCII Value
Q28. Which default file is created to store the output of the C program written in gedit .
A. a.out B. o.out
C. out.out D. in,out
Q29. The is the one of the poweful statement for transfering control of instruction execution .
A. switch B. if
C. case D. break
Q30. which of the following is the simplest form of decision structure statement?
A. if B. ifelse
C. Nestedif D. elseif ladder
Q31. The statement gets executed only when test expression is true .
A. ifelse B. Nested if
C. simple if D. elseif ladder
Q32. Test expression of if statement is always written in
A. []brackets B. <>sign
C. {}brackets D. brackets
Q33. Test expression of if statement contains, the result of the same may be true or false.  A. Logical operator B. relational operator  C. logical expression D. bitwise operator
Q34. When both the test expression of ifelse are evaluated to false, parts gets executed A. if B. else C. third D. none of the given
Q35. When only else (false) block of nestedif statements together it is known as
A. falseif ladder B. elseif ladder
C. wrongif ladder D. continueif ladder
Q36. Each case option of switch statement contains
A. constant B. variable
C. key D. condition
Q37. The statement is used to terminate the case statement block .
A. exit B. break
C. loop D. stop
Q38. When no case is found during execution of switch statement the statement block is

A. break B. default
C. continue D. none of the given
Q39. What is the value of variable 's' after the execution of following switch statement?
A. A B. B
C. C D. D
Q40. What can be first in the statement switch(first)?
A. constant B. variable
C. expression D. all of the given
Q41. When chain of if statements are used together to evaluate multiple decision, it becomesstatement .
A. ifelse B. nestedif
C. elseif ladder D. none of the given
Q42. Simple one or more relational tests joined together by are known as compound relational tests .
A. logical AND operator  B. logical OR operator
C. option1 or option2 D. ifelse
Q43. In controlled loop. The exit/control condition is checked before executions of statement inside loop body .  A. entry B. exit C. process D. time
Q44 is/are entry/controlled loop.
A. for B. while C. dowhile D. both option1 and option 2
Q45 is/are exit/controlled loop.
A. for B. while
C. dowhile D. both option2 and option 3
Q46. The for loop cobtains expression in
A. ( ) B. { }
C. [ ] D. {( )}
Q47. Expression 1 in for loop works
A. for intializing value of counter variable  B. as control variable
C. for increment D. both option1 and option 2
Q48loop is suitable to find sum of all numbers entered until user enters zero .
A. for B. while
C. dowhile D. both option2 and option 3
Q49. The control structure of the loop may varu in loop .
A. for B. dowhile
C. while D. Nested

executed.

Q50. The statements stops the current iteration of the loop and continues the next iteration	วท
of the loop.	
A. Continue B. go to	
C. break D. start	
Q51. In for loop, continue statement causes of the loop to execute .	
A. conditional test B. increment portion	
C. both option1 and option2 D. Expression1	
Q52. Any loop in a program becomes loop if it runs forever and program control never comesout of it .	
A. entry B. exit	
C. infinite D. incoming	
Q53. A/An is a data structure made up of group of variables having same property .	
A. structure B. array	
C. function D. constant	
Q54 is a fixed-size sequential collection of elements .	
A. A function B. Storage classes	
C. An array D. none of the given	
Q55 is an arrayname marks [i].	
A. marks B. i	
C. [] D. none of the given	
Q56. An array variable marks [60] can store values .	
A. 1 to 60 B. 0 to 60	
C. 0 to 59 D. 0	
Q57. Which of the following array have one row or one column?	
A. Single dimentional array B. Multidimential array	
C. Three dimentional array  D. Two dimentional array	
Q58. What does arrayname specify in array syntax, data type arrayname[size]; ?	
A. Type of data B. Name of array variable	
C. Number of elements D. all of the given	
Q59. The data associated with which of the following are in two dimentional?	
A. Digital image B. chess game board	
C. Matrix D. all of the given	
Q60. An array element is stored in	
A. CPU B. CD	
C. memory D. scrreen	
Q61. What happens when invalid index value is used with an array?	
A. The program may give garbagr data  B. The program may get crash	
C. Both option1 and option2 D. The program will run properly	

Q62. Which of the following statement informs the compiler to find stdio.h file and place its content in the

beginning of C program ?
A. #compare <stdio.h> B. #compile<stdio.h></stdio.h></stdio.h>
C. #include <stdio.h> D. none of the given</stdio.h>
Q63. When function is encountered , the program will wait for the user to press enter key after giving the required character as input .  A. getc() B. getchar()  C. gets() D. getch()
Q64. Which of the following function is more appropriate for accepting a string?  A. getch() B. gets()  C. getchar() D. getc()
Q65. All the of an array is reffered by single name .
<ul><li>A. parts</li><li>B. values</li><li>C. elements</li><li>D. option1 or option2 or option3</li></ul>
Q66. The subscript of an array must be  A. an integer B. an integer expression C. option1 or option2 D. real number  Q67. Which of the following array have one row or one column? A. Single dimentional array B. Multidimential array C. Three dimentional array D. Two dimentional array
Q68. During the declaration of an integer array variable, if lists of value are Irss than the size of an array, then only specified number of elements will be initialized and the remaing elements will be initialized to
A. \n B. \O C. \t D. \b
Q69. Which of the following array element will get value 7 from int a[5]= {3,15,25,7,10}; ? A. A[4] B. A[6] C. A[3] D. A[0]
Q70. In C language, the multi dimentional arrays are major.  A. rows B. columns  C. Both option1 and option2 D. none of the given