Boneless-III Architecture Reference Manual

Notice:

This document is a work in progress and subject to change without warning. However, the parts that are *especially* subject to change carry a notice similar to this one.

Contents

Ta	able o	of Contents	2
1	Intr	oduction	3
2	Gui	de to Instruction Set	4
	2.1	Operation Syntax	4
		2.1.1 Reference Operators	4
		2.1.2 Arithmetic Operators	4
		2.1.3 Logical Operators	4
		2.1.4 Functions	5
3	List	of Instructions	6
	3.1	ADC (Add Register with Carry)	7
	3.2		8
	3.3		9
	3.4		10
	3.5		11
	3.6		12
	3.7	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	13
	3.8		14
	3.9		15
		· /	16
	3.11		17
			18
			19
			$\frac{1}{20}$
			21
			$\frac{-}{22}$
		\ 1	23
			$\frac{3}{24}$
		JNS (Jump if Not Negative)	
		• • •	26
	3.21		$\frac{27}{27}$
			- · 28
			29
			30
			31
			32
		,	33
			34
		,	35
			36
		,	37
		,	38
			39
			39 40
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	$40 \\ 41$
	0.00	υΔ (υμπρ π Δαιο)	11

5	Fun	ction Calling Sequence	7 5
4	List	of Assembly Directives	74
		XORI (Bitwise XOR with Immediate)	
	3.66	XOR (Bitwise XOR with Register)	72
	3.65	XCHW (Exchange Window Address)	71
		XCHG (Exchange Registers)	
	3.63	SUBI (Subtract Immediate)	69
		SUB (Subtract Register)	
		STXA (Store External Absolute)	
		STX (Store External)	
		STW (Store to Window Address)	65
		STR (Store PC-relative)	64
		ST (Store)	
		SRLI (Shift Right Logical Immediate)	
		SRL (Shift Right Logical)	
		SRAI (Shift Right Arithmetical Immediate)	
		SRA (Shift Right Arithmetical)	
		SLLI (Shift Left Logical Immediate)	
		SBBI (Subtract Immediate with Borrow)	
		SBB (Subtract Register with Borrow)	
		RORI (Rotate Right Immediate)	
	3.47	ROLI (Rotate Left Immediate)	53
	3.46	ROL (Rotate Left)	52
	3.45	ORI (Bitwise OR with Immediate)	51
		OR (Bitwise OR with Register)	
		MOVR (Move PC-relative Address)	49
		MOVI (Move Immediate)	
		MOV (Move)	
		LDXA (Load External Absolute)	
		LDX (Load External)	
		LDW (Adjust and Load Window Address)	
	3.37	LDR (Load PC-relative)	43
	3.36	LD (Load)	42

1 Introduction

TBD

2 Guide to Instruction Set

2.1 Operation Syntax

This document uses the following syntax and operators to describe the operation of each instruction.

2.1.1 Reference Operators

The following operators reference parts of variables or the attached memory.

- opB \leftarrow opA: Store opA into opB.
- op[b:a]: Reference bits a through b, inclusive, of op.
- mem[addr]: Reference memory at address addr. The address is implicitly ANDed with 0xffff.
- ext[addr]: Reference the external bus at address addr. The address is implicitly ANDed with 0xffff.
- {opA, opB}: Concatenate the bits of opA and opB. opA makes the high-order bits of the result and opB makes the low-order bits.
- {opB{opA}}: Construct the result by repeating opA opB times.

2.1.2 Arithmetic Operators

The arithmetic operators perform arithmetic or bitwise logic between the operands. All operands to these operators are unsigned. If one operand is shorter than the other, it is zero-extended to match the length of the other.

- opA + opB: Add opA and opB. The high bit of the result is a carry bit.
- opA and opB: Perform a bitwise AND between opA and opB.
- opA or opB: Perform a bitwise OR between opA and opB.
- opA xor opB: Perform a bitwise XOR between opA and opB.
- **not op**: Perform a bitwise negation of **op**.

2.1.3 Logical Operators

The logical operators yield 1 if the condition is satisfied and 0 if it is not. If one operand is shorter than the other, it is zero-extended to match the length of the other.

- opA = opB: Satisfied if opA equals opB.
- opA <> opB: Satisfied if opA does not equal opB.

2.1.4 Functions

- sign_extend_16(op): Perform a sign extension of op by replicating the high bit until the total length is 16 bits.
- decode_imm_al(op): Calculate the immediate value of an arithmetic or logical instruction according to the following table. If op is not in the table, behavior is ______ UNPREDICTABLE.

op	Result
0	0x0000
1	0x0001
2	0x8000
4	0x00FF
5	0xFF00
6	0x7FFF
7	0xFFFF

• decode_imm_sr(op): Calculate the immediate value of a shift or rotate instruction according to the following table. If op is not in the table, behavior is UNPREDICTABLE.

op	Result
0	8
1	1
2	2
3	3
4	4
5	5
6	6
7	7

3 List of Instructions

The following pages provide a detailed description of instructions, arranged in alphabetical order.

Executing any instruction with an encoding not present on the following pages has ${f UNPREDICTABLE}$ behavior.

3.1 ADC

Add Register with Carry

Encoding:

	F	Е	D	С	В	A	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ADC		0	0001			Rd			Ra		0	1		Rb		

Assembly:

Purpose:

To add 16-bit integers in registers, with carry input.

Restrictions:

None.

Operation:

```
opA ← mem[W+Ra]
opB ← mem[W+Rb]
res ← opA + opB + C
mem[W+Rd] ← res[15:0]
Z ← res[15:0] = 0
S ← res[15]
C ← res[16]
V ← (opA[15] = opB[15]) and (opA[15] <> res[15])
```

Remarks:

A 32-bit addition with both operands in registers can be performed as follows:

```
; Perform (R1|R0) \leftarrow (R3|R2) + (R5|R4) ADD R0, R2, R4 ADC R1, R3, R5
```

3.2 ADCI

Add Immediate with Carry

Encoding (short form):

	F	Ε	D	С	В	A	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ADCI		0		Rd			Ra		0	1	iı	nm	3			

Encoding (long form):

	F	Е	D	С	В	Α	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
EXTI	I 110 ext13															
ADCI		0	0001	1			Rd			Ra		0	1	iı	mm	3

Assembly:

ADCI Rd, Ra, imm

Purpose:

To add a constant to a 16-bit integer in a register, with carry input.

Restrictions:

None.

Operation:

```
opA ← mem[W+Ra]
if (has_ext13)
then opB ← {ext13, imm3}
else opB ← decode_imm_al(imm3)
res ← opA + opB + C
mem[W+Rd] ← res[15:0]
Z ← res[15:0] = 0
S ← res[15]
C ← res[16]
V ← (opA[15] = opB[15]) and (opA[15] <> res[15])
```

Remarks:

A 32-bit addition with a register and an immediate operand can be performed as follows:

```
; Perform (R1|R0) \leftarrow (R3|R2) + 0x40001 ADDI R0, R2, 1 ADCI R1, R3, 4
```

3.3 ADD Add Register

Encoding:

	F	Е	D	С	В	A	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ADD		0	0001			Rd			Ra		0	0		Rb		

Assembly:

ADD Rd, Ra, Rb

Purpose:

To add 16-bit integers in registers.

