1 Übung 2

1.1 Aufgabe 9

```
1.1.1 a
```

```
> income <- c(2, 4, 6, 4, 7, 5, 7, 4, 3, 5,
              5, 8, 6, 3, 5, 2, 9, 4, 5, 6,
              8, 3, 10, 5, 4, 3, 7, 4, 6, 4)
> income.table <- table(income)</pre>
> income.proptable <- prop.table(table(income))</pre>
> addmargins(income.table)
income
 2 3
              5
                  6
                      7
                          8
                              9 10 Sum
          7
              6
                  4
                      3
                          2
                              1
                                 1 30
```

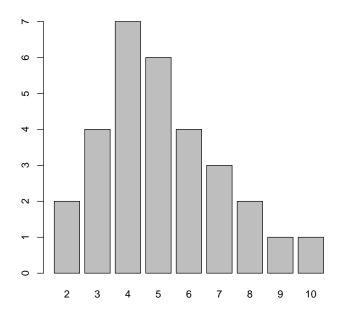
> round(income.proptable * 100, 2)

income

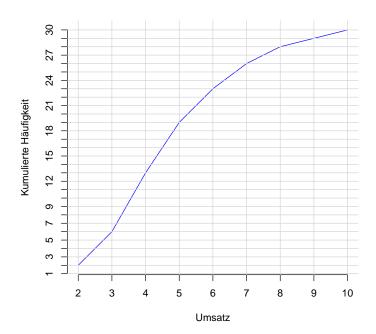
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 6.67 13.33 23.33 20.00 13.33 10.00 6.67 3.33 3.33

1.1.2 b

1



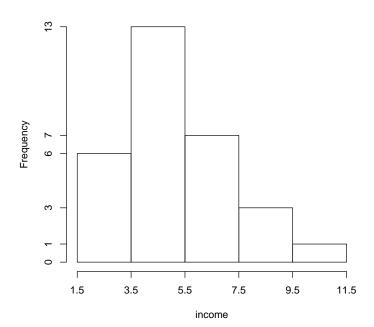
- > income.cumulatedSum <- cumsum(income.table)</pre>
- > income.cumulatedSum
- 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 2 6 13 19 23 26 28 29 30
- > names(income.cumulatedSum)
- [1] "2" "3" "4" "5" "6" "7" "8" "9" "10"
- > plot(income.cumulatedSum, type = "l", axes=FALSE, col="blue", ylab = "Kumulierte Häufigke:
- > axis(1, at=1:length(names(income.cumulatedSum)), labels=names(income.cumulatedSum))
- > axis(2, at=1:tail(income.cumulatedSum, n=1), labels=1:tail(income.cumulatedSum, n=1))
- > abline(v=1:length(names(income.cumulatedSum)), col="lightgray")
- > abline(h=1:max(income.cumulatedSum), col="lightgray")



```
1.1.3 c [1,5;3,5), [3,5;5,5), [5,5;7,5), [7,5;9,5), [9,5;11,5)
> #[1,5; 3,5), [3,5; 5,5), [5,5; 7,5),[7,5; 9,5), [9,5; 11,5) und[1,5; 3,5), [3,5;6,8]
> library("graphics")
> income <- c(2, 4, 6, 4, 7, 5, 7, 4, 3, 5,
              5, 8, 6, 3, 5, 2, 9, 4, 5, 6,
              8, 3, 10, 5, 4, 3, 7, 4, 6, 4)
> income.class1 <- income[income >= 1.5 & income < 3.5]</pre>
> income.class2 <- income[income >= 3.5 & income < 5.5]</pre>
> income.class3 <- income[income >= 5.5 & income < 7.5]</pre>
> income.class4 <- income[income >= 7.5 & income < 9.5]</pre>
> income.class5 <- income[income >= 9.5 & income < 11.5]
> income.frequency <- c(</pre>
    length(income.class1),
    length(income.class2),
    length(income.class3),
    length(income.class4),
    length(income.class5)
> hist(income, breaks = c(1.5, 3.5, 5.5, 7.5, 9.5, 11.5), axes = FALSE, freq = TRUE)
> axis(1, at = c(1.5, 3.5, 5.5, 7.5, 9.5, 11.5), labels = c(1.5, 3.5, 5.5, 7.5, 9.5, 11.5))
```

```
> axis(2, at = c(0, income.frequency), labels = c(0, income.frequency))
>
```

