# **JavaScript**

Bring Bootstrap's components to life with over a dozen custom jQuery plugins. Easily include them all, or one by one.



Looking for Bootstrap 2.3.2 docs? (../2.3.2/) We've moved it to a new home while we push forward with Bootstrap 3. Read the

(http://engine.carba e=eyJhdil6MTkyNz

- The new simple Te Message API, exclus for developers. Signi free.

ads via Carbon (http://carbonads.co

# Overview

## Individual or compiled

Plugins can be included individually (using Bootstrap's individual \*.js files), or all at once (using bootstrap.js or the minified bootstrap.min.js).

#### Do not attempt to include both.

Both bootstrap.js and bootstrap.min.js contain all plugins in a single file.

#### Plugin dependencies

Some plugins and CSS components depend on other plugins. If you include plugins individually, make sure to check for these dependencies in the docs. Also note that all plugins depend on jQuery (this means jQuery must be included **before** the plugin files). Consult our bower.json (https://github.com/twbs/bootstrap/blob/v3.0.3/bower.json) to see which versions of jQuery as supported.

#### Data attributes

You can use all Bootstrap plugins purely through the markup API without writing a single line of JavaScript. This is Bootstrap's firs class API and should be your first consideration when using a plugin.

That said, in some situations it may be desirable to turn this functionality off. Therefore, we also provide the ability to disable the d attribute API by unbinding all events on the document namespaced with data-api. This looks like this:

```
$(document).off('.data-api')
```

Alternatively, to target a specific plugin, just include the plugin's name as a namespace along with the data-api namespace like thi

```
$(document).off('.alert.data-api')
```

# Programmatic API

We also believe you should be able to use all Bootstrap plugins purely through the JavaScript API. All public APIs are single, chain methods, and return the collection acted upon.

```
$('.btn.danger').button('toggle').addClass('fat')
```

All methods should accept an optional options object, a string which targets a particular method, or nothing (which initiates a plug with default behavior):

Each plugin also exposes its raw constructor on a Constructor property: f.f. popover. Constructor . If you'd like to get a particular plugin instance, retrieve it directly from an element: f.f. constructor . If you'd like to get a particular plugin instance, retrieve it directly from an element: f.f.

## No conflict

Sometimes it is necessary to use Bootstrap plugins with other UI frameworks. In these circumstances, namespace collisions can occasionally occur. If this happens, you may call .noConflict on the plugin you wish to revert the value of.

```
var bootstrapButton = $.fn.button.noConflict() // return $.fn.button to previously assigned value
$.fn.bootstrapBtn = bootstrapButton // give $().bootstrapBtn the Bootstrap functionality
```

#### **Events**

Bootstrap provides custom events for most plugin's unique actions. Generally, these come in an infinitive and past participle form where the infinitive (ex. show) is triggered at the start of an event, and its past participle form (ex. shown) is trigger on the complete of an action

As of 3.0.0, all Bootstrap events are namespaced.

All infinitive events provide preventDefault functionality. This provides the ability to stop the execution of an action before it sta

```
$('#myModal').on('show.bs.modal', function (e) {
  if (!data) return e.preventDefault() // stops modal from being shown
})
```

#### Third-party libraries

**Bootstrap does not officially support third-party JavaScript libraries** like Prototype or jQuery UI. Despite .noConflict ar namespaced events, there may be compatibility problems that you need to fix on your own. Ask on the mailing list (http://groups.google.com/group/twitter-bootstrap) if you need help.

# Transitions transition.js

#### About transitions

For simple transition effects, include transition.js once alongside the other JS files. If you're using the compiled (or minified) bootstrap.js, there is no need to include this—it's already there.

#### What's inside

Transition.js is a basic helper for transitionEnd events as well as a CSS transition emulator. It's used by the other plugins to chefor CSS transition support and to catch hanging transitions.

# Modals modal.js

# Examples

Modals are streamlined, but flexible, dialog prompts with the minimum required functionality and smart defaults.

#### Overlapping modals not supported

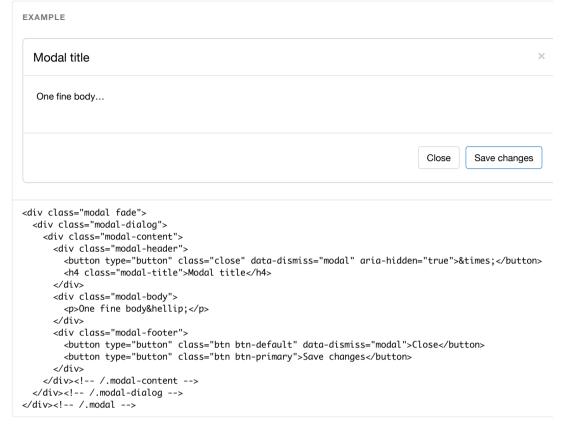
Be sure not to open a modal while another is still visible. Showing more than one modal at a time requires custom code.

#### Mobile device caveats

There are some caveats regarding using modals on mobile devices. See our browser support docs (../getting-started#mobile-modals) for details.

## Static example

A rendered modal with header, body, and set of actions in the footer.



#### Live demo

EXAMPLE

Toggle a modal via JavaScript by clicking the button below. It will slide down and fade in from the top of the page.