Restrictions:

None.

3.4 ADDI Add Immediate

Encoding (short form):

	F	Е	D	С	В	A	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ADDI		0	0001			Rd			Ra		0	0	i	mm	3	

Encoding (long form):

	F	Е	D	С	В	Α	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
EXTI		110							ех	ct13		•				
ADDI		0	0001	1			Rd			Ra		0	0	iı	nm	3

Assembly:

ADDI Rd, Ra, imm

Purpose:

To add a constant to a 16-bit integer in a register.

Restrictions:

None.

```
opA ← mem[W+Ra]
if (has_ext13)
then opB ← {ext13, imm3}
else opB ← decode_imm_al(imm3)
res ← opA + opB
mem[W+Rd] ← res[15:0]
Z ← res[15:0] = 0
S ← res[15]
C ← res[16]
V ← (opA[15] = opB[15]) and (opA[15] <> res[15])
```

3.5 ADJW

Adjust Window Address

Encoding (short form):

	F	Ε	D	С	В	A	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
\mathtt{ADJW}	10100						000			010			iı	mm	5	

Encoding (long form):

	F	Е	D	С	В	Α	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
EXTI	110 ext13															
ADJW		1	010	0			000			010			iı	nm	5	

Assembly:

ADJW imm

Purpose:

To increase or decrease the address of the register window.

Restrictions:

If imm contains a value that is not a multiple of 8, the behavior is UNPREDICTABLE. If the long form is used, and imm5[4:3] are non-zero, the behavior is UNPREDICTABLE.

Operation:

```
if (has_ext13)
then imm \( \) {ext13, imm5[2:0]}
else imm \( \) sign_extend_16(imm5)
\( \) \( \) (\( \) + imm)[15:0]
```

Remarks:

This instruction may be used in a function prologue or epilogue.

Notice:

The interpretation of the immediate field of this instruction is not final.

3.6 AND

Bitwise AND with Register

Encoding:

	F	Е	D	С	В	A	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
AND		0	0000	0			Rd			Ra		0	0		Rb	

Assembly:

AND Rd, Ra, Rb

Purpose:

To perform bitwise AND between 16-bit integers in registers.

Restrictions:

None.

```
\begin{array}{l} opA \leftarrow \texttt{mem[W+Ra]} \\ opB \leftarrow \texttt{mem[W+Rb]} \\ res \leftarrow opA \ \ \textbf{and} \ opB \\ \texttt{mem[W+Rd]} \leftarrow res[15:0] \\ Z \leftarrow res[15:0] = 0 \\ S \leftarrow res[15] \\ C \leftarrow \textbf{UNDEFINED} \\ V \leftarrow \textbf{UNDEFINED} \end{array}
```

3.7 ANDI

Bitwise AND with Immediate

Encoding (short form):

	F	Ε	D	С	В	A	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ANDI	00001						Rd			Ra		0	0	i	mm	3

Encoding (long form):

	F	Ε	D	С	В	A	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
EXTI		110							ех	xt13						
ANDI		0	0000	1			Rd			Ra		0	0	iı	mm	3

Assembly:

ANDI Rd, Ra, imm

Purpose:

To perform bitwise AND between a 16-bit integer in a register and a constant.

Restrictions:

None.

```
opA ← mem[W+Ra]
if (has_ext13)
then opB ← {ext13, imm3}
else opB ← decode_imm_al(imm3)
res ← opA and opB
mem[W+Rd] ← res[15:0]
Z ← res[15:0] = 0
S ← res[15]
C ← UNDEFINED
V ← UNDEFINED
```

Encoding:

	F	Е	D	С	В	Α	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
CMP		0	0000	0		(000			Ra		1	1		Rb	

Assembly:

Purpose:

To compare 16-bit two's complement integers in registers.

Restrictions:

None.

Operation:

```
\begin{array}{l} opA \leftarrow mem[W+Ra] \\ opB \leftarrow mem[W+Rb] \\ res \leftarrow opA + \textbf{not} \ opB + 1 \\ Z \leftarrow res[15:0] = 0 \\ S \leftarrow res[15] \\ C \leftarrow res[16] \\ V \leftarrow (opA[15] = \textbf{not} \ opB[15]) \ \textbf{and} \ (opA[15] \Leftrightarrow res[15]) \end{array}
```

Remarks:

This instruction behaves identically to SUB, with the exception that it discards the computed value.

3.9 CMPI

Compare to Immediate

Encoding (short form):

	F	Ε	D	С	В	A	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
CMPI		0	0000	1			000			Ra		1	1	iı	mm	3

Encoding (long form):

	F	Е	D	С	В	Α	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
EXTI	I 110 ext13															
CMPI		0	0000	1			000			Ra		1	1	iı	mm	3

Assembly:

CMPI Rd, Ra, imm

Purpose:

To compare a two's complement constant to a 16-bit two's complement integer in a register.

Restrictions:

None.

Operation:

```
opA ← mem[W+Ra]
if (has_ext13)
then opB ← {ext13, imm3}
else opB ← decode_imm_al(imm3)
res ← opA + not opB + 1
Z ← res[15:0] = 0
S ← res[15]
C ← res[16]
V ← (opA[15] = not opB[15]) and (opA[15] <> res[15])
```

Remarks:

This instruction behaves identically to SUBI, with the exception that it discards the computed value.

3.10 EXTI

Extend Immediate

Encoding:

	F	Ε	D	С	В	A	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
EXTI		110							im	m1	3					

Assembly:

EXTI imm

Purpose:

To extend the range of immediate in the following instruction.

Restrictions:

None.

Operation:

 $ext13 \leftarrow imm13$ $has_ext13 \leftarrow 1$

Remarks:

This instruction is automatically emitted by the assembler while translating other instructions. As it changes both the meaning of and the constraints placed on the immediate field in the following instruction, placing it manually may lead to unexpected results.

3.11 J Jump

Encoding (short form):

	F	Ε	D	С	В	Α	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
J		10	11			111	11					of	f8			

Encoding (long form):

	F	Е	D	С	В	Α	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
EXTI	ext13															
J	1011 1111 off8															

Assembly:

J label

Purpose:

To unconditionally transfer control.

Restrictions:

If the long form is used, and off8[7:3] are non-zero, the behavior is UNPREDICTABLE.

```
if (has_ext13)
then off \leftarrow {ext13, off8[2:0]}
else off \leftarrow sign_extend_16(off8)
PC \leftarrow (PC + 1 + off)[15:0]
```

	F	Ε	D	С	В	Α	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
JAL		1	010	1			Rd					of	f8			

Encoding (long form):

	F	Е	D	С	В	Α	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
EXTI		110							ех	xt13						
JAL		1	010	1			Rd					of	f8			

Assembly:

JAL Rd, label

Purpose:

To transfer control to a subroutine.

