SCTR's Pune Institute of Computer Technology Dhankawadi, Pune

A MINI PROJECT REPORT ON

Restaurant Management System UML diagrams

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DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER ENGINEERING ACADEMIC YEAR 2022-23

Title:

Restaurant Management System

Team:

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Theory:

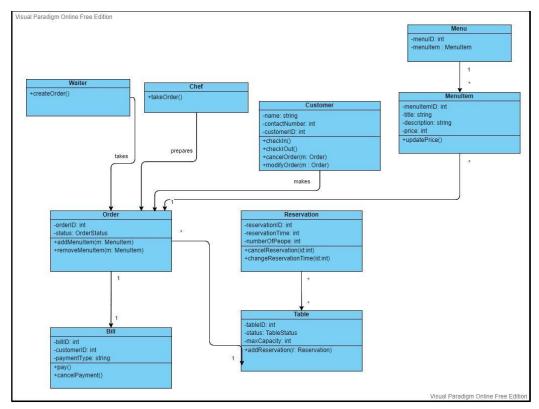
- UML (Unified Modeling Language) is a general purpose modeling language which was adopted as a standard in 1997
- UML is not exactly a programming language, but a visual language
- It helps in visualizing a system's design using a set of conventions and rules
- UML helps businesses, architects and engineers for
 - O Modeling
 - O Design
 - O Analysis
- Need for UML -
 - O Complex applications necessitate collaboration and planning from multiple teams, entailing a clear and concise means of communication among them.
 - O Code is not understood by businesspeople. As a result, UML becomes essential for communicating the system's essential requirements, functionalities, and processes to non-programmers.

O When teams can visualize processes, user interactions, and the system's static structure, they save a lot of time in the long run.

Diagrams:

(i) Class diagram

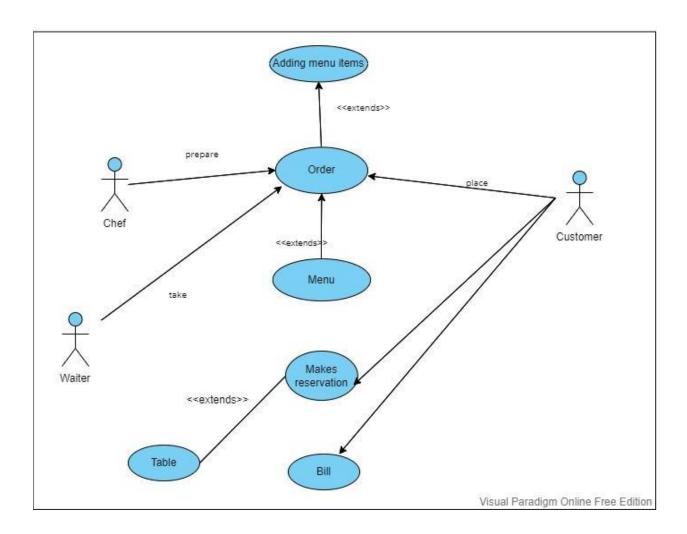
The class diagram is the most commonly used UML diagram. It serves as the foundation for all object-oriented software systems. Class diagrams are used to depict the static structure of a system by displaying the system's classes, methods, and attributes. Class diagrams also assist us in determining the relationships between various classes or objects.



(ii) Use case diagram

Use Case Diagrams depict the functionality of a system or a component of a system. They are commonly used to demonstrate the system's functional

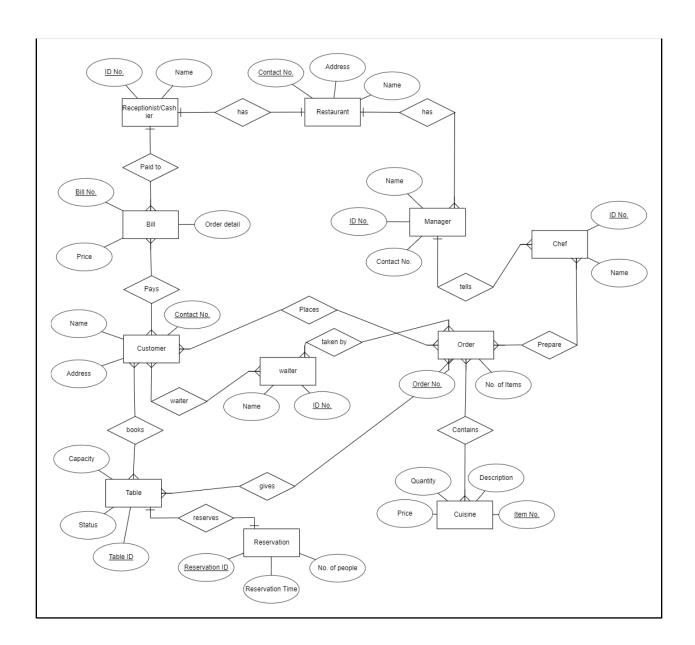
requirements and interaction with external agents (actors). A use case is essentially a diagram that represents various scenarios in which the system can be used. A use case diagram provides a high-level overview of what the system or a component of the system does without delving into implementation details.



(iii) ER diagram

ER Diagram stands for Entity Relationship Diagram, also known as ERD is a diagram that displays the relationship of entity sets stored in a database. In other

words, ER diagrams help to explain the logical structure of databases. ER diagrams are created based on three basic concepts: entities, attributes and relationships.



(iv) Sequence diagram

A sequence diagram simply depicts object interactions in a sequential order, i.e. the order in which these interactions occur. A sequence diagram can also be referred to

using the terms event diagrams or event scenarios. Sequence diagrams show how and in what order objects in a system work. Businesspeople and software developers frequently use these diagrams to document and understand requirements for new and existing systems.