<h4 class="modal-title" id="myModalLabel">Modal title</h4>

<button type="button" class="close" data-dismiss="modal" aria-hidden="true">&times;</button>

#### Make modals accessible

</div>

</div>

</div>

</div><!-- /.modal -->

<div class="modal-body">

<div class="modal-footer">

</div><!-- /.modal-content -->
</div><!-- /.modal-dialog -->

Be sure to add role="dialog" to .modal, aria-labelledby="myModalLabel" attribute to reference the modal title, and aria-hidden="true" to tell assistive technologies to skip the modal's DOM elements.

<button type="button" class="btn btn-default" data-dismiss="modal">Close</button>

<button type="button" class="btn btn-primary">Save changes</button>

Additionally, you may give a description of your modal dialog with aria-describedby on .modal .

# Usage

The modal plugin toggles your hidden content on demand, via data attributes or JavaScript. It also adds .model-open to the <br/>b to override default scrolling behavior and generates a .modal-backdrop to provide a click area for dismissing shown modals wh clicking outside the modal.

#### Via data attributes

Activate a modal without writing JavaScript. Set data-toggle="modal" on a controller element, like a button, along with a data-target="#foo" or href="#foo" to target a specific modal to toggle.

<button type="button" data-toggle="modal" data-target="#myModal">Launch modal</putton>

## Via JavaScript

Call a modal with id myModal with a single line of JavaScript:

\$('#myModal').modal(options)

## **Options**

Options can be passed via data attributes or JavaScript. For data attributes, append the option name to data-, as in data-backdrop="".

| Name     | type                                 | default | description  |
|----------|--------------------------------------|---------|--|
| backdrop | boolean or<br>the string<br>'static' | true    | Includes a modal-backdrop element. Alternatively, specify static for a backdrop whic doesn't close the modal on click.   |
| keyboard | boolean                              | true    | Closes the modal when escape key is pressed  |
| show     | boolean                              | true    | Shows the modal when initialized.  |
| remote   | path                                 | false   | If a remote URL is provided, content will be loaded via jQuery's load method and injec into the root of the modal element. If you're using the data-api, you may alternatively use the href attribute to specify the remote source. An example of this is shown below: |
|          |                                      |         | <a data-target="#modal" data-toggle="modal" href="remote.html">Click e</a>   |

#### Methods

#### .modal(options)

Activates your content as a modal. Accepts an optional options object .

```
$('#myModal').modal({
  keyboard: false
})
```

# .modal('toggle')

Manually toggles a modal. Returns to the caller before the modal has actually been shown or hidden (i.e. before the shown.bs.modal or hidden.bs.modal event occurs).

```
$('#myModal').modal('toggle')
```

#### .modal('show')

Manually opens a modal. Returns to the caller before the modal has actually been shown (i.e. before the shown.bs.modal exoccurs).

```
$('#myModal').modal('show')
```

#### .modal('hide')

Manually hides a modal. Returns to the caller before the modal has actually been hidden (i.e. before the hidden.bs.modal e occurs).

```
$('#myModal').modal('hide')
```

## **Events**

Bootstrap's modal class exposes a few events for hooking into modal functionality.

| Event Type      | Description  |
|-----------------|--|
| show.bs.modal   | This event fires immediately when the show instance method is called. If caused by a click, the clicked element is available as the <code>relatedTarget</code> property of the event.                                |
| shown.bs.modal  | This event is fired when the modal has been made visible to the user (will wait for CSS transitions to complete). If caused by a click, the clicked element is available as the relatedTarget property of the event. |
| hide.bs.modal   | This event is fired immediately when the hide instance method has been called.   |
| hidden.bs.modal | This event is fired when the modal has finished being hidden from the user (will wait for CSS transitions t complete).   |

```
$('#myModal').on('hidden.bs.modal', function (e) {
  // do something...
})
```

# Dropdowns dropdown.js

# Examples

Add dropdown menus to nearly anything with this simple plugin, including the navbar, tabs, and pills.

## Within a navbar

```
EXAMPLE
```

## Within tabs

```
EXAMPLE

Regular link Dropdown → Dropdown 2 → Dropdown 3 →
```

# Usage

Via data attributes or JavaScript, the dropdown plugin toggles hidden content (dropdown menus) by toggling the .open class on parent list item. When opened, the plugin also adds .dropdown-backdrop as a click area for closing dropdown menus when clic outside the menu.

## Via data attributes

Add data-toggle="dropdown" to a link or button to toggle a dropdown.

To keep URLs intact, use the  $\,$  data-target  $\,$  attribute instead of  $\,$  href="#" .

```
<div class="dropdown">
  <a id="dLabel" role="button" data-toggle="dropdown" data-target="#" href="/page.html">
    Dropdown <span class="caret"></span>
  </a>
```

```
...

</div>
```

# Via JavaScript

Call the dropdowns via JavaScript:

```
$('.dropdown-toggle').dropdown()
```

## **Options**

None

#### Methods

#### \$().dropdown('toggle')

Toggles the dropdown menu of a given navbar or tabbed navigation.