Restrictions:

If the long form is used, and off8[7:3] are non-zero, the behavior is UNPREDICTABLE.

```
if (has_ext13)
then off \leftarrow {ext13, off8[2:0]}
else off \leftarrow sign_extend_16(off8)
mem[W+Rd] \leftarrow (PC + 1)[15:0]
PC \leftarrow (PC + 1 + off)[15:0]
```

	F	Е	D	С	В	A	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
JC		10	11			101	10					of	f8			

Encoding (long form):

	F	E	D	С	В	Α	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
EXTI		110		ext13												
JC		10	11			10	10					of	+2			

Assembly:

JC label

Purpose:

To transfer control if an arithmetic operation resulted in unsigned overflow.

Restrictions:

If the long form is used, and off8[7:3] are non-zero, the behavior is UNPREDICTABLE.

Operation:

```
if (has_ext13)
then off ← {ext13, off8[2:0]}
else off ← sign_extend_16(off8)
if (C)
then PC ← (PC + 1 + off)[15:0]
else PC ← (PC + 1)[15:0]
```

Remarks:

This instruction has the same encoding as JUGE.

	F	Е	D	С	В	A	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
JE		10	11			100	00					of	f8			

Encoding (long form):

	F	Е	D	С	В	Α	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
EXTI		110		ext13												
JE		10	11			100	90					of	f8			

Assembly:

JE label

Purpose:

To transfer control after a \mbox{CMP} Ra, Rb instruction if Ra is equal to Rb.

Restrictions:

If the long form is used, and off8[7:3] are non-zero, the behavior is UNPREDICTABLE.

Operation:

```
if (has_ext13)
then off ← {ext13, off8[2:0]}
else off ← sign_extend_16(off8)
if (Z)
then PC ← (PC + 1 + off)[15:0]
else PC ← (PC + 1)[15:0]
```

Remarks:

This instruction has the same encoding as JZ.

3.15 JN Jump Never

Encoding (short form):

	F	Е	D	С	В	Α	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
JN		10	11			011	11					of	f8			

Encoding (long form):

	F	Е	D	С	В	Α	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
EXTI		110							ех	xt13						
JN		10	11			01	11					of	f8			

Assembly:

JN label

Purpose:

To serve as a placeholder for a jump instruction.

Restrictions:

If the long form is used, and off8[7:3] are non-zero, the behavior is UNPREDICTABLE.

Operation:

$$PC \leftarrow (PC + 1)[15:0]$$

Remarks:

The JN instruction has no effect. It may be used as a placeholder for a different jump instruction with a predefined offset when the exact condition is unknown, such as in certain self-modifying code.

	F	Ε	D	С	В	A	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
JNC		10	11			00	10					_of	f8			

Encoding (long form):

	F	Е	D	С	В	Α	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
EXTI		110		ext13												
JNC		10	11			00	10					of	f8			

Assembly:

JNC label

Purpose:

To transfer control if an arithmetic operation did not result in unsigned overflow.

Restrictions:

If the long form is used, and off8[7:3] are non-zero, the behavior is UNPREDICTABLE.

Operation:

```
if (has_ext13)
then off ← {ext13, off8[2:0]}
else off ← sign_extend_16(off8)
if (not C)
then PC ← (PC + 1 + off)[15:0]
else PC ← (PC + 1)[15:0]
```

Remarks:

This instruction has the same encoding as JULT.

	F	Е	D	С	В	A	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
JNE		10	11			000	00					_of	f8			

Encoding (long form):

	F	Ε	D	С	В	A	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
EXTI		110		ext13												
JNE		10	11			000	90			of	f8					

Assembly:

JNE label

Purpose:

To transfer control after a CMP Ra, Rb instruction if Ra is not equal to Rb.

Restrictions:

If the long form is used, and off8[7:3] are non-zero, the behavior is UNPREDICTABLE.

Operation:

```
if (has_ext13)
then off ← {ext13, off8[2:0]}
else off ← sign_extend_16(off8)
if (not Z)
then PC ← (PC + 1 + off)[15:0]
else PC ← (PC + 1)[15:0]
```

Remarks:

This instruction has the same encoding as JNZ.

	F	Ε	D	С	В	A	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
JNO		10	11			00	11					of	f8			

Encoding (long form):

	F	Е	D	С	В	Α	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
EXTI		110							ех	t13						
JNO		10	11			00	11					of	f8			

Assembly:

JNO label

Purpose:

To transfer control if an arithmetic operation did not result in signed overflow.

Restrictions:

If the long form is used, and off8[7:3] are non-zero, the behavior is UNPREDICTABLE.

```
if (has_ext13)
then off ← {ext13, off8[2:0]}
else off ← sign_extend_16(off8)
if (not V)
then PC ← (PC + 1 + off)[15:0]
else PC ← (PC + 1)[15:0]
```

	F	Ε	D	С	В	A	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
JNS		10	11			000	01					Ot.	f 8			

Encoding (long form):

	F	Е	D	С	В	Α	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
EXTI		110 ext13														
JNS	1011 0001											of	f8			

Assembly:

JNS label

Purpose:

To transfer control if an arithmetic or shift operation produced a non-negative result.

Restrictions:

If the long form is used, and off8[7:3] are non-zero, the behavior is UNPREDICTABLE.

```
if (has_ext13)
then off \leftarrow {ext13, off8[2:0]}
else off \leftarrow sign_extend_16(off8)
if (not S)
then PC \leftarrow (PC + 1 + off)[15:0]
else PC \leftarrow (PC + 1)[15:0]
```

	F	Ε	D	С	В	A	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
JNZ		10	11			000	90					_of	f8			

Encoding (long form):

	F	Е	D	С	В	Α	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
EXTI		110 ext13														
JNZ	1011 0000											of	f 8			

Assembly:

JNZ label

Purpose:

To transfer control if an arithmetic or shift operation produced a non-zero result.

Restrictions:

If the long form is used, and off8[7:3] are non-zero, the behavior is UNPREDICTABLE.

Operation:

```
if (has_ext13)

then off \leftarrow {ext13, off8[2:0]}

else off \leftarrow sign_extend_16(off8)

if (not Z)

then PC \leftarrow (PC + 1 + off)[15:0]

else PC \leftarrow (PC + 1)[15:0]
```

Remarks:

This instruction has the same encoding as JNE.

	F	Е	D	С	В	Α	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
JO		10	11			101	11					of	f8			

Encoding (long form):

	F	Е	D	С	В	Α	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
EXTI	L 110 ext13															
JO		10	11			10	11					of	f8			

Assembly:

JO label

Purpose:

To transfer control if an arithmetic operation resulted in signed overflow.

