



**Perception on Situation Background
Assessment Recommendation evaluation
(SBARe) Framework
in Nursing Documentation among nurses in
Hospital Bentong**

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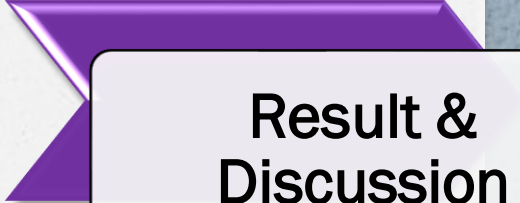
PRESENTATION OUTLINE



Introduction



Methodology



**Result &
Discussion**



Conclusion



Acknowledgement



References

INTRODUCTION

Nursing documentation is legal document about patient care and management provided during visit to healthcare facilities

- Nursing report is not accurate and concise.
- Spend a lot of time to write nursing report

Starting January 2019, Hospital Bentong was implemented SBARe in nursing documentation

Evolution of nursing report writing

PACT : Patient assessment,
Assertive communication,
Continuum of care, Team work

SHARK: Situation, History, Assessment,
Recommendations, Questions

PASS THE BATON : Introduction,
Patient, Assessment, Situation,
Safety, the, Background, Action,
Timing, Ownership, Next

SOAP : Subjective,
Objective,
Assessment, Plan

SBAR : Situation, Background, Assessment,
Recommendation

General Objective

- To assess the perceptions of SBARe framework in documentation among nurses in Hospital Bentong.

Specific Objective

- 1- To identify effectiveness of the SBARe framework.
- 2- To evaluate the nurses' perceptions on SBARe framework.
- 3- To determine the association between selected demographic variables and nurses' perceptions on SBARe framework

A photograph of the exterior of Hospital Bentong. The building is a multi-story structure with a modern design, featuring white and brown panels. A prominent sign on the upper part of the building reads "HOSPITAL BENTONG". In the foreground, there is a black wall with a white sign that says "KECEMASAN & TRAUMA HOSPITAL BENTONG". A white ambulance is parked near the entrance on the right. The sky is blue with some clouds.

HOSPITAL BENTONG

METHODOLOGY

 **KECEMASAN & TRAUMA**
HOSPITAL BENTONG

METHODOLOGY

Study Design

Quantitative, Cross-sectional

Study setting

Hospital Bentong

Study duration

January – Mac 2019

Data collection

January- February 2019

Sampling method

Convenient sampling method

Data analysis

IBM SPSS Statistic Version 22

Descriptive frequency & Chi-square test
with p value <0.05 is consider significant

Sampling Frame

Convenient sampling method

- Staff nurse in Hospital Bentong

**TARGET
POPULATION**

**STUDY
SETTING**

- Male Ward
- Female Ward
- Paediatric Ward
- Wad Bersalin
- Psychiatric Ward

**Exclusion
criteria**

64

SAMPLE

Inclusion Criteria

All nurses work in:

**Wad Lelaki
Wad Perempuan
Wad Kanak-kanak
Wad Bersalin
Wad Psychiatric**

Exclusion Criteria

All nurses in:

- Maternity leave**
- Long sick leave**
- On pos basic course/
attachment**
- Served as royal nurse**

INSTRUMENT

14-item Handover Evaluation Scale from O'Connell, B., Ockerby, C., & Hawkins, M. (2014).

SECTION	QUESTION	TYPE OF QUESTION
A 3 Question	SOCIODEMOGRAPHIC : Ward, Age, Duration Of Work	Close ended
B 6 Question	CURRENT HANDOVER PROCESS AND SBARe:	Close- ended
C 14 Question	PERCEPTION OF HANDOVER	LIKERT SCALE

A photograph of the exterior of Hospital Bentong. The building is a multi-story structure with a modern design, featuring a prominent white tower with a flat roof and a series of vertical slats. The words "HOSPITAL BENTONG" are written in large, black, sans-serif capital letters on the side of the tower. Below the tower, there are several windows and a covered entrance area. In the foreground, there is a paved road with yellow markings and a black and white striped curb. A sign on a black wall in the foreground reads "KECEMASAN & TRAUMA HOSPITAL BENTONG". The sky is blue with some clouds.