#### **Events**

| Event Type         | Description  |
|--------------------|--|
| show.bs.dropdown   | This event fires immediately when the show instance method is called.  |
| shown.bs.dropdown  | This event is fired when the dropdown has been made visible to the user (will wait for CSS transitions, to complete).    |
| hide.bs.dropdown   | This event is fired immediately when the hide instance method has been called.   |
| hidden.bs.dropdown | This event is fired when the dropdown has finished being hidden from the user (will wait for CSS transitic to complete). |

```
$('#myDropdown').on('show.bs.dropdown', function () {
   // do something...
})
```

# ScrollSpy scrollspy.js

# Example in navbar

The ScrollSpy plugin is for automatically updating nav targets based on scroll position. Scroll the area below the navbar and watch active class change. The dropdown sub items will be highlighted as well.

EXAMPLE

## @fat

Ad leggings keytar, brunch id art party dolor labore. Pitchfork yr enim lo-fi before they sold out qui. Tumblr farm-to-table bicycle rights whatever. Anim keffiyeh carles cardigan. Velit seitan mcsweeney's photo booth 3 wolf moon irure. Cosby sweater lomo jean shorts, williamsburg hoodie minim qui you probably haven't heard of them et cardigan trust fund culpa biodiesel wes anderson aesthetic. Nihil tattooed accusamus, cred irony biodiesel keffiyeh artisan ullamco consequat.

#### @mdo

Veniam marfa mustache skateboard, adipisicing fugiat velit pitchfork beard. Freegan beard aliqua cupidatat mcsweeney's vero. Cupidatat four loko nisi, ea helvetica nulla carles. Tattooed cosby sweater food truck, mcsweeney's quis non freegan vinyl. Lo-f

# Usage

# Via data attributes

To easily add scrollspy behavior to your topbar navigation, add data-spy="scroll" to the element you want to spy on (most typically this would be the <body>). Then add the data-target attribute with the ID or class of the parent element of any Boots .nav component.

## Via JavaScript

Call the scrollspy via JavaScript:

```
$('body').scrollspy({ target: '.navbar-example' })
```

#### Resolvable ID targets required

Navbar links must have resolvable id targets. For example, a <a href="#home">home</a> must correspond to something in the DOM like <a href="#home"></a href="#home">home</a> /a href="#home">home</a> /a href="#home"></a> /a href="#home">home</a> /a href="#home">home</a> /a href="#home"></a> /a href="#home">home</a> /a href="#home"></a> /a href="#home">home</a> /a href="#home"></a> /a href="#home">home</a> /a href="#home"></a> /a href="#home"></a> /a href="#home">home</a> /a href="#home">hom

#### Methods

.scrollspy('refresh')

When using scrollspy in conjunction with adding or removing of elements from the DOM, you'll need to call the refresh method like

```
$('[data-spy="scroll"]').each(function () {
  var $spy = $(this).scrollspy('refresh')
})
```

# **Options**

Options can be passed via data attributes or JavaScript. For data attributes, append the option name to data-, as in data-offset=""".

| N | lame   | type   | default | description  |
|---|--------|--------|---------|--|
| C | offset | number | 10      | Pixels to offset from top when calculating position of scroll. |

#### **Events**

| Event Type            | Description  |
|-----------------------|--|
| activate.bs.scrollspy | This event fires whenever a new item becomes activated by the scrollspy. |

```
$('#myScrollspy').on('activate.bs.scrollspy', function () {
   // do something...
})
```

# Togglable tabs tab.js

# Example tabs

Add quick, dynamic tab functionality to transition through panes of local content, even via dropdown menus.

```
EXAMPLE

Home Profile Dropdown →
```

Raw denim you probably haven't heard of them jean shorts Austin. Nesciunt tofu stumptown aliqua, retro synth master cleanse. Mustache cliche tempor, williamsburg carles vegan helvetica. Reprehenderit butcher retro keffiyeh dreamcatcher synth. Cosby sweater eu banh mi, qui irure terry richardson ex squid. Aliquip placeat salvia cillum iphone. Seitan aliquip quis cardigan americapparel, butcher voluptate nisi qui.

#### Extends tabbed navigation

This plugin extends the tabbed navigation component (../components/#nav-tabs) to add tabbable areas.

# Usage

Enable tabbable tabs via JavaScript (each tab needs to be activated individually):

```
$('#myTab a').click(function (e) {
  e.preventDefault()
  $(this).tab('show')
})
```

You can activate individual tabs in several ways:

```
$('#myTab a[href="#profile"]').tab('show') // Select tab by name
$('#myTab a:first').tab('show') // Select first tab
$('#myTab a:last').tab('show') // Select last tab
$('#myTab li:eq(2) a').tab('show') // Select third tab (0-indexed)
```

#### Markup

You can activate a tab or pill navigation without writing any JavaScript by simply specifying data-toggle="tab" or data-toggle="pill" on an element. Adding the nav and nav-tabs classes to the tab ul will apply the Bootstrap tab styling (../components#nav-tabs), while adding the nav and nav-pills classes will apply pill styling (../components#nav-pills).

```
<!-- Nav tabs -->

<a href="#home" data-toggle="tab">Home</a>
<a href="#profile" data-toggle="tab">Profile</a>
<a href="#messages" data-toggle="tab">Messages</a>
<a href="#esettings" data-toggle="tab">Settings</a>

<!-- Tab panes -->
<div class="tab-content">
<div class="tab-pane active" id="home">...</div>
<div class="tab-pane" id="profile">...</div>
<div class="tab-pane" id="messages">...</div>
<div class="tab-pane" id="messages">...</div>
<div class="tab-pane" id="settings">...</div>
</div>
```