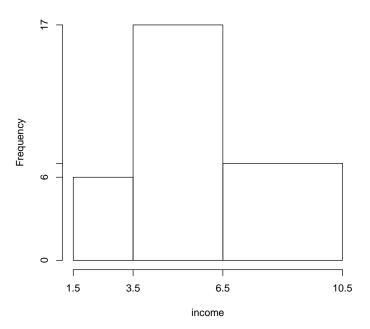
Histogram of income



1.1.4 c [1,5;3,5), [3,5;6,5), [6,5;10,5)

```
> library("graphics")
> income <- c(2, 4, 6, 4, 7, 5, 7, 4, 3, 5,
              5, 8, 6, 3, 5, 2, 9, 4, 5, 6,
              8, 3, 10, 5, 4, 3, 7, 4, 6, 4)
> income.class6 <- income[income >= 1.5 & income < 3.5]</pre>
> income.class7 <- income[income >= 3.5 & income < 6.5]
> income.class8 <- income[income >= 6.5 & income < 10.5]</pre>
> income.frequency <- c(</pre>
    length(income.class6),
    length(income.class7),
    length(income.class8)
+ )
> breaks <- c(1.5, 3.5, 6.5, 10.5)
> hist(income, breaks = breaks, axes=FALSE, freq = TRUE)
> axis(1, at=breaks, labels=breaks)
> axis(2, at=c(0, income.frequency), labels = c(0, income.frequency))
```

Histogram of income



1.2 Aufgabe 10

1.2.1 a

```
> children <- c(0, 2, 0, 2, 0, 0, 1, 2, 0, 0, 2, 1, 2, 1, 2, 1, 1, 1, 1, 6, + 1, 2, 0, 2, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 2, 1)
```

- > children.table <- table(children);</pre>
- > children.proptable <- prop.table(children.table)</pre>
- > addmargins(children.table)

children

0 1 2 6 Sum 16 14 9 1 40

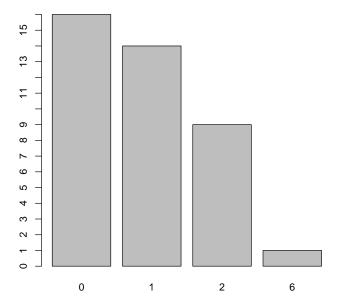
> addmargins(children.proptable * 100)

children

0 1 2 6 Sum 40.0 35.0 22.5 2.5 100.0

1.2.2 b

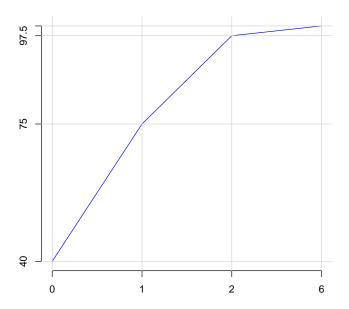
- > barplot(children.table, axes = FALSE)
- > axis(2, at=0:max(children.table), labels = 0:max(children.table))



```
> children.cumsum <- cumsum(children.proptable) * 100
> children.cumsum

0    1    2    6
40.0   75.0   97.5   100.0

> plot(x = children.cumsum, type = "l", col="blue", axes = FALSE, xlab = "", ylab = "")
> axis(1, at = 1:length(children.cumsum), labels = names(children.cumsum))
> axis(2, at = children.cumsum, labels = children.cumsum)
> abline(h = children.cumsum, col="lightgray")
> abline(v = 1:length(children.cumsum), col="lightgray")
```