Restrictions:

If the long form is used, and off8[7:3] are non-zero, the behavior is UNPREDICTABLE.

```
if (has_ext13)
then off \leftarrow {ext13, off8[2:0]}
else off \leftarrow sign_extend_16(off8)
if (V)
then PC \leftarrow (PC + 1 + off)[15:0]
else PC \leftarrow (PC + 1)[15:0]
```

	F	Е	D	С	В	A	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
JR		1	010	0			Rs			100				off5		

Encoding (long form):

	F	Е	D	С	В	A	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
EXTI		110							ех	xt13						
JR		1	010	0			Rs			100				off5		

Assembly:

JR Rs, off

Purpose:

To transfer control to a variable absolute address contained in a register, with a constant offset.

Restrictions:

If the long form is used, and off5[4:3] are non-zero, the behavior is UNPREDICTABLE.

```
if (has_ext13)
then off \( \{\) ext13, off5[2:0]\}
else off \( \) sign_extend_16(off5)
PC \( \) (mem[W+Ra] + off)[15:0]
```

3.23 JRAL

Jump to Register and Link

Encoding:

	F	Е	D	С	В	Α	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
JRAL		1	010	0			Rd			101		0	0		Rb	

Assembly:

JRAL Rd, Rb

Purpose:

To transfer control to a subroutine whose variable absolute address is contained in a register.

Restrictions:

None.

```
\begin{array}{lll} addr \;\leftarrow\; mem[\mathbb{W} + Rb] \\ mem[\mathbb{W} + Rd] \;\leftarrow\; (PC \;+\; 1)\,[15:0] \\ PC \;\leftarrow\; addr \end{array}
```

	F	Е	D	С	В	Α	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
JS		10	11			100	01					of	f8			

Encoding (long form):

	F	Е	D	С	В	Α	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
EXTI	L 110 ext13															
JS		10	11			100	01					of	f8			

Assembly:

JS label

Purpose:

To transfer control if an arithmetic or shift operation produced a negative result.

Restrictions:

If the long form is used, and off8[7:3] are non-zero, the behavior is UNPREDICTABLE.

```
if (has_ext13)
then off ← {ext13, off8[2:0]}
else off ← sign_extend_16(off8)
if (S)
then PC ← (PC + 1 + off)[15:0]
else PC ← (PC + 1)[15:0]
```

3.25 **JSGE**

Jump if Signed Greater or Equal

Encoding (short form):

	F	Ε	D	С	В	A	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
JSGE		10	11			010	01					Ot.	f8			

Encoding (long form):

	F	Е	D	С	В	Α	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
EXTI	110 ext13															
JSGE		10	11			010	01					of	f8			

Assembly:

JSGE label

Purpose:

To transfer control after a CMP Ra, Rb instruction if Ra is greater than or equal to Rb when interpreted as signed integer.

Restrictions:

If the long form is used, and off8[7:3] are non-zero, the behavior is UNPREDICTABLE.

```
if (has_ext13)
then off ← {ext13, off8[2:0]}
else off ← sign_extend_16(off8)
if (not (S xor V))
then PC ← (PC + 1 + off)[15:0]
else PC ← (PC + 1)[15:0]
```

3.26 **JSGT**

Jump if Signed Greater Than

Encoding (short form):

	F	Е	D	С	В	A	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
JSGT		10	11			01	off8									

Encoding (long form):

	F	Е	D	С	В	Α	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
EXTI		110			ext13											
JSGT	1011 0110 off8															

Assembly:

JSGT label

Purpose:

To transfer control after a CMP Ra, Rb instruction if Ra is greater than to Rb when interpreted as signed integer.

Restrictions:

If the long form is used, and off8[7:3] are non-zero, the behavior is UNPREDICTABLE.

```
if (has_ext13)
then off \leftarrow {ext13, off8[2:0]}
else off \leftarrow sign_extend_16(off8)
if (not ((S xor V) or Z))
then PC \leftarrow (PC + 1 + off)[15:0]
else PC \leftarrow (PC + 1)[15:0]
```

3.27 JSLE

Jump if Signed Less or Equal

Encoding (short form):

	F	Ε	D	С	В	A	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
JSLE		10	11			111	off8									

Encoding (long form):

	F	Ε	D	С	В	A	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
EXTI		110			ext13												
JSLE	1011 1110								off8								

Assembly:

JSLE label

Purpose:

To transfer control after a CMP Ra, Rb instruction if Ra is less than or equal to Rb when interpreted as signed integer.

Restrictions:

If the long form is used, and off8[7:3] are non-zero, the behavior is UNPREDICTABLE.

```
if (has_ext13)
then off ← {ext13, off8[2:0]}
else off ← sign_extend_16(off8)
if (((S xor V) or Z))
then PC ← (PC + 1 + off)[15:0]
else PC ← (PC + 1)[15:0]
```

3.28 JSLT

Jump if Signed Less Than

Encoding (short form):

	F	Ε	D	С	В	A	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
JSLT		10	11			110	off8									

Encoding (long form):

	F	Е	D	С	В	A	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
EXTI		110			ext13											
JSLT	1011 1101 off8															

Assembly:

JSLT label

Purpose:

To transfer control after a CMP Ra, Rb instruction if Ra is less than Rb when interpreted as signed integer.

Restrictions:

If the long form is used, and off8[7:3] are non-zero, the behavior is UNPREDICTABLE.

```
if (has_ext13)
then off ← {ext13, off8[2:0]}
else off ← sign_extend_16(off8)
if ((S xor V))
then PC ← (PC + 1 + off)[15:0]
else PC ← (PC + 1)[15:0]
```

3.29 JST

Jump through Switch Table

Encoding (short form):

	F	Е	D	С	В	A	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
JST		1	010	0			Rs			111				off5		

Encoding (long form):

	F	Е	D	С	В	Α	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
EXTI	110									ct13						
JST		1	010	0			Rs			111				off5		

Assembly:

JST Rs, off

Purpose:

To transfer control to an address contained in a jump table at a variable offset, where the address is relative to the location of the table.

Restrictions:

If the long form is used, and off5[4:3] are non-zero, the behavior is UNPREDICTABLE.

```
if (has_ext13)
then off ← {ext13, off5[2:0]}
else off ← sign_extend_16(off5)
table ← PC + 1 + off
entry ← mem[W+Rs]
addr ← mem[table + entry]
PC ← (table + addr)[15:0]
```

3.30 JUGE

Jump if Unsigned Greater or Equal

Encoding (short form):

	F	Ε	D	С	В	A	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
JUGE		10	11			101	10					-ot	f8			

Encoding (long form):

	F	Е	D	С	В	Α	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
EXTI		110		ext13												
JUGE		10	11			10					of	f8				

Assembly:

JUGE label

Purpose:

To transfer control after a CMP Ra, Rb instruction if Ra is greater than or equal to Rb when interpreted as unsigned integer.

Restrictions:

If the long form is used, and off8[7:3] are non-zero, the behavior is UNPREDICTABLE.