### Fade effect

To make tabs fade in, add .fade to each .tab-pane . The first tab pane must also have .in to properly fade in initial content.

```
<div class="tab-content">
    <div class="tab-pane fade in active" id="home">...</div>
    <div class="tab-pane fade" id="profile">...</div>
    <div class="tab-pane fade" id="messages">...</div>
    <div class="tab-pane fade" id="settings">...</div>
    </div></div></div>
```

#### Methods

#### \$().tab

Activates a tab element and content container. Tab should have either a data-target or an href targeting a container node in DOM

```
    class="active"><a href="#home" data-toggle="tab">Home</a>
    cli><a href="#profile" data-toggle="tab">Profile</a>
    <a href="#messages" data-toggle="tab">Messages</a>
    <a href="#settings" data-toggle="tab">Settings</a>

<div class="tab-content">
    <div class="tab-pane active" id="home">...</div>
```

```
<div class="tab-pane" id="profile">...</div>
<div class="tab-pane" id="messages">...</div>
<div class="tab-pane" id="settings">...</div>
</div>
</ri>
<script>
$(function () {
    $('#myTab a:last').tab('show')
})
</script>
```

# **Events**

| Event Type   | Description   |
|--------------|---|
| show.bs.tab  | This event fires on tab show, but before the new tab has been shown. Use event.target and event.relatedTarget to target the active tab and the previous active tab (if available) respectively. |
| shown.bs.tab | This event fires on tab show after a tab has been shown. Use event.target and event.relatedTarg to target the active tab and the previous active tab (if available) respectively.               |

```
$('a[data-toggle="tab"]').on('shown.bs.tab', function (e) {
  e.target // activated tab
  e.relatedTarget // previous tab
})
```

# Tooltips tooltip.js

# Examples

Inspired by the excellent jQuery.tipsy plugin written by Jason Frame; Tooltips are an updated version, which don't rely on images, CSS3 for animations, and data-attributes for local title storage.

Hover over the links below to see tooltips:

EXAMPLE

Tight pants next level keffiyeh you probably haven't heard of them. Photo booth beard raw denim letterpress vegan messenger bag stumptown. Farm-to-table seitan, mcsweeney's fixie sustainable quinoa 8-bit american apparel have a terry richardson viny chambray. Beard stumptown, cardigans banh mi lomo thundercats. Tofu biodiesel williamsburg marfa, four loko mcsweeney's cleanse vegan chambray. A really ironic artisan whatever keytar, scenester farm-to-table banksy Austin twitter handle freegan cred raw denim single-origin coffee viral.

#### Four directions

Tooltip on left Tooltip on top Tooltip on bottom Tooltip on right

#### Opt-in functionality

For performance reasons, the Tooltip and Popover data-apis are opt-in, meaning you must initialize them yourself.

#### Tooltips in button groups and input groups require special setting

When using tooltips on elements within a .btn-group or an .input-group, you'll have to specify the option container: 'body' (documented below) to avoid unwanted side effects (such as the element growing wider and/or losing if rounded corners when the tooltip is triggered).

#### Tooltips on disabled elements require wrapper elements

To add a tooltip to a disabled or .disabled element, put the element inside of a <div> and apply the tooltip to that <div> instead.

# Usage

The tooltip plugin generates content and markup on demand, and by default places tooltips after their trigger element.

Trigger the tooltip via JavaScript:

```
$('#example').tooltip(options)
```

# Markup

The generated markup of a tooltip is rather simple, though it does require a position (by default, set to top by the plugin).

# **Options**

Options can be passed via data attributes or JavaScript. For data attributes, append the option name to data-, as in data-animation="".

| Name      | type                 | default          | description  |
|-----------|----------------------|------------------|--|
| animation | boolean              | true             | apply a CSS fade transition to the tooltip   |
| html      | boolean              | false            | Insert HTML into the tooltip. If false, jQuery's text method will be used to insert cont into the DOM. Use text if you're worried about XSS attacks.   |
| placement | string  <br>function | 'top'            | how to position the tooltip - top   bottom   left   right   auto.  When "auto" is specified, it will dynamically reorient the tooltip. For example, if placem is "auto left", the tooltip will display to the left when possible, otherwise it will display re |
| selector  | string               | false            | If a selector is provided, tooltip objects will be delegated to the specified targets.   |
| title     | string  <br>function | 11               | default title value if title attribute isn't present   |
| trigger   | string               | 'hover<br>focus' | how tooltip is triggered - click   hover   focus   manual. You may pass multiple triggers; separate them with a space.   |
| delay     | number  <br>object   | 0                | delay showing and hiding the tooltip (ms) - does not apply to manual trigger type  If a number is supplied, delay is applied to both hide/show  Object structure is: delay: { show: 500, hide: 100 }   |
| container | string   false       | false            | Appends the tooltip to a specific element. Example: container: 'body'  |

# Data attributes for individual tooltips

Options for individual tooltips can alternatively be specified through the use of data attributes, as explained above.

