predict Corona Web Software Design

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1. Introduction

1.1 Purpose

This software design document describes the architecture and system design of a corona predication site, this document is intended for the developers and our Project Manager.

1.2 Scope

The system will receive data about global state of the pandemic spreading, and will predict future state of countries which will help countries, Researchers and public figures make their future plans.

1.3 Overview

The SDD document contains details about our products and system design information.

1.5 Definitions and Acronyms

Graph: graphic representation of the data that will be presented in site

csv: the file that we will work with (pull from global site and run in algorithm that will output updated csv file)

2. SYSTEM OVERVIEW

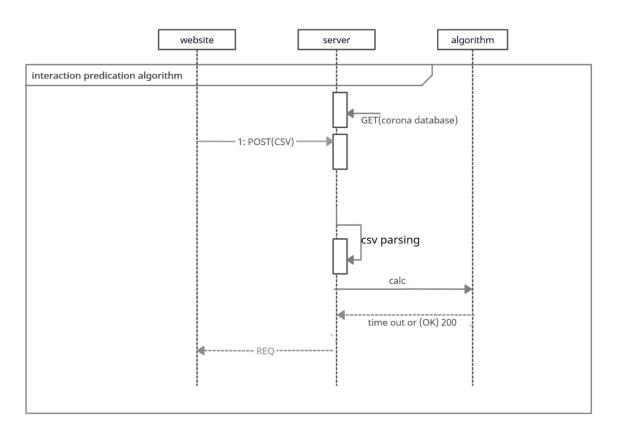
The project is divided into two main parts: client-side and server-side.

client-side is a website, The main goal of the client-side is to interact with clients, handling the client's input and output. client-side has been written in React (JavaScript libraries) HTML and CSS.

The server-side goal is to implement an algorithm of predication about the spreading of sick people and recovered people and handle the requests that came from the website (clients).

3. SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE

3.1 Architectural Design



3.2 DecompositionDescription

Graph-map- Graph with the latest data of patients recovering in each country past and future.

algorithmApi – API With the algorithm which predicts the future for the sick and recovering.

APP(front) - The application which is visible to the user on the site (front-side), the user does not see the calculations.

Server side - The calculations that are performed on the server, contact and transfer data to a client side.

4. DATA DESIGN

4.1 Data Description

Our csv database which we download using Python from https://covid.ourworldindata.org/data/owid-covid-data.csv, the file is sent to the server side algorithm. The server side returns us a file of the csv data with the updated data.

4.2 Data Dictionary

```
def importData(url,data , file)
this function import the data from "https://covid.ourworldindata.org/data/owid-
covid-data.csv" and create a file.
def Data_algorithem(data_before, data_after)
```

this function send the data from "https://covid.ourworldindata.org/data/owid-covid-data.csv" and to the algorithm and create another data after the algo.

5. COMPONENT DESIGN

```
Graph-Map
def createGraph(self)
this function create a graph with values as a country and data. Number of
recovering, number of patients recovering in past and future dates
def changeCountry(self, country)
this function change the country in the graph. After that the screen display
selected country.
def changeData(self, start, end)
this function change the data that the user want to see.
Algorithm Api:
This part of Elia.
APP:
Functionality:
:return: the home page Home.html
def home()
this function returns the home page Home.html
:return: the home page Home.html
def send_dom(dom)
this function returns any DOM objects
:return: the dom file the function receives in the function parameter
def send css(css)
this function returns any CSS objects
:return: the css file the function receives in the function parameter
def send images(image)
this function returns any IMAGE objects
:return: the image file the function receives in the function parameter
class serverAlgorithm(Resource):
(this functions is RESTful API using flask-RESTful)
        def get(self)
        return {'Algorithm' : 'available'}
        def post(self)
        receive: graph object
        return: TIME OUT or success (200 code) .
```

6. Human Interface Design

6.1 Overview of User Interface

Our website is a web application that is used as the user interface. Our website has a main page that consists graph with details about Corona patients and Corona recoveries, past and future .From that page, the user can navigate to other pages; e.g. "who we are", "contact us" pages and so on.

Option to navigate to view a different graph. There is a button by which we can select the country to be displayed in the graph.

After the user selects the country and the number of days he wants to see, the graph will be displayed.

The server runs every 24 so that the user does not wait, nor wait for a computational operation from the server.

6.2 Screen Images

The following pictures do not belong to us:

But we want to build in this style.

At the first level a table with the countries and to the right of the current table the expected future from the algorithm



https://www.worldometers.info/coronavirus/



And the vision to present this even through a map and data below with a high user experience

7. REQUIREMENTS MATRIX

This table contains the requirements from the SRS document and all the components that respond to the requirements

| 1. | 1. The software product will allow users to predict details about future corona sickness around the world in specific time/place | We will get the information from a local server that runs the data with an algorithm |
|----|--|---|
| 2. | Get current updated data | We will run the predication algorithm and upload the results to the site every 24h |
| 3. | Predict statistics in a specific place by choose | React interactivity & predication algorithm |
| 4. | Predict statistics in a specific time by choose. | React interactivity & predication algorithm |
| 5. | Filter the relevant data | React interactivity (graph library) |
| 6. | The site will be able to send emails if the answer is delayed for more than a minute | We will use with an open source API to send those emails if the results will delayed. |

| 7. | The site will contain all the information the user needs to know | The user will have, in the main page, all of the relevant information that he need. |
|----|--|---|
| 8. | The site will save the "cookies" of the user. The last search (country) | Server side |
| 9. | The web can handle several requests at the same time. | Server side |
| 10 | The server knew how to handle several types of API that come from the site. | Flask API |
| 11 | The server knew how to deal with a timeout problem when the request passed the minute. | Still on progress server + website + algorithm design |