Operation:

```
if (has_ext13)
then off ← {ext13, off8[2:0]}
else off ← sign_extend_16(off8)
if (C)
then PC ← (PC + 1 + off)[15:0]
else PC ← (PC + 1)[15:0]
```

Remarks:

This instruction has the same encoding as JC.

3.31 JUGT

Jump if Unsigned Greater Than

Encoding (short form):

	F	Ε	D	С	В	A	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
JUGT		10	11			01	10					-ot	f8			

Encoding (long form):

	F	Е	D	С	В	Α	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
EXTI		110														
JUGT		10	11			01	10					of	f8			

Assembly:

JUGT label

Purpose:

To transfer control after a CMP Ra, Rb instruction if Ra is greater than to Rb when interpreted as unsigned integer.

Restrictions:

If the long form is used, and off8[7:3] are non-zero, the behavior is UNPREDICTABLE.

```
if (has_ext13)
then off ← {ext13, off8[2:0]}
else off ← sign_extend_16(off8)
if (not ((not C) or V))
then PC ← (PC + 1 + off)[15:0]
else PC ← (PC + 1)[15:0]
```

3.32 **JULE**

Jump if Unsigned Less or Equal

Encoding (short form):

	F	Ε	D	С	В	A	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
JULE		10	11			111	10					Ot.	f 8			

Encoding (long form):

	F	Е	D	С	В	Α	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
EXTI		110		ext13												
JULE	E 1011 1110 off										f8					

Assembly:

JULE label

Purpose:

To transfer control after a CMP Ra, Rb instruction if Ra is less than or equal to Rb when interpreted as unsigned integer.

Restrictions:

If the long form is used, and off8[7:3] are non-zero, the behavior is UNPREDICTABLE.

```
if (has_ext13)
then off \leftarrow {ext13, off8[2:0]}
else off \leftarrow sign_extend_16(off8)
if ((not C) or V)
then PC \leftarrow (PC + 1 + off)[15:0]
else PC \leftarrow (PC + 1)[15:0]
```

3.33 JULT

Jump if Unsigned Less Than

Encoding (short form):

	F	Ε	D	С	В	A	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
JULT		10	11			001	10					-ot	f8			

Encoding (long form):

	F	Е	D	С	В	Α	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
EXTI		110		ext13												
JULT	1011 0010											of	f8			

Assembly:

JULT label

Purpose:

To transfer control after a CMP Ra, Rb instruction if Ra is less than Rb when interpreted as unsigned integer.

Restrictions:

If the long form is used, and off8[7:3] are non-zero, the behavior is UNPREDICTABLE.

Operation:

```
if (has_ext13)
then off ← {ext13, off8[2:0]}
else off ← sign_extend_16(off8)
if (not C)
then PC ← (PC + 1 + off)[15:0]
else PC ← (PC + 1)[15:0]
```

Remarks:

This instruction has the same encoding as JNC.

3.34 JVT

Jump through Virtual Table

Encoding (short form):

	F	Ε	D	С	В	A	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
JVT		10100					Rs			110				off5		

Encoding (long form):

	F	Е	D	С	В	Α	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
EXTI		110							ех	ct13						
JVT		1	010	0			Rs			110				off5		

Assembly:

JVT Rs, off

Purpose:

To transfer control to an address contained in a jump table at a constant offset, where the address is relative to the location of the table.

Restrictions:

If the long form is used, and off5[4:3] are non-zero, the behavior is UNPREDICTABLE.

```
if (has_ext13)
then off \( \) {ext13, off5[2:0]}
else off \( \) sign_extend_16(off5)
table \( \) mem[W+Rs]
addr \( \) mem[table + off]
PC \( \) (table + addr)[15:0]
```

Encoding (short form):

	F	Е	D	С	В	Α	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
JZ		10	11			100	00					of	f8			

Encoding (long form):

	F	Е	D	С	В	Α	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
EXTI	110 ext13															
JZ		10	11			100	90					of	f8			

Assembly:

JZ label

Purpose:

To transfer control if an arithmetic or shift operation produced a zero result.

Restrictions:

If the long form is used, and off8[7:3] are non-zero, the behavior is UNPREDICTABLE.

Operation:

```
if (has_ext13)
then off ← {ext13, off8[2:0]}
else off ← sign_extend_16(off8)
if (Z)
then PC ← (PC + 1 + off)[15:0]
else PC ← (PC + 1)[15:0]
```

Remarks:

This instruction has the same encoding as JE.

3.36 LD Load

Encoding (short form):

	F	Е	D	С	В	A	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
LD		0	100	0			Rd			Ra				off5		

Encoding (long form):

	F	Ε	D	С	В	A	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
EXTI		110							ех	ct13						
LD		0	100	0			Rd			Ra				off5		

Assembly:

LD Rd, Ra, off

Purpose:

To load a word from memory at a variable address, with a constant offset.

Restrictions:

If the long form is used, and off5[4:3] are non-zero, the behavior is UNPREDICTABLE.

```
if (has_ext13)
then off \( \) {ext13, off5[2:0]}
else off \( \) sign_extend_16(off5)
addr \( \) mem[W+Ra] + off
data \( \) mem[addr]
mem[W+Rd] \( \) data
```

3.37 LDR

Load PC-relative

Encoding (short form):

	F	Ε	D	С	В	A	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
LDR		0	100	1			Rd			Ra				off5		

Encoding (long form):

	F	Ε	D	С	В	Α	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
EXTI	110 ext13															
LDR		0	100	1			Rd			Ra				off5		

Assembly:

LDR Rd, Ra, off

Purpose:

To load a word from memory at a constant PC-relative address, with a variable offset.

Restrictions:

If the long form is used, and off5[4:3] are non-zero, the behavior is UNPREDICTABLE.

```
if (has_ext13)
then off \leftarrow {ext13, off5[2:0]}
else off \leftarrow sign_extend_16(off5)
addr \leftarrow PC + 1 + off + mem[W+Ra]
data \leftarrow mem[addr]
mem[W+Rd] \leftarrow data
```

3.38 LDW

Adjust and Load Window Address

Encoding (short form):

	F	Е	D	С	В	Α	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
LDW		1	010	0			Rd			011			i	mm	5	

Encoding (long form):

	F	Е	D	С	В	Α	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
EXTI		110							ех	t13						
LDW		1	010	0			Rd			011			iı	nm	5	

Assembly:

LDW Rd, imm

Purpose:

To increase or decrease the address of the register window, and retrieve the prior address of the register window.

Restrictions:

If imm contains a value that is not a multiple of 8, the behavior is UNPREDICTABLE. If the long form is used, and imm5[4:3] are non-zero, the behavior is UNPREDICTABLE.

Operation:

```
if (has_ext13)
then imm ← {ext13, imm5[2:0]}
else imm ← sign_extend_16(imm5)
old ← W
W ← (W + imm)[15:0]
mem[W+Rd] ← old
```

Remarks:

See also STW. This instruction may be used in a function prologue, where Rd is any register chosen to act as a frame pointer.