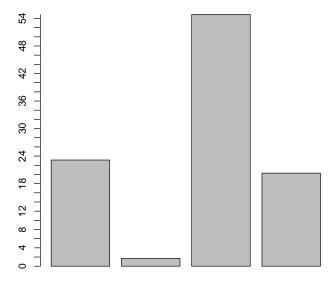


1.3 Aufgabe 11

```
Therapie A
```

```
> A.small.all <- 87
> A.small <- 81
> A.small.non <- A.small.all - A.small
> A.big.all <- 263
> A.big <- 192
> A.big.non <- A.big.all - A.big
> A.all <- 350
> A <- 273
> A.non <- A.all - A
> A.prop <- c(A.small / A.all, A.small.non / A.all, A.big / A.all, A.big.non / A.all)
> names(A.prop) <- c("Klein Nierensteine - Erfolg", "Kleine Nierensteine - Kein Erfolg", "Gn
> A.prop
> A.prop
```

```
Klein Nierensteine - Erfolg Kleine Nierensteine - Kein Erfolg
23.14 1.71
Große Nierensteine - Erfolg Große Nierensteine - Kein Erfolg
54.86 20.29
```

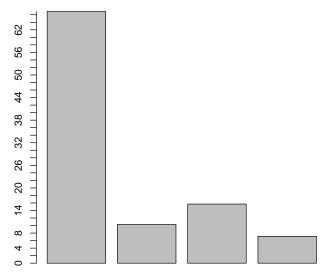


Klein Nierensteine – Erfolg Große Nierensteine – Erfolg

Therapie B

```
> B.small.all <- 270
> B.small <- 234
> B.small.non <- B.small.all - B.small
> B.big.all <- 80
> B.big <- 55
> B.big.non <- B.big.all - B.big
> B.all <- 350
> B <- 289
> B.non <- B.all - B
> B.prop <- c(B.small / B.all, B.small.non / B.all, B.big / B.all, B.big.non / B.all)
> names(B.prop) <- c("Klein Nierensteine - Erfolg", "Kleine Nierensteine - Kein Erfolg", "Gi
> B.prop
Klein Nierensteine - Erfolg Kleine Nierensteine - Kein Erfolg
```

```
Große Nierensteine - Erfolg Kleine Nierensteine - Kein Erfolg
66.86 10.29
Große Nierensteine - Erfolg Große Nierensteine - Kein Erfolg
15.71 7.14
```



Klein Nierensteine - Erfolg Große Nierensteine - Erfolg

1.4 Aufgabe 12

1.4.1 a

```
> classes.calcWidth <- function(begin, end){</pre>
    abs(end - begin)
+ }
> classes.calcMiddle <- function(begin, end){</pre>
    (begin + end) / 2
+ }
> taxpayers <- c(47996, 191492, 124498, 104428, 67988, 31125)
> taxpayers.sum <- sum(taxpayers)</pre>
> classes.begin <- c(0, 10, 20, 30, 50)
> classes.end <- c(10, 20, 30, 50, 100)
> classes <- data.frame(</pre>
    Klassen = c("<10", ">=10<20", ">=20<30", ">=30<50", ">=50<100", ">=100")
    Steuerpflichtige = taxpayers,
   Breite = c(classes.calcWidth(classes.begin, classes.end), "unbk."),
   Mitte = c(classes.calcMiddle(classes.begin, classes.end), "unbk."),
    Häufigkeit = round(taxpayers / taxpayers.sum * 100, 2)
+ )
> classes
```

	Klassen	Steuerpflichtige	Breite	Mitte	Häufigkeit
1	< 10	47996	10	5	8.46
2	>= 10 < 20	191492	10	15	33.74
3	>= 20 < 30	124498	10	25	21.94
4	>= 30 < 50	104428	20	40	18.40
5	>= 50 < 100	67988	50	75	11.98
6	>= 100	31125	unbk.	unbk.	5.48

1.4.2 b

Prozentsatz der Fälle mit einer Merkmalsausprägung kleiner 30.000 Euro

> cat(sum(classes[c(1,2,3),]\$Häufigkeit), "%")

64.14 %

Prozentsatz der Fälle mit einer Merkmalsausprägung von mindestens 10.000 Euro bis höchstens 50.000 Euro

> cat(sum(classes[c(2,3,4),]\$H\u00e4ufigkeit), "\")

74.08 %

Prozentsatz der Fälle mit einer Merkmalsausprägung größer 50.000 Euro

> cat(sum(classes[c(5,6),]\$Häufigkeit), "%")

17.46 %