## Markup

```
<a href="#" data-toggle="tooltip" title="first tooltip">Hover over me</a>
```

## Methods

\$().tooltip(options)

Attaches a tooltip handler to an element collection.

.tooltip('show')

Reveals an element's tooltip.

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```
$('#element').tooltip('show')
.tooltip('hide')
```

Hides an element's tooltip.

```
$('#element').tooltip('hide')
```

.tooltip('toggle')

Toggles an element's tooltip.

```
$('#element').tooltip('toggle')
```

#### .tooltip('destroy')

Hides and destroys an element's tooltip.

```
$('#element').tooltip('destroy')
```

#### **Events**

| Event Type        | Description  |
|-------------------|--|
| show.bs.tooltip   | This event fires immediately when the show instance method is called.  |
| shown.bs.tooltip  | This event is fired when the tooltip has been made visible to the user (will wait for CSS transitions to complete).      |
| hide.bs.tooltip   | This event is fired immediately when the hide instance method has been called.   |
| hidden.bs.tooltip | This event is fired when the tooltip has finished being hidden from the user (will wait for CSS transitions t complete). |

```
$('#myTooltip').on('hidden.bs.tooltip', function () {
  // do something...
})
```

# Popovers popover.js

# **Examples**

Add small overlays of content, like those on the iPad, to any element for housing secondary information.

#### Plugin dependency

Popovers require the tooltip plugin to be included in your version of Bootstrap.

#### Opt-in functionality

For performance reasons, the Tooltip and Popover data-apis are opt-in, meaning you must initialize them yourself.

#### Popovers in button groups and input groups require special setting

When using popovers on elements within a .btn-group or an .input-group, you'll have to specify the option container: 'body' (documented below) to avoid unwanted side effects (such as the element growing wider and/or losing if rounded corners when the popover is triggered).

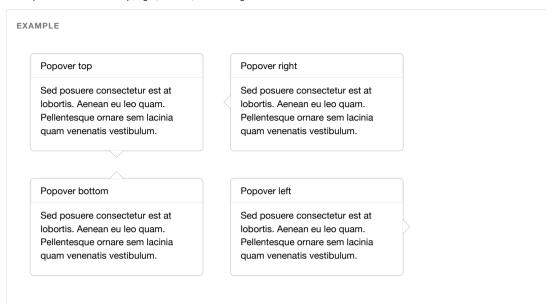
### Popovers on disabled elements require wrapper elements

To add a popover to a disabled or .disabled element, put the element inside of a <div> and apply the popover to that

<div> instead.

# Static popover

Four options are available: top, right, bottom, and left aligned.



## Live demo

EXAMPLE

Click to toggle popover

#### Four directions

EXAMPLE

Popover on left Popover on top Popover on bottom Popover on right

# Usage

Enable popovers via JavaScript:

\$('#example').popover(options)

# **Options**

Options can be passed via data attributes or JavaScript. For data attributes, append the option name to data-, as in data-animation=""".

| Name      | type                 | default | description  |
|-----------|----------------------|---------|--|
| animation | boolean              | true    | apply a CSS fade transition to the tooltip   |
| html      | boolean              | false   | Insert HTML into the popover. If false, jQuery's text method will be used to insert content into the DOM. Use text if you're worried about XSS attacks.  |
| placement | string  <br>function | 'right' | how to position the popover - top   bottom   left   right   auto.  When "auto" is specified, it will dynamically reorient the popover. For example, if placement is "auto left", the tooltip will display to the left when possible, otherwise it w display right. |
| selector  | string               | false   | if a selector is provided, tooltip objects will be delegated to the specified targets. in practice, this is used to enable dynamic HTML content to have popovers added. See t (https://github.com/twbs/bootstrap/issues/4215) and an informative example           |

| trigger   | string               | 'click' | (http://jsfiddle.net/fScua/). how popover is triggered - click   hover   focus   manual  |
|-----------|----------------------|---------|--|
| title     | string  <br>function | "       | default title value if title attribute isn't present   |
| content   | string  <br>function | "       | default content value if data-content attribute isn't present  |
| delay     | number  <br>object   | 0       | delay showing and hiding the popover (ms) - does not apply to manual trigger type  If a number is supplied, delay is applied to both hide/show  Object structure is: delay: { show: 500, hide: 100 }   |
| container | string   false       | false   | Appends the popover to a specific element. Example: container: 'body'. This opt is particularly useful in that it allows you to position the popover in the flow of the document near the triggering element - which will prevent the popover from floating av from the triggering element during a window resize. |

#### Data attributes for individual popovers

Options for individual popovers can alternatively be specified through the use of data attributes, as explained above.

## Methods

## \$().popover(options)

Initializes popovers for an element collection.

# .popover('show')

Reveals an elements popover.

```
$('#element').popover('show')
```

#### .popover('hide')

Hides an elements popover.

```
$('#element').popover('hide')
```

### .popover('toggle')

Toggles an elements popover.

```
$('#element').popover('toggle')
```

## .popover('destroy')

Hides and destroys an element's popover.