Notice:

The interpretation of the immediate field of this instruction is not final.

3.39 LDX Load External

Encoding (short form):

	F	Ε	D	С	В	A	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
LDX		0	110	0			Rd			Ra				off5		

Encoding (long form):

	F	Е	D	С	В	Α	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
EXTI	110 ext13															
LDX		0	110	0			Rd			Ra				off5		

Assembly:

LDX Rd, Ra, off

Purpose:

To complete a load cycle on external bus at a variable address, with a constant offset.

Restrictions:

If the long form is used, and off5[4:3] are non-zero, the behavior is UNPREDICTABLE.

```
if (has_ext13)
then off \leftarrow {ext13, off5[2:0]}
else off \leftarrow sign_extend_16(off5)
addr \leftarrow mem[W+Ra] + off
data \leftarrow ext[addr]
mem[W+Rd] \leftarrow data
```

3.40 LDXA

Load External Absolute

Encoding (short form):

	F	Е	D	С	В	A	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
LDXA		0	110	1			Rd					of	f8			

Encoding (long form):

	F	Ε	D	С	В	A	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
EXTI		110							ех	ct13						
LDXA		0	110	1			Rd						f8			

Assembly:

LDXA Rd, off

Purpose:

To complete a load cycle on external bus at a constant absolute address.

Restrictions:

If the long form is used, and off8[7:3] are non-zero, the behavior is UNPREDICTABLE.

```
if (has_ext13)
then off \leftarrow {ext13, off8[2:0]}
else off \leftarrow sign_extend_16(off8)
data \leftarrow ext[off]
mem[W+Rd] \leftarrow data
```

3.41 MOV Move

Assembly:

MOV Rd, Rs

Purpose:

To move a value from register to register.

Restrictions:

None.

Remarks:

The assembler does not translate any instructions for MOV with identical Rd and Rs, and translates MOV with any other register combination to

AND Rd, Rs, Rs

3.42 MOVI

Move Immediate

Encoding (short form):

	F	Ε	D	С	В	A	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
IVOM		1	000	0			Rd					im	m8			

Encoding (long form):

	F	Е	D	С	В	A	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
EXTI		110							ех	xt13						
IVOM		1	000	0			Rd					im	m8			

Assembly:

MOVI Rd, imm

Purpose:

To load a register with a constant.

Restrictions:

If the long form is used, and imm8[8:3] are non-zero, the behavior is UNPREDICTABLE.

```
\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{if} & (has\_ext13) \\ \textbf{then} & imm &\leftarrow \{ext13, imm8[2:0]\} \\ \textbf{else} & imm &\leftarrow sign\_extend\_16(imm8) \\ mem[W+Rd] &\leftarrow imm \\ \end{tabular}
```

3.43 MOVR

Move PC-relative Address

Encoding (short form):

	F	Ε	D	С	В	A	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
MOVR		1	000	1			Rd					of	f 8			

Encoding (long form):

	F	Е	D	С	В	A	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
EXTI		110							ех	xt13						
MOVR		1	000	1			Rd					of	f 8			

Assembly:

MOVR Rd, off

Purpose:

To load a register with an address relative to PC with a constant offset.

Restrictions:

If the long form is used, and off8[7:3] are non-zero, the behavior is UNPREDICTABLE.

```
if (has_ext13)
then off \leftarrow {ext13, off8[2:0]}
else off \leftarrow sign_extend_16(off8)
mem[W+Rd] \leftarrow (PC + 1 + off)[15:0]
```

3.44 OR

Bitwise OR with Register

Encoding:

	F	Е	D	С	В	A	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
OR		0	000	0			Rd			Ra		0	1		Rb	

Assembly:

OR Rd, Ra, Rb

Purpose:

To perform bitwise OR between 16-bit integers in registers.

Restrictions:

None.

```
\begin{array}{l} opA \leftarrow \texttt{mem[W+Ra]} \\ opB \leftarrow \texttt{mem[W+Rb]} \\ res \leftarrow opA \ \textbf{or} \ opB \\ \texttt{mem[W+Rd]} \leftarrow res[15:0] \\ Z \leftarrow res[15:0] = 0 \\ S \leftarrow res[15] \\ C \leftarrow \textbf{UNDEFINED} \\ V \leftarrow \textbf{UNDEFINED} \end{array}
```

3.45 ORI

Bitwise OR with Immediate

Encoding (short form):

	F	Е	D	С	В	Α	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ORI		0	0000	1			Rd			Ra		0	1	i	nm	3

Encoding (long form):

	F	Е	D	С	В	Α	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
EXTI		110							ех	ct13						
ORI		0	0000	1			Rd			Ra		0	1	iı	mm	3

Assembly:

ORI Rd, Ra, imm

Purpose:

To perform bitwise OR between a 16-bit integer in a register and a constant.

Restrictions:

None.

```
opA ← mem[W+Ra]
if (has_ext13)
then opB ← {ext13, imm3}
else opB ← decode_imm_al(imm3)
res ← opA or opB
mem[W+Rd] ← res[15:0]
Z ← res[15:0] = 0
S ← res[15]
C ← UNDEFINED
V ← UNDEFINED
```

3.46 ROL Rotate Left

Encoding:

	F	Ε	D	С	В	A	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ROL		0	010	0			Rd			Ra		0	1		Rb	

Assembly:

Purpose:

To perform a left rotate of a 16-bit integer in a register by a variable bit amount.

Restrictions:

If Rb contains a value greater than 15, the behavior is UNPREDICTABLE.

```
opA ← mem[W+Ra]
opB ← mem[W+Rb]
res ← {opA[15-opB:0], opA[15:15-opB]}
mem[W+Rd] ← res[15:0]
Z ← res[15:0] = 0
S ← res[15]
C ← UNDEFINED
V ← UNDEFINED
```

3.47 ROLI

Rotate Left Immediate

Encoding:

	F	Е	D	С	В	Α	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ROLI		0	010	1			Rd			Ra		0	1	iı	mm	3

Assembly:

ROLI Rd, Ra, amount

Purpose:

To perform a left rotate of a 16-bit integer in a register by a constant bit amount.

Restrictions:

The amount may be between 0 and 15, inclusive.

3.48 RORI

Rotate Right Immediate

Assembly:

RORI Rd, Ra, amount

Purpose:

To perform a right rotate of a 16-bit integer in a register by a constant bit amount.

Restrictions:

The amount may be between 0 and 15, inclusive.

Remarks:

The assembler translates RORI with amount of 0 to

ROLI Rd, Ra, 0

and RORI with any other amount to

ROLI Rd, Ra, (16 - amount)

3.49 SBB

Subtract Register with Borrow

Encoding:

	F	Е	D	С	В	Α	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
SBB		0	0001	0			Rd			Ra		1	1		Rb	

Assembly:

Purpose:

To subtract 16-bit two's complement integers in registers, with borrow input.