HOSPITAL BENTONG

RESULT & DISCUSSION

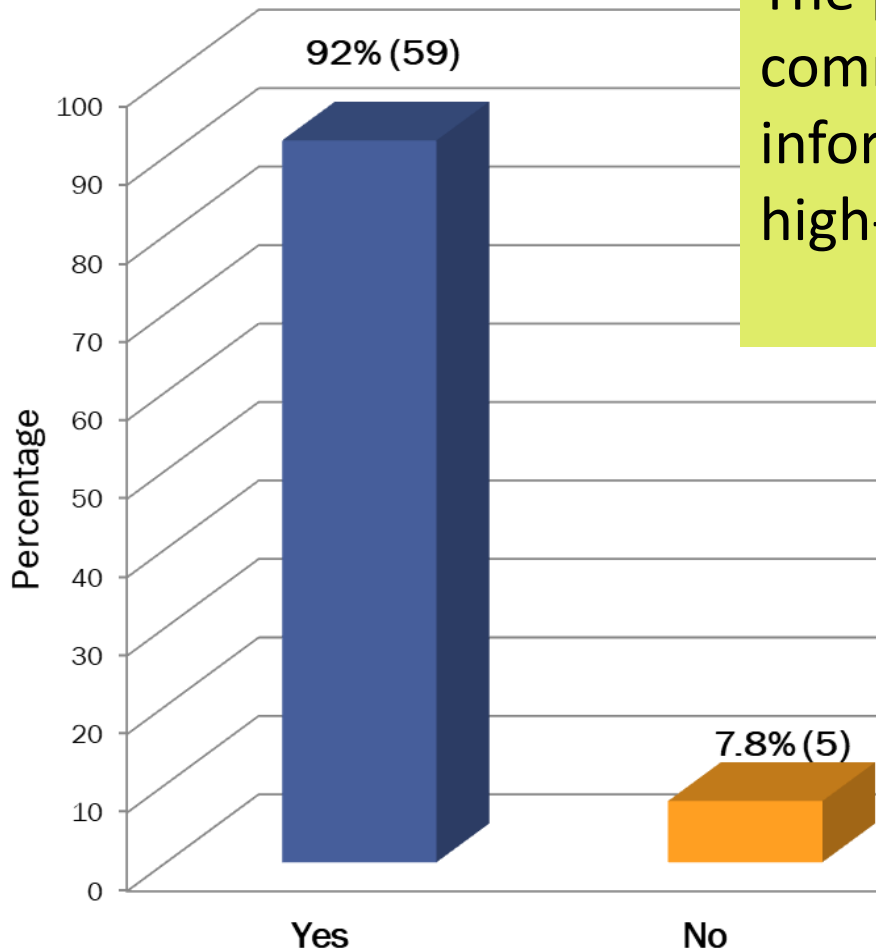
 **KECEMASAN & TRAUMA**
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Socio-demography data (n=64)

	Frequency	%
Ward		
Male Ward	20	31.3
Female Ward	17	26.6
Pediatric Ward	10	15.6
Maternity Ward	9	14.1
Psychiatric Ward	8	12.5
Age		
< 29 years old	22	34.4
30-39 years old	38	59.4
40 & above	4	6.3
Working Experience		
< 5 years	8	12.5
5 -10years	38	59.4
>10 years	18	28.1
Attended SBARe course		
Yes	20	31.3
No	44	68.8

Objective No 1: To identify effectiveness on SBARe framework.

