From spectra to traits

- Anna Schweiger^{1*}, Jose Eduardo Meireles^{1**}, Jeannine Cavender-Bares^{1***}, and Others²
- ¹Ecology, Evolution, and Behavior, University of Minnesota 3
- ²From somewhere else
- *aschweig@umn.edu
- **meireles@umn.edu
- ***cavender@umn.edu

May 25, 2017

Ramblings 1

1

8

14

- Because leaf spectra integrate over many morpho-anatomical and chemical properties of leaves,
- they have been widely used to infer ecologically relevant leaf traits such levels of nitrogen, carbon 11
- and concentration photosynthetic pigments. 12
- Those inferences are generally drawn based on PLSR models. Although PLSR has been 13 successfully applied in chemometrics and spectroscopy, there are potential drawbacks. PLSR is
- designed as a predictive model instead of an explanatory model, and may fail to recover the true 15
- underlying model. 16
- Bayesian model averaging has been suggested an alternative approach ... 17
- Goals: Compare the performance of PLSR and BMA in chemistry / morphology inference: 18
- 1. Fit: do they explain different amounts of the variation? 19
- 2. Explaining trait / spec relationship: Do they identify the same regions of the spectra to be 20 related to a given trait? 21
- 3. Predictive accuracy: How well do these methods predict chemistry? 22
- 4. Robustness: Which method is more robust to misspecification (or say noise / bias in spectra 23 such as illumination effects) 24