Restrictions:

None.

Operation:

```
\begin{array}{l} opA \leftarrow mem[W+Ra] \\ opB \leftarrow mem[W+Rb] \\ res \leftarrow opA + \textbf{not} \ opB + C \\ mem[W+Rd] \leftarrow res[15:0] \\ Z \leftarrow res[15:0] = 0 \\ S \leftarrow res[15] \\ C \leftarrow res[16] \\ V \leftarrow (opA[15] = \textbf{not} \ opB[15]) \ \textbf{and} \ (opA[15] <> res[15]) \end{array}
```

Remarks:

A 32-bit subtraction with both operands in registers can be performed as follows:

```
; Perform (R1|R0) \leftarrow (R3|R2) - (R5|R4) SUB R0, R2, R4 SBB R1, R3, R5
```

3.50 SBBI

Subtract Immediate with Borrow

Encoding (short form):

	F	Ε	D	С	В	A	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
SBBI	00011						Rd			Ra		1	1		mm	3

Encoding (long form):

	F	E	D	С	В	Α	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
EXTI		110							ех	t13						
SBBI		0	001	1			Rd			Ra		1	1	iı	mm	3

Assembly:

SBBI Rd, Ra, imm

Purpose:

To subtract a two's complement constant from a 16-bit two's complement integer in a register, with borrow input.

Restrictions:

None.

Operation:

```
opA ← mem[W+Ra]
if (has_ext13)
then opB ← {ext13, imm3}
else opB ← decode_imm_al(imm3)
res ← opA + not opB + C
mem[W+Rd] ← res[15:0]
Z ← res[15:0] = 0
S ← res[15]
C ← res[16]
V ← (opA[15] = not opB[15]) and (opA[15] <> res[15])
```

Remarks:

A 32-bit subtraction with a register and an immediate operand can be performed as follows:

```
; Perform (R1|R0) \leftarrow (R3|R2) - 0x40001 SUBI R0, R2, 1 SBBI R1, R3, 4
```

Encoding:

	F	Е	D	С	В	Α	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
SLL		0	010	0			Rd			Ra		0	0		Rb	

Assembly:

Purpose:

To perform a left logical shift of a 16-bit integer in a register by a variable bit amount.

Restrictions:

If Rb contains a value greater than 15, the behavior is UNPREDICTABLE.

```
opA ← mem[W+Ra]
opB ← mem[W+Rb]
res ← {opA[15-opB:0], {opB{0}}}
mem[W+Rd] ← res[15:0]
Z ← res[15:0] = 0
S ← res[15]
C ← UNDEFINED
V ← UNDEFINED
```

3.52 SLLI

Shift Left Logical Immediate

Encoding:

	F	Е	D	С	В	Α	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
SLLI		0	010	1			Rd			Ra		0	0	iı	mm	3

Assembly:

SLLI Rd, Ra, amount

Purpose:

To perform a left logical shift of a 16-bit integer in a register by a constant bit amount.

Restrictions:

The amount may be between 0 and 15, inclusive.

```
opA ← mem[W+Ra]
if (has_ext13)
then opB ← {ext13, imm3}
else opB ← decode_imm_sr(imm3)
res ← {opA[15-opB:0], {opB{0}}}
mem[W+Rd] ← res[15:0]
Z ← res[15:0] = 0
S ← res[15]
C ← UNDEFINED
V ← UNDEFINED
```

Encoding:

	F	Е	D	С	В	A	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
SRA		0	010	0			Rd			Ra		1	1		Rb	

Assembly:

Purpose:

To perform a right arithmetical shift of a 16-bit integer in a register by a variable bit amount.

Restrictions:

If Rb contains a value greater than 15, the behavior is UNPREDICTABLE.

```
opA ← mem[W+Ra]
opB ← mem[W+Rb]
res ← {{opB{opA[15]}}, opA[15:opB]}
mem[W+Rd] ← res[15:0]
Z ← res[15:0] = 0
S ← res[15]
C ← UNDEFINED
V ← UNDEFINED
```

3.54 SRAI

Shift Right Arithmetical Immediate

Encoding:

	F	Е	D	С	В	Α	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
SRAI		0	010	0			Rd			Ra		1	1		mm	3

Assembly:

SRAI Rd, Ra, amount

Purpose:

To perform a right arithmetical shift of a 16-bit integer in a register by a constant bit amount.

Restrictions:

The amount may be between 0 and 15, inclusive.

Encoding:

	F	Е	D	С	В	Α	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
SRL		0	010	0			Rd			Ra		1	0		Rb	

Assembly:

Purpose:

To perform a right logical shift of a 16-bit integer in a register by a variable bit amount.

Restrictions:

If Rb contains a value greater than 15, the behavior is UNPREDICTABLE.

```
opA ← mem[W+Ra]
opB ← mem[W+Rb]
res ← {{opB{0}}, opA[15:opB]}
mem[W+Rd] ← res[15:0]
Z ← res[15:0] = 0
S ← res[15]
C ← UNDEFINED
V ← UNDEFINED
```

3.56 SRLI

Shift Right Logical Immediate

Encoding:

	F	Е	D	С	В	Α	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
SRLI		0	010	1			Rd			Ra		1	0	iı	mm	3

Assembly:

SRLI Rd, Ra, amount

Purpose:

To perform a right logical shift of a 16-bit integer in a register by a constant bit amount.

Restrictions:

The amount may be between 0 and 15, inclusive.

3.57 ST Store

Encoding (short form):

	F	Е	D	С	В	A	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ST		0	101	0			Rs			Ra				off5		

Encoding (long form):

	F	Е	D	С	В	A	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
EXTI		110							ех	ct13						
ST		0	101	0			Rs			Ra				off5		

Assembly:

ST Rs, Ra, off

Purpose:

To store a word to memory at a variable address, with a constant offset.

Restrictions:

If the long form is used, and off5[4:3] are non-zero, the behavior is UNPREDICTABLE.

```
if (has_ext13)
then off \( \) {ext13, off5[2:0]}
else off \( \) sign_extend_16(off5)
addr \( \) mem[W+Ra] + off
data \( \) mem[W+Rs]
mem[addr] \( \) data
```

Encoding (short form):

	F	Е	D	С	В	Α	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
STR		0	101	1			Rs			Ra				off5		

Encoding (long form):

	F	Е	D	С	В	Α	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
EXTI		110							ех	xt13						
STR		0	101	1			Rs			Ra				off5		

Assembly:

STR Rs, Ra, off

Purpose:

To store a word to memory at a constant PC-relative address, with a variable offset.