Figure 1: Effectiveness using SBARe in report writing



The primary goal of shift handover is to communicate the patient's clinical information and to provide a safe and high- quality care

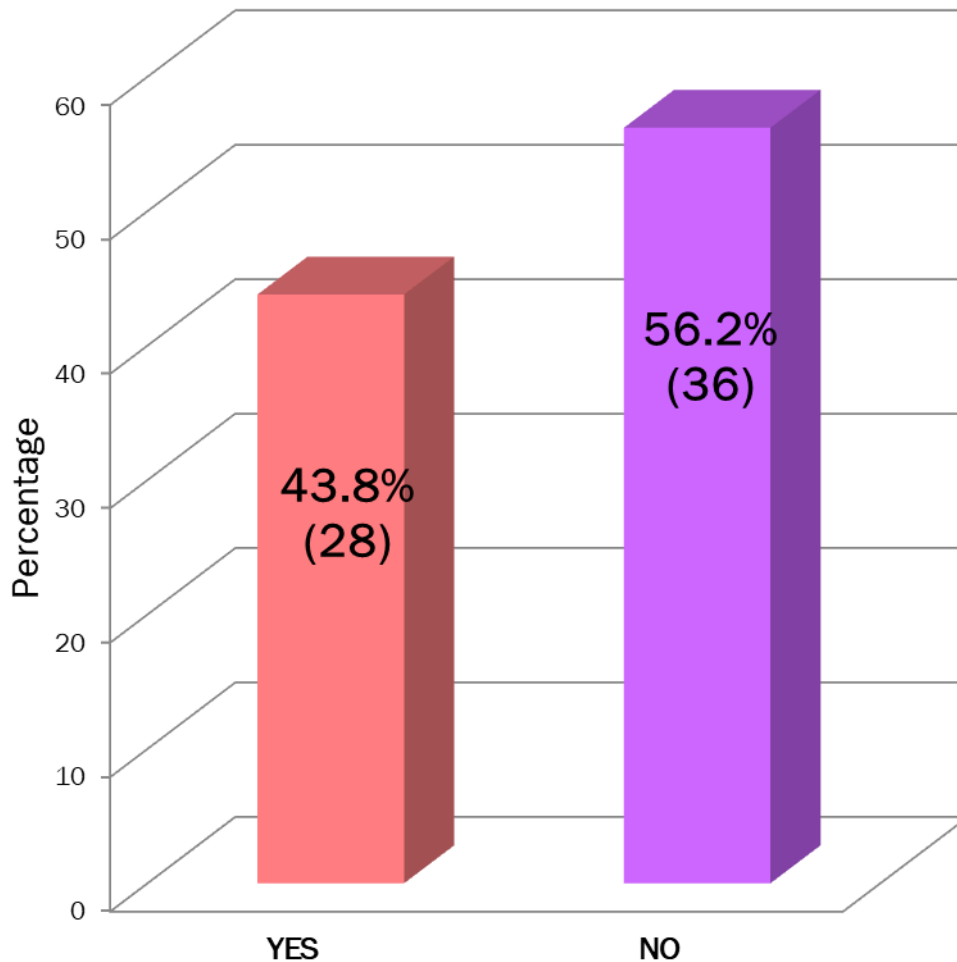
Hansten (2003)

81.4% staff nurses reported that the quality of information was good when they used the SBAR framework for communication and documentation

Nagammal, S. et al (2016)

Objective No 1: To identify effectiveness on SBAR framework.

Figure 2: Effectiveness in using SBAR framework in critical situation

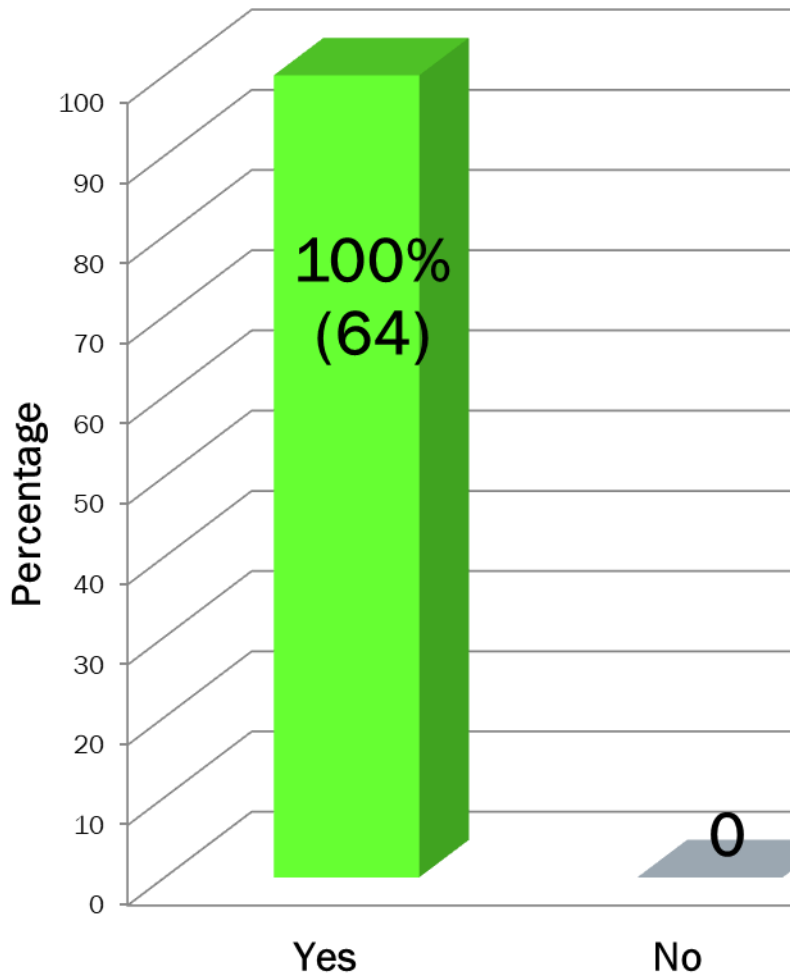


The adaptation of SBAR communication tool was effective in rehabilitation setting either in urgent and non- urgent situation.

Velji K et al (2008)
in Rehabilitation Centre
Canada

Objective No 1: To identify effectiveness of the SBAR framework.

Figure 3: Reduction in communication error after using SBAR framework



Randmaa, M. et al (2011)

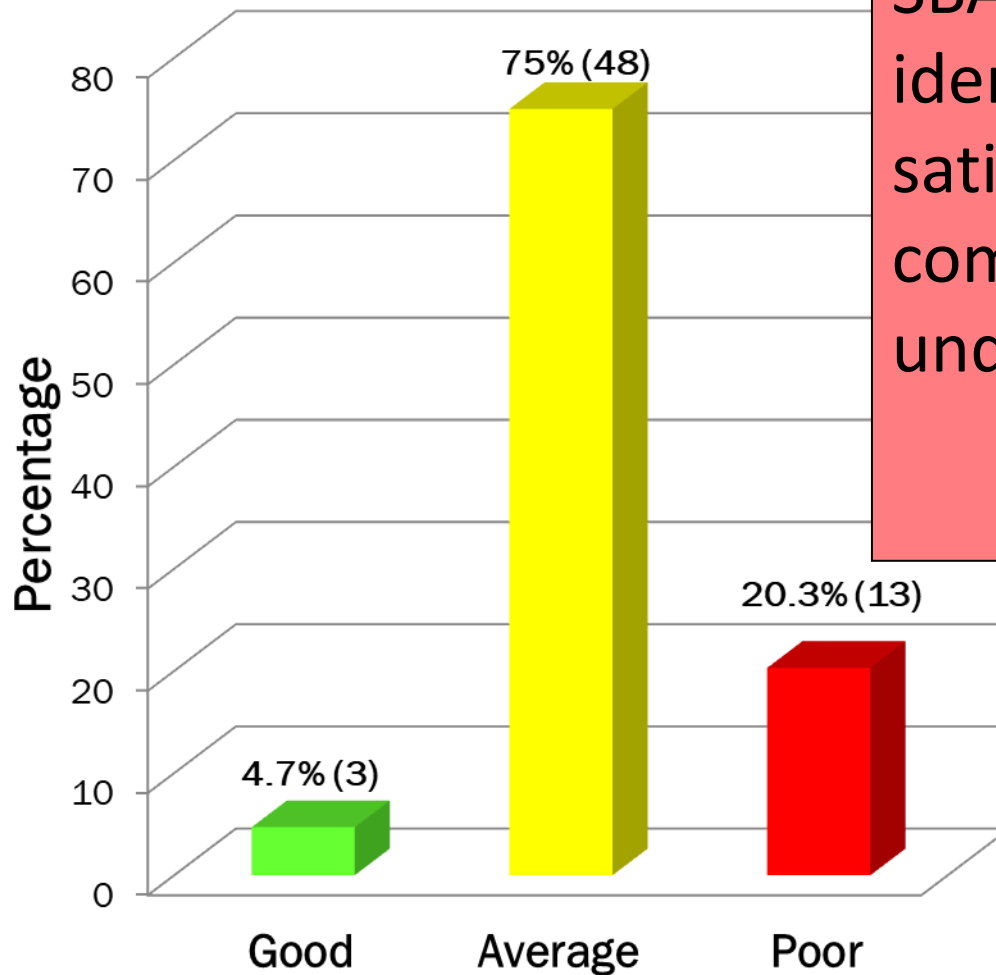
SBAR improves communication and safety climate in an anaesthetic clinic by decreases incident reports due to communication errors

Communication at all levels is an essential component of health care as patient safety relies heavily on how well communication emerges between the caregiving team

(Ayala, W. L., 2017).

Objective No 1: To identify effectiveness of the SBAR framework.

Figure 4: Satisfaction using SBAR framework



Since the implementation of SBAR, 71.7% of participants identified that they were satisfied when using SBAR in communication and easily understood.

Sear, K. et al (2013) in Canada

Objective No 2: To evaluate the nurses' perceptions regarding SBAR framework.

Perception	Frequency	%
Poor	0	0
Moderate	23	35.9
Good	41	64.1

Scores of 33.33% to 66.67% : Moderate perceptions

The study also indicates 87.3% of respondent had good perceptions regarding the use of the SBAR framework.

Nagammal, S. et al (2016) in Qatar

Objective No 3 : To determine the association between selected demographic variables and nurses' perceptions on SBAR framework

Nurses' Perception on SBARe Frame work Frequency (n=64)				*p value
	Poor	Moderate	Good	
Type ward				0.037
Male Ward	0	3	17	
Female Ward	0	8	9	
Pediatric Ward	0	3	7	
Maternity Ward	0	3	6	
Psychiatric Ward	0	6	2	



Nagammal, S. et al (2016) reported that nurses perception on SBAR not significant with working in the unit (p= 0.191)

Objective No 3 : To determine the association between selected demographic variables and nurses' perceptions on SBARe framework

	Nurses' Perception on SBARe Frame work Frequency (n=64)			*p value	
	Poor	Moderate	Good		
Working experience					
Less 5 years	0	7	15	0.750	
5 – 10 years	0	15	23		
>10 years	0	1	3		
Age					
<29years old	0	7	15	0.750	
>30years old	0	15	23		
>40years old	0	1	3		

Nagammal, S. et al (2016) reported that nurses perception on SBAR not significant with age ($p= 0.600$) and working duration in the unit ($p= 0.776$)

STUDY LIMITATION

- Represent data for inpatient services Hospital Bentong only
- Solely on the perceptions. This study can not identify specific issue while writing SBAR report

CONCLUSION

- o The study show nurses perceived well in adaptation of SBARe but further guide must be offer from nursing supervisor to help in writing incident or event report.
- o SBARe was new in Government Hospital in Malaysia; therefore active monitoring to nurses must be done to assist in documentation. Several courses and bed side teaching must be done to helps nurses to write proper report.

RECOMMENDATION

- o Standardized SBARe format as nursing documentation.
- o Establish SBARe as formal communication among Health Care Workers

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT



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Thank you