```
$('#element').popover('destroy')
```

#### **Events**

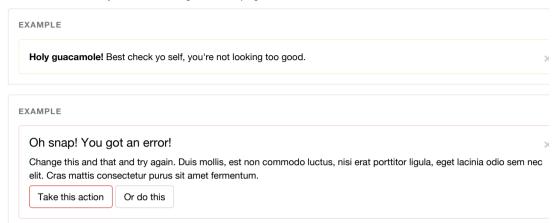
| Event Type        | Description  |
|-------------------|--|
| show.bs.popover   | This event fires immediately when the show instance method is called.  |
| shown.bs.popover  | This event is fired when the popover has been made visible to the user (will wait for CSS transitions to complete).    |
| hide.bs.popover   | This event is fired immediately when the hide instance method has been called.   |
| hidden.bs.popover | This event is fired when the popover has finished being hidden from the user (will wait for CSS transitions complete). |

```
$('#myPopover').on('hidden.bs.popover', function () {
   // do something...
})
```

# Alert messages alert.js

# Example alerts

Add dismiss functionality to all alert messages with this plugin.



# Usage

Enable dismissal of an alert via JavaScript:

```
$(".alert").alert()
```

#### Markup

```
<a class="close" data-dismiss="alert" href="#" aria-hidden="true">&times;</a>
```

# Methods

\$().alert()

Wraps all alerts with close functionality. To have your alerts animate out when closed, make sure they have the  $\,$  .fade  $\,$  and  $\,$  .in  $\,$ 0 already applied to them.

.alert('close')

Closes an alert.

```
$(".alert").alert('close')
```

#### **Events**

Bootstrap's alert class exposes a few events for hooking into alert functionality.

| Event Type      | Description   |
|-----------------|---|
| close.bs.alert  | This event fires immediately when the close instance method is called.                          |
| closed.bs.alert | This event is fired when the alert has been closed (will wait for CSS transitions to complete). |

```
$('#my-alert').bind('closed.bs.alert', function () {
   // do something...
})
```

# Buttons button.js

# Example uses

Do more with buttons. Control button states or create groups of buttons for more components like toolbars.

#### Stateful

Add  $\,$  data-loading-text="Loading..." to use a loading state on a button.

```
Loading state

<button type="button" data-loading-text="Loading..." class="btn btn-primary">
    Loading state
  </button>
```

#### Single toggle

Add data-toggle="button" to activate toggling on a single button.

```
EXAMPLE

Single toggle

<button type="button" class="btn btn-primary" data-toggle="button">Single toggle</button>
```

#### Checkbox

 ${\tt Add\ data-toggle="buttons"\ to\ a\ group\ of\ checkboxes\ for\ checkbox\ style\ toggling\ on\ btn-group.}$ 

```
calcolor of the color of t
```

# Radio

Add data-toggle="buttons" to a group of radio inputs for radio style toggling on btn-group.

```
<label class="btn btn-primary">
    <input type="radio" name="options" id="option3"> Option 3
    </label>
</div>
```

# Usage

Enable buttons via JavaScript:

```
$('.btn').button()
```

### Markup

Data attributes are integral to the button plugin. Check out the example code below for the various markup types.

## **Options**

None

#### Methods

## \$().button('toggle')

Toggles push state. Gives the button the appearance that it has been activated.

#### Auto toggling

You can enable auto toggling of a button by using the data-toggle attribute.

```
<button type="button" class="btn" data-toggle="button">...
```

#### \$().button('loading')

Sets button state to loading - disables button and swaps text to loading text. Loading text should be defined on the button element using the data attribute data-loading-text.

```
<button type="button" class="btn" data-loading-text="loading stuff...">...
```

#### Cross-browser compatibility

Firefox persists the disabled state across page loads (https://github.com/twbs/bootstrap/issues/793). A workaround for this is use autocomplete="off" .

#### \$().button('reset')

Resets button state - swaps text to original text.

#### \$().button(string)

Resets button state - swaps text to any data defined text state.

```
<button type="button" class="btn" data-complete-text="finished!" >...</button>
<script>
  $('.btn').button('complete')
</script>
```

# Collapse collapse.js

#### About

Get base styles and flexible support for collapsible components like accordions and navigation.

#### Plugin dependency

Collapse requires the transitions plugin to be included in your version of Bootstrap.

# Example accordion

Using the collapse plugin, we built a simple accordion by extending the panel component.

**EXAMPLE** 

#### Collapsible Group Item #1

Anim pariatur cliche reprehenderit, enim eiusmod high life accusamus terry richardson ad squid. 3 wolf moon officia aute, non cupidatat skateboard dolor brunch. Food truck quinoa nesciunt laborum eiusmod. Brunch 3 wolf moon tempor, sunt aliqua put a bird on it squid single-origin coffee nulla assumenda shoreditch et. Nihil anim keffiyeh helvetica, craft beer labore wes anderson cred nesciunt sapiente ea proident. Ad vegan excepteur butcher vice lomo. Leggings occaecat craft beer farm-to-table, raw denim aesthetic synth nesciunt you probably haven't heard of them accusamus labore sustainable VHS.

Collapsible Group Item #2

Collapsible Group Item #3

Anim pariatur cliche reprehenderit, enim eiusmod high life accusamus terry richardson ad squid 3 wolf moon officia aute, non cupidatat skateboard dolor brunch. Food truck quinoa nesciunt laborum ei mod. Brunch 3 wolf moon tempor, sunt aliqua put a bird on it squid single-origin coffee nulla assumend shoreditch et. Nihil anim keffiyeh helvetica, craft beer labore wes anderson cred nesciunt sapiente ea roident. Ad vegan excepteur butcher vice lomo. Leggings occaecat craft beer farm-to-table, raw denim a thetic synth nesciunt you probably haven't heard of them accusamus labore sustainable VHS.