Restrictions:

If the long form is used, and off5[4:3] are non-zero, the behavior is UNPREDICTABLE.

```
if (has_ext13)
then off \leftarrow {ext13, off5[2:0]}
else off \leftarrow sign_extend_16(off5)
addr \leftarrow PC + 1 + off + mem[W+Ra]
data \leftarrow mem[W+Rs]
mem[addr] \leftarrow data
```

3.59 STW

Store to Window Address

Encoding:

	F	Е	D	С	В	Α	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
STW		1	010	0			000			000		0	0		Rb	

Assembly:

STW Rb

Purpose:

To arbitrarily change the address of the register window.

Restrictions:

If **Rb** contains a value that is not a multiple of 8, the behavior is **UNPREDICTABLE**.

Operation:

 $W \leftarrow mem[W+Rb]$

Remarks:

See also LDW. This instruction may be used in a function epilogue, where Rb is any register chosen to act as a frame pointer.

3.60 STX Store External

Encoding (short form):

	F	Ε	D	С	В	A	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
STX		0	111	0			Rs			Ra				off5		

Encoding (long form):

	F	Е	D	С	В	Α	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
EXTI		110							ех	t13						
STX				0			Rs			Ra				off5		

Assembly:

STX Rs, Ra, off

Purpose:

To complete a store cycle on external bus at a variable address, with a constant offset.

Restrictions:

If the long form is used, and off5[4:3] are non-zero, the behavior is UNPREDICTABLE.

```
if (has_ext13)
then off \leftarrow {ext13, off5[2:0]}
else off \leftarrow sign_extend_16(off5)
addr \leftarrow mem[W+Ra] + off
data \leftarrow mem[W+Rs]
ext[addr] \leftarrow data
```

3.61 STXA

Store External Absolute

Encoding (short form):

	F	Ε	D	С	В	A	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
STXA		0)111	1			Rs					of	f8			

Encoding (long form):

	F	Е	D	С	В	A	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
EXTI		110							ех	xt13						
STXA		0)111	1			Rs					of	f8			

Assembly:

STXA Rs, off

Purpose:

To complete a store cycle on external bus at a constant absolute address.

Restrictions:

If the long form is used, and off8[7:3] are non-zero, the behavior is UNPREDICTABLE.

```
if (has_ext13)
then off \leftarrow {ext13, off8[2:0]}
else off \leftarrow sign_extend_16(off8)
data \leftarrow mem[W+Rs]
ext[off] \leftarrow data
```

Encoding:

	F	Е	D	С	В	Α	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
SUB		0	0001	0			Rd			Ra		1	0		Rb	

Assembly:

Purpose:

To subtract 16-bit two's complement integers in registers.

Restrictions:

None.

```
\begin{array}{l} opA \leftarrow mem[W+Ra] \\ opB \leftarrow mem[W+Rb] \\ res \leftarrow opA + \textbf{not} \ opB + 1 \\ mem[W+Rd] \leftarrow res[15:0] \\ Z \leftarrow res[15:0] = 0 \\ S \leftarrow res[15] \\ C \leftarrow res[16] \\ V \leftarrow (opA[15] = \textbf{not} \ opB[15]) \ \textbf{and} \ (opA[15] \Leftrightarrow res[15]) \end{array}
```

Encoding (short form):

	F	Ε	D	С	В	Α	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
SUBI		0	0001	1			Rd			Ra		1	0	i	mm	3

Encoding (long form):

	F	Е	D	С	В	Α	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
EXTI		110							ех	ct13						
SUBI		0	0001	1			Rd			Ra		1	0	i	mm	3

Assembly:

SUBI Rd, Ra, imm

Purpose:

To subtract a two's complement constant from a 16-bit two's complement integer in a register.

Restrictions:

None.

```
opA ← mem[W+Ra]
if (has_ext13)
then opB ← {ext13, imm3}
else opB ← decode_imm_al(imm3)
res ← opA + not opB + 1
mem[W+Rd] ← res[15:0]
Z ← res[15:0] = 0
S ← res[15]
C ← res[16]
V ← (opA[15] = not opB[15]) and (opA[15] <> res[15])
```

3.64 XCHG

Exchange Registers

Assembly:

XCHG Ra, Rb

Purpose:

To exchange the values of two registers.

Restrictions:

None.

Remarks:

The assembler does not translate any instructions for XCHG with identical Ra and Rb, and translates XCHG with any other register combination to

XOR Ra, Ra, Rb

XOR Rb, Rb, Ra

XOR Ra, Ra, Rb

3.65 XCHW

Exchange Window Address

Encoding:

	F	Е	D	С	В	Α	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
XCHW		1	010	0			Rd			001		0	0		Rb	

Assembly:

XCHW Rd, Rb

Purpose:

To exchange the address of the register window with a register.

Restrictions:

If **Rb** contains a value that is not a multiple of 8, the behavior is **UNPREDICTABLE**.

Operation:

```
\begin{array}{l} \text{old} \; \leftarrow \; \texttt{W} \\ \texttt{W} \; \leftarrow \; \texttt{mem[W+Rb]} \\ \texttt{mem[W+Rd]} \; \leftarrow \; \texttt{old} \end{array}
```

Remarks:

This instruction may be used in a context switch routine. For example, if multiple register windows are set up such that each contains the address of the next one in R7, the following code may be used to switch contexts:

yield:

```
XCHW R7, R7
JR R0
; Elsewhere:
JALR R0, yield
```

3.66 XOR

Bitwise XOR with Register

Encoding:

	F	Е	D	С	В	Α	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
XOR		0	000	0			Rd			Ra		1	0		Rb	

Assembly:

XOR Rd, Ra, Rb

Purpose:

To perform bitwise XOR between 16-bit integers in registers.

Restrictions:

None.

```
\begin{array}{l} opA \leftarrow \texttt{mem[W+Ra]} \\ opB \leftarrow \texttt{mem[W+Rb]} \\ res \leftarrow opA \ \textbf{xor} \ opB \\ mem[W+Rd] \leftarrow res[15:0] \\ Z \leftarrow res[15:0] = 0 \\ S \leftarrow res[15] \\ C \leftarrow \textbf{UNDEFINED} \\ V \leftarrow \textbf{UNDEFINED} \end{array}
```

3.67 XORI

Bitwise XOR with Immediate

Encoding (short form):

	F	Ε	D	С	В	A	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
XORI		0	0000	1			Rd			Ra		1	0	iı	mm	3

Encoding (long form):

	F	Е	D	С	В	Α	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
EXTI		110							ех	ct13						
XORI		0	0000	1			Rd			Ra		1	0	iı	mm	3

Assembly:

XORI Rd, Ra, imm

Purpose:

To perform bitwise XOR between a 16-bit integer in a register and a constant.

Restrictions:

None.

```
opA ← mem[W+Ra]
if (has_ext13)
then opB ← {ext13, imm3}
else opB ← decode_imm_al(imm3)
res ← opA xor opB
mem[W+Rd] ← res[15:0]
Z ← res[15:0] = 0
S ← res[15]
C ← UNDEFINED
V ← UNDEFINED
```

4	List	of	Assembly	Directives
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TBD

5	Function	Calling	Sequence
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 TBD