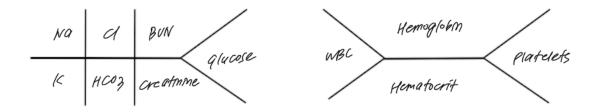
Name: Jampelee



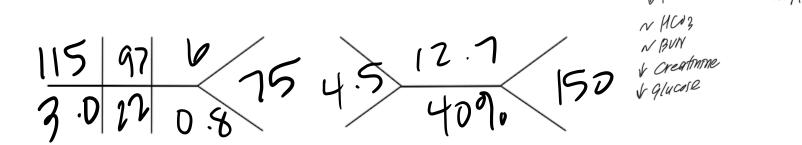
(Correctly label each diagram)

Electrolyte	Normal Values	Hyper signs and symptoms	Hypo signs and symptoms
Sodium	135-145 m E9/L	muscle twitching agrifation extreme thirst	masac weakness dizziness cerzures dry mouth
Potassium	3.5-5-0 ME9/L	bradycardia muscle tristeling (early) muscle weaknes (late)	arrhythmias st depassion mysole weakness decreased bowel sounds
Chloride	98-106 mE9/L	fotique muscle weakness All muscles dry mucous membrans	fever difficulty boothing confusion
Magnesium	1.7-2.3 mg/dL	weatness decreased reflexes nausea drzemess seizures confusion	hypocalcemia arrhythmias Tremors
Phosphorous	2.5-4.5 mg/dL	dry stm mermy problems tingling cot sures	numbress muste reakness musclepam
Calcium	B.b-10.2-mg/dL	weakness constipation naused abdommal pain thirst	megular heave beat tingling

IV fluid	Type (colloid, crystalloid)	Tonicity
Normal Saline (% saline)	cnystalloid	160ton12
D5W (5% dextrose in water)	cnystallord	gsofomz
Lactated Ringers (LR)	crystalloid	(soton12

1. Your patient is admitted with the following labs. What is the patient's primary problem? What signs and symptoms may they exhibit? What treatments would you anticipate?:

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- 2. What are the primary differences between colloids and crystalloids?
- 3. The patient admitted after cardiac surgery has a CVP of 1.4 mmHg and is ordered 500mL of IV albumin. As if you were educating the patient, describe albumin (what it does, why it was ordered, contraindications, etc).

Volume Overload	Dehydration	
Signs/Symptoms:	S/S:	
1 BP Shortnes of breath Swelling ledeng blogfing headache	V BP drzeness dry stin smouth confugion	
Management: Ofurefils reducing salf intake fluid limit dealysis	Management: effher crysfalloids or collection blood franchistor freat the Cause	

	Met. Acidosis	Met. Alkalosis	Resp. Acidosis	Resp. Alkalosis
Cause(s)				
S/S				
Treatment				