```
</div>
</div>
</div>
</div>
<div class="panel panel-default">
<div class="panel-heading">
<h4 class="panel-title">
<a data-toggle="collapse" data-parent="#accordion" href="#collapseTwo">
        Collapsible Group Item #2
        </a>
</h4>
</div>
</div id="collapseTwo" class="panel-collapse collapse">
<div class="panel-body"></div class="panel-body"></div</di>
</div class="panel-body"></div</di>
</di>
</ti>
```

Anim pariatur cliche reprehenderit, enim eiusmod high life accusamus terry richardson ad squid 3 wolf moon officia aute, non cupidatat skateboard dolor brunch. Food truck quinoa nesciunt laborum ei mod. Brunch 3 wolf moon tempor, sunt aliqua put a bird on it squid single-origin coffee nulla assumend shoreditch et. Nihil anim keffiyeh helvetica, craft beer labore wes anderson cred nesciunt sapiente ea roident. Ad vegan excepteur butcher vice lomo. Leggings occaecat craft beer farm-to-table, raw denim a thetic synth nesciunt you probably haven't heard of them accusamus labore sustainable VHS.

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</div>

```
</div>
```

You can also use the plugin without the accordion markup. Make a button toggle the expanding and collapsing of another elemen

```
<button type="button" class="btn btn-danger" data-toggle="collapse" data-target="#demo">
    simple collapsible
</button>
<div id="demo" class="collapse in">...</div>
```

# Usage

The collapse plugin utilizes a few classes to handle the heavy lifting:

- .collapse hides the content
- .collapse.in shows the content
- .collapsing is added when the transition starts, and removed when it finishes

These classes can be found in component-animations.less.

# Via data attributes

Just add data-toggle="collapse" and a data-target to element to automatically assign control of a collapsible element. The data-target attribute accepts a CSS selector to apply the collapse to. Be sure to add the class collapse to the collapsible element. If you'd like it to default open, add the additional class in.

To add accordion-like group management to a collapsible control, add the data attribute data-parent="#selector" . Refer to ti demo to see this in action.

# Via JavaScript

Enable manually with:

```
$('.collapse').collapse()
```

# **Options**

Options can be passed via data attributes or JavaScript. For data attributes, append the option name to data-, as in data-parent="".

| Name   | type     | default | description  |
|--------|----------|---------|--|
| parent | selector | false   | If selector then all collapsible elements under the specified parent will be closed when this collapsible item is shown. (similar to traditional accordion behavior - this dependent on the accordion-group class) |
| toggle | boolean  | true    | Toggles the collapsible element on invocation  |

## Methods

.collapse(options)

 $\label{prop:content} \mbox{Activates your content as a collapsible element. Accepts an optional options \ \mbox{object} \ .$ 

```
$('#myCollapsible').collapse({
  toggle: false
})
```

.collapse('toggle')

Toggles a collapsible element to shown or hidden.

.collapse('show')

Shows a collapsible element.

.collapse('hide')

Hides a collapsible element.

#### **Events**

Bootstrap's collapse class exposes a few events for hooking into collapse functionality.

| show.bs.collapse This event fires immediately when the show instance method is called. | Event Type       | Description   |  |  |
|--|------------------|---|--|--|
|  | show.bs.collapse | This event fires immediately when the show instance method is called. |  |  |

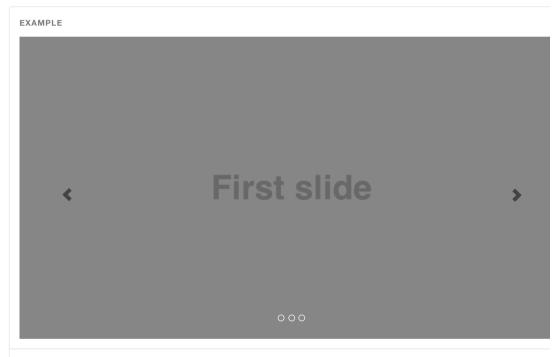
|  | shown.bs.collapse  | This event is fired when a collapse element has been made visible to the user (will wait for CSS transition complete). |
|--|--------------------|--|
|  | hide.bs.collapse   | This event is fired immediately when the hide method has been called.  |
|  | hidden.bs.collapse | This event is fired when a collapse element has been hidden from the user (will wait for CSS transitions to complete). |

```
$('#myCollapsible').on('hidden.bs.collapse', function () {
  // do something...
})
```

# Carousel.js

# Examples

The slideshow below shows a generic plugin and component for cycling through elements like a carousel.



```
<div id="carousel-example-generic" class="carousel slide" data-ride="carousel">
  <!-- Indicators -->
 data-target="#carousel-example-generic" data-slide-to="0" class="active">
data-target="#carousel-example-generic" data-slide-to="1">

   <!-- Wrapper for slides -->
  <div class="carousel-inner">
   <div class="item active">
  <img src="..." alt="...">
     <div class="carousel-caption">
     </div>
   </div>
  </div>
  <!-- Controls -->
  <a class="left carousel-control" href="#carousel-example-generic" data-slide="prev">
   <span class="glyphicon glyphicon-chevron-left"></span>
```

#### Transition animations not supported in Internet Explorer 8 & 9

Bootstrap exclusively uses CSS3 for its animations, but Internet Explorer 8 & 9 don't support the necessary CSS properties. Thus, there are no slide transition animations when using these browsers. We have intentionally decided not to include jQuery-based fallbacks for the transitions.

# Optional captions

Add captions to your slides easily with the .carousel-caption element within any .item. Place just about any optional HTML within there and it will be automatically aligned and formatted.



```
<div class="item active">
    <img src="..." alt="...">
    <div class="carousel-caption">
        <h3>...</h3>
        ...
        </div>
        </div></div>
```

#### Accessibility issue

The carousel component is generally not compliant with accessibility standards. If you need to be compliant, please consider other options for presenting your content.

# Usage

### Via data attributes

Use data attributes to easily control the position of the carousel. data-slide accepts the keywords prev or next, which alterslide position relative to its current position. Alternatively, use data-slide-to to pass a raw slide index to the carousel data-slide-to="2", which shifts the slide position to a particular index beginning with 0.

The data-ride="carousel" attribute is used to mark a carousel as animating starting at page load.

## Via JavaScript

Call carousel manually with:

```
$('.carousel').carousel()
```

# **Options**

Options can be passed via data attributes or JavaScript. For data attributes, append the option name to data-, as in data-interval="".

| Name     | type    | default | description  |
|----------|---------|---------|--|
| interval | number  | 5000    | The amount of time to delay between automatically cycling an item. If false, carousel will no automatically cycle. |
| pause    | string  | "hover" | Pauses the cycling of the carousel on mouseenter and resumes the cycling of the carousel mouseleave.               |
| wrap     | boolean | true    | Whether the carousel should cycle continuously or have hard stops.   |

## Methods

.carousel(options)

Initializes the carousel with an optional options object and starts cycling through items.

```
$('.carousel').carousel({
  interval: 2000
})
```

#### .carousel('cycle')

Cycles through the carousel items from left to right.

.carousel('pause')

Stops the carousel from cycling through items.

.carousel(number)

Cycles the carousel to a particular frame (0 based, similar to an array).

.carousel('prev')

Cycles to the previous item.

.carousel('next')

Cycles to the next item.

#### **Events**

Bootstrap's carousel class exposes two events for hooking into carousel functionality.

| Event Type        | Description   |  |
|-------------------|---|--|
| slide.bs.carousel | This event fires immediately when the slide instance method is invoked.   |  |
| slid.bs.carousel  | This event is fired when the carousel has completed its slide transition. |  |

```
$('#myCarousel').on('slide.bs.carousel', function () {
   // do something...
})
```

# Affix affix.js

# Example

The subnavigation on the left is a live demo of the affix plugin.

# Usage

Use the affix plugin via data attributes or manually with your own JavaScript. In both situations, you must provide CSS for the positioning of your content.

# Positioning via CSS

The affix plugin toggles between three classes, each representing a particular state: .affix , .affix-top , and .affix-bottor You must provide the styles for these classes yourself (independent of this plugin) to handle the actual positions.

Here's how the affix plugin works:

- 1. To start, the plugin adds .affix-top to indicate the element is in it's top-most position. At this point no CSS positioning is required
- 2. Scrolling past the element you want affixed should trigger the actual affixing. This is where .affix replaces .affix-top sets position: fixed; (provided by Bootstrap's code CSS).
- 3. If a bottom offset is defined, scrolling past that should replace .affix with .affix-bottom. Since offsets are optional, s one requires you to set the appropriate CSS. In this case, add position: absolute; when necessary. The plugin uses the data attribute or JavaScript option to determine where to position the elemtn from there.

Follow the above steps to set your CSS for either of the usage options below.

#### Via data attributes

To easily add affix behavior to any element, just add data-spy="affix" to the element you want to spy on. Use offsets to define when to toggle the pinning of an element.

```
<div data-spy="affix" data-offset-top="60" data-offset-bottom="200">
...
</div>
```

## Via JavaScript

Call the affix plugin via JavaScript:

```
$('#myAffix').affix({
  offset: {
    top: 100
  , bottom: function () {
      return (this.bottom = $('.bs-footer').outerHeight(true))
    }
  }
}
```

# **Options**

Options can be passed via data attributes or JavaScript. For data attributes, append the option name to data-, as in data-offset-top="200".

| Name   | type                             | default | description   |
|--------|----------------------------------|---------|---|
| offset | number  <br>function  <br>object | 10      | Pixels to offset from screen when calculating position of scroll. If a single number is provided, the offset will be applied in both top and bottom directions. To provide a unique, bottom and top offset just provide an object offset: { top: 10 } or offset: { top: 10, bottom: 5 }. Use a function when you need to dynamically calculate an offset